Identifying animals in camera trap footage

The island conservation dataset

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Motivation



Why camera traps?

non-invasive method to monitor wildlife

Why islands?

- exceptionally high biodiversity
- endangered due to invasive species (rats, cats, etc.)

- Why me?

background in biology

Data



- What?

- → 100k labeled images from camera traps
- \rightarrow 50% images with bounding boxes
- → 60% empty, 47 animal classes, very imbalanced
- → day & night-time
- → bursts of 3-8 photos when motion detected

- Where?

→ 7 islands in 6 countries (Pacific Ocean & Caribbean)



Micronesia, Ulithi Atoll



Dominican Republic, Cabritos Island

Baseline & Model



Baseline: majority class

= always predicting an empty image

Model: Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs)

- default method for image data
- finding a suitable architecture
 - number & size & types of convolutions
 - pooling
 - number & size of fully connected layers
- start with insights from literature (ResNet-18)

Outlook



Decide for preprocessing steps resizing, data augmentation,...

- Literature Research
 - → What has previously been done and why?
 - → Transfer learning vs. training from scratch
 - \rightarrow ensemble learning: top-1 vs. top-5 score