Weekly Update

Red Team

Agenda

- 1. Weekly Code Update
- 2. Plan for This Week
- 3. Future Update Discussions
- 4. Why Autogen?
- 5. Insight: Prompt Evolution

Weekly Code Update

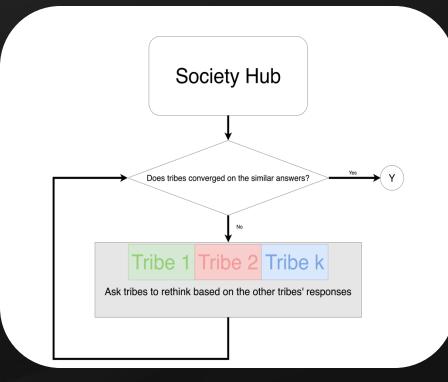
- Removed the "language" feature
- Changed an algorithm in the Cosine Similarity (TFIDF →BERT)
- Modified the benchmark_summary format
- Fixed some bugs

- Added a new functionality:

Leader of the group of agents (Planet) debates in Society Hub

New Class: Delegate

New Class: InterplanetaryCommittee



New Class: Delegate
 Each planet sends one delegate to the committee.
 Delegates present their planet's consensus answers in S-Hub.

New Class: InterplanetaryCommittee
 Planets now communicate with each other through delegates.
 Make a Consensus Answer in Planet Scale

Consensus Achievement and Delegate Actions

- Achieved:

The Planet provides the consensus answer to the I-Committee

- Not Achieved:

The Planet skips the submission to the I-Committee



Majority Vote in the I-Committee

- Delegates vote on the consensus answers presented.
- A majority vote determines the final answer.

- When the vote differ
- Re-debate the issue in Planet Level
- Planet: Consensus
- Receive the other planet's answers and debate
- Planet: Not Consensus
- Just debate without the other planet's answers

Plan for This Week

Future Update Discussion

Autogen is an agentic Al Framework

- ≒ OpenAl/Swarm, CrewAl, LangChain
- Active Community
- Highly Detailed Documents/Cookbooks
- Complex Agent Function
- Complex Multi-Agent Orchestration (GroupChat, SocietyOfMind)
- Automatic Handoff/Termination Based on Prompt/Context of Chat
- Tool (Python Code Executor)
- Local LLM with vLLM/Ollama
- Advanced Logging



Complex but Simple

Active Community

Autogen has one of the strongest community

Actively Developed



Preview v0.4

A new event driven,
asynchronous architecture for
AutoGen

New version under construction

Autogen can dateback to 2020

Highly Detailed Documents/Cookbooks

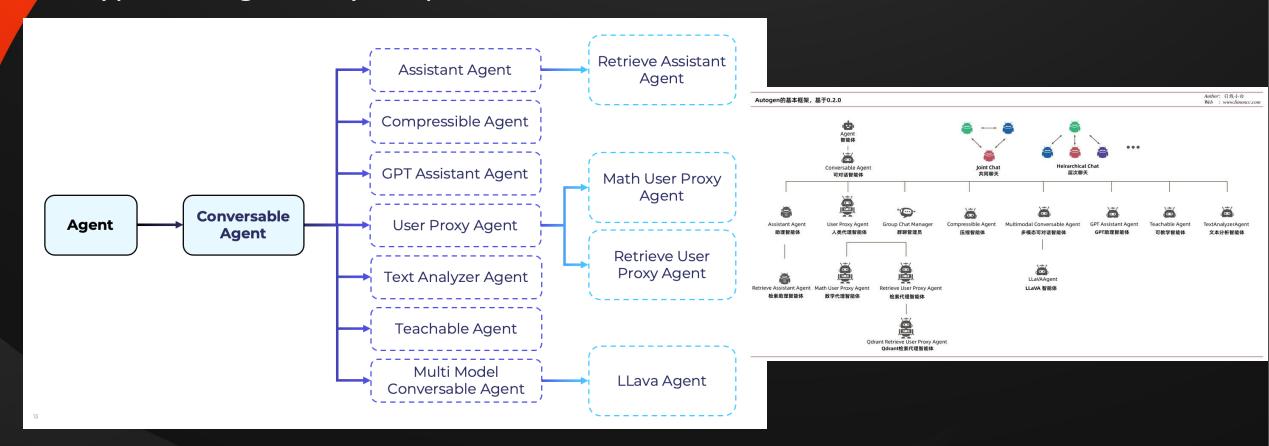
Autogen Offers Highly Complex API = Hard



Very Detailed Document/Cookbook with Notebook (.ipynb)

Complex Agent Function

Types of Agents by Purpose



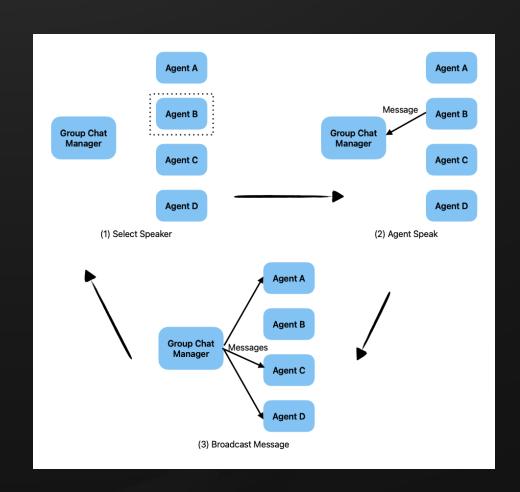
Multi-Agent Orchestration - GroupChat

Multi-Agent Management by Default

- 1. Spawn Agents
- 2. Assign the Agents into a GroupChat
- Automatically Broadcast

GroupChatManager: LLM Agent

= Act according to the prompt



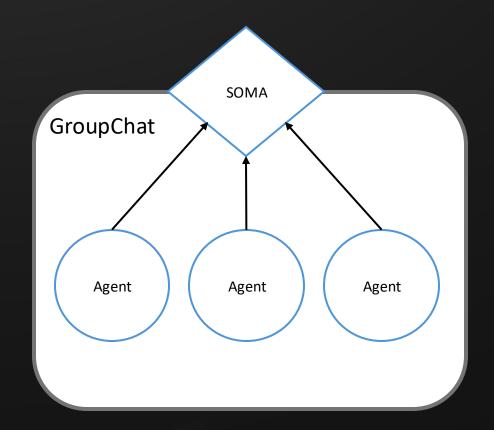
Multi-Agent Orchestration - SocietyOfMindAgent

SOMA = SocietyOfMindAgent

Wrap the GroupChat as an ConversableAgent SOMA behave like a simple agent GroupChat acts as inner monologues

Output is a "Consensus Answer"

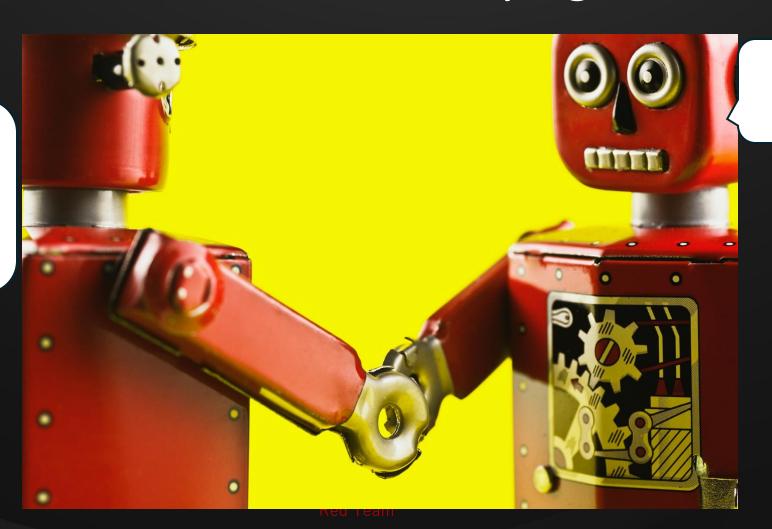
Delegate would be it



Automatic Handoff/Termination Based on AgentName/Prompt/Context

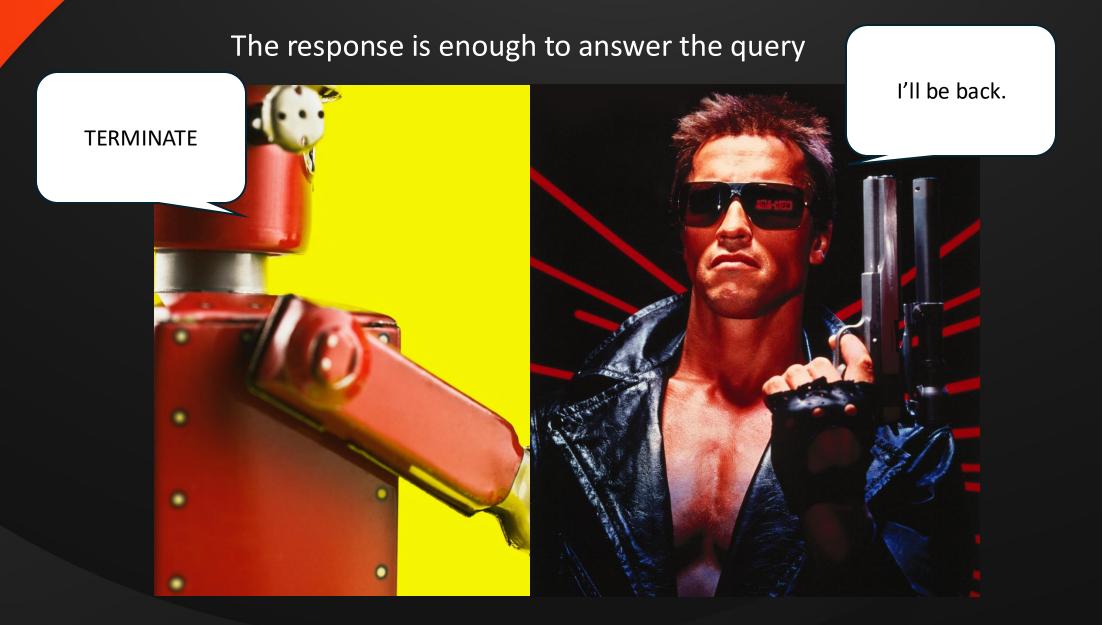
Handoff can be done by Agents

I think it is converged: It's your turn Aggregator

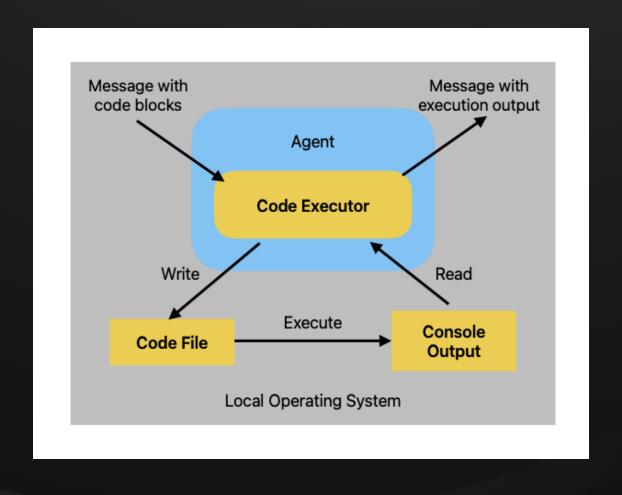


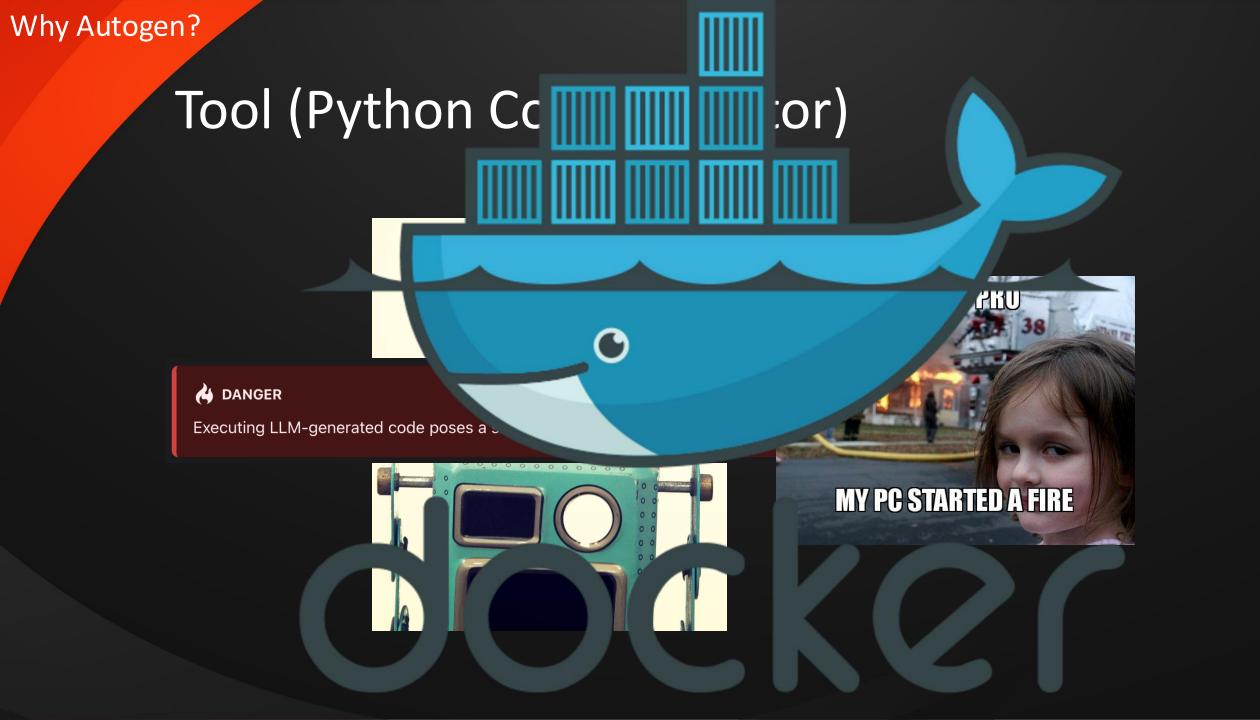
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Termination of chat can be done by Agents



Tool (Python Code Executor) Powerful Code Execution

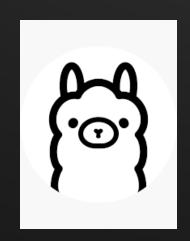




Local LLM with vLLM/Ollama

vLLM and Ollama serve as local LLM API Endpoint according to the OpenAI API Rule

Ollama
133 Model Family
User-Friendly Interface
= Personal Use
HF Models with GGUF File



vLLM



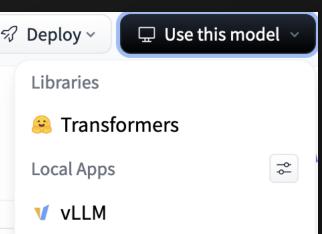
59 Officially Support+ HF Models

Fast, Handle Large Request

= Enterprise Use

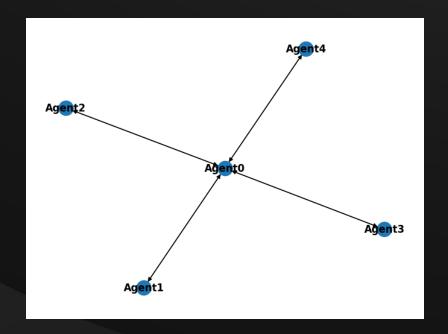
Natural Integration with

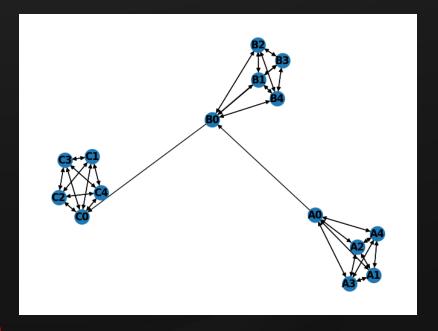
HuggingFace



Advanced Logging

- "Runtime Logging" with .log File/SQLite More Efficient Debugging, Examination
- visualize_speaker_transitions_dict visualize the topology





Caviat of Autogen

- Learning Cost
- It definitely harder than Swarm
- More Complex
- It offers many built-in classes/functions and customizability
- Automation
- Some of the behavior by Agent is automated
- = It may result in unexpected and unwanted
- Prompting is more important than ever

Quality of Output (Case of Zero-Shot)

LLM Output depends on the factors:

Model Capabilities: Number of Parameter, Architecture, Dataset, Weight

Prompt Design: System Prompt, User Prompt

Additional Data: RAG, Finetuning

Decoding Strategy: Temperature, Top-K, Top-P, Search Methods, Seed

Randomness: Random Internal State of Model

Environmental Factor: Hardware, Software, Network

Bias: Language Bias, Cultural Bias

Temporal Factor: Time Factor (Nowness of training datasets)

Quality of Output (Case of Zero-Shot)

$$Q = F(M, P, D, S, R, E, B, T)$$

Notation:

Q = LLM Output Quality, M = Model Capabilities, P = Prompt Design, D = Additional Data,

S = Decoding Strategy, R = Randomness, E = Environmental Factor, B = Bias,

T = Temporal Factor

Quality of Output (Case of Zero-Shot)

$$Q = F(\overline{M}, P, D, S, \overline{R}, \overline{E}, \overline{B}, \overline{T})$$

Notation:

Q = LLM Output Quality, M = Model Capabilities, P = Prompt Design, D = Additional Data,

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Prompt Breeder



PROMPTBREEDER: SELF-REFERENTIAL SELF-IMPROVEMENT VIA PROMPT EVOLUTION

Chrisantha Fernando, Dylan Banarse, Henryk Michalewski, Simon Osindero, Tim Rocktäschel

Google DeepMind

{chrisantha, dylski, henrykm, osindero, rocktaschel}@google.com

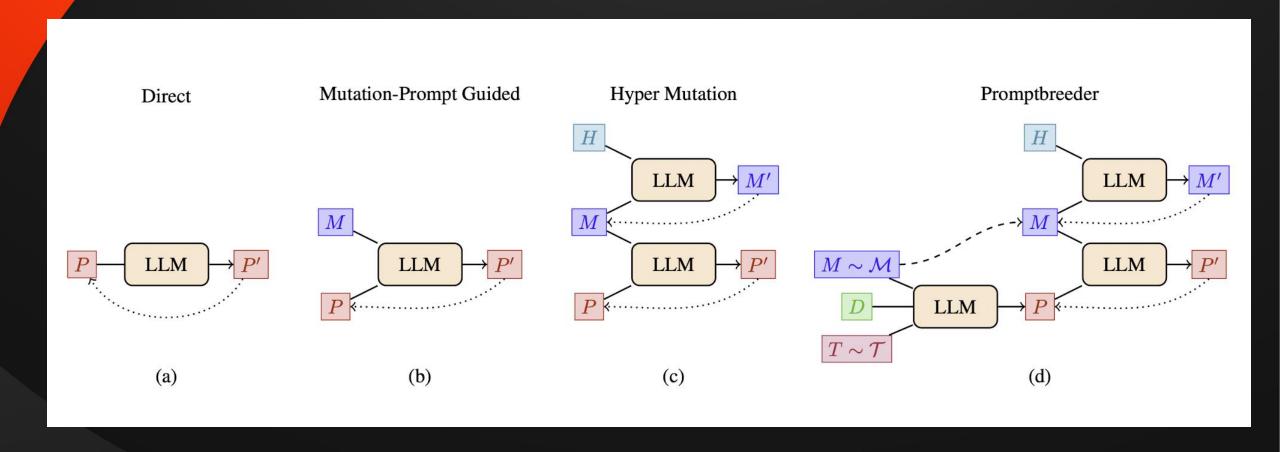
$$P = \tau + p + M$$
Mutate Using LLM
$$P' = LLM(\tau + P + M)$$

 τ =Thinking Style (i.e.: Chain of Thought)

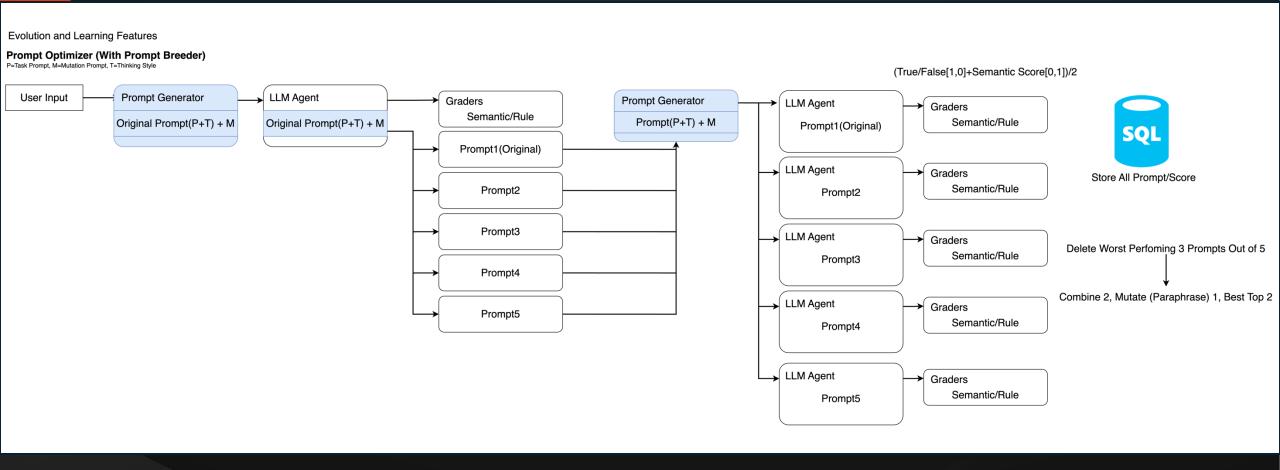
p=Task Prompt, P=Prompt,

M=Mutation Prompt (Defines the way to mutate P)

Prompt Mutation



Prompt Optimizer Overview (Alpha)



How to Calculate the Score

$$Score = \frac{Semantic + Rule}{2}$$
$$Score = [0,1]$$

Notation:

Semantic is Score of Semantic Grading (Transformed Cosine Similarity Label/Output)

Cosine Similarity [-1,1] -> Linear Transformed Cosine Similarity [0,1]

Rule is Boolean Value: B=
$$\{0, 1\}$$
 $\begin{cases} if\ True: B = 1 \\ otherwise: B = 0 \end{cases}$

That's all for now