

# Deployment and Operations for Software Engineers 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed

Chapter 8 – DevOps Preliminaries

#### Outline

- Constructing an executable
- Invoking an executable
- Imperative vs declarative languages
- Strongly typed vs weakly typed languages.
- Modifiability

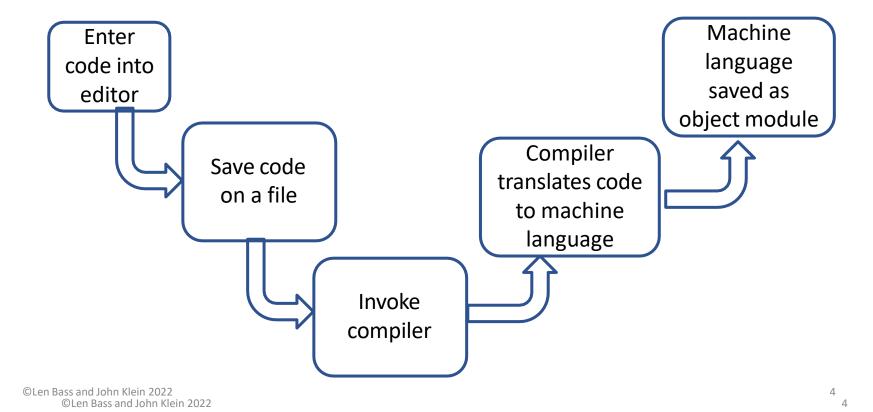


## Executable image

- An executable image is a set of machine language instructions
  - Represented as a set of bits on a disk
  - Can be loaded by an OS.
  - Control can be transferred to it.
- Consists of libraries and code you wrote
- Constructed differently for compiled and interpreted languages.

ISC institute for

## Compiled language => Object module

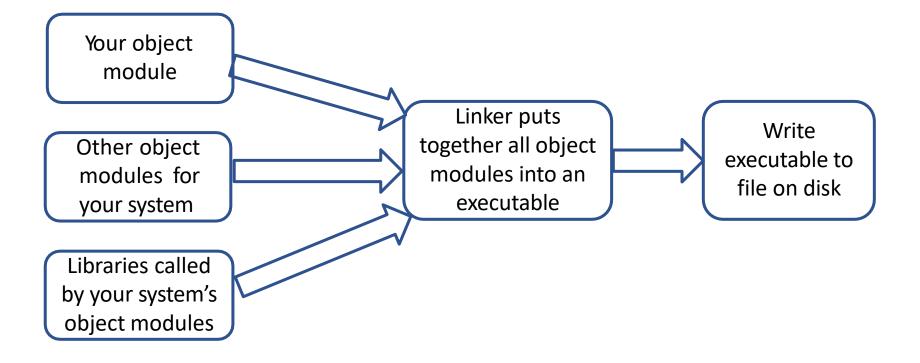


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## Object Modules => Executable





## Interpreted language => Executable

Your code in interpreted language written to file

Executable version of interpreter runtime including libraries on disk file



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## Invoking executable image

- Prequisites
  - Your executable on file<sub>1</sub>
  - Possibly your interpreter code on file<sub>2</sub>
  - Data for your system on file<sub>3</sub>
- Steps
  - Human or script issues command to Command Line Interpreter (CLI): "Execute file<sub>1</sub> [file<sub>2</sub>] with file<sub>3</sub>"
  - CLI calls OS. Execute file<sub>1</sub> [file<sub>2</sub>] with file<sub>3</sub>"
  - OS loads file<sub>1</sub>, transfers control to it with parameter of [file<sub>2</sub>], file<sub>3</sub>



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## Imperative language

- Specify steps computer goes through
- Steps are a series of state changes
- Must be debugged to ensure that series of state changes ends up with desired result
- Examples: C, C++, Java



## Declarative language

- Specify desired end state of computer
- Language interpreter will determine how to achieve desired result.
- Must be examined to determined if achieved result is one desired.
- Examples: HTML, SQL



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## Strong vs weak typing

- Is 138 an integer, a real number, or a string when it appears in a program?
- A strongly typed language such as C, C++, or Java requires all variables to be declared as a specific type.
- A weakly typed language such as Perl or PHP determines the type from context.



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## Modifiability

- A system is modifiable if changes to that system are easy to make.
- You want to make changes without side effects. A side effect is an impact that you did not intend.
- Modifiable systems are achieved with low coupling and high cohesion



## Coupling and cohesion

- Coupling is a measure of how much overlap there is between two independent modules. Overlap can lead to unanticipated side effects.
- Cohesion is a measure of how strongly the responsibilities of a module are related. If all responsibilities have the same goal, cohesion is high. If some responsibilities are oriented toward one goal and others toward another, cohestion is low and side effects are possible.

