

Imperial College London

3RD YEAR COMPUTING
INTERIM REPORT

Implementation of a New Web Language

Author:

William DE RENZY-MARTIN

Supervisor:

Sergio MAFFEIS

February 20, 2014

1 Introduction

The applied pi-calculus is an expressive formal language describing computations as communicating processes. Its primary use in both industry and academia is to model security protocols. These models being built, they can then be statically analysed either by hand, or automatically by using a tool such as ProVerif.

For the purposes of static analysis, models built using applied pi-calculus have proven very useful. However, they are limited by the fact that they cannot currently be executed, as there is no existing language implementation.

Without an implementation, any models built using the applied pi-calculus cannot be used to actually demonstrate protocols they are modelling, and those models can be very difficult to debug.

1.1 Objective

The aim of this project is to provide an implementation of the applied pi-calculus such that one might be able to build a model of a web protocol and then execute it interoperably with existing implementations written in PHP, Javascript or any other web language. The resulting implementation will hopefully not only be a very powerful and concise language for reasoning about and implementing protocols, but a useful scripting tool for the web.

At the very least, we would like to be able to write something similar to:

```
in(a,M);  
out(b,M);
```

And have it execute successfully; receiving a message in on channel a, and sending the same message out again on channel b. However, ideally we would like to write something like the following:

```
out(net,httpRequest(uri,headers,httpGet()));  
in(net,(head : Header, message : String));  
out(stdout, resp);  
|  
in(net,(u: URI, h: Header, req: httpReq));  
out(process,req);  
in(process,resp);  
out(net,httpResponse(origin(h),resp));
```

which would start one process which would send out an HTTP GET request on the channel net, and await a response. Once that response has been received, it will de-structure it and send the contents of the HTTP Response to stdout. Meanwhile, another process is set up to receive the same request on net, de-structure it into its component parts, then handle the request, and send back an appropriate HTTP response. The latter may well be out of the our abilities, however the we would aim to create something capable of handling something a little more impressive than the former.

1.2 Approach

We will be aiming to build

2 Plan

2.1 Milestone Dates

There are roughly 20 weeks between now and 23rd June, the preliminary archive submission deadline. We therefore aim to split that time into ten periods of two weeks, and at the end of each of those periods we would like to achieve the following:

7 th March	
21 st March	
4 th April	
18 th April	
2 nd May	
16 th May	
30 th May	
13 th June	
20 th June	
23 rd June	
27 th June	
30 th June	

Table 1: Milestone Date Aims

[1]

References

- [1] Martín Abadi and Cédric Fournet. Mobile values, new names, and secure communication. In *POPL'01: Proceedings of the 28th ACM SIGPLAN-SIGACT Symposium on Principles of Programming Languages*, pages 104–115. ACM Press, 2001.