Q2c_VehicleDynamics

April 16, 2024

```
[]: function VehicleDynamics(states, control)
        la = 1.56
        lb = 1.64
        m = 2020
        g = 9.81
        Izz = 4095
        h = 0.6
        mu = 0.8
        x = states[1]
        y = states[2]
        v = states[3]
        r = states[4]
         = states[5]
        ux = states[6]
         f = states[7]
        ax = control[1]
        d f = control[2]
        Fzf = m *g * (lb/(la + lb)) - (m*h)/(la+lb) * ax #TODO Front axle load
        Fzr = m *g * (la/(la + lb)) + (m*h)/(la+lb) * ax #TODO Rear axle load
         f = f - atan((v + la * r)/ux) #TODO Front slip angle
         r = -atan((v-lb*r)/ux) #TODO Rear slip angle
        Fyf = MagicFormula(f, Fzf, mu) #TODO Front lateral force
        Fyr = MagicFormula(r, Fzr, mu) #TODO Rear lateral force
                    = ux * cos() - v * sin()#TODO
        dx
        dy
                   = ux * sin() + v * cos()#TODO
                    = ((Fyf + Fyr)/m) - ux * r#TODO
        dv
                    = (Fyf * la - Fyr * lb)/Izz#TODO
        dr
        d
                    = r #TODO
                    = ax #TODO
        dux
                    = df \#TODO
                    = [dx dy dv dr d dux d]
        dstates
        return dstates
    end
```

```
function MagicFormula(alpha, Fz, mu)
    B = 5.68 #TODO Input Q2b value here
    C = 1.817 #TODO Input Q2b value here
    Fy = mu * Fz * sin(C * atan((B/mu) * alpha)) #TODO Lateral force
        calculation
        return Fy
end

x0 = [-10.0 -5.0 0.5 0.1 0.1 10.0 0.1] # This is the initial state
ctrl = [1 0.1] # One step control action
dstates = round.(VehicleDynamics(x0, ctrl); digits = 3) # Calculate states
        derivative
println("The states derivative is: ", dstates)
```

The states derivative is: [9.9 1.496 -1.004 2.587 0.1 1.0 0.1]