

466. Count The Repetitions

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Define $S = [s, n]$ as the string S which consists of n connected strings s . For example, $["abc", 3] = "abcabcabc"$.

On the other hand, we define that string s_1 can be obtained from string s_2 if we can remove some characters from s_2 such that it becomes s_1 . For example, "abc" can be obtained from "abdbec" based on our definition, but it can not be obtained from "acbbe".

You are given two non-empty strings s_1 and s_2 (each at most 100 characters long) and two integers $0 \leq n_1 \leq 10^6$ and $1 \leq n_2 \leq 10^6$. Now consider the strings S_1 and S_2 , where $S_1 = [s_1, n_1]$ and $S_2 = [s_2, n_2]$. Find the maximum integer M such that $[S_2, M]$ can be obtained from S_1 .

Example:

Input:
 $s_1 = "acb"$, $n_1 = 4$
 $s_2 = "ab"$, $n_2 = 2$

Return:
2

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```
1 class Solution {  
2 public:  
3     int getMaxRepetitions(string s1, int n1, string s2, int n2) {  
4  
5     }  
6 };
```

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Difficulty:

Hard

Total Accepted:

4.3K

Total Submissions:

15.3K