



Homework Assignment #3

Race Condition & Mutex



Outline

- **Race Condition**
- **Mutex Locks**
- **Application Programming Interface**
 - Exercise 3.20 API
 - Exercise 4.28 API
 - Pthread Mutex
- **Homework Assignment #3**
- **Reference**

Race Condition

- A situation that several threads access the same data concurrently and the outcome depends on the uncontrollable sequence.

Thread 1	Thread 2	Bitmap/300/	Pid_th1	Pid_th2
if(bitmap/300/ == 0)		0	NULL	NULL
	if(bitmap/300/ == 0)	0	NULL	NULL
bitmap/300/ = 1		1	300	NULL
	bitmap/300/ = 1	1	300	300

**Race
Condition**

Race Condition

```
arthur@arthur-VirtualBox:~/hw2$ ./hw2
```

```
pid of #139635556730624 is 1
```

```
pid of #139635565123328 is 1
```

```
pid of #139635548337920 is 2
```

```
pid of #139635573516032 is 0
```

```
pid of #139635539945216 is 3
```

```
pid of #139635531552512 is 4
```

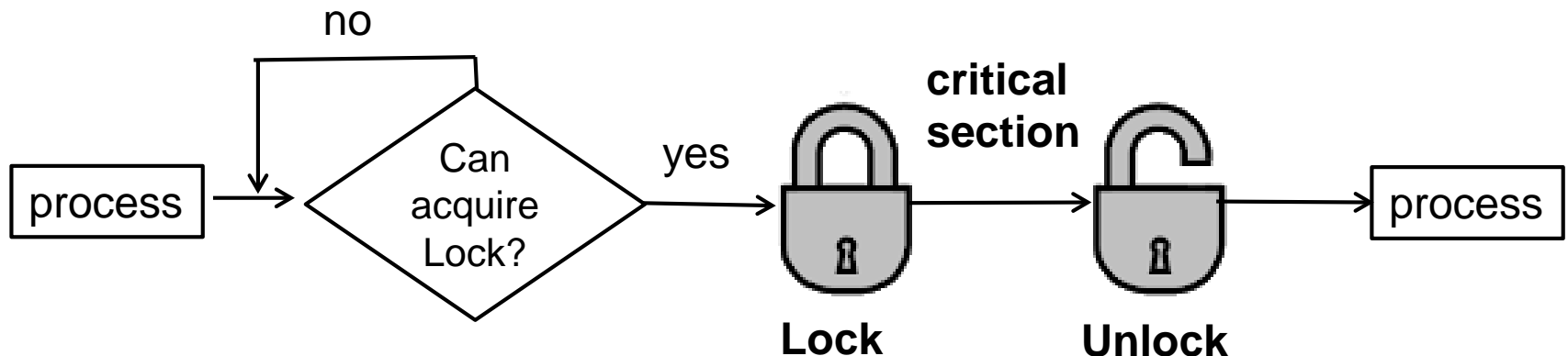


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Mutex Locks

- We use the mutex lock to protect critical sections and thus prevent **race conditions**.
- A process must acquire the lock before entering a critical section; it releases the lock when it exits the critical section.
- A mutex lock has a boolean variable whose value indicates if the lock is available or not.





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Exercise 3.20 API

- We have created three APIs in homework#1.

- *int allocate map(void) :*

Initializes a data structure for representing pids;
returns -1 if unsuccessful, 1 if successful

- *int allocate pid(void) :*

Allocates and returns a pid; returns -1 if unable to allocate a pid (all pids are in use)

- *void release pid(int pid) :*

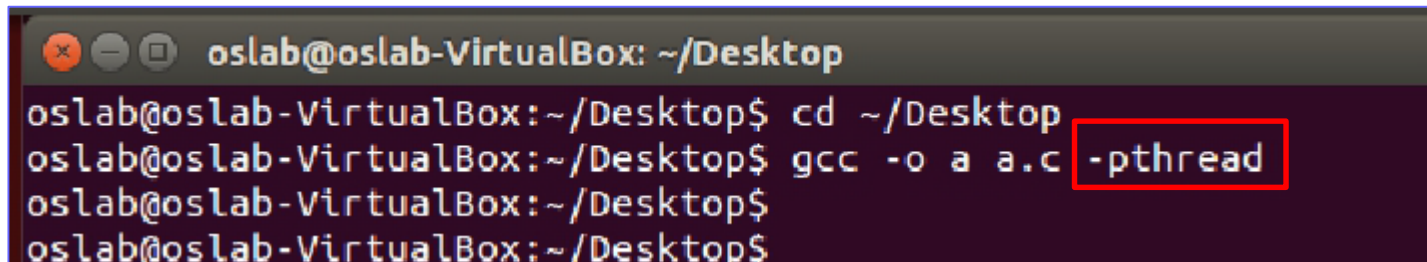
Releases a pid

Exercise 4.28 API

- We have created three Pthreads APIs in homework#2.
 - *#include <pthread.h>*
 - *int pthread_create(pthread_t *thread, const pthread_attr_t *attr, void *(*start_routine) (void *), void *arg);*
Create a thread
 - *int pthread_join(pthread_t thread, void **value_ptr);*
Wait for a thread
Causes the caller to wait for the specified thread to exit
 - *int pthread_exit(void *value_ptr);*
Exit a thread without exiting process

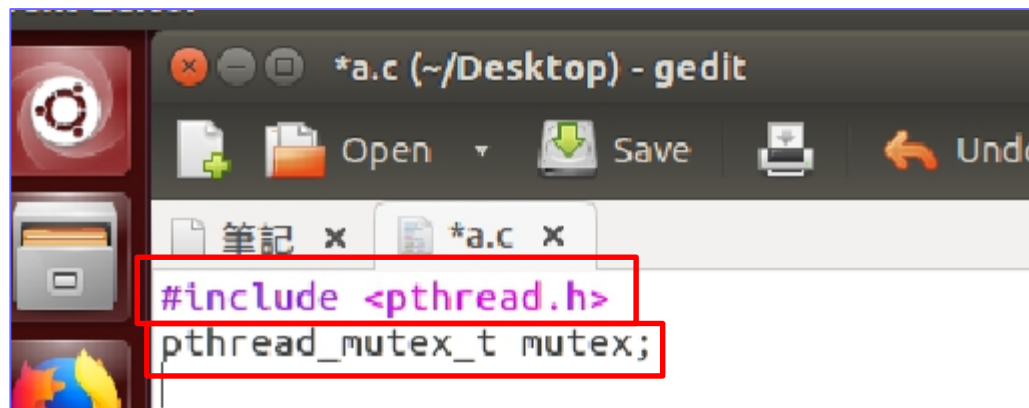
Pthread Mutex Locks

- There is a whole set of library calls associated with mutex locks, most of whose names start with **pthread_mutex**
- To use these library calls, we must include the file **pthread.h**, and link with the pthread library using **-pthread**



```
oslab@oslab-VirtualBox: ~/Desktop
oslab@oslab-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ cd ~/Desktop
oslab@oslab-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ gcc -o a a.c -pthread
oslab@oslab-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$
oslab@oslab-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$
```

A terminal window titled 'oslab@oslab-VirtualBox: ~/Desktop' showing the compilation of a.c to a.out using gcc with the -pthread flag. The flag is highlighted with a red box.



```
*a.c (~/Desktop) - gedit
Open Save Undo
筆記 x *a.c x
#include <pthread.h>
pthread_mutex_t mutex;
```

A Gedit editor window titled '*a.c (~/Desktop) - gedit' showing the source code for a.c. The first two lines, '#include <pthread.h>' and 'pthread_mutex_t mutex;', are highlighted with a red box.

Pthread Mutex Locks

- We will use the following four functions
 - *int pthread_mutex_init()*
 - Initialize a mutex.
 - *int pthread_mutex_lock()*
 - Lock the critical section.
 - *int pthread_mutex_unlock()*
 - Unlock the critical section.
 - *int pthread_mutex_destroy()*
 - Release the resource and destroy a mutex.

Pthread Mutex Locks

■ pthread_mutex_init

- Initializes the mutex lock.

```
#include<pthread.h>
int pthread_mutex_init(pthread_mutex_t *mutex,
const pthread_mutexattr_t *mattr);
```

```
EX: pthread_mutex_init(& mutex , NULL);
```

mutex: Pointer to the mutex to be initialized.

mattr: Use the attributes to initialize the mutex. NULL for the default values.

On success, returns 0. On error, one of the following values is returned : EAGAIN, EINVAL , EFAULT , ENOMEM

Pthread Mutex Locks

■ pthread_mutex_lock

- Lock the critical section.

```
int pthread_mutex_lock( pthread_mutex_t* mutex );
```

```
EX: pthread_mutex_lock(& mutex );
```

mutex: A pointer to the pthread_mutex_t object that you want to lock.
The **pthread_mutex_lock()** locks the mutex object referenced by **mutex**.

If the mutex is already locked, then the calling thread blocks until it has acquired the mutex.

On success, returns 0. On error, one of the following values is returned :
EAGAIN, EINVAL , EFAULT , ENOMEM

Pthread Mutex Locks

■ pthread_mutex_unlock

- Unlock the critical section.

```
int pthread_mutex_unlock( pthread_mutex_t* mutex );
```

```
EX: pthread_mutex_unlock(& mutex );
```

mutex: A pointer to the pthread_mutex_t object that you want to unlock.
The **pthread_mutex_unlock()** unlocks the **mutex**.

If **mutex** has been locked more than once, it must be unlocked the same number of times before the next thread is given ownership of the mutex.

On success, returns 0. On error, one of the following values is returned :
EAGAIN, EINVAL , EFAULT , ENOMEM

Pthread Mutex Locks

■ **pthread_mutex_destroy**

- Destroys a previously declared mutex.

```
int pthread_mutex_destroy(pthread_mutex_t *mutex);
```

```
EX: pthread_mutex_destroy (& mutex );
```

mutex: Pointer to the mutex to be destroyed.

The mutex mustn't be used after it has been destroyed.

On success, returns 0. On error, one of the following values is returned : EAGAIN , EINVAL , EFAULT , ENOMEM

Pthread Mutex Locks_Example

```
#include <stdio.h>          #include <stdlib.h>          #include <pthread.h>          #define MAXPID 10
pthread_mutex_t mutex;      // Declare the name of pthread_mutex_t .
```

//This is thread function

```
void *threadFunc() {
    int i=0;
    printf("-----\n");
    printf("This is thread function\n");
    printf("thread ID: %lu\n", pthread_self());

    printf("Mutex Lock the critical section.\n");
    //critical section start
    pthread_mutex_lock( &mutex );
    while(i<MAXPID){
        i++;
        printf("i : %d\n", i);
    }
    pthread_mutex_unlock ( &mutex);
    //critical section end
    printf("Mutex unlock the critical section.\n");

    printf("sum : %d\n", i);
    printf("-----\n");
    pthread_exit(NULL);
}
```

//Lock the critical section.

//Unlock the critical section.

Pthread Mutex Locks_Example(cont.)

```
int main(int argc, char** argv)
{
    pthread_t thread;
    pthread_mutex_init(& mutex , NULL );           //Initializes the mutex.
    int rc, t=100;
    void *reBuf;
    rc = pthread_create(&thread, NULL, threadFunc, NULL);
    if(rc)
    {
        printf("ERROR; return code from pthread_create() is %d\n", rc);
        exit(-1);
    }
    pthread_join(thread, &reBuf);

    //Release the resource and destroy a mutex.
    pthread_mutex_destroy (& mutex );

    return 0;
}
```

Pthread Mutex Locks_Example(cont.)

```
oslab@oslab-VirtualBox: ~/Desktop
oslab@oslab-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ ./a
-----
This is thread function
thread ID: 3075599168
Mutex Lock the critical section.
i : 1
i : 2
i : 3
i : 4
i : 5
i : 6
i : 7
i : 8
i : 9
i : 10
Mutex unlock the critical section.
sum : 10
-----
oslab@oslab-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$
```



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Homework Assignments #3

- **Step1.** Use Pthreads API to Create 100 threads.
- **Step2.** Use **Mutex Lock** to protect PID manager, which can allocate PID for each thread. (PID range : 300~399)
- **Step3.** Use **Mutex Unlock** after allocated PID.
- **Step4.** Let thread sleep for 1~3 seconds.
- **Step5.** When the thread wake up, using **Mutex Lock** to protect PID manager, which can release PID for each thread.
- **Step6.** Use **Mutex Unlock** after released PID.
- **Step7.** Terminate the thread and Destroy the mutex.
- **Step8.** print out the 100 threads and the thread's PID.

Mutex Lock Flowchart

Create thread

pthread_create()

pthread_mutex_lock()

Mutex Lock

Critical Section

allocate_pid()

pthread_mutex_unlock()

Mutex Unlock

Thread sleep

sleep()

Thread wake up

pthread_mutex_lock()

Mutex Lock

Critical Section

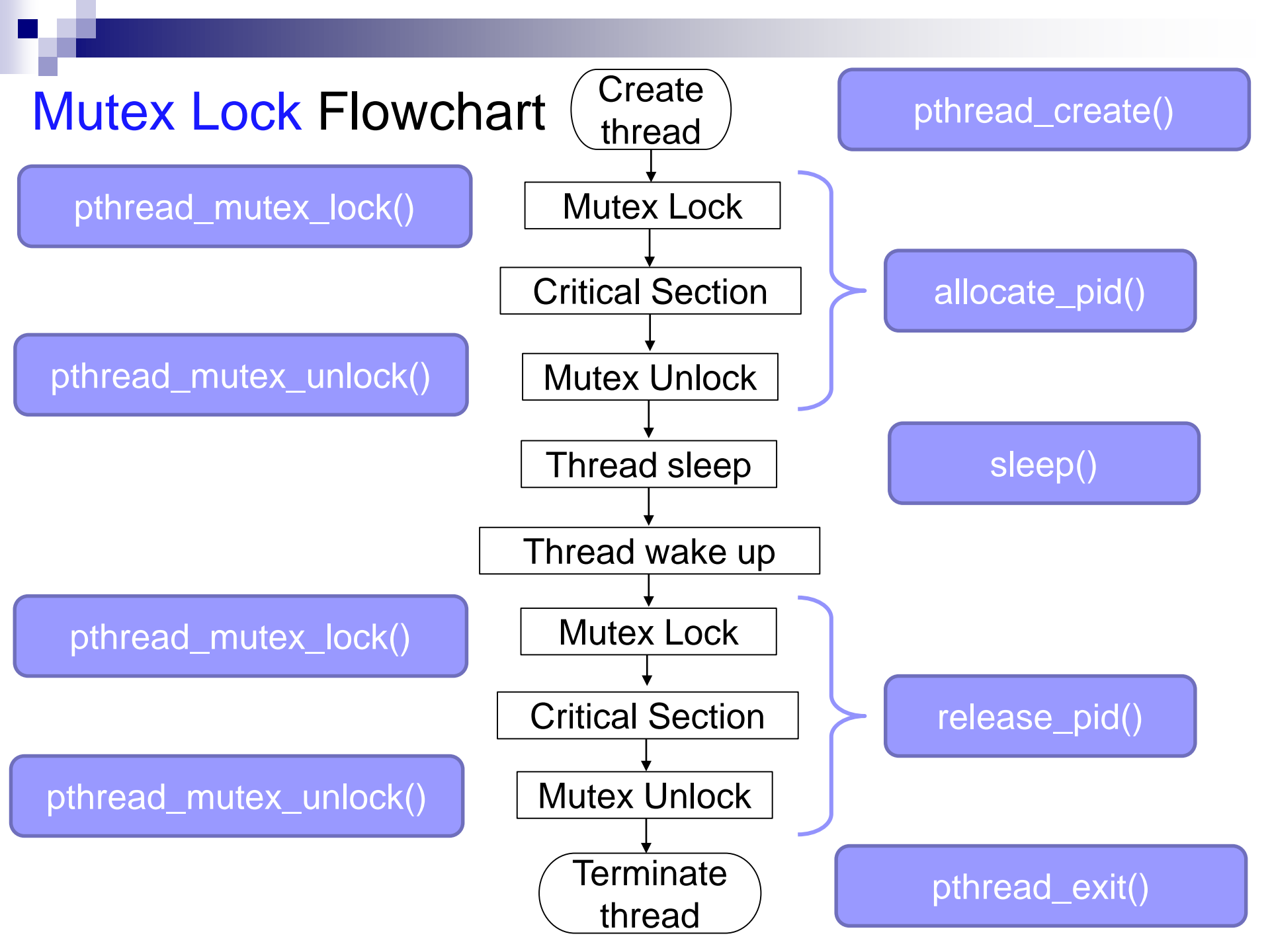
release_pid()

pthread_mutex_unlock()

Mutex Unlock

Terminate thread

pthread_exit()



Result(1/4)

```
pid bitmap ready.  
PID manager starts to service...  
Test is running...
```

```
100 threads created.
```

no.	process name	start	end	time	PID
1	3075513152	5.01	8.22	3.21	324
2	3067120448	4.40	6.96	2.56	310
3	3058727744	4.24	6.70	2.46	306
4	3050335040	4.12	6.68	2.57	303
5	3041942336	4.08	6.68	2.60	302
6	3033549632	3.92	6.89	2.97	300
7	3025156928	4.03	6.67	2.64	301
8	3016764224	4.16	6.69	2.53	304
9	3008371520	4.20	6.70	2.50	305
10	2999978816	4.28	6.71	2.43	307
11	2991586112	4.32	6.71	2.39	308
12	2983193408	4.36	6.93	2.57	309
13	2974800704	4.44	7.02	2.58	311
14	2966408000	4.48	6.99	2.51	312
15	2958015296	4.52	7.05	2.53	313
16	2949622592	4.56	7.23	2.67	314
17	2941229888	4.65	7.14	2.49	315
18	2932837184	4.69	7.11	2.42	316
19	2924444480	4.73	7.08	2.35	317
20	2916051776	4.77	7.17	2.40	318
21	2907659072	4.81	7.20	2.39	319
22	2899266368	4.85	7.26	2.41	320

Result(2/4)

22	2899266368	4.85	7.26	2.41	320
23	2890873664	4.89	7.30	2.40	321
24	2882480960	4.93	7.33	2.39	322
25	2874088256	4.97	8.30	3.32	323
26	2865695552	5.06	8.29	3.23	325
27	2857302848	5.20	9.17	3.97	326
28	2848910144	5.47	9.15	3.68	327
29	2840517440	5.51	9.18	3.67	328
30	2832124736	5.81	9.15	3.34	329
31	2823732032	5.86	9.16	3.30	330
32	2815339328	5.90	9.16	3.27	331
33	2806946624	5.94	9.17	3.23	332
34	2798553920	5.98	9.18	3.20	333
35	2790161216	6.02	9.19	3.17	334
36	2781768512	6.06	9.19	3.13	335
37	2773375808	6.10	9.20	3.10	336
38	2764983104	6.14	9.20	3.06	337
39	2756590400	6.18	9.21	3.03	338
40	2748197696	6.22	9.21	2.99	339
41	2739804992	6.26	9.35	3.09	340
42	2731412288	6.30	9.36	3.06	341
43	2723019584	6.34	9.36	3.02	342
44	2714626880	6.38	9.37	2.98	343
45	2706234176	6.43	9.37	2.95	344
46	2697841472	6.47	9.38	2.91	345
47	2689448768	6.51	9.50	3.00	346
48	2681056064	7.97	10.89	2.92	300
49	2672663360	8.01	10.90	2.89	301
50	2664270656	8.04	10.90	2.86	302
51	2655877952	8.08	10.91	2.83	303
52	2647485248	8.12	10.93	2.81	304

Result(3/4)

53	2639092544	8.31	10.91	2.61	305
54	2630699840	8.34	10.92	2.58	306
55	2622307136	8.38	10.92	2.54	307
56	2613914432	8.43	10.93	2.50	308
57	2605521728	8.47	10.94	2.47	309
58	2597129024	8.50	10.94	2.44	310
59	2588736320	8.53	10.94	2.41	311
60	2580343616	8.57	10.95	2.38	312
61	2571950912	8.60	10.95	2.35	313
62	2563558208	8.64	10.96	2.32	314
63	2555165504	8.68	10.96	2.29	315
64	2546772800	8.71	11.09	2.38	316
65	2538380096	8.74	11.12	2.37	317
66	2529987392	8.78	11.14	2.36	318
67	2521594688	8.81	11.15	2.34	319
68	2513201984	8.85	11.17	2.32	320
69	2504809280	8.89	11.22	2.34	321
70	2496416576	8.92	11.24	2.32	322
71	2488023872	8.95	11.23	2.27	323
72	2479631168	9.12	11.27	2.15	324
73	2471238464	9.90	12.38	2.48	325
74	2462845760	9.93	12.45	2.51	326
75	2454453056	9.97	12.45	2.49	327
76	2446060352	10.00	12.46	2.46	328
77	2437667648	10.03	12.46	2.43	329
78	2429274944	10.06	12.47	2.41	330
79	2420882240	10.09	12.47	2.39	331
80	2412489536	10.14	12.48	2.34	332
81	2404096832	10.17	12.48	2.32	333
82	2395704128	10.20	13.01	2.81	334
83	2387311424	10.23	13.00	2.78	335

Result(4/4)

71	2488023872	8.95	11.23	2.27	323
72	2479631168	9.12	11.27	2.15	324
73	2471238464	9.90	12.38	2.48	325
74	2462845760	9.93	12.45	2.51	326
75	2454453056	9.97	12.45	2.49	327
76	2446060352	10.00	12.46	2.46	328
77	2437667648	10.03	12.46	2.43	329
78	2429274944	10.06	12.47	2.41	330
79	2420882240	10.09	12.47	2.39	331
80	2412489536	10.14	12.48	2.34	332
81	2404096832	10.17	12.48	2.32	333
82	2395704128	10.20	13.01	2.81	334
83	2387311424	10.23	13.00	2.78	335
84	2378918720	10.26	13.05	2.79	336
85	2370526016	10.29	13.06	2.77	337
86	2362133312	10.32	13.06	2.74	338
87	2353740608	10.35	13.06	2.71	339
88	2345347904	10.38	13.07	2.69	340
89	2336955200	10.41	13.07	2.66	341
90	2328562496	10.44	13.08	2.64	342
91	2320169792	10.47	13.08	2.61	343
92	2311777088	10.50	13.09	2.59	344
93	2303384384	10.53	13.09	2.56	345
94	2294991680	10.56	13.10	2.54	346
95	2286598976	10.59	13.10	2.51	347
96	2278206272	10.62	13.11	2.49	348
97	2269813568	10.66	13.12	2.46	349
98	2261420864	10.69	13.12	2.43	350
99	2253028160	10.72	13.12	2.41	351
100	2244635456	10.75	13.13	2.38	352

oslab@oslab-VirtualBox:~/Desktop\$

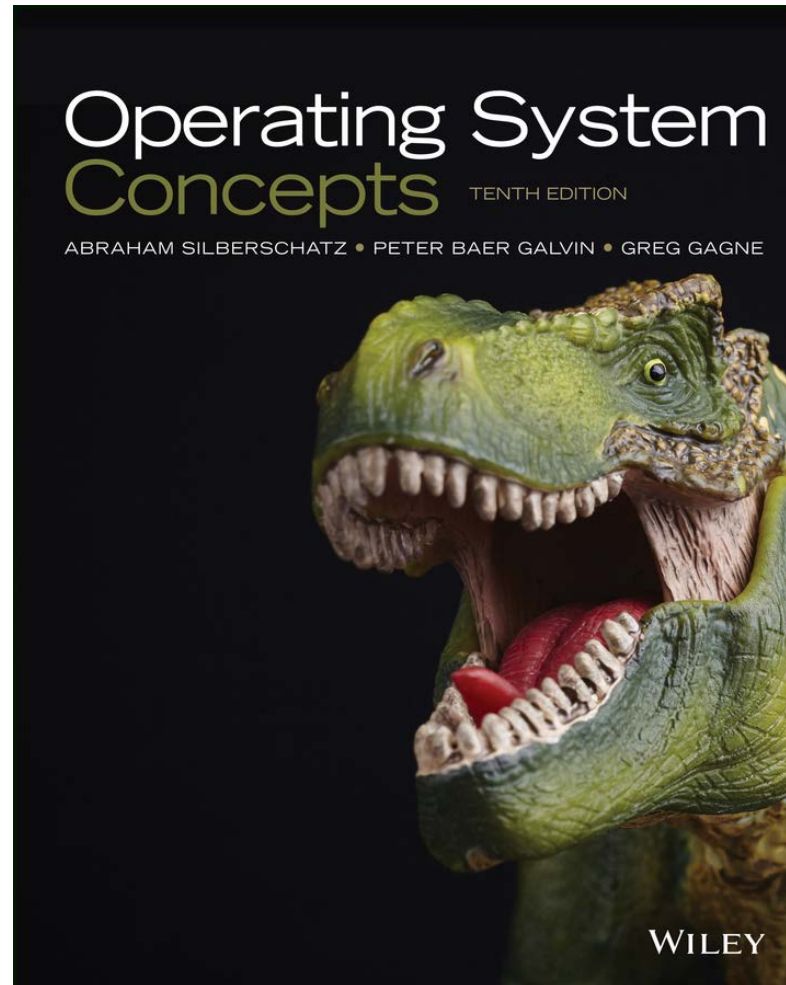


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Reference

- Operating System Concepts, 10th Edition



Turn in

- Deadline
2019/12/26 PM.11:59
- Upload to iLearning
- File name
 - ☐ HW3_ID.zip (e.g. HW3_4106056000.zip)
 - Source code
 - ☐ .c file
 - Word
- If you don't hand in your homework on time, your score will be deducted 10 points every day.

TA

- Name : Yun-Jen, Lee
- Email : yunjen.lee@gmail.com
 - Title format : OS HW#3 - [your name]
- Lab: OSNET(1001)