A mixed Maple-Python example

This example demonstrates a cooperative effort where Maple is used to do the analytic computations while Python is used to plot the data.

The example chosen here is to find and plot the solution to the boundary value problem defined by

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} + 10y = 0 \quad \text{with } y(0) = 3, \ y'(0) = 0$$

This example requires two passes, once for Maple and once for Python (and in that order). This example can be run using

Note that the last pair of commands could also be combined as pylatex.sh -i mixed.

The Maple code

Here Maple is used to first find the general solution of th differential equation. The boundary conitions are then imposed and finally a uniform sampling of the solution is written to a file for later use by Python and Matplotlib.

```
# a second order ode
ode := diff(y(x), x, x) + 2*diff(y(x), x) + 10*y(x) = 0: # mpl (ans.101,ode)
# find the general solution
ans := dsolve(ode):
                                         # mpl (ans.102,ans)
# set initial conditions
ics := y(0) = 3, (D(y))(0) = 0:
tmp := {ics}:
                                         # mpl (ans.103, tmp)
# find the particular solution
f := rhs(dsolve([ics, ode])):
                                         # mpl (ans.104,f)
df := diff(f,x):
                                         # mpl (ans.105,df)
y := x -> f:
dy := x \rightarrow df:
# now sample y and dy at selected points
a,b,n := 0.0,2.0*Pi,300: # domain and number of samples
dx := (b-a)/n:
                                # uniform step
fd := fopen ("mixed.txt", WRITE):
for i from 0 to n by 1 do
  x := a + dx*i:
  fprintf(fd,"% .10e % .10e % .10e\n",x,evalf(y(x)),evalf(dy(x))):
end do:
fclose(fd):
```

The general solution of the differential equation is

$$y(x) = C_1 e^{-x} \sin(3x) + C_2 e^{-x} \cos(3x)$$

while the particular solution satisfying the boundary conditions is given by

$$y(x) = e^{-x} \sin(3x) + 3e^{-x} \cos(3x)$$

The Python code

This is a straighforward use of Matplotlib to plot two functions. The code reads the datafile created previously by Maple and then calls Matplotlib to plot that data.

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.rc('text', usetex = True)
plt.matplotlib.rc('grid', linestyle = 'dotted')
plt.matplotlib.rc('figure', figsize = (5.5,4.1)) # (width,height) inches

x, y, dy = np.loadtxt ('mixed.txt', unpack=True)

plt.plot (x,y)
plt.plot (x,dy)

plt.xlim (0.0,4.0)

plt.legend(('$y(x)$', '$dy(x)/dx$'), loc = 0)
plt.xlabel('$x$')
plt.ylabel('$y(x),\> dy/dx$')
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout(0.5)

plt.savefig('mixed-fig.pdf')
```

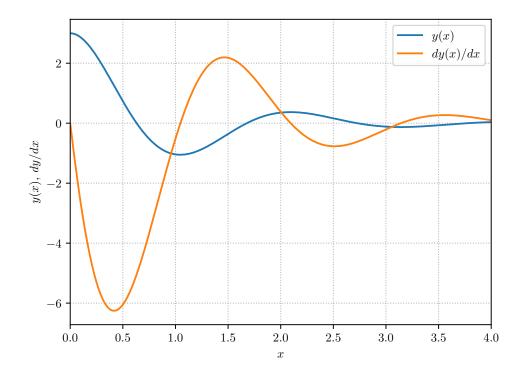


Figure 1: The function and its derivative.