



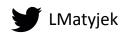
Eyetracking

MagdaLena Matyjek

Basic research methods 9/01/2020

Acknowledgement: Some of these slides were based on or inspired by slides for the previous editions of the same class by dr. Garret O'Connell and dr. Luke Tudge.

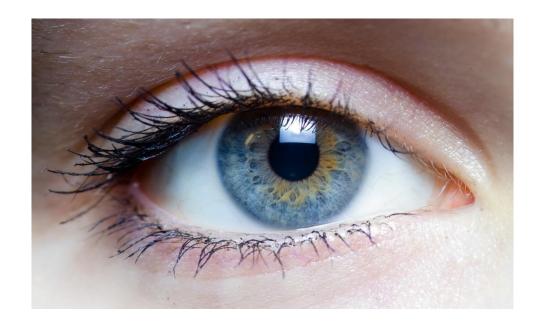




Introduction to eye tracking

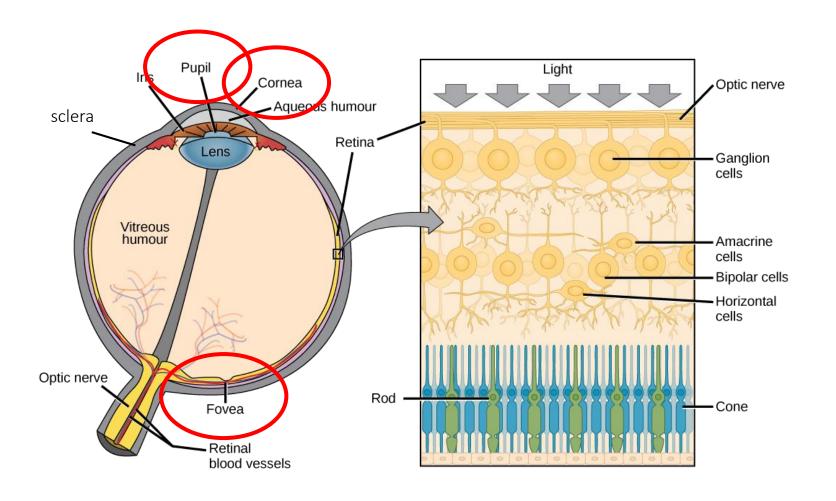
Anatomy, history, technology, use, types and set-up

The Eye

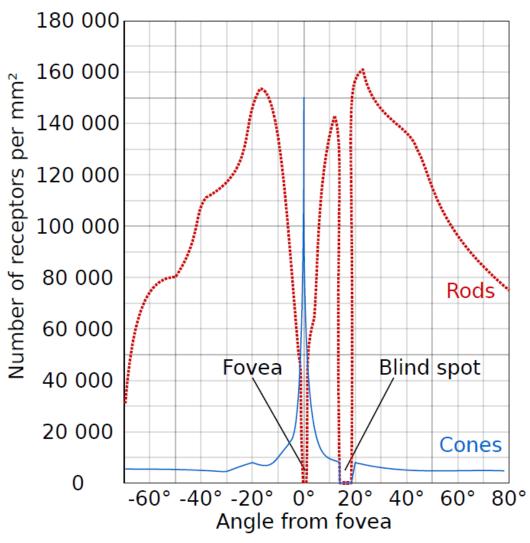


- Why is the eye interesting for the Mind & Brain researchers?
 - Relationship between mental processes and the eyes' movements
 - Thoughts, attention, feelings, planning, etc.
 - Not only for vision researchers

Anatomy



Cones & rods



• Cones:

- Less sensitive to light
- Of 3 types:
 - S blue
 - M green
 - L red
- Faster than rods
- Sharp vision

Rods

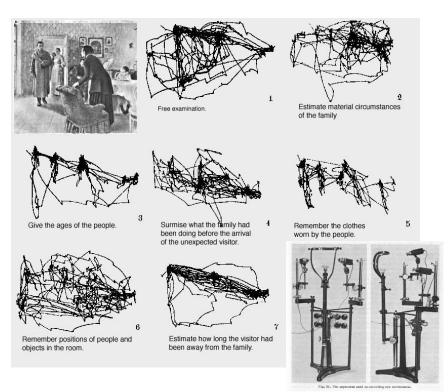
- More sensitive to low intensity of light (night vision) and movement
- Specific for one colour (blue-green)
- Slower than cones

Eye tracking: history

- Javal, 1879: reading ("naked eye method")
- Huey, 1908: first device
- Yarbus, 50s & 60s: saccades and fixations depend on the task and interests
- Hunziker, 1970: problem solving tracking eyes through glass
- 70s & 80s: rapid progress
- 9os: marketing

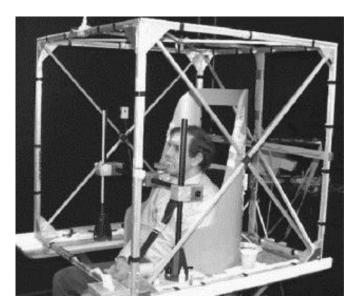


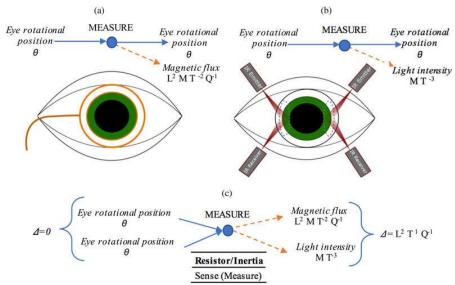




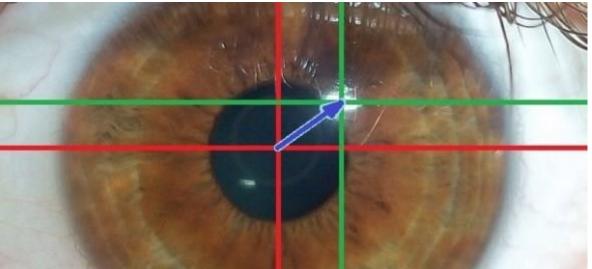


Invasive eye tracking: scleral search coil





Optical tracking



- Near-infrared technology & highresolution camera
- Pupil
- Corneal reflex
- Pupil Centre Corneal Reflection (PCCR)
- Sampling rate: 30-2000Hz
- Price range: 100 50.000 USD
- Accuracy vs. Precision (calibration)



Set-up

Fixed head

Best precision, bulky



Open environment, bulky

Remote

Ok precision, not bulky

Glasses

Poor precision, open environment



Titz, Scholz, & Sedlmeier, 2018



sr-research.com



theevetrihe com



tobiipro.com

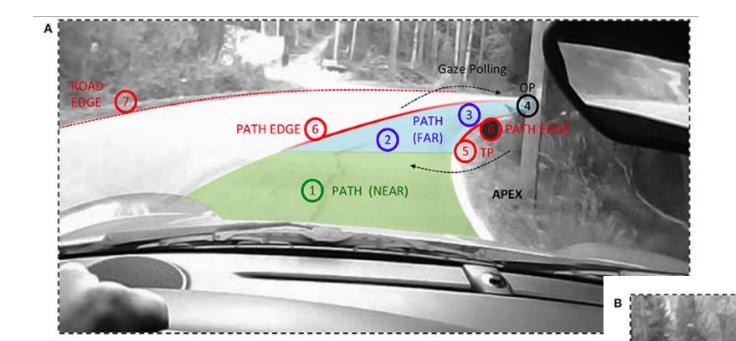
Eye tracking - applications

What can we measure? Eye activity:

- where we look
- what we look at
- how much time we spend looking at it
- how our pupils respond
- when we blink

Use outside of research:

- as a means of communication for disabled people who can use only their eyes for input;
- in ophthalmology, for better understanding of eye movements to prevent, diagnose and treat abnormalities;
- gaming, as a controller or a way to increase immersive experinece;
- for testing usability of websites, software, computer games, mobile devices, etc.
- marketing





1 PATH (NEAR)

PATH (FAR)

Gaze Polling

PATH EDGE

3

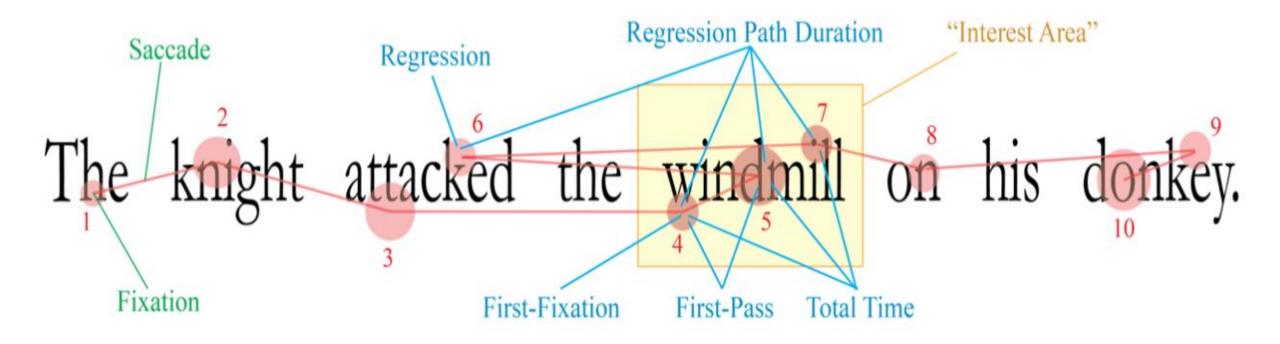




Packaging



Marketing

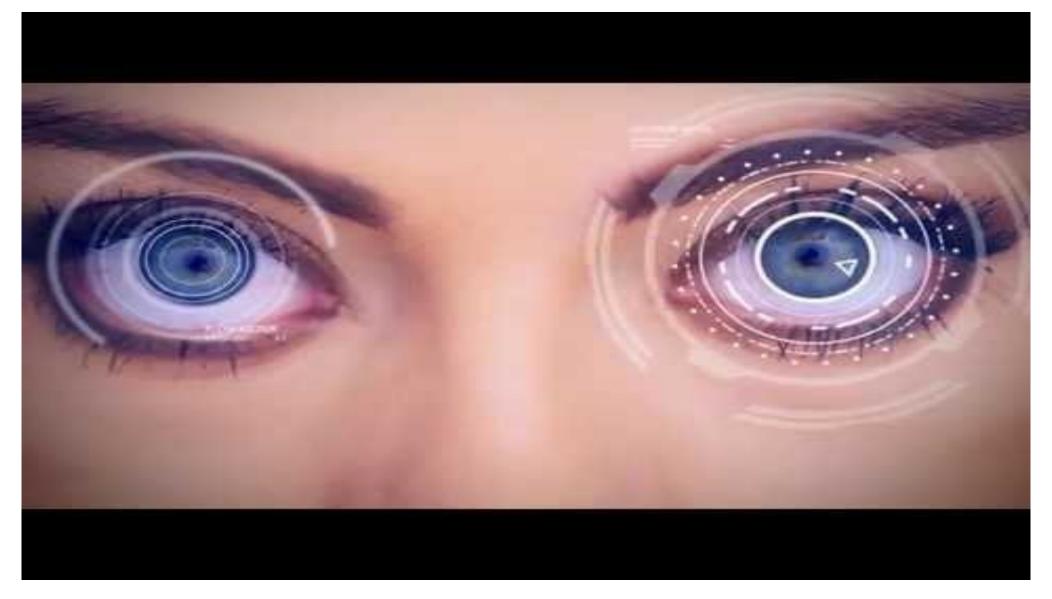


Reading comprehension



Look at a horde of zombies, they will become aware of your presence and come towards you.





- Eye tracking glasses
- Gaming

- Marketing
- Heat-maps

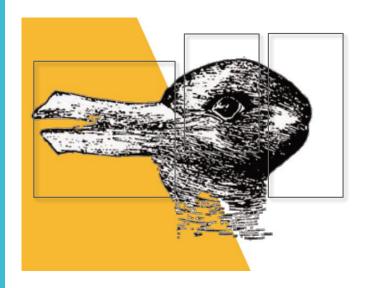
- Real-life, natural recording
- Means of communication

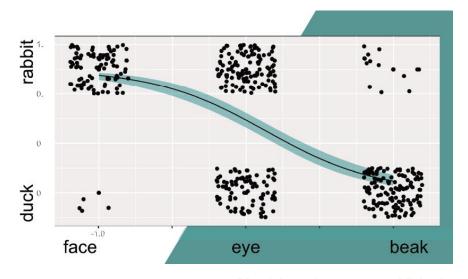
Research

What kind of data can we collect with eyetracking technology?

AOI

- Stimulus location defined by area-of-interest (AOI)
- Choosing the right size is important!
- Consideration: sample rate





Matyjek et al., 2016, unpublished

Fixations

A single "look" (min ~100 ms)

Fixation dwell

(sum (number) of fixations)

Fixation frequency

(count of the first fixations)

Fixation time

(sum fixations durations)

Dwell:

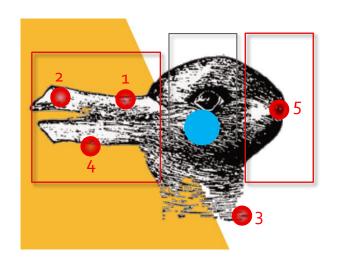
3

Frequency:

2

Duration:

300 ms



Dwell:

1

Frequency:

1

Duration:

100 ms

Heat maps

An AOI-free way of visualising fixation dwell - fixation density

- sometimes weighted by duration
- averaged over participants



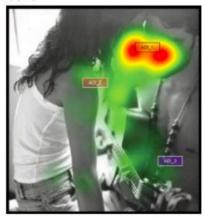
Romantic Love



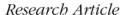


Sexual Desire





Bolmont, Cacioppo, & Cacioppo, 2014, Psych Science





Love Is in the Gaze: An Eye-Tracking Study of Love and Sexual Desire





Mylene Bolmont¹, John T. Cacioppo^{2,3,4}, and Stephanie Cacioppo^{3,4}

¹Department of Psychology, University of Geneva; ²Department of Psychology, University of Chicago; ³High-Performance Electrical NeuroImaging (HPEN) Laboratory, Center for Cognitive and Social Neuroscience, University of Chicago; and ⁴Department of Psychiatry and Behavioral Neuroscience, University of Chicago

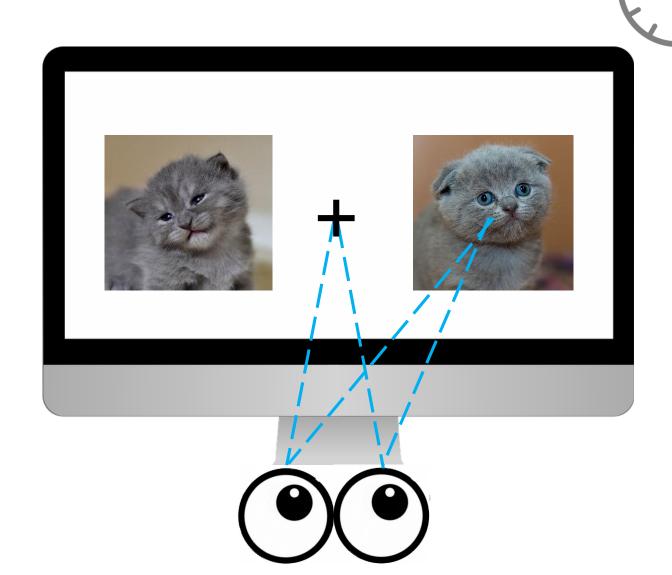
Psychological Science 2014, Vol. 25(9) 1748–1756 © The Author(s) 2014 Reprints and permissions: sagepub.com/journalsPermissions.nav DOI: 10.1177/0956797614539706 pss.sagepub.com



Student presentation

Latency

Time until the first fixation



Saccades

Movements between fixations

Include:

- Start and stop position
- Latency
- Duration
- Speed
- Pattern / trajectory

DANS, KÖNOCH JAGPROJEKT

På jakt efter ungdomars kroppsspråk och den "synkretiska dansen", en sammansmältning av olika kulturers dans har jag i mitt fältarbete under hösten rört mig på olika arenor mom skolans värld. Nordiska, afrikanska, syd- och östeuropeiska ungdomar gör sina röster hörda genom sång musik skrik skraft och gestaltar känslor och uttryck med hjälp av kroppsspråk och dans.

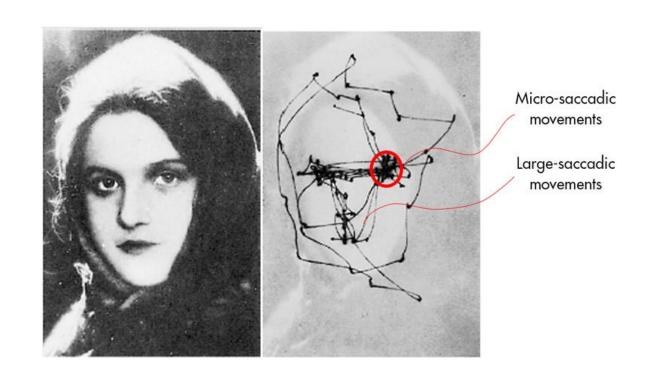
Den individuella estetiken flanträder i kläder, frisvier och symboliska tecken som forstärker ungdomarnas "jagprojekt" där också den egna stilen (kroppsrörelserna spelar en betydande roll) i identitetsprövningen. Uppehållsrummet fungerar som offentlig arena där ungdomarna spelar upp sina performanceliknande kroppsspower

Microsaccades

small, Involuntary, jerklike movements within a fixation

Unclear function:

- Enhancing spatial vision (correcting drifts)?
- Prevent retinal image from fading? memory
- Conscious perception?
- Modulating neural responses (moving a stationary stimulus in and out of a neuron's receptive field)



Smooth pursuit

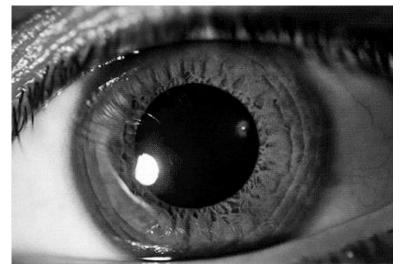
The path of eye gaze following a moving stimulus





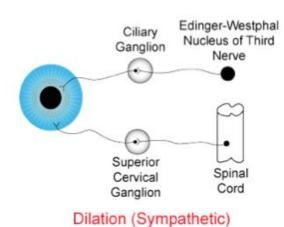
Pupillometry

diameter of the pupil, pupillary light reflex (PLR) – in humans ~700 ms





Constriction (Parasympathetic)





Pupillometry - meaning

Medicine

Critical care: pupil size, light reflex, equality of two pupils

• Psychology – research

- Arousal (sexual, emotional) pupil dilation response (PDR)
- Cognitive load, PDR
- Memory load, PDR
- Long-term memory (encoding, retrieval), PDR
- Surprise, motivation, emotion, exploration, etc.

But what about **constrictions**?

- Pupillary light reflex (PLR)
- Other low-level equiluminant changes in stimuli (colour, motion) reorienting pupil constrictions: selective attention?
- Tonic constriction when executing a well-learned task

Pupil constrictions to photographs of the sun

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Seattle, WA, USA

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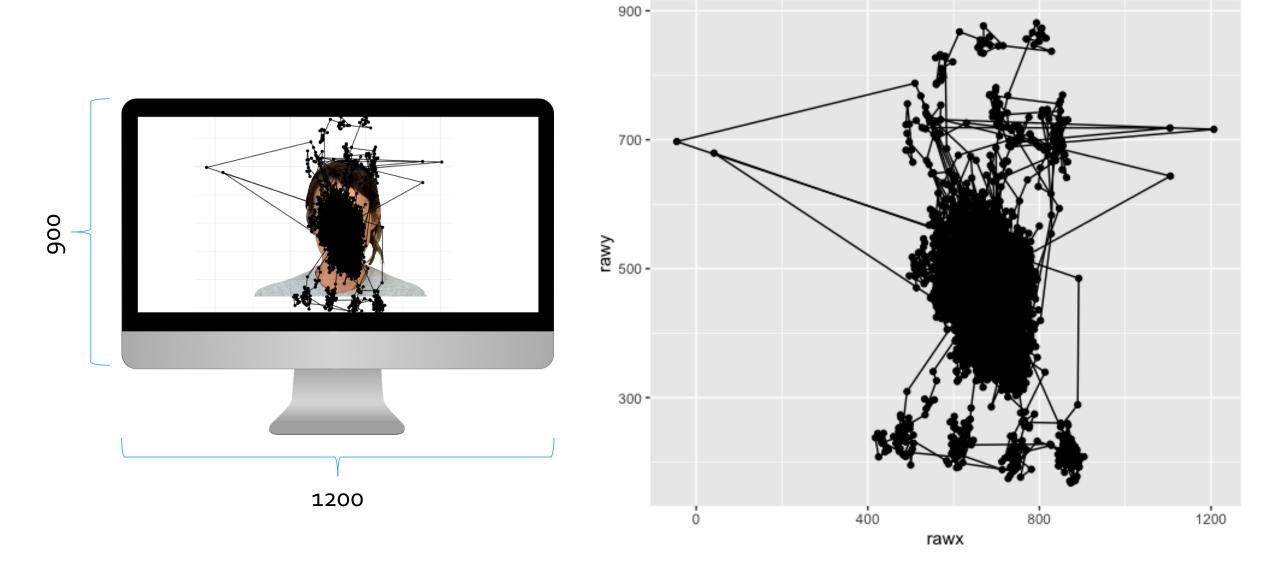


Student presentation

Data analysis

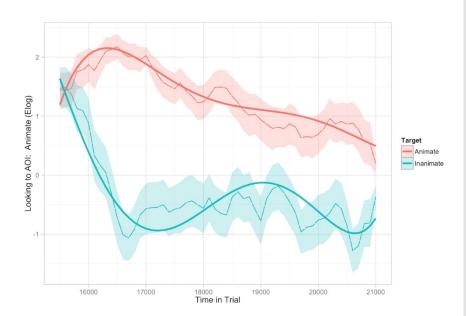
Exemplary data

| ^ | timestamp | \$ | time | \$ | rawx ÷ | rawy 🗦 | psize |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|----------|----------|---------|
| 1 | MSG | | 2019-12-10 13:13:5 | 9.933 | NA | NA | NA. |
| 2 | 2019-12-10 13:13:59.931 | | 800784123 | | 530.0952 | 565.9204 | 19.7347 |
| 3 | 2019-12-10 13:13:59.948 | | 800784140 | | 537,7161 | 564.1823 | 19.8698 |
| 4 | 2019-12-20 13:13:59.964 | | 800784156 | | 561.0669 | 529.8452 | 19.7345 |
| 5 | 2029-12-10 13:1 | 3:59.981 | 800784173 | | 562.8224 | 553.5091 | 20.1860 |
| :59.997 When? :00.014 timestamp(s) :00.031 :00.047 | | :59.997 | 800784189 | | 557.0399 | 522,8593 | 19.3327 |
| | | :00.014 | 800784206 | | 561.5466 | 575.9089 | 19.8477 |
| | | :00.031 | 800784273 | | | | 9 |
| | | 80078/239 | | Pupil size ² | | | |
| 10 | 2019-12-10 13:1 | 4.00 064 | 800/84256 | | I | | |
| 11 | 2019-12-10 13 | | A / la a | | | | 6 |
| 12 | 2019-12-10 13 | | Where? | | 532.6516 | 649.2690 | 20.0424 |
| 13 | 2019-12-10 13 | CO | ordinates | | 531.5295 | 667.4310 | 20.1149 |
| 14 | 2019-12-10 13 | 1.00.105 | 000704333 | | 536.2996 | 635.7606 | 20.0363 |
| 15 | 2019-12-10 13:14:00.180 | | 800784372 | | 532.0245 | 664.2655 | 19.7835 |
| 16 | 2019-12-10 13:14:00.197 | | 800784389 | | 545.0134 | 677.5048 | 20.0139 |
| 16 | | 2019-12-10 13:14:00.214 | | | | | |



Preprocessing

- Remove or interpolate eyeblinks, bad quality data
- Filtering
- Smoothing data
- Average left and right eye position and pupil diameter
- Event detection e.g. fixations, saccades



http://www.eyetracking-r.com/

Questions / comments?

Tomorrow:

- hands-on data collection with pupillometry emotional and neutral pictures
- 2 volunteers for eye trackign calibration needed!
- recording pupil sizes from those interested
- wear contact lenses instead of glasses if possible
- don't wear eyeliner, if possible (mascara is ok)

