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DOCTYPE Declaration & DTDs

The document type (DOCTYPE) declaration consists of an <u>internal</u>, or references an <u>external</u> Document Type Definition (DTD). It can also have a combination of both internal and external DTDs. The DTD defines the constraints on the structure of an XML document. It declares all of the document's <u>element types</u> of, children element types, and the order and number of each element type. It also declares any <u>attributes</u>, <u>entities</u>, <u>notations</u>, <u>processing instructions</u>, <u>comments</u>, and <u>PE references</u> in the document.

The Internal DTD:

```
<!DOCTYPE root_element [

Document Type Definition (DTD):
    elements/attributes/entities/notations/
    processing instructions/comments/PE references
]>
```

```
Example:
```

Rules:

- The document type declaration must be placed between the XML declaration and the first element (root element) in the document[®].
- The keyword DOCTYPE must be followed by the name of the root element in the XML document[♥].
- The keyword DOCTYPE must be in upper case

 W.

The External DTD:

External DTDs are useful for creating a common DTD that can be shared between multiple documents. Any changes that are made to the external DTD automatically updates all the documents that reference it. There are two types of external DTDs: private, and public.

Rules:

 If any elements, attributes, or entities are used in the XML document that are referenced or defined in an external DTD, standalone="no" must be included in the XML declaration.

"Private" External DTDs:

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Glossary

Private external DTDs are identified by the keyword SYSTEM, and are intended for use by a single author or group of authors.

```
<!DOCTYPE root_element SYSTEM "DTD_location">
```

where:

DTD_location: relative or absolute URLG

```
Example:
<!--inform the XML processor
 that an external DTD is referenced-->
<?xml version="1.0" standalone="no" ?>
<!--define the location of the
 external DTD using a relative URL address-->
<!DOCTYPE document SYSTEM "subjects.dtd">
<document>
 <title>Subjects available in Mechanical Engineering.</title>
 <subjectID>2.303</subjectID>
   <subjectname>Fluid Mechanics</subjectname>
   requisite>
     <subjectID>1.001/subjectID>
     <subjectname>Mathematics</subjectname>
   equisite>
   <classes>4 hours per week (lectures and tutorials) for one
     semester.</classes>
   <assessment>tutorial assignments and one 2hr exam at end of
     course.</assessment>
    <syllabus>
     Fluid statics. The Bernoulli equation. Energy equation. Momentum
     equation. Differential Continuity equation. Differential Energy
     equation. Differential Momentum equation. Dimensional Analysis.
     Similitude. Laminar flow. Turbulent flow. Lift and Drag. Boundary
     layer theory.
   </syllabus>
   <textbooks>
     <author>Foobar</author>
     <booktitle>The Study of Fluid Mechanics/booktitle>
   </textbooks>
</document>
```

The external DTD ("subjects.dtd") referenced in the example above contains information about the XML document's structure:

```
subjects.dtd:
<!--see <u>Element Type Declarations</u>
 for an explanation of the following syntax-->
<!ELEMENT document
 (title*,subjectID,subjectname,prerequisite?,
 classes,assessment,syllabus,textbooks*)>
<!ELEMENT prerequisite (subjectID, subjectname)>
<!ELEMENT textbooks (author, booktitle)>
<!ELEMENT title (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT subjectID (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT subjectname (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT classes (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT assessment (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST assessment assessment_type (exam | assignment) #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT syllabus (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT author (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT booktitle (#PCDATA)>
```

"Public" External DTDs:

Public external DTDs are identified by the keyword PUBLIC and are

intended for broad use. The "DTD_location" is used to find the public DTD if it cannot be located by the "DTD_name".

```
<!DOCTYPE root_element PUBLIC "DTD_name" "DTD_location">
```

where:

- DTD_location: relative or absolute URL@
- DTD name: follows the syntax:

```
"prefix//owner_of_the_DTD//
description_of_the_DTD//ISO 639_language_identifier"
```

Note:

The following prefixes are allowed in the DTD name:

Prefix:	Definition:
ISO	The DTD is an ISO standard. All ISO standards are approved.
+	The DTD is an approved non-ISO standard.
-	The DTD is an unapproved non-ISO standard.

Combining Internal and External Document Type Definitions:

A document can use both <u>internal</u> and <u>external</u> DTD subsets. The internal DTD subset is specified between the square brackets of the <code>DOCTYPE</code> declaration. The declaration for the external DTD subset is placed before the square brackets immediately after the <code>SYSTEM</code> keyword.

```
example:

<!--inform the XML processor
    that an external DTD is referenced-->
    <?xml version="1.0" standalone="no" ?>

<!--define the location of the
    external DTD using a relative URL address - the open square
    bracket indicates an internal DTD-->
    <!DOCTYPE document SYSTEM "subjects.dtd" [

<!--the markup in the internal DTD
    takes precedence over the external DTD-->
    <!ATTLIST assessment assessment_type (exam | assignment | prac)>
    <!ELEMENT results (#PCDATA)>
```

```
<!--close the DOCTYPE declaration-->
]>
```

```
subjects.dtd:

<!ELEMENT document
  (title*,subjectID,subjectname,prerequisite?,
    classes,assessment,syllabus,textbooks*)>
    !ELEMENT prerequisite (subjectID,subjectname)>
    !ELEMENT textbooks (author,booktitle)>
    !ELEMENT title (#PCDATA)>
    !ELEMENT subjectID (#PCDATA)>
    !ELEMENT subjectname (#PCDATA)>
    !ELEMENT classes (#PCDATA)>
    !ELEMENT assessment (#PCDATA)>
    !ELEMENT assessment assessment_type (exam | assignment) #IMPLIED>
    !ELEMENT syllabus (#PCDATA)>
    !ELEMENT author (#PCDATA)>
    <!ELEMENT author (#PCDATA)>
    <!ELEMENT booktitle (#PCDATA)>
```

Rules:

 Declaring an ELEMENT with the same name in both the internal and external DTD subsets is invalid ♥.

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