## Phase 2 Project Presentation

#### Business Problem.

The company decided to start a new movie studio to create original movie content.

Company doesn't know anything about creating movies.

Company's objective is to obtain actionable insights on current high-performing and trending movies.

These insights will help company decide on what movies to make.

#### Proposed Solution.

- Identify the most profitable movie genres.
- Identify key movie metrics that have impact on movie success.
- For each genre\*, examine the effect of selected key metrics on movie's box office performance.
- Recommend metric values that would maximize the success for each genre\*.

<sup>\*</sup>In the context of available box office data for a genre

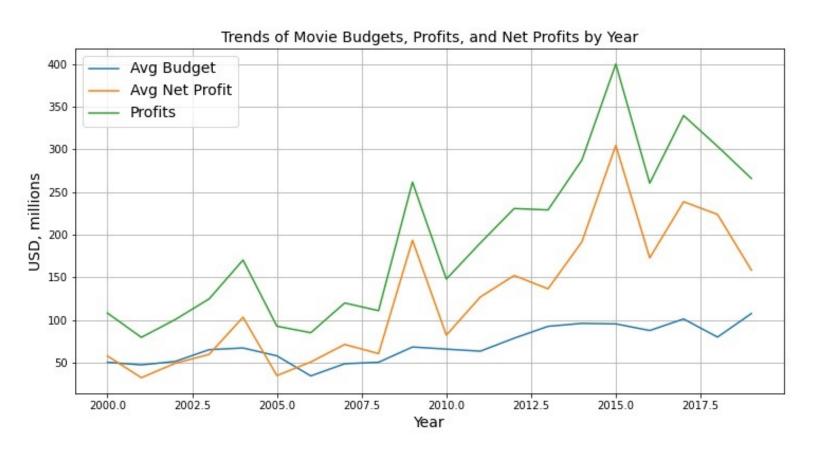
#### Datasets.

- Kaggle:
  - Oscar Awards.
  - Golden Globe Awards.
  - TMDB Dataset\*.
  - Movies with Content Ratings\*.
- IMDB Dataset.
- The Movie Dataset\*.

#### Data Manipulation.

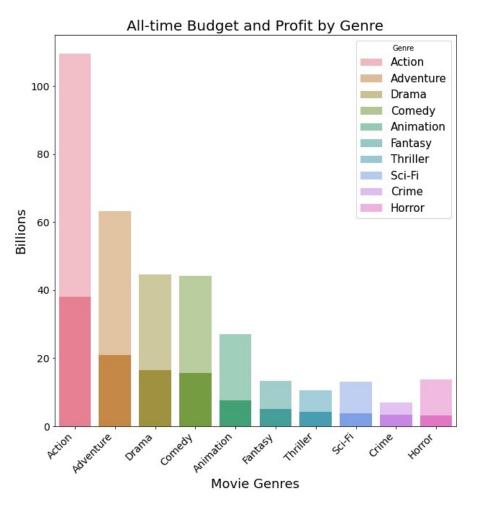
- For all datasets, we performed standard data cleaning.
- We added cast and crew data to IMDB and TMDB movies datasets.
- We added budget data to IMDB dataset.
- We added data on critically acclaimed cast and crew to IMDB, TMDB.
- We merged IMDB dataset with TMDB dataset.

#### Historic Trends of Movies Budgets and Profits.



Average budget increase is 100%, gross increase is 300%.

#### Identifying Top 10 Most Profitable Genres.



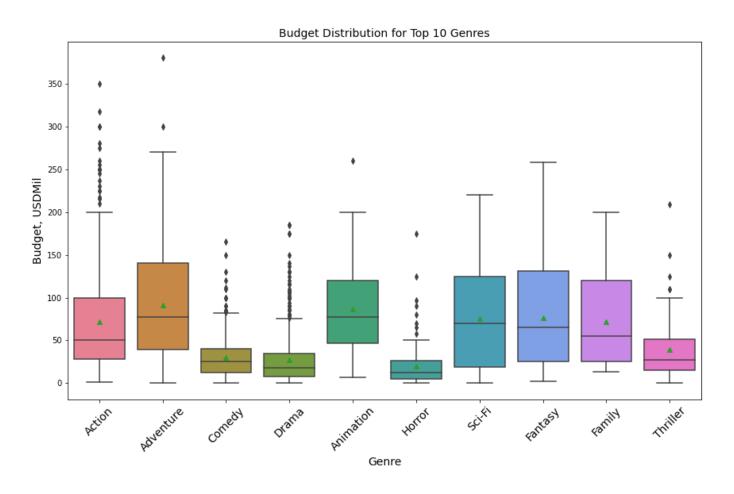
Action is the most expensive and most profitable genre.

## Introducing Key Profit Analysis Metrics.

Movie Budget Movie Profit

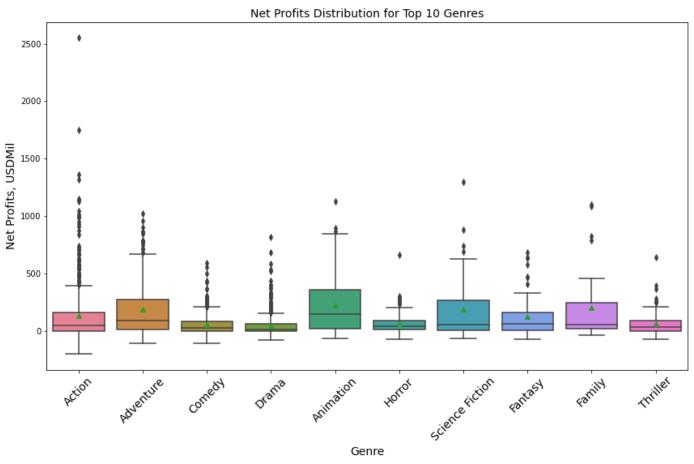
- Movie Genre.
- Release Time.
- Movie Duration.
- Content Rating.
- · Cast and Crew.
- Accolades.

# Average Budget Distribution for Top-10 Genres.



Budgets are spread out for all genres except Comedy, Drama, Horror.

#### Average Profit Distribution for Top-10 Genres.



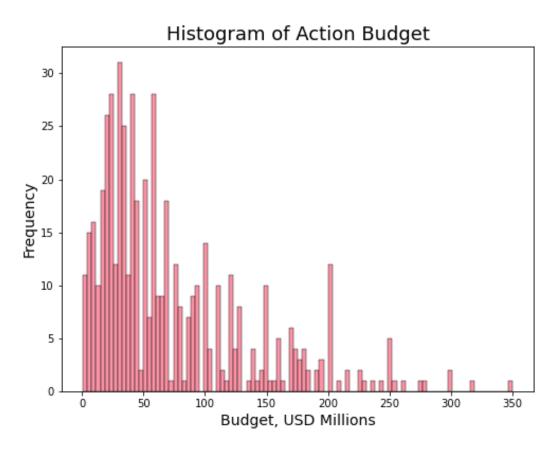
Profits follow the budget trend.

Adventure has the biggest number of movies with zero or negative net profit.

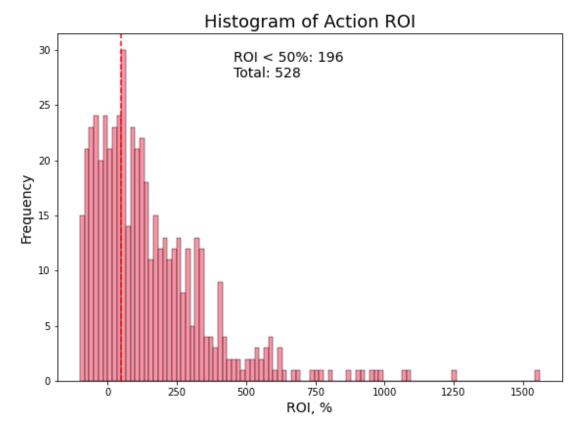
## Action: Profit Analysis using Key Metrics.

- Sub-Genre.
- Release Time.
- Movie Duration.
- Content Rating.
- Cast and Crew.
- Accolades.

### Action: Budget and ROI.

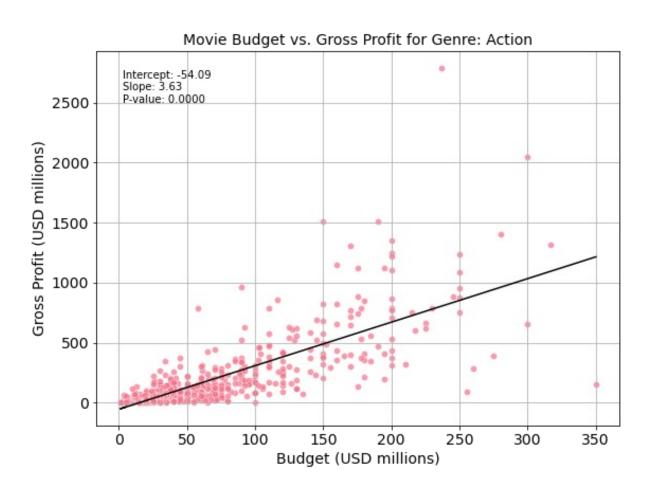


Median Action Budget is 50-100 millions.



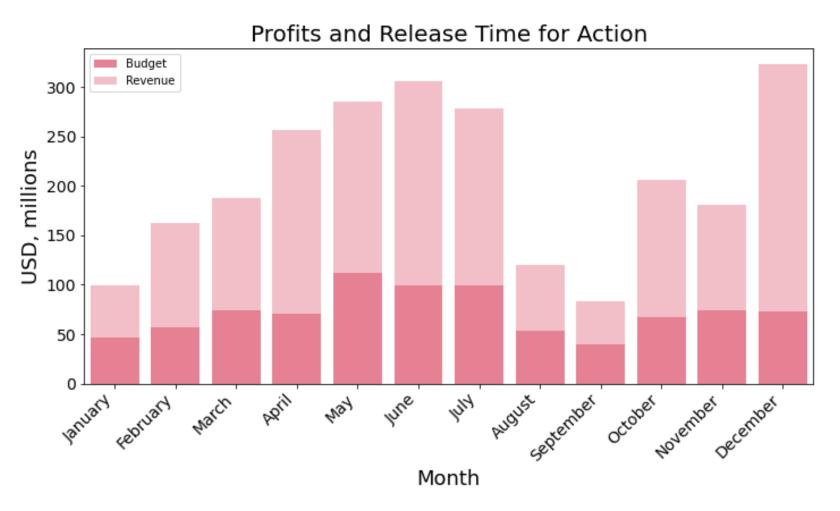
Action genre has 37% of movies with ROI<50%.

## Action: Modelling Expected Profits.



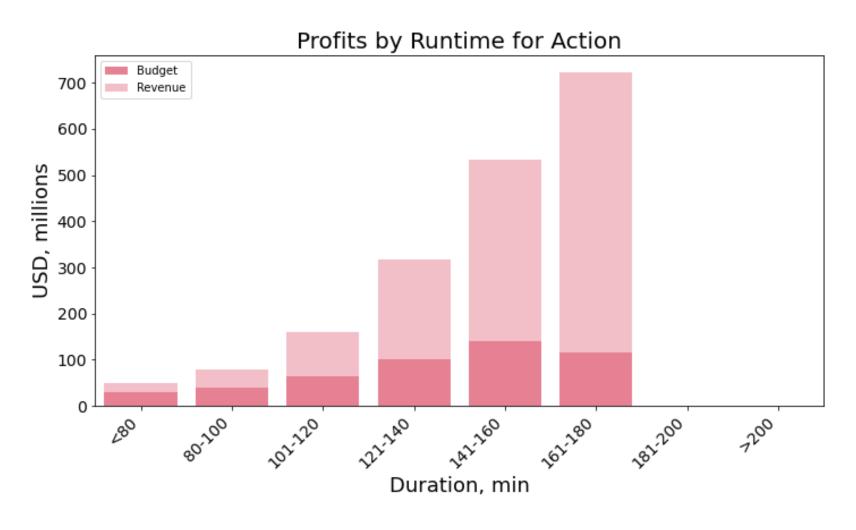
For every million invested, expected return is 3.63 millions.

#### Action: Recommended Release Time.



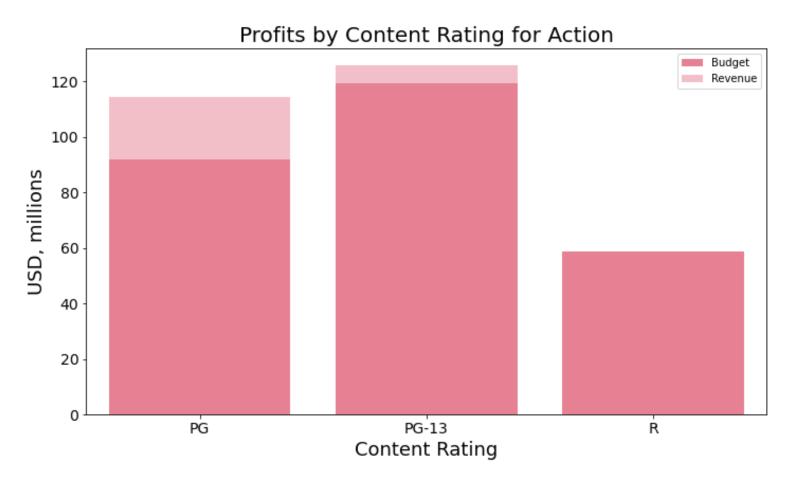
Movies released in summer and holiday season have the largest gross.

#### Action: Recommended Movie Duration.



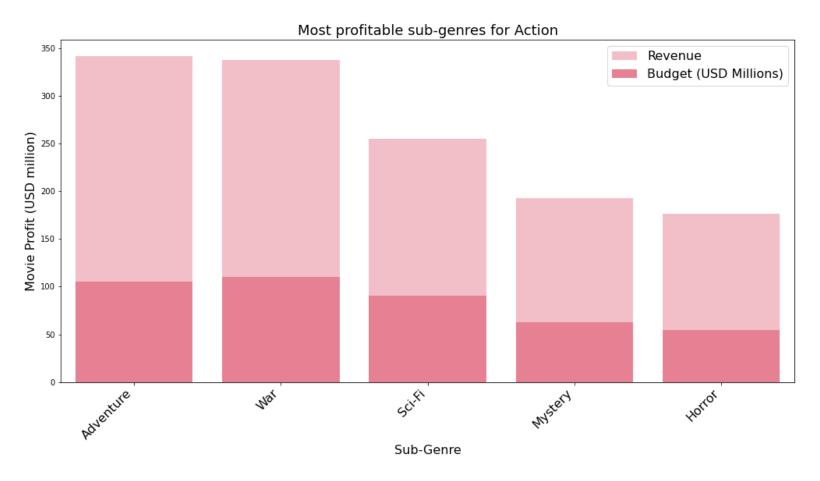
Longer movies have biggest gross.

## Action: Recommended Content Rating.



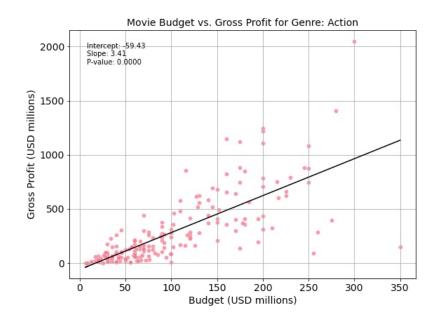
Family-Friendly movies have bigger revenue.

#### Action: Recommended Sub-Genres.

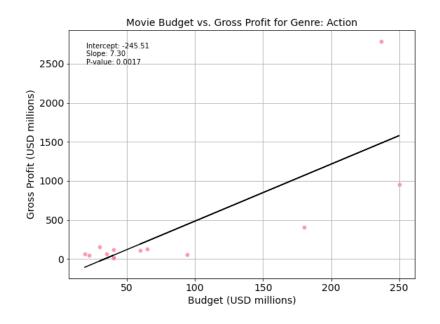


Subgenres Adventure, War, Sci-Fi have largest gross.

#### Action: Critically Acclaimed Cast/Crew

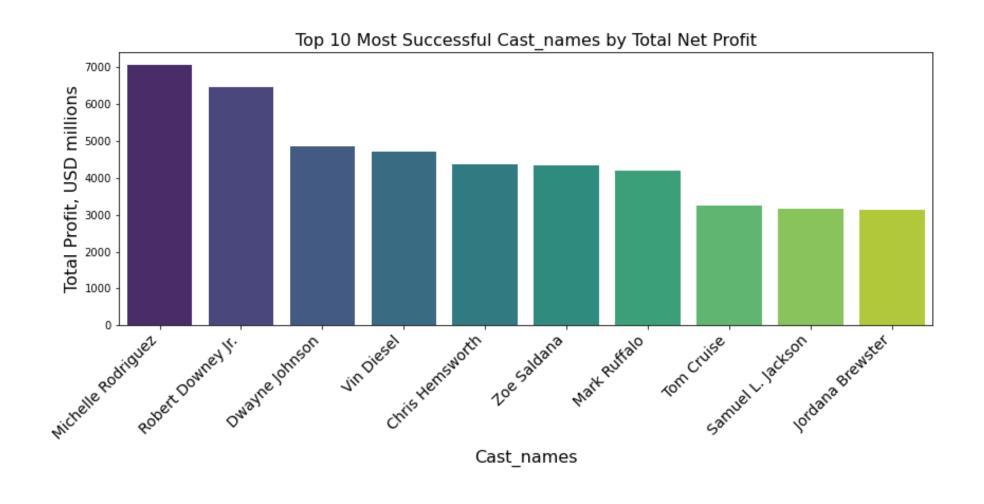


Expected return coefficient for \$1 with critically acclaimed cast: **3.41.** 



Expected return coefficient for \$1 with critically acclaimed cast: **7.3.** 

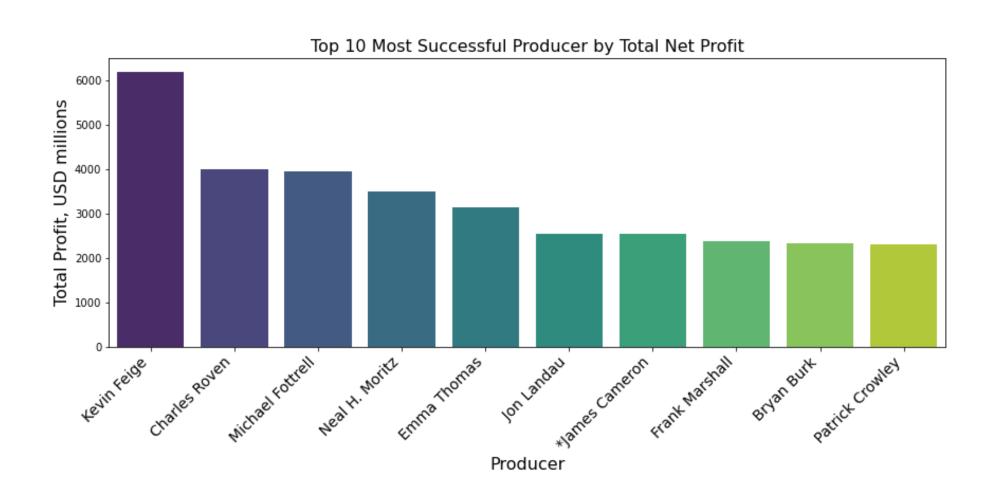
#### Action: Recommended Cast.



#### Action: Recommended Crew (Directors).



#### Action: Recommended Crew (Producers).



#### Action: Conclusion.

Key Feature Recommended Value

Budget \$50-100 million

Content Rating PG-13

Release Time Early Summer, Holiday Season

Duration 2-3 hours

Subgenres Adventure, Sci-Fi.

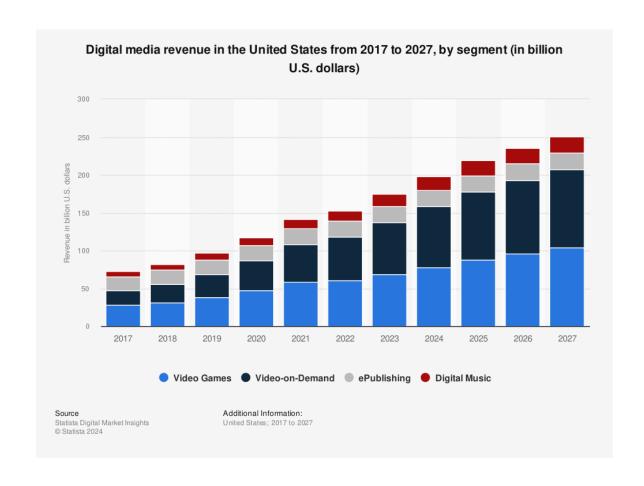
Expected Return Coefficient 3.6

Acclaimed Cast No

Acclaimed Crew Yes

#### Future work.

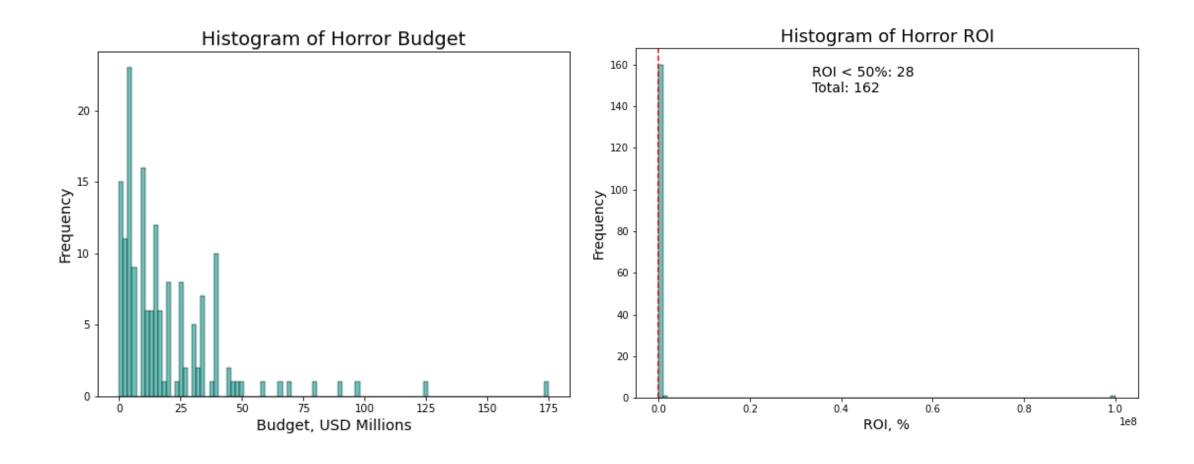
- Source Better Data.
- Consider Franchise Revenue.
- Consider Movie Streaming Revenue.



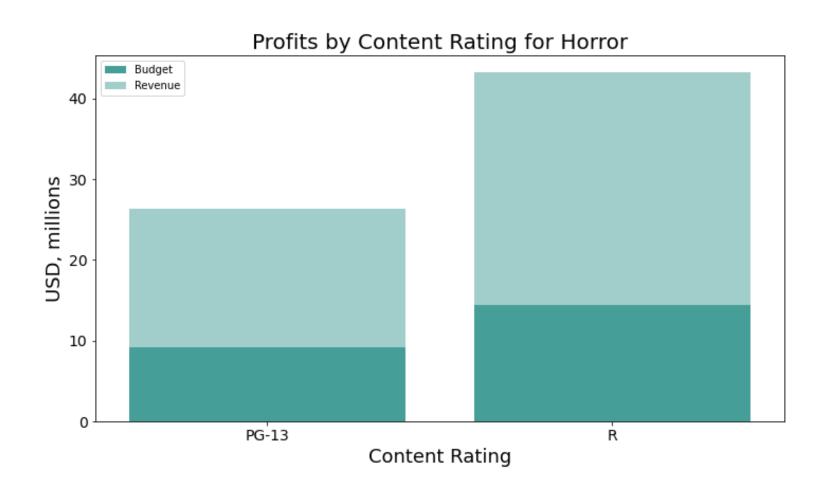
## Thank you!

## Extra slides (Horror)

## Horror: Budget and ROI.



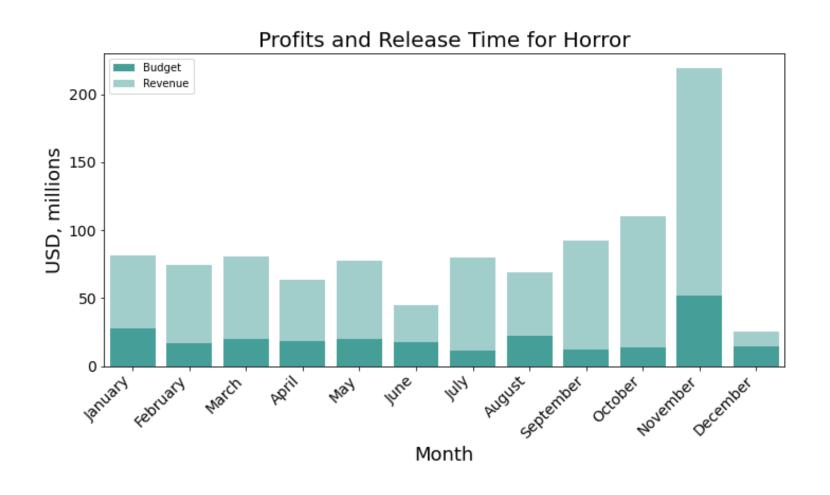
## Horror: Content Rating.



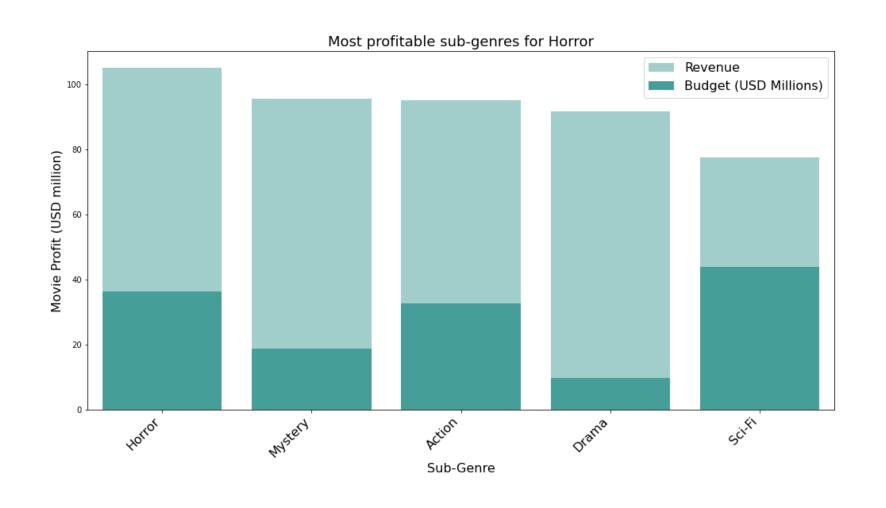
#### Horror: Duration.



#### Horror: Release Time.



## Horror: Subgenres.



## Horror: Critically Acclaimed Cast/Crew.

