Documentation for BNEW analysis MATLAB package

E. F. Koslover, C. K. Chan, J. A. Theriot

Last updated June 26, 2015

This package provides code for implementing the BNEW (Brownian Noise Extracted with Wavelets) analysis method described in the associated manuscript. The code is designed to be applied to a data set of particle trajectories that have been extracted from experimental tracking studies or simulation results.

The required input for this code is a cell array of two-dimensional trajectories (each an Nx2 array, where N can vary from trajectory to trajectory). The trajectories are assumed to be sampled at uniform time intervals. Three wavelet forms are provided: Haar wavelets, Savitzky-Golay wavelets of arbitrary degree, and a sliding-mean wavelet.

Example particle trajectories with diffusive motion, localization error, and persistent random drift can be simulated with the simTracks.m function. A example set of simulated trajectories is provided in exampleTracks.mat for testing purposes. The analysis results for these trajectories are shown in Fig. 1a.

An alternate set of trajectories corresponding to fractional Brownian motion ($\alpha=0.5$), localization error, and persistent random drift is provided in exampletracksFBM.mat. The analysis results for these trajectories are show in Fig. 1b. The tabulated functions $f(\alpha), g(\alpha)$ for extracting estimates for $D_{\rm fit}$ and $\epsilon_{\rm fit}$ are provided in fgfunc.mat. They can be regenerated using generateFGfunc.m.

An example script for running the BNEW analysis on these, or other trajectory sets is given in BNEWexample.m, which was used to generate Fig. 1.

To quantify errors in the fit parameters, Fortran code is provided in the BNEWerrors directory, with its own documentation.

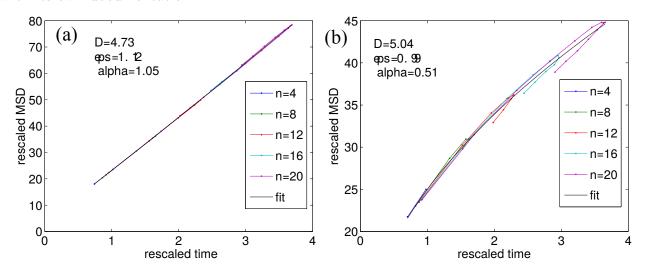


Figure 1: Results of BNEW analysis with example simulated trajectories with (a) Brownian motion ($\alpha=1,D=5$; trajectories stored in exampletracks.mat) and (b) fractional Brownian motion ($\alpha=0.5,D=5$; trajectories stored in exampletracksFBM.mat). In both cases, trajectories also include localization error ($\epsilon=1$) and persistent random drift of magnitude $\gamma=1$ and correlation time $\tau=100$. Parameters extracted with power-law fits are shown for each.