Course Manager

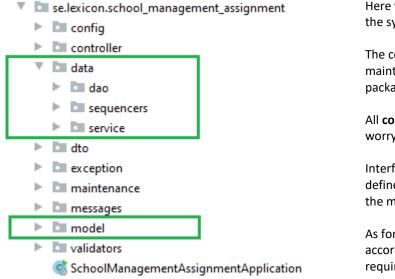
Background:

School Systems Inc. has accepted a contract from a customer that want a Web application written in Java. The task falls on you to create a temporary persistence layer, services and view converters with help of Java Collections. The project is set up and configured and the interfaces are defined. The frontend and web controllers are already created and tested with help of Mocks.

The customer wants to see a working prototype in one week for evaluation.

Your task:

- 1. Compliment the following:
 - a. Student.class in model package.
 - b. **Course.class** in model package.
- 2. <u>Implement</u> the following:
 - a. **StudentDao.class** interface in **StudentCollectionRepository.class**.
 - b. CourseDao.class interface in CourseCollectionRepository.class.
 - c. Converters.class interface in ModelToDto.class.
 - d. StudentService.class interface in StudentManager.class.
 - e. CourseService.class interface in CourseManager.class.
- 3. <u>Unit test</u> your implementations and models.



Here you can see the general layout of the system.

The code you are going to create and maintain resides in the **model** and **data** packages.

All **config is already setup** no need to worry about that.

Interfaces with classes are already defined for you. You just write code in the methods.

As for the models you can create them according to the diagram and requirements.

You are <u>not</u> expected to throw any exceptions in this assignment so remember to check inside of your methods.

If any these following Exceptions are thrown:

- ResourceNotFoundException
- IllegalArgumentException

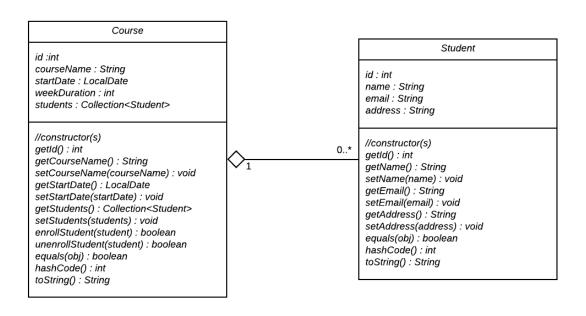
These exceptions will be handled by a global exception handler.

The application is run on an embedded Tomcat Server.

To terminate the server, click 'exit' if you want to save all data you added



Model Requirements:



Model classes **Student.class** and **Course.class** should be defined in the **model package**:

se.lexicon.school_management_assignment
config
controller
data
dto
exception
maintenance
messages
model

validators

You need to create two models in the model package.

You should also **unit test the models** with standard unit tests in the test scope

The diagram above, defined by a requirements analyst is the summary of our customer wish.

The views and DTO's (Data Transfer Object) are built around this diagram.

No need to null check parameters because validation should be performed in the controller layer automatically.

Student.class:

• Fields:

- id of type int or Integer. Unique attribute, should be set through constructor with StudentSequencer.class in StudentCollectionRepository.class
- name representing the full name of the Student.
- o **email** unique attribute representing the Student's email.
- o address String representation of the Student's address.

Methods:

- o **Constructor** minimum requirement is to pass in id through constructor.
- Appropriate getters / setters according to diagram

@Override:

- o equals needed internally in Collections
- hashCode needed internally in Collections
- Optional @Override:
 - o toString for debugging purpose

Course.class:

Fields:

- id of type int or Integer. Unique attribute, should be set through constructor with CourseSequencer.class in CourseCollectionRepository.class
- o **courseName** representing the name of a Course object (like "Java advanced")
- o **startDate** of type LocalDate defines the start date of a course object.
- weekDuration of type int or Integer is a description of the length of a course
- o **students** representing all objects of Student.class that is enrolled to this course.

Methods:

- Constructor minimum requirement is to pass in id through constructor.
- Appropriate getters/setters according to diagram
- public boolean enrollStudent(Student student) should be used to add a Student.class object to Collection<Student> students. Make sure you avoid adding a duplicate or null into the Collection. Should return true when student was successfully added, otherwise false.
- public boolean unenrollStudent(Student student) should be used to remove a Student.class object from Collection<Student> students. Returns true when the Student object was successfully removed.

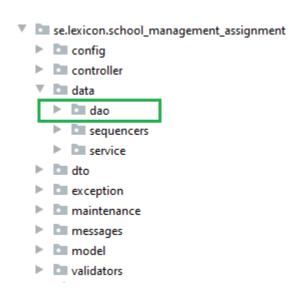
@Override:

- o equals needed internally in Collections
- o hashCode needed internally in Collections

Optional @Override

o **toString** for debugging purposes

DAO requirements:



DAO's (Data Access Object) are responsible to store all objects centrally in applications. In our case it is done with Collections.

We have two interfaces in the dao package that need proper implementation.

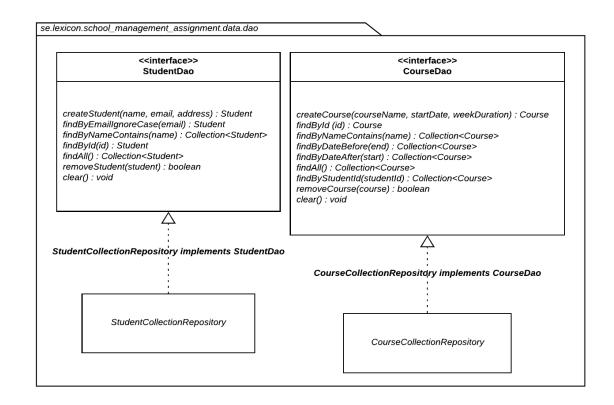
See to that

CourseCollectionRepository.class and StudentCollectionRepository.class are properly implements it's respective interface.

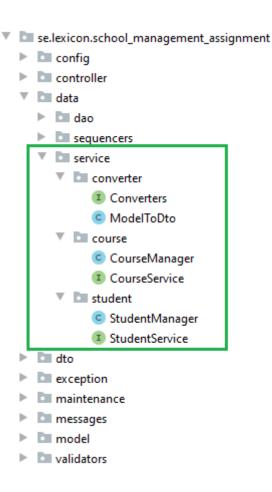
Make sure you use the **sequencers** inside the sequencer package to get id's for in the Create methods.

Test classes are already setup for each respective class inside the test scope.

Write tests for your methods.



Service requirements:



Service classes are responsible for fetching data from DAO's and sending the appropriate data to the controllers.

In this application we apply the <u>DTO pattern</u> where the purpose is to refine our models into suitable views.

This means traffic from the controllers to the service layer consists of **Data Transfer Objects**. Controllers get **view** objects back in return.

This means you need to **convert** the Student- and Course objects **first** by providing correct implementation to the **Converters** interface in ModelToDto.class.

After that you should create the **implementation** of **StudentService** in the StudentManager.class and **CourseService** in the CourseManager.class

Test classes are already setup for each respective class inside the test scope.

You are required to return either an appropriate object or Null from the methods.

Remember to check for Null, can't do something with nothing.

Write tests for your methods.

Diagram of the service layer:

