

Python

range →

range(5) ⇒ [0, 1, 2, 3, 4]

range(1, 5) ⇒ [1, 2, 3, 4]

range(1, 10, 2) ⇒ [1, 3, 5, 7, 9]

for

shell
 for i in [w₁ w₂ w₃ w₄]
 {1..10}
 do

done

Python

for i in [list of elements]:

indentation [line₁
 line₂
 line₃

while

shell

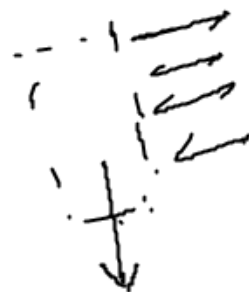
while cond,
do

|||

done

Python

while cond, :



indentation

```
[root@python ~]# vi myfor.py
[root@python ~]# cat myfor.py
#!/usr/bin/python

lis1=[10,20,30,40]

for i in lis1:
    print i
for j in range(5):
    print j
[root@python ~]# python myfor.py
10
20
30
40
0
1
2
3
4
[root@python ~]# vi mywhile.py
[root@python ~]# cat mywhile.py
#!/usr/bin/python

vall=0

while vall<=10:
```

for i in range(5):
 print i

for i in range(5):
 print i

range(5) → [0, 1, 2, 3, 4]

range(100) → [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99]

Ide \Rightarrow integrated development Environment

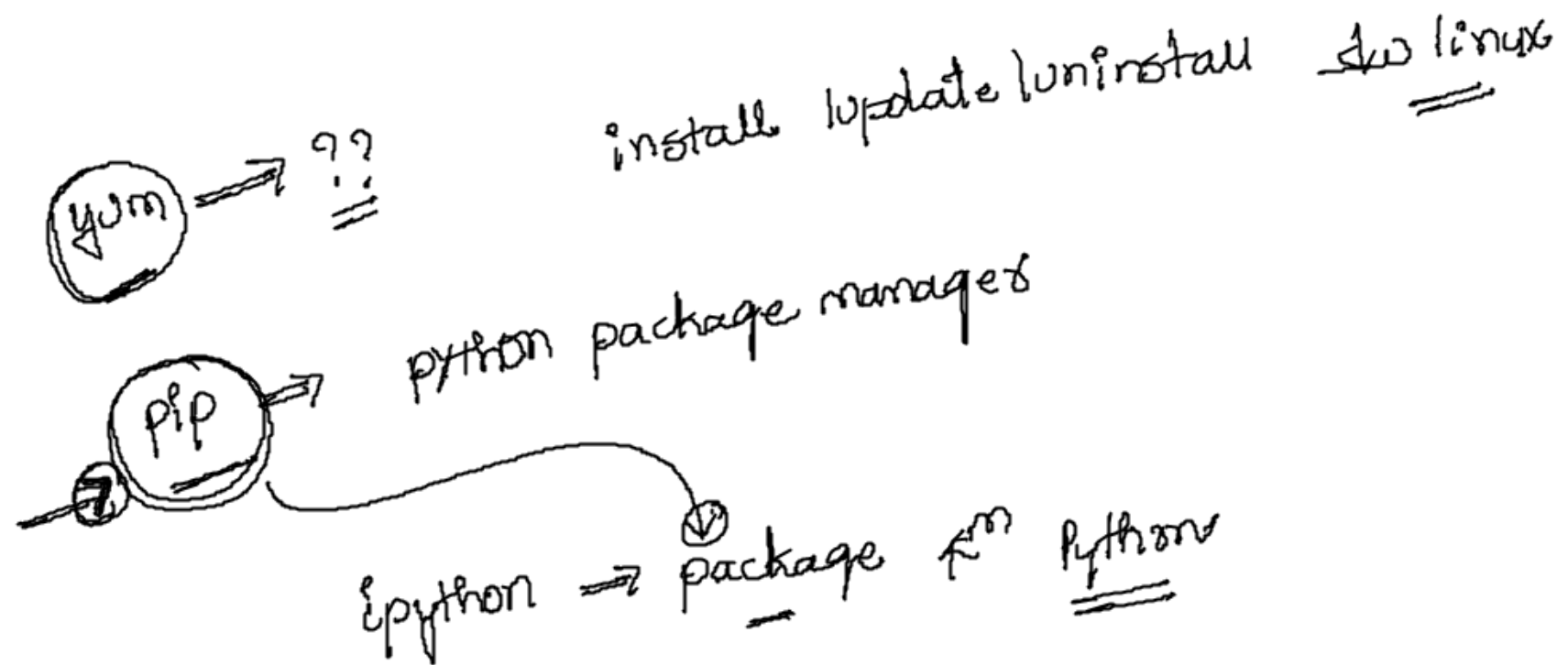


[vs code
atom
intelliJ]

tools support's prog languages

\rightarrow Pycharm \Rightarrow Python ide [windows]

~~⑦~~ IPython \Rightarrow Python ide [linux]



```
57 pip  
58 yum list all|grep -i pip  
59 yum install python2-pip.noarch -y  
Ctrl pip install ipython  
61 history
```

string ✓

list ✓

tup ✓

dict ✓


```
Python/Root ... Options Remote Control Drawing Tools
In [8]: str1="hi team welcome to Dvs"
In [9]: str1
Out[9]: 'hi team welcome to Dvs'
In [10]:
```

Handwritten annotations:

- A red box highlights the string `'hi team welcome to Dvs'` in the output of `Out[9]`.
- Red indices `0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8` are written below the first nine characters of the string.
- A red arrow points from the index `8` to the character `w` in the string.
- Red text `str1[8] => w` is written below the string.
- Red text `str1[10] => l` is written below the string.
- Red text `str1[-1] => s` is written below the string, with a double underline under the `s`.

```
0 1 2 3 4 5 6
In [14]: lis1=[10,20,30,40,50,60,70]

In [15]: lis1[0]
Out[15]: 10

In [16]: lis1[0:3]
Out[16]: [10, 20, 30]

In [17]: █
```

10 20 30 40
0 1 2 3
↓

$lis[0:3] \Rightarrow$ (0-1)th
(2)

[0 1 2]
[10, 20, 30]

```
In [13]: #batch1 == lhctab

In [14]: lis1=[10,20,30,40,50,60,70]

In [15]: lis1[0]
Out[15]: 10

In [16]: lis1[0:3]
Out[16]: [10, 20, 30]

In [17]: lis1[-1]
Out[17]: 70

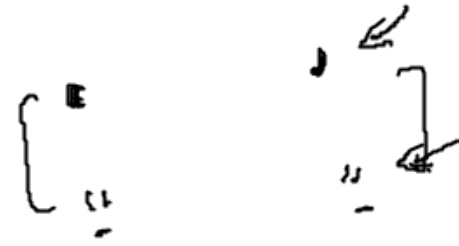
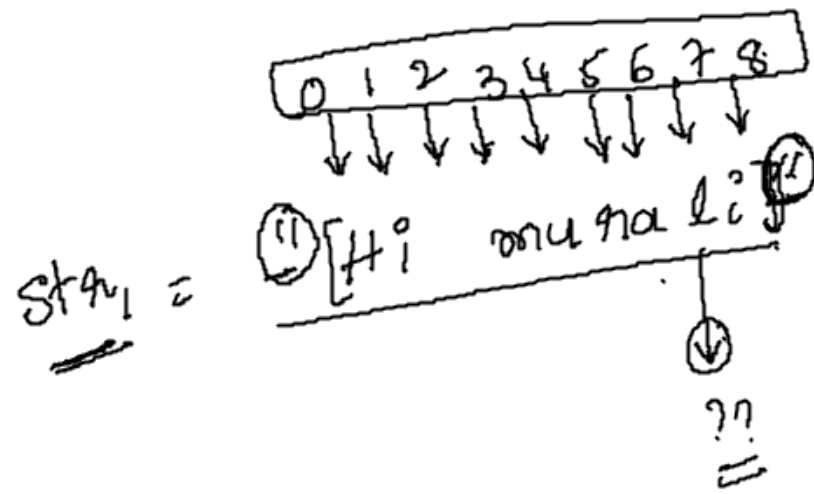
In [18]: lis1[-1:]
Out[18]: [70]

In [19]: lis1[:-1]
Out[19]: [10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60]

In [20]: lis1[2:4]
Out[20]: [30, 40]

In [21]: █
```

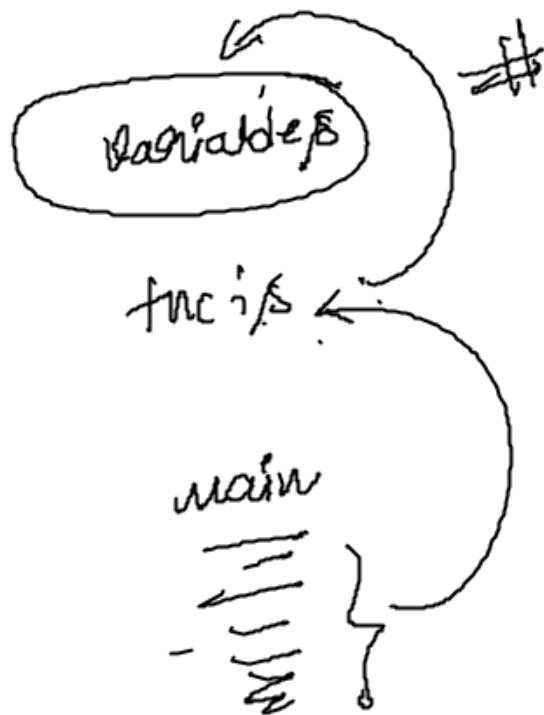
Ctrl



Ⓢ[7] ⇒ ?



Functions



Python myPython.py \Rightarrow execute

Functions

???

#! /usr/bin/python

a = 10 ; b = 30

print a+b

a = 40 ; b = 100

print a+b

a = 50 ; b = 200

print a+b

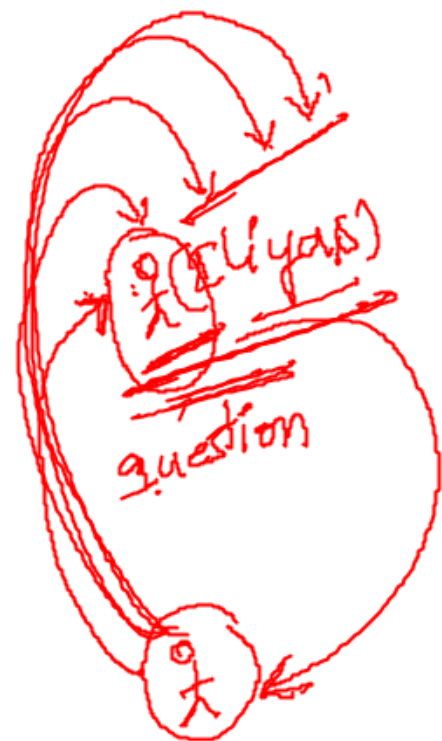
✓
 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} a=x ; b=y \\ \text{print } a+b \end{array} \right\}$

✓
 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \cancel{a=x ; b=y} \\ \cancel{\text{print } a+b} \end{array} \right\}$
 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \cancel{a=x ; b=y} \\ \cancel{\text{print } a+b} \end{array} \right\}$

x = 10, y = 30

x = 40 y = 100

x = 50 y = 200



once

#!/usr/bin/python

```
def myfn(x, y):  
    print x + y
```

① myfn(10, 40)

② myfn(100, 200)

③

④

⑤

--- ⑥

o/p

50

300

types of func's

Required Arguments

Keyword "

Default "

Variable Length "

{ Arguments == parameters == values }

Required no. of Arguments

```
def calc(x, y):  
    print x+y
```

① calc(10, 20) ✓

② calc(30)



```
[root@python ~]# vi myfn1.py
[root@python ~]# cat myfn1.py
#!/usr/bin/python

def calc(x,y):
    print x+y

calc(100,200)
[root@python ~]# python myfn1.py
300
[root@python ~]#
```

