

## **Globalisation**

Finally, ask the Al to point you to a website (e.g. a newspaper article) that explains this as well or that illustrates the real-life example

Highlighted parts from lines 34 to 38:

- "Outsourcing, offshoring and the global competition for cheap materials and labour"
- Externalizing company tasks, Relocating jobs abroad, Race for cheap labor
- "can undermine the standards of living and income in both rich and poor countries"
- · Decline in living conditions
- "and can also lead to 'brain drain', especially in poorer countries."
- · Loss of skilled workers

## The Globalization And Offshoring Of U.S. Jobs Have Hit Americans Hard



The U.S. stands as a dominant force in global outsourcing, with a significant majority of American businesses embracing this practice.

https://www.forbes.com/sites/jackkelly/2024/10/15/the-globalization-and-offs horing-of-us-jobs-have-hit-americans-hard/?utm\_source=chatgpt.com

- U.S. trade deficit with China has resulted in the loss of approximately <u>3.82 million American</u> jobs
- 46,500 Black manufacturing jobs lost (1998-2020), a 30.4% drop
- · Over 5 million total U.S. manufacturing jobs lost

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- Nearly 70,000 factories closed
- Main cause: Trade deficit with countries like China, Japan, Mexico, EU
- Shift toward lower-paying service jobs
- Fewer benefits and unions in service sector
- Disproportionate impact on non-college-educated workers
- Loss of middle-class opportunities once offered by manufacturing jobs

## Offshoring roulette: lessons from outsourcing to India, China and the Philippines

I've had this blog post in one form or another of draft for several years now. I hesitated to complete it, in part because at the best of times cultural observations can easily be misinterpreted and also in part because of the role I had in working with many outsourcing





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