# STA 445 Exam #1

#### Your Name Here

November 07, 2023

### Please read instructions carefully.

Exam must be submitted through Canvas as a compiled PDF before the end of the period! The exam covers Chapters 1 - 13 of the online textbook, with focus on Chapters 8 - 13.

The Exam is open-book, and you are allowed 1-page of hand-written notes (this may not contain completed exercises). You are not allowed to use assignment solutions or any outside resources during the exam. Please keep your eyes on your own screen. If found to be in violation of NAU's Academic Integrity Policy, you may be asked to stop working and your exam given a score of zero.

Compile the PDF first before continuing. This will ensure you can properly make the PDF and subsequent knits will be quicker. Please submit your final answers as a compiled PDF. Be sure that all code is visible on the PDF document and properly place your name at the top of the document. You will need to use a data file for some of these questions. The data file is given within the Exam 1 Canvas folder as Exam1\_Data.xlsx. Please write any free responses in text areas and not as comments in R blocks. PDF Submission and Organization will be worth 10 points. The exam will be scored out of 100 points total.

Please remove this line and the instructions above to simplify your output.

# **Exam Questions**

## Question 1 [30 points]

You will be asked to produce two functions. The first (vecsummary) will create a summary output for a given numerical vector. The second (mean\_split) will provide ABOVE/BELOW strings depending on if the element in the vector is above or below the mean of the vector. Please answer each sub question below.

- a. For some data to analyze with your functions, load the data set cars from base R. The cars set contains two variables, speed and dist, of which there are 50 total observations.
- b. Produce the function vecsummary. The function should accept as an input a numerical vector and return a data.frame with columns Size, Min, Max, Min.Max, Mean, in that order. The size here refers to the number of elements (length) in the vector. The element Min.Max is the ratio Min / Max. The function should return a data.frame with proper labels for each column, in the order specified above.
- c. Demonstrate that the vecsummary function works properly by displaying the results of your function when analyzing the variable speed within the cars object.
- d. Produce the function mean\_split. The function should accept as an input a numerical vector and return a vector of ABOVE/BELOW determined for each element being above or below the mean value of the vector.
- e. Demonstrate that the mean\_split function works properly by displaying the results of your function when analyzing the variable dist within the cars object.

#### Question 2 [20 points]

In the area marked as ??? write a regular expression that accomplishes the requested task. Use the strings object to demonstrate your answer is correct by giving a minimum of two TRUE and two FALSE responses.

a. An expression that can determine if a string contains any of the following words: Captain, Chief, Colonel, Cadet. Cook.

```
### Change to eval=TRUE or remove eval option
strings <- c()
data.frame( string = strings ) %>%
  mutate( result = str_detect(string, '???') )
```

**b.** An expression that can determine if a string begins with 2 of any upper or lowercase letter followed by any digit 4 times.

```
### Change to eval=TRUE or remove eval option
strings <- c()
data.frame( string = strings ) %>%
  mutate( result = str_detect(string, '???') )
```

c. An expression that can determine if a string begins with bar or ends in foo.

```
### Change to eval=TRUE or remove eval option
strings <- c()
data.frame( string = strings ) %>%
  mutate( result = str_detect(string, '???') )
```

#### Question 3 [15 points]

- a. Traveling to Europe/Rome, you are told that your flight will arrive at 2:00 PM local time on June 15th, 2024. Create the object Rome.Arrival for this time stamp, be sure to include the timezone. Display the object to screen.
- **b.** You want to make a call back to the USA when you arrive. What time will it be in US/Arizona when you arrive in Rome? Return/display the results of an R calculation here.
- c. You are set to return to the USA on August 10th, 2024 at 10:00 PM (Arizona). Assuming all of these dates/times are not delayed, how many days will you be traveling? (Return a calculated time object that displays days, hours, minutes, seconds).

#### Question 4 [25 points]

The Exam1\_Data\_F23.xlsx file contains data developed across multiple trips (ID) where information was collected for four different Sites at four different Periods. Two measurements were taken for each observations and were recorded as X and Y. There are potentially many observations of the same Period and Site. The data was collected across two trips that are available in the Exam1 Data.xlsx file on Sheets 2 and 3.

- a. Read in the two different data sets on Sheets 2 and 3. Combine the data into a single data frame named Q4data. There should be 5 columns: ID, Site, Period, X, Y, totaling 100 observations. Demonstrate this by returning to screen the structure of the Q4data object. This can be done using the str() function. Do not display any of the data frames in your final answer, only the structure of the combined data frame (a tibble is acceptable).
- **b.** We are interested in counting the number of Site and Period combinations. Create a wide table that has the Period as columns, the Site as rows, and the counts for each pair within the table.
- c. Finally, we want to make a visual assessment of the total X and total Y observed across the four different observation sets ID. Group the data by Site and Period and summarize the total X and total Y found for

each combination. Save this as a new data frame plotme and display the head. Hint: Finding the total requires we take the sum.

 ${f d.}$  Use the data.frame plotme to view the total X against the total Y as a scatter graph, and color the scatter based on the Site.