

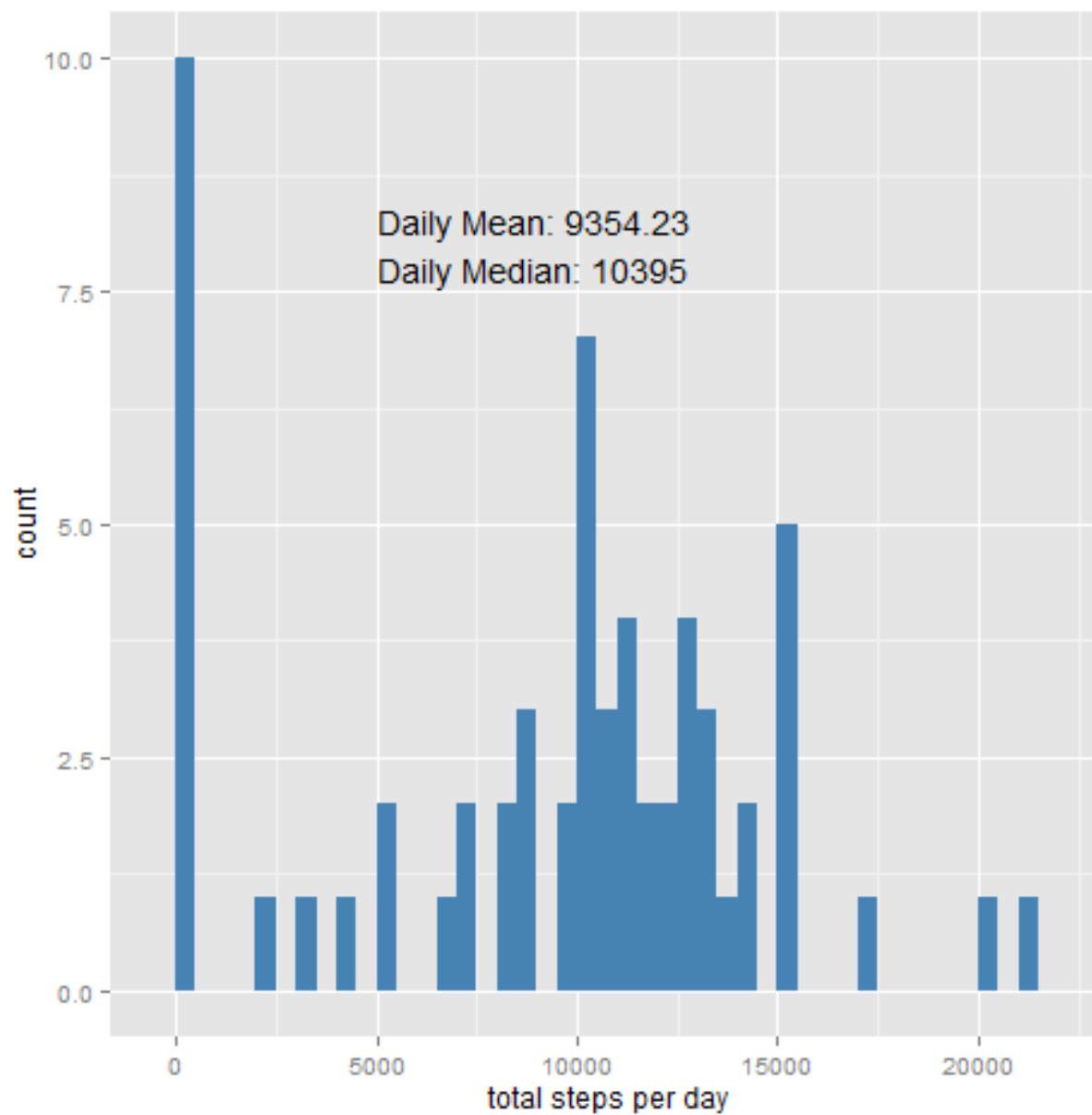
Reproducible Research: Peer Assessment 1

Loading and preprocessing the data

```
#checks for the csv file, if it is not in the directory check for the zip file  
#if the zip file is missing download it, otherwise extract the .csv from the  
# zip file. Once the file existence is assured, read the .csv file in  
if (!file.exists('activity.csv')) {  
  if (!file.exists('activity.zip')) {  
    fileurl<-'https://d396qusza40orc.cloudfront.net/repdata%2Fdata%2Factivity.zip'  
    download.file(fileurl,dest='./activity.zip')  
  }  
  unzip('activity.zip')  
}  
activity <- read.csv('activity.csv')
```

What is mean total number of steps taken per day?

```
#compute the total daily steps  
dailysteps <- aggregate(activity[,1],list(activity[,2]),sum,na.rm=TRUE)  
  
#now calculate the average and median values of total daily steps  
dailymean <- mean(dailysteps$x,na.rm=TRUE)  
dailymedian <- median(dailysteps$x,na.rm=TRUE)  
  
#we will be using ggplot for all the plotting, so load package now  
require(ggplot2)  
  
#create the figure which will be attached to the html  
png(file = 'dailytotalhist.png',  
     width = 480,  
     height = 480,  
     bg = 'transparent')  
  
#plot the histogram of total daily steps  
g <- ggplot(dailysteps,aes(x)) + geom_histogram(fill="steelblue",binwidth=500)  
  
#add annotations to the plot displaying the mean and median values calculated  
earlier  
g + annotate('text',  
            x=5000,  
            y=8,  
            label=sprintf('Daily Mean: %4.2f\nDaily Median: %i',  
                          dailymean,dailymedian),  
            hjust = 0) +  
  labs(x = "total steps per day")  
#remember to turn off the device so it will actually create the plot  
dev.off()
```



```
## What is the average daily activity pattern?
```

```
#calculate the average steps for each time interval
averagesteps <- aggregate(list('mean' = activity[,1])
                           ,list('interval' = activity[,3]),
                           mean,
                           na.rm=TRUE)
```

```
#create the png file
png(file = 'averageactivity.png',
    width = 480,
    height = 480,
    bg = 'transparent')
```

```

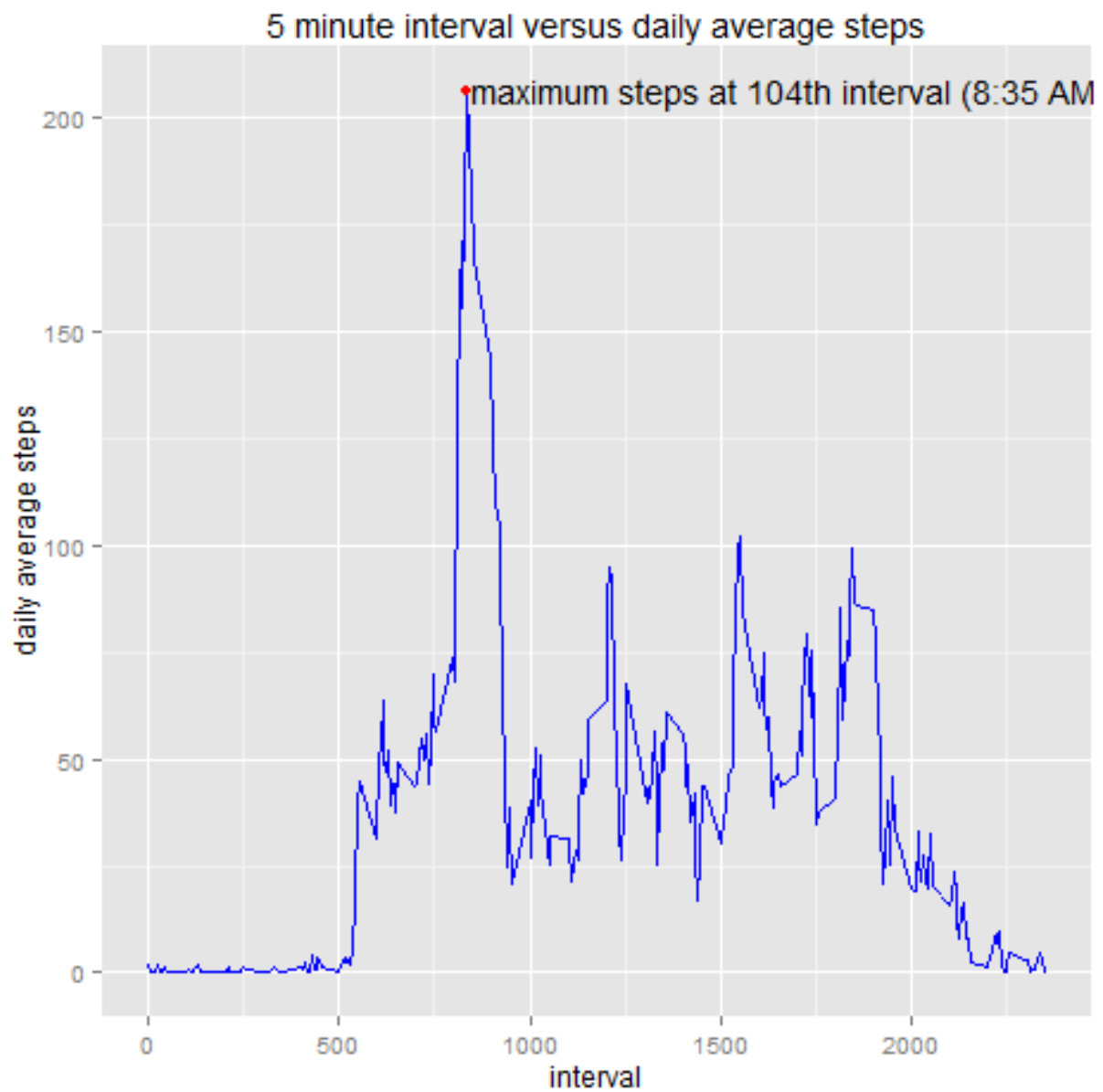
#generate the plot
g <- ggplot(averagesteps,aes(x=interval,y=mean)) +
  geom_line(aes(group=1),colour="blue") +
  labs(title = "5 minute interval versus daily average steps",
        y = "daily average steps")

#calculate the maximum average step value and when it occurs
maxind <- which(averagesteps$mean==max(averagesteps$mean))
maxval <- averagesteps$mean[maxind]
maxspot <- averagesteps$interval[maxind]

#add the maximum step value to the plot
g + geom_point(aes(x=maxspot,y=maxval),colour='red') +
  annotate("text",x=maxspot+10,y=maxval,
          label = "maximum steps at 104th interval (8:35 AM)",
          hjust = 0)

#make sure to turn the plot off
dev.off()

```



Imputing missing values

Are there differences in activity patterns between weekdays and weekends?