# \*\*Restaurant Location Analysis\*\*

# \*IBM Applied Data Science Capstone\*

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- 1. Introduction

#### More and more people choose to eat out or increase the frequency of eating out. Especially in modern metropolises like New York City, restaurants are everywhere, opening and closing every

day. But why some restaurants after opening can be filled with customers and make a lot of money, while others have slow bussiness. Location is one of the important factors. 1.1 Bussiness Problem So how to decide a location-selection? That is the question to be answered in this project. Based on the data of 2,711 restaurants in five Boroughs of New York City, It aims to study the influence of household income level, population density, existing competitors and other factors on the locationselection, and find out the patterns.

As a Chinese proverb goes, food is the first necessity of the people, food is the most basic

conditions for survival. This shows the importance of eating to human beings. Three meals a day are indispensable. However, with the speeding pace of life and high intensity work under pressure in the modern society, spending a lot of time and energy to cook at home has become a luxury.

## 1.2 Targeted Audiences

helpful to bring more customers and more sales for a restaurant. The report will be used as evaluation criteria and scientific suggestions for location-selection. 2. Data Section

This report is intended for owners or investors who want to open a restaurant. A good location is

## For the project, those data are needed:

2.1 Data Requirement and Collection

1) Neighborhoods in New York City From Module 3 in this course, we can get 5 boroughs in NYC and 306 neighborhoods that exist in each borough as well as the latitude and longitude coordinates of each neighborhood, I have saved it to dy\_newyork.csv.

2) Restaurants in New York City Use the Foursquare API to explore the neighborhoods and get all the venues data. We only need the restaurants data, so I just filter the data that the venue category

("https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neighborhoods\_in\_New\_York\_City\_") has those information. I scraped

### contains 'Restaurant'. 3) Population density by Neighborhoods a Wikipedia page

2.1 Data Cleaning and Preparation

There are several problems in the cleaning process.

the page and get the data.

Foursquare location data.

(2698, 11)

Restaurant

White Castle\_0

Chef King\_1

give every restaurant a unique name.

Neighborhood Borough

Bronx

Bronx

Allerton

Allerton

4) Median Household Income by Neighborhoods Those data can be found in a web page (https://ny.curbed.com/2017/8/4/16099252/new-york-neighborhood-affordability), I downloaded them and had saved to 'Household\_income\_By\_Neighborhoods\_NYC.csv'.

I clean the data and drop some features that I think they useless or irrelevant. For example, I drop two features, area and population by Community Board(CB) in the table- 'Population density by Neighborhoods', because in order to maintain data consistency, we only need the data by neighborhoods.

1) Because the original population density is calculated by community board, some neighborhoods in the same board are in the same cell. I split them and make sure they can be combined with

#### 2) There are 2155 population density data and 861 median household income data missed in a total of 2698 restaurant samples. Those data is too much to be ignored, so I give them the data by borough which is the mean of data by neighborhoods instead.

4) Competitors around the location can divert customers, but I can't find such data online. So I build a new feature named competitors which is the number of restaurants in the same neighborhood. Now, data from all sources are combined into one table. There are 2698 restaurant samples and 11 features.

3) Some restaurants have opened another store in the same or different neighborhood, this is an independent sample, but it may result in an error. So I combine the restaurant name with 'index' to

Spanish Restaurant Allerton Bronx 37816.894737 40.865788 -73.859319 12149.0 40.863809 -73.856640 II Sogno\_758 Annadale 66764.200000 40.538114 -74.178549 Restaurant 40.541286 American 66764.200000 40.538114 -74.178549 2593.0 40.540373 -74.177374 Annadale

Neighborhood

40.865788

40.865788

Household Income

37816.894737

37816 894737

Neighborhood Longitude

-73.859319

-73.859319

Pop./km2

12149.0

12149.0

Venue

40.866065

40 865561

Venue

Category Fast Food Restaurant

Chinese

Restaurant

Venue Longitude

-73.862307

-73.856752

3.Methodology In this project, I first try to classify restaurants using k-means algorithm. Then, I perform statistical analysis. Last, I make a conclusion based on my analysis. After obtaining class labels from the k-means classification, I visualize all restaurants in NYC in a map using Folium. Each restaurant is represented by a filled circle. The color of the circle is assigned according to its class. I notice that there are more competitors in some area while less in others.

Then, I summarize individual feature's statistic patterns and also calculate the Pearson correlations

Based on these data analysis, I found that the neighborhood with lower population density and low median household income have the least competitors. This suggests that there may be rooms for opening new restaurant in those neighborhoods. I also discuss some other factors that may be

between income and number of competitors and between population density and number of competitors. Both correlations are statistically significant: number of competitors are positively correlated with median household income and population density. I filter the neighborhoods with 'Median Household Income' and 'Population density' higher than 75% and 'Competitors' less than

#### In the original database, there are 11 features. Here I create a new dataframe- 'df1' for clustering, which only contains 4 features: 'Restaurant name', 'Median Household Income', 'Pop./km2' (Population density) and 'Competitors'. I normalize the dataset, run k-means to cluster the restaurants into 5 clusters, and visualize all restaurants in NYC in a map using Folium.

mean, 8 out of 306 neighborhoods are chosen.

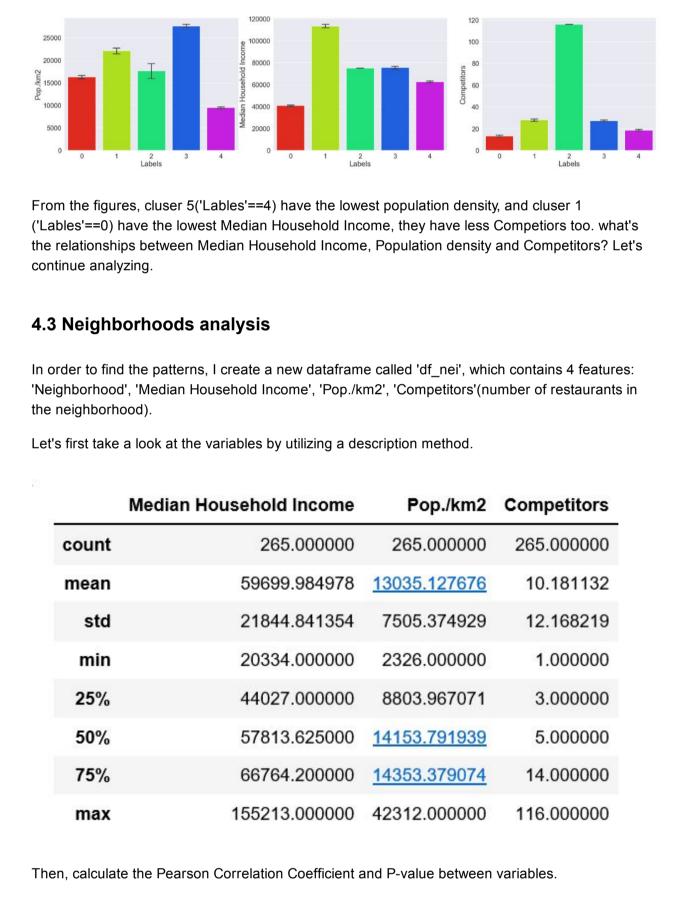
cofounds of the results with an example.

4. Exploratory Data Analysis

4.1 Using k-means for Restaurants Segmentation

4.2 Analyzing Individual Feature Patterns using Visualization

In this section, a scater diagram and 3 histograms are ploted.



The Pearson Correlation Coefficient is r = 0.353 with a P-value of P = 3.116e-09. Since the p-value is << 0.001, the correlation between Median Household Income and Competitors is statistically

From the 2D Scater-plot, we can see that when the neighborhood tends to have more competitors

Median Household Income VS Competitors by Neighborhoods

100000

Median Household Income

The Pearson Correlation Coefficient is r = 0.406 with a P-value of P = 5.953e-12. Since the p-value is << 0.001, the correlation between Population density and Competitors is statistically significant,

From the plot, less obviously with noise wich is caused by the missing information, competitors tend

Population density VS Competitors by Neighborhoods

150000

significant, although the linear relationship isn't extremely strong (~0.35).

a. Median Household Income VS Competitors

with a higher Median Household Income.

100

50

0

b. Population density VS Competitors

to rise as the population density increases.

although the linear relationship isn't extremely strong (~0.41).

density > 14353(75%) but Competitor < 11(mean=10.18).

for opening new restaurant in those neighborhoods.

Edgewater Park

North Riverdale

Roosevelt Island

Schuylerville

Throgs Neck

Spuyten Duyvil

Stuyvesant Town

Forest Hills

0

2

3

4

5

7

Restaurant name Neighborhood Borough

5. Results and Discussion

Edgewater Park

Edgewater Park

Bronx

(31, 11)

Competitors

100 Competitors 50

Edgewate 40.821986 -73.813885 <u>14353.379074</u> 40.818878 -73.816793 67549.0 Bronx Restaurant Dragon\_1405 Edgewater Bronx 67549.0 40.821986 -73.813885 <u>14353.379074</u> 40.819222 -73.817601 Restaurant Italian 67549.0 40.821986 -73.813885 <u>14353.379074</u> 40.820399 -73.817702

Cliffside Park Guttenberg

## From the map, we can see there are more competitors in some area, while less in others. But what's the relationship between 'Competitors' and other variables? Let's find out.

Population density

20000

#### 20000 30000 10000 40000 Pop./km2

Neighborhood MHI>66764 Com<11

Let's find the neighborhoods which have Median Household Income > 66764(75%) and Population

8 neighborhoods are chosen. They have higher Median Household Income and Population density, but number of restaurant is fewer than mean. That means their market consumption capacity is undervalued currently comparing to other neighborhoods. This suggests that there may be rooms

67549.0

67881.0

78895.0

98797.0

67549.0

67534.0

95022.0

67549.0

There are 31 restaurants in those 8 neighborhoods. Let's visualize them by Folium.

Neighborhood

Latitude

40.821986

40.821986

Median

67549.0

67549.0

Household Income

Pop>14353

14353.379074

15279.000000

14353.379074

26482.390996

<u>14353.379074</u>

14353.379074

26482.390996

14353.379074

40.819391

40.823119

-73.817298

8

3

1

3

Pop./km2

-73.813885 <u>14353.379074</u>

-73.813885 <u>14353.379074</u>

Venue

Category

According to data analysis, we have found 8 neighborhoods where there may be rooms for opening new restaurant. In fact, there are stil many other factors to be considered while deciding a location selection. For example, if the owner wants to open a Italian restaurant. Edgewater Park is not a good choice. Because there have been 4 Italian Restaurants in this area. If he does so, the new restaurant may spend too much time on marketing because of the abundance of competitors around neighborhood. It's better to choose a location from the rest. Numbers of restaurants Neighborhood Venue Category Edgewater Park **American Restaurant** 

6.Conclusion Overall, location selection is a very complicated process. There are many considerations that should be made in the selection. According to this report, 8 out of 306 neighborhoods are recommended to owners or investors who want to open a restaurant. Although it can't give the

Asian Restaurant

Italian Restaurant

Chinese Restaurant

Fast Food Restaurant