This module contains operations for working with radix trees. A radix tree is a data structure for efficient storage and lookup of values that often share prefixes, typically used with strings.

A common question when I show this to people is: how do I add to the tree? delete? update? For these, grab the Range of the tree, use set logic to add/remove any elements, and construct a new tree with RadixTree.

For educational purposes, I've heavily commented all the operations. I recommend using the constant expression evaluator to try the building blocks to learn how things work if you're confused. That's how I learned.

```
LOCAL INSTANCE FiniteSets
LOCAL INSTANCE Sequences
LOCAL INSTANCE Integers
```

Helpers that aren't Radix-tree specific.

```
shortestSeq returns the shortest sequence in a set.
LOCAL shortestSeq(set) \stackrel{\triangle}{=}
  Choose seq \in set:
    \forall other
                \in set:
       Len(seq) \leq Len(other)
 Filter the sequence to only return the values that start with c.
LOCAL filterPrefix(set, c) \stackrel{\triangle}{=} \{ seq \in set : seq[1] = c \}
 Strip the prefix from each element in set. This assumes that each
 element in set already starts with prefix. Empty values will not
 be returned.
LOCAL \ stripPrefix(set, prefix) \triangleq
  \{SubSeq(seq, Len(prefix) + 1, Len(seq)) : seq \in set \setminus \{prefix\}\}
 Returns the set of first characters of a set of char sequences.
LOCAL firstChars(set) \triangleq \{seq[1] : seq \in set\}
 Find the longest shared prefix of a set of sequences. Sequences can
 be different lengths, but must have comparable types.
 i.e. longestPrefix(\{1, 2\}, \{1, 2, 3\}, \{1, 2, 5\}) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \{1, 2\}
LOCAL longestPrefix(set) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}
    Every item must at least have a common first character otherwise
    the longest prefix is surely empty
  IF \forall x \in set, y \in set:
     \wedge Len(x) \geq 1
     \wedge Len(y) \geq 1
     \wedge x[1] = y[1]
   THEN
  LET
```

```
end \stackrel{\triangle}{=} CHOOSE \ end \in 1 ... \ Len(seq) :
        \land \forall i \in 1 \dots end:
         \forall x, y \in set : x[i] = y[i]
        \land \lor Len(seq) \le end we're at the end
           \forall \exists x, y \in set : x[end+1] \neq y[end+1] or there is no longer prefix
  IN SubSeq(seq, 1, end)
   ELSE \langle \rangle
 Radix tree helpers
RECURSIVE range(_, _)
LOCAL range(T, prefix) \stackrel{\triangle}{=}
  LET
     current \stackrel{\Delta}{=} IF Len(T.Value) > 0 THEN \{T.Value\} ELSE \{\}
         current value of node (if exists)
     children \stackrel{\Delta}{=} UNION  {
       range(T.Edges[edge], prefix \circ T.Prefix):
       edge \in \text{DOMAIN } T.Edges
    }
         child values for each edge. this creates a set of sets
         so we call union to flatten it.
        current \cup children
 Returns the constructed radix tree for the set of keys Keys.
RECURSIVE radixTree(\_,\_)
radixTree(Keys, Base) \stackrel{\triangle}{=}
  IF Keys = \{\} THEN \{\} base case, no keys empty tree
   ELSE LET
    prefix \triangleq longestPrefix(Keys)
         longest shared prefix
     base \triangleq Base \circ prefix
         our new base
    keys \stackrel{\triangle}{=} stripPrefix(Keys, prefix)
         keys for children, prefix stripped
     edgeLabels \triangleq firstChars(stripPrefix(Keys, prefix))
         labels for each edge (single characters)
  IN
     Prefix \mapsto prefix,
     Value \mapsto \text{IF } prefix \in Keys \text{ THEN } base \text{ ELSE } \langle \rangle,
     Edges \mapsto [L \in edgeLabels \mapsto radixTree(filterPrefix(keys, L), base)]
```

 $seq \stackrel{\triangle}{=} shortestSeq(set)$ 

```
Returns the constructed radix tree for the set of keys Keys. RadixTree(Keys) \triangleq \\ LET \\ edgeLabels \triangleq firstChars(Keys) \\ IN [ \\ Prefix \mapsto \langle \rangle, \\ Value \mapsto \langle \rangle, \\ Edges \mapsto [L \in edgeLabels \mapsto radixTree(filterPrefix(Keys, L), \langle \rangle)] \\ ] \\ Range returns all of the values that are in the radix tree <math>T. Range(T) \triangleq range(T, \langle \rangle)
```

- $\backslash * \ {\bf Modification} \ {\bf History}$
- \ \* Last modified Wed Jun 30 11:22:46 PDT 2021 by mitchellh
- \\* Created Mon Jun 28 08:08:13 PDT 2021 by mitchellh