





Online Judge
Web Board
Home Page
F.A.Qs
Statistical Charts

Problem Set	
Problems	
Submit Problem	
Online Status	
Prob.ID:	Go

rs			
er			
Update your info			
Authors ranklist			
Search			
	er ur info inklist		

<b>Online Contests</b>	
<b>Current Contest</b>	lydliyudong
Past Contests	Mail:5( <b>0</b> )
Scheduled Contests	Login Log
Award Contest	

gin Log Archive

Language: Default V

Log Out

### **Raising Modulo Numbers**

Time Limit: 1000MS Memory Limit: 30000K

Total Submissions: 8514 Accepted: 5184

### **Description**

People are different. Some secretly read magazines full of interesting girls' pictures, others create an A-bomb in their cellar, others like using Windows, and some like difficult mathematical games. Latest marketing research shows, that this market segment was so far underestimated and that there is lack of such games. This kind of game was thus included into the KOKODáKH. The rules follow:

Each player chooses two numbers Ai and Bi and writes them on a slip of paper. Others cannot see the numbers. In a given moment all players show their numbers to the others. The goal is to determine the sum of all expressions Ai<sup>Bi</sup> from all players including oneself and determine the remainder after division by a given number M. The winner is the one who first determines the correct result. According to the players' experience it is possible to increase the difficulty by choosing higher numbers.

You should write a program that calculates the result and is able to find out who won the game.

#### Input

The input consists of Z assignments. The number of them is given by the single positive integer Z appearing on the first line of input. Then the assignments follow. Each assignement begins with line containing an integer M ( $1 \le M \le 45000$ ). The sum will be divided by this number. Next line contains number of players H ( $1 \le M \le 45000$ ). Next exactly H lines follow. On each line, there are exactly two numbers Ai and Bi separated by space. Both numbers cannot be equal zero at the same time.

#### **Output**

For each assingnement there is the only one line of output. On this line, there is a number, the result of expression

$$(A_1^{B_1} + A_2^{B_2} + \dots + A_H^{B_H}) \mod M.$$

## **Sample Input**

```
3
16
4
2 3
3 4
4 5
5 6
36123
2374859 3029382
17
3 18132
```

# **Sample Output**

2 13195 13

#### **Source**

CTU Open 1999

[Submit] [Go Back] [Status] [Discuss]





