

  PEKING UNIVERSITY JUDGE ONLINE FOR ACM/ICPC			
Online Judge Web Board Home Page F.A.Qs Statistical Charts	Problem Set Problems Submit Problem Online Status Prob.ID: <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Go"/>	Authors Register Update your info Authors ranklist <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Search"/>	Online Contests Current Contest Past Contests Scheduled Contests Award Contest
User User ID: <input type="text"/> Password: <input type="password"/> <input type="button" value="login"/> Register			
John's trip			
Time Limit: 1000MS Memory Limit: 65536K Total Submissions: 9243 Accepted: 3104 Special Judge			
Language: <input type="text" value="Default"/>			

Description

Little Johnny has got a new car. He decided to drive around the town to visit his friends. Johnny wanted to visit all his friends, but there was many of them. In each street he had one friend. He started thinking how to make his trip as short as possible. Very soon he realized that the best way to do it was to travel through each street of town only once. Naturally, he wanted to finish his trip at the same place he started, at his parents' house.

The streets in Johnny's town were named by integer numbers from 1 to n , $n < 1995$. The junctions were independently named by integer numbers from 1 to m , $m \leq 44$. No junction connects more than 44 streets. All junctions in the town had different numbers. Each street was connecting exactly two junctions. No two streets in the town had the same number. He immediately started to plan his round trip. If there was more than one such round trip, he would have chosen the one which, when written down as a sequence of street numbers is lexicographically the smallest. But Johnny was not able to find even one such round trip.

Help Johnny and write a program which finds the desired shortest round trip. If the round trip does not exist the program should write a message. Assume that Johnny lives at the junction ending the street appears first in the input with smaller number. All streets in the town are two way. There exists a way from each street to another street in the town. The streets in the town are very narrow and there is no possibility to turn back the car once he is in the street

Input

Input file consists of several blocks. Each block describes one town. Each line in the block contains three integers x ; y ; z , where $x > 0$ and $y > 0$ are the numbers of junctions which are connected by the street number z . The end of the block is marked by the line containing $x = y = 0$. At the end of the input file there is an empty block, $x = y = 0$.

Output

Output one line of each block contains the sequence of street numbers (single members of the sequence are separated by space) describing Johnny's round trip. If the round trip cannot be found the corresponding output block contains the message "Round trip does not exist."

Sample Input

```
1 2 1
2 3 2
3 1 6
1 2 5
2 3 3
3 1 4
0 0
1 2 1
2 3 2
1 3 3
2 4 4
0 0
0 0
```

Sample Output

```
1 2 3 5 4 6
Round trip does not exist.
```

Source

Central Europe 1995

[\[Submit\]](#) [\[Go Back\]](#) [\[Status\]](#) [\[Discuss\]](#)



[Home Page](#)



[Go Back](#)



[To top](#)