Parameters of case study

Ge Chen, *Student Member, IEEE,* Biao Yan, *Member, IEEE,* Hongcai Zhang, *Member, IEEE,*
Dongdong Zhang, *Member, IEEE,* and Yonghua Song, *Fellow, IEEE*

TABLE I
BOUNDS, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES AND CHARACTERISTIC COEFFICIENTS

Parameters	Value	Parameters	Value
$T_{s,\text{chi,min}}$	4°C	C_p	4.2 kJ/kg
$T_{s,\text{chi,max}}$	10°C	ρ	997 kg/m^3
$T_{r,\text{chi,min}}$	4°C	λ_w	0.55W/(m·°C)
$T_{r,\text{chi,min}}$	15°C	μ	1.788×10^{-3} kg/(m·s)
$m_{\min}$	3 kg/s	β_1	7.3 $\times10^{-10}$
$m_{\max}$	10 kg/s	β_2	7.3 $\times10^{-7}$
Δt	5 min	β_3	7.3 $\times10^{-4}$
$P_{\text{chi,min}}$	1800 kW	β_4	0.219
$P_{\text{chi,min}}$	20 kW	K_{pump}	0.0162

TABLE II
ELECTRICITY PRICE IN MACAU

Time period	electricity price ($)
00:00-09:00, 20:00-24:00	0.1096
09:00-20:00	0.0962

I. OVERVIEW

This file collects all the necessary parameters of the case study in paper "Chance-constraint optimal power dispatch of district cooling system under spatially-related demands".

II. LOWER AND UPPER BOUNDS, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES AND THE CHARACTERISTIC COEFFICIENTS

See Table I.

III. ELECTRICITY PRICE

See Table II.

IV. PARAMETERS OF DISTRICT PIPE NETWORK

The district pipe network of DCS in University of Macau contains 38 pipelines and 24 rooms. The parameters of pipelines are list in Table III. The heat transfer coefficients between pipelines and surroundings λ_i are set as 0.2 W/(m·°C).

V. PARAMETERS OF ROOMS

All rooms serving the same purpose in one building are aggregated as one individual room, so the corresponding heat capacity C_k is very large while the thermal resistance R_k between indoor and out environments is quite small (e.g. C_k and R_k are 333.3 kJ/°C and 0.09 °C/kJ, respectively). The coefficient for calculating the maximum heat transfer capacity

TABLE III
PARAMETERS OF PIPELINES

Pipeline No.	Length (m)	Internal diameter (m)
1	400	0.12
2	300	0.08
3	300	0.08
4	600	0.16
5	400	0.12
6	300	0.08
7	300	0.08
8	300	0.08
9	400	0.12
10	300	0.08
11	300	0.08
12	300	0.08
13	400	0.12
14	300	0.08
15	300	0.08
16	300	0.08
17	600	0.24
18	600	0.20
19	400	0.12
20	300	0.08
21	300	0.08
22	300	0.08
23	600	0.16
24	400	0.12
25	300	0.08
26	300	0.08
27	300	0.08
28	400	0.12
29	300	0.08
30	300	0.08
31	300	0.08
32	600	0.16
33	400	0.12
34	300	0.08
35	300	0.08
36	400	0.12
37	300	0.08
38	300	0.08

ω_k is 12.75 kW·(s/kg)$^{0.84}$. The value of entries in matrix U are:

$$u_{kj} = \begin{cases} 1.667 kW/°C, & \text{room } k, j \text{ in one building,} \\ 0, & \text{room } k, j \text{ not in one building} \end{cases} \quad (1)$$