Roll number: 1602-21-737-029

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**Project Name:** Smart Farming Systematic Approach Data

Management System

**Project Objective:** giving suggestions for performing systematic

farming to the farmers

Instructor Name: B. Leelavathy

**Assignment:** 1

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### Abstract:

The Smart Farming Systematic Approach Data Management System aims to assist farmers by providing suggestions for systematic farming. This project employs the use of data management systems and technologies to analyze various aspects of farming such as soil quality, weather patterns, and crop productivity. By collecting and analyzing this data, the system provides recommendations to farmers on how to optimize their farming practices to improve yields and reduce costs. Through the implementation of this project, farmers can make informed decisions and improve their overall agricultural productivity, ultimately leading to increased profitability and sustainability in the farming industry.

# Tables:

- 1. Farmers table containing information on the farmers, including their name, contact details, and location.
- 2. Farms table containing information on the farms, including the area of the farm, the crops grown, and the soil quality.
- 3. Weather table containing information on the weather patterns in the area, including temperature, humidity, and rainfall.
- 4. Crop table containing information on the crops, including the crop type, expected yield, and harvest time.
- 5. Recommendations table containing recommendations for farmers based on the data analysis performed by the system, including suggestions on crop selection, planting time, and fertilization schedules.

SQL> select * from tab;	
TNAME	TABTYPE CLUSTERID
CROP FARMERS FARMS RECOMMENDATIONS WEATHER SQL>	TABLE TABLE TABLE TABLE TABLE TABLE

#### Cardinalities and constraints:

#### 1. Farmers table:

- Mapping : One farmer can have many farms.
- Participation constraint: Each farm must be associated with a farmer.
- Key constraint: Farmer ID is the primary key for this table.

### 2. Farms table:

- Mapping : One farm belongs to one farmer.
- Participation constraint: Each farm must have a farmer associated with it.
- Key constraint: Farm ID is the primary key for this table.

### 3. Weather table:

- Mapping: One weather record is associated with one farm.
- Participation constraint: Each farm must have a weather record associated with it
- Key constraint: Weather ID is the primary key for this table.

### 4. Crop table:

- Mapping : One crop is grown on many farms.
- Participation constraint: Each farm must have at least one crop associated with it.
- Key constraint: Crop ID is the primary key for this table.

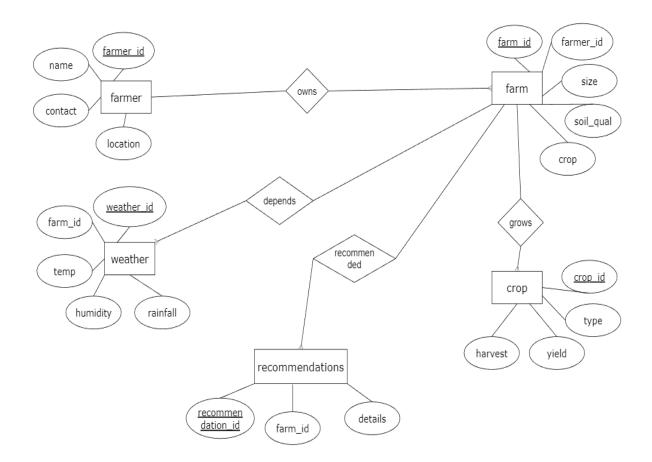
### 5. Recommendations table:

- Mapping: One recommendation is associated with one farm.
- Participation constraint: Each farm must have at least one recommendation associated with it.
- Key constraint: Recommendation ID is the primary key for this table.

# Additionally, the following key constraints are also present:

- Farmer ID in the Farmers table is a foreign key that references the primary key in the Farms table.
- Farm ID in the Farms table is a foreign key that references the primary key in the Weather table.
- Farm ID in the Farms table is a foreign key that references the primary key in the Crop table.
- Farm ID in the Farms table is a foreign key that references the primary key in the Recommendations table.

# ER Diagram:



# **DDL Operations:**

#### Farmers:

```
CREATE TABLE Farmers (
Farmer_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
Name VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
Contact VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
Location VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL
);
```

output:

Query OK, 0 rows affected

Query OK, 0 rows affected

### Farms:

```
CREATE TABLE Farms (
Farm_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
Farmer_ID INT NOT NULL,
Area FLOAT NOT NULL,
Crop VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,
Soil_Qual VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
FOREIGN KEY (Farmer_ID) REFERENCES Farmers(Farmer_ID));
output:
```

```
      SQL> desc farms;

      Name
      Null?
      Type

      FARM_ID
      NOT NULL NUMBER(38)

      FARMER_ID
      NOT NULL NUMBER(38)

      AREA
      NOT NULL FLOAT(126)

      CROP
      NOT NULL VARCHAR2(15)

      SOIL_QUAL
      NOT NULL VARCHAR2(20)

SQL> __
```

#### Weather:

```
CREATE TABLE Weather (
Weather_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
Farm_ID INT NOT NULL,
Temp FLOAT NOT NULL,
Humidity FLOAT NOT NULL,
Rainfall FLOAT NOT NULL,
FOREIGN KEY (Farm_ID) REFERENCES Farms(Farm_ID));
```

#### output:

Query OK, 0 rows affected

```
SQL> desc weather;
Name Null? Type

WEATHER_ID NOT NULL NUMBER(38)
FARM_ID NOT NULL NUMBER(38)
TEMP NOT NULL FLOAT(126)
HUMIDITY NOT NULL FLOAT(126)
RAINFALL NOT NULL FLOAT(126)
```

### Crop:

```
CREATE TABLE Crop (
Crop_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
Type VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
Yield FLOAT NOT NULL,
Harvest DATE NOT NULL,
Farm_ID INT NOT NULL,
FOREIGN KEY (Farm_ID) REFERENCES Farms(Farm_ID));
```

### output:

Query OK, 0 rows affected

```
      SQL> desc crop;
      Null? Type

      Name
      NoT NULL NUMBER(38)

      CROP_ID
      NOT NULL VARCHAR2(20)

      YIPE
      NOT NULL FLOAT(126)

      HARVEST
      NOT NULL DATE

      FARM_ID
      NOT NULL NUMBER(38)

SQL>
```

### Recommendations:

```
CREATE TABLE Recommendations (
RecommendationID INT PRIMARY KEY,
Farm_ID INT NOT NULL,
Details VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
FOREIGN KEY (Farm_ID) REFERENCES Farms(Farm_ID)
);
```

# output:

Query OK, 0 rows affected

```
SQL> desc recommendations;
Name Null? Type

RECOMMENDATIONID NOT NULL NUMBER(38)
FARM_ID NOT NULL NUMBER(38)
DETAILS NOT NULL VARCHAR2(50)

SQL> _
```

# **DML** Operations (examples):

### Farmers:

```
INSERT INTO Farmers (Farmer_ID, Name, Contact, Location) VALUES
(101, 'lekhanag', '123-456-7890', 'suncity'),
(102, 'bhargav', '555-555-5555', 'karmanghat'),
(103, 'bagawan', '555-123-4567', 'narsingi'),
(104, 'sai charan', '888-888-8888', 'narsingi'),
(105, 'varun aditya', '777-777-7777', 'karmanghat');
```

### output:

Query OK, 5 rows affected

SQL> select * from farmers;  FARMER_ID NAME	CONTACT	LOCATION
101 lekhanag	8106104497	suncity
102 bhargav	9392129754	kharmanghat
103 bagawan	7013540091	narsingi
104 sai charan	7815918544	narsingi
105 varun aditya	9110324081	kharmanghat
ŕ		
5QL> _		
· -		

### Farms:

```
INSERT INTO Farms (Farm_ID, Farmer_ID, area, Crop, Soil_Qual) VALUES (1, 1, 10.0, 'Corn', 'Loamy'),
```

(2, 1, 5.0, 'Soybeans', 'Sandy'),

(3, 2, 20.0, 'Wheat', 'Clay'),

(4, 3, 15.0, 'Barley', 'Loamy'),

(5, 4, 8.0, 'Potatoes', 'Sandy');

### output:

Query OK, 5 rows affected

FARM_ID	FARMER_ID	AREA	CROP	SOIL_QUAL
11	101	1.2	cotton	black soil (80%)
22	101	4.7	sugarcane	red soil (60%)
33	102	1.92	lemon	black soil (50%)
44	103	2.8	rice	black soil (80%)
55	104	3.9	weed	dry soil
66	104	3.7	corn	red soil (10%)
77	105	2.1	coriander	clay (20%)

# Weather:

INSERT INTO Weather (Weather\_ID, Farm\_ID, Temp, Humidity, Rainfall) VALUES

(1, 1, 75.0, 50.0, 0.2),

(2, 2, 85.0, 65.0, 0.0),

(3, 3, 65.0, 70.0, 0.5),

(4, 4, 60.0, 45.0, 0.1),

(5, 5, 70.0, 60.0, 0.3);

# output:

Query OK, 5 rows affected

ATHER_ID	FARM_ID	TEMP	HUMIDITY	RAINFALL
2001	11	29	40.5	130
2002	22	41	70	150
2003	33	45	40	100
2004	44	45	40	100
2005	55	20	45	150
2006	66	25	55	125
ows select	ed.			

# Crop:

INSERT INTO Crop (Crop\_ID, Type, Yield, Harvest, Farm\_ID) VALUES (1, 'Corn', 100.0, '2022-10-15', 1),

- (2, 'Soybeans', 75.0, '2022-09-30', 2),
- (3, 'Wheat', 60.0, '2022-06-01', 3),
- (4, 'Barley', 80.0, '2022-07-15', 4),
- (5, 'Potatoes', 90.0, '2022-11-01', 5);

### output:

Query OK, 5 rows affected

```
SQL> select * from crop;
   CROP_ID TYPE
                                                     FARM_ID
                                    YIELD HARVEST
                                    1000 01-MAR-23 11
      401 cotton
                                    800 01-SEP-23
2500 01-FEB-23
20000 01-JAN-23
      402 lemon
                                                           33
      403 sugarcane
                                                            22
      404 rice
                                                            44
      405 corn
                                      500 01-0CT-23
                                                            66
SQL>
```

#### Recommendations:

INSERT INTO Recommendations (RecommendationID, Farm\_ID, Details) VALUES

- (1, 1, 'Apply nitrogen fertilizer'),
- (2, 2, 'Rotate crops to prevent disease'),
- (3, 3, 'Use cover crops to improve soil quality'),
- (4, 4, 'Plant resistant varieties to combat pests'),
- (5, 5, 'Increase soil moisture for better yields');

### output:

Query OK, 5 rows affected

```
SQL> select * from recommendations;

RECOMMENDATIONID FARM_ID DETAILS

1 11 harvest rice in black soil for more yield
2 22 cotton, wheat are good for red soil
3 55 wait for rainfall or treat with water
4 77 cabbage, carrot are good for clay soil

SQL>
```