109資料結構第一次作業

- •找到迷宫的出口
- ●input格式
 - 其第一行只存在整數n = size(size <= 20)代表是n x n大小的迷宫
 - ●接下來的n行,每行有n個字元以空格隔開
 - 字元∈ {O,S,F,X}代表迷宫的內容
- •O:代表這是一條可以走的路
- •S: 起點(必定存在)
- ●F:終點(必定存在)
- ●X:障礙物

- input範例:
- 10
- X O X O O O O O X X
- O O X O O O O O X
- O O O O X X O O O O
- O O X O F O O O O X
- O X O O X X O O O X
- O O O O O O X O O O
- X O O O X O O O **S** X
- O O O O O O X X X O
- X X O O X O O O O
- O O O X X O X X O O

- ●可以往四方向(上下左右)移動,一次移動一格, 移動一次的cost都為1(單位時間)
- ●1)找出一條由S至F的路徑並繪製成output圖(15%)
 - 假如找不到可行的路徑,請輸出訊息
 - •以*取代O為行走的路徑
- •2)找到一條最短路徑(15%)
 - 假如找到的是最短路徑,請再輸出最短路徑的長度

- output範例:
- X O X O O O O X X
- O O X O O O O O O X
- O O O O X X O O O O
- $\bullet O O X O * * * O O X$
- O X O O X X * * O X
- O O O O O O X * * O
- X O O O X O O O * X
- O O O O O O X X X O
- X X O O X O O O O
- O O O X X O X X O O
- Path length: 7

- input file是test.txt
- 直接在小黑窗輸出output即可

• 本題不提供測資

- "There are only two creatures who can surmount the pyramids—the eagle and the snail."
- ●蝸牛從金字塔的底層進入了金字塔,牠現在的目標是要爬到金字塔的頂端
- •可是金字塔內環境險惡,有諸多陷阱需要牠花更

多的心力去克服







- •input格式(read file):
 - ●不會在第一行給出一個數字n代表迷宮的大小
 - ●n=金字塔一樓的尺寸(n是<14的奇數),則:
 - 金字塔會有k = n//2 + 1樓 (例:n=5,金字塔會有3樓)
 - 一開始的n行會有n個用空白隔開的字元表示一樓迷宮的內容
 - 之後的n-2k行會有n-2k個用空白隔開的字元表示k-1樓迷宮的內容
 - ●直到k = n//2+1, 會有一個字元F表示終點(金字塔的頂層)
- ●O, X, S:參照前一題
- ●F:終點(必定只在金字塔的頂層)
- ●U:在此格可以往金字塔上層的對應點移動(直上)
- ●D:在此格可以往金字塔下層的對應點移動(直下)
- ●T:陷阱,經過此格,較經過O需要花三倍的時間

- ●input範例(藍色為樓上對應的範圍):
- •S 0000
- O O O O
- O O O O
- O U O O
- •00000
- O O O
- O U O
- O O O

• F

- •可以往六種方向移動,一次移動一格
- ●在一般的路(O)上移動一次的cost為1(單位時間)
- ●在陷阱(T)上移動的cost為3(單位時間)
- •1)找出一條由S至F的最短路徑並繪製成output圖 (30%)

```
S 0 0 0 X 0 0
                                        ====outMaze====
●參考:
                                        Path length: 23
                                         * * * 0 X O O
               X X X O O O O
                                         X X * * X O O
              0 0 X X X X X
                                        X X X X X X X
              0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0
                                        X X X O O O O
              0 0 X 0 0 0
                                        0 * X X X X X
                                        0 * * * * * 0
                                        0 0 X 0 0 0 0
              0 \ 0 \ 0 \ X \ 0
              0 0 X X 0
                                        0 * * X 0
              O X X X X
                                        * * X X O
              D X U O O
                                        * X X X X
              0 X 0 0 0
                                         * X * * *
                                        0 \times 0 0 *
              0 0 0
                                        0 \ 0 \ 0
              0 U O
                                        0 * 0
              0 0 0
                                        0 * 0
               F
                                         *
```

```
•參考:
                0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0
                000000
                0 0 0 0 0
                0 0 0 0 0
                D X U O O
                0 \ X \ 0 \ 0 \ 0
                0 0 0
                0 U O
                0 0 0
                F
                The path doesn't exist.
```

- input file是testi.txt · i∈{1,2,...,100}
- 掃進每筆資料時請在小黑窗提示讓我知道程式有 在跑

● 請輸出對應的testi_ans.txt , i∈{1,2,...,100}

• Time Limit: 8 seconds per data

◆大家都應該有犯錯的機會,蝸牛也不例外。而且 就算走上了不同的道路,只要最終都走到了終點, 那也沒關係。

- •2) 你需要計算出所有在離最短路徑五個單位時間長的路徑共有幾條。(20%)
 - ●例:最短路徑20單位時間就能抵達,你需要計算25單位時間內可以抵達的路徑數量



- ●參考:
- Shortest path: 6, Limit: 11, The number of different paths: 4

O O O O X X X X U O O O U D X O O U X O S X X X O	Path length: 6 ====outMaze==== 0 0 0 0 X X X X U 0 0 0 * D X * * * X 0 * * Y Y Y 0
X X O O U X X X O	* X X X O X X O O * X X X O
F	*

- input file是testi.txt · i∈{1,2,...,100}
- 掃進每筆資料時請在小黑窗提示讓我知道程式有在跑
- •請輸出output.txt,其中包含所有testi.txt的輸出結果
- Time Limit: 8 seconds per data

```
test 90 Starts now.
output.txt
                       Shortest path: 29, Limit: 34, The number of different paths: 14525
test1.txt
                       test 91 Starts now.
test1_ans.txt
                       Shortest path: 30, Limit: 35, The number of different paths: 13893
test2.txt
test2_ans.txt
                       test 92 Starts now.
                       Shortest path: 20, Limit: 25, The number of different paths: 1534
test3.txt
test3_ans.txt
                       test 93 Starts now.
test4.txt
                       Shortest path: 46, Limit: 51, The number of different paths: 15062
test4_ans.txt
                       test 94 Starts now.
test5.txt
                       Shortest path: 22, Limit: 27, The number of different paths: 5252
test5_ans.txt
                       test 95 Starts now.
test6.txt
                       Shortest path: 36, Limit: 41, The number of different paths: 51694
test6_ans.txt
test7.txt
                       test 96 Starts now.
                       Shortest path: 37, Limit: 42, The number of different paths: 20584
test7_ans.txt
test8.txt
                       test 97 Starts now.
test8_ans.txt
                       Shortest path: 20, Limit: 25, The number of different paths: 15240
test9.txt
                       test 98 Starts now.
test9_ans.txt
                       Shortest path: 33, Limit: 38, The number of different paths: 16241
test10.txt
                       test 99 Starts now.
test10_ans.txt
                       Shortest path: 28, Limit: 33, The number of different paths: 177
                       test 100 Starts now.
                       Shortest path: 26, Limit: 31, The number of different paths: 2292
```

●蝸牛聽說了某一段路上藏有天大的祕密,無論如何都得親自去瞧一瞧。

- •3) 你需要在經過指定路徑的情況之下抵達終點,並印出最短路徑長與所有可能的路徑數量。(20%)
- ●在地圖上會有一段彼此相連的P點,在你的路徑 中必須經過那些P點形成的路徑之後才抵達終點。
- 在P點可以向上移動,也可以向下移動。

●參考(本題不用印路徑圖):

●路徑數量:2

```
TPPPX
                Path length: 13
                ====outMaze====
S X O P X
                * * * * X
X \cup X \mid P \mid X
                * X O * X
X X X O X
                X U X * X
X O O X T
                X X X O X
                X O O X T
0 \times X
                O X X
TUT
                T * *
X \ 0 \ 0
                X \ O \ O
F
```

test 90 starts now. ●參考輸出: Shortest path: 26, The number of different paths: 6480 test 91 starts now. Shortest path: 20, The number of different paths: 1 test 92 starts now. Shortest path: 28, The number of different paths: 18000 test 93 starts now. Shortest path: 29, The number of different paths: 256 test 94 starts now. Shortest path: 42, The number of different paths: 6336 test 95 starts now. Shortest path: 37, The number of different paths: 10560 test 96 starts now. Shortest path: 32, The number of different paths: 40 test 97 starts now. Shortest path: 22, The number of different paths: 864 test 98 starts now. Shortest path: 39, The number of different paths: 65664 test 99 starts now. Shortest path: 43, The number of different paths: 720 test 100 starts now. Shortest path: 27, The number of different paths: 68

- input file是testi.txt · i∈{1,2,...,100}
- 掃進每筆資料時請在小黑窗提示讓我知道程式有 在跑

•請輸出對應的output.txt

• Time Limit: 8 seconds per data

其餘注意事項

- Only accept C
- Deadline: 2020/10/26 23:59,不接受補交
- 檔名:[學號]_[題號(1or2)]-[小題(1,2,3)].[副檔名]
- 例:7109056193_1-1.c
- 假如各題有不只一個檔案,請寫readme.txt告知助教各檔案的用意,output不用給我,我會執行你的程式生成
- 繳交方式:將你寫的所有檔案放在一起壓縮,在i-learning方式繳交,檔名為[學號]_homework1
- 禁止抄襲,可以的話打上註解方便閱讀
- 以Dev-C++ 5.11來做批改

