Elementary maths

This example is based on a similar example in the Python collection. Its purpose is to show that Cadabra is fluent in Python – which is not surprising since the Cadabra language is based on Python (and a subset of LaTeX).

```
\begin{align*}
from sympy import *
                                                                                                  &\cdb*{ans.101}\\
x, y, z = symbols('x y z')
                                                                                                  &\cdb*{ans.102}\\
a, b, c = symbols('a b c')
                                                                                                  &\cdb*{ans.103}\\
ans = expand((a+b)**3)
                                                             # cdb (ans.101,ans)
                                                                                                  &\cdb*{ans.104}\\
ans = factor(-2*x+2*x+a*x-x**2+a*x**2-x**3)
                                                             # cdb (ans.102,ans)
                                                                                                  &\cdb*{ans.105}\\
ans = solve(x**2-4, x)
                                                             # cdb (ans.103,ans)
                                                                                                  &\cdb*{ans.106}\\
ans = solve([2*a-b - 3, a+b+c - 1,-b+c - 6],[a,b,c])
                                                             # cdb (ans.104,ans)
                                                                                                  &\cdb*{ans.107}\\
                                                             # cdb (ans.105,ans)
ans = N(pi, 50)
                                                                                                  \cdb{lhs.108} \&= \Cdb{rhs.108} \
ans = apart(1/((1 + x)*(5 + x)))
                                                             # cdb (ans.106,ans)
                                                                                                  \cdb{lhs.109} \&= \Cdb{rhs.109}
ans = together((1/(1 + x) - 1/(5 + x))/4)
                                                             # cdb (ans.107,ans)
                                                                                                  \cdb{lhs.110} \&= \Cdb{rhs.110}
ans = simplify(tanh(log(x)))
                                                             # cdb (rhs.108,ans)
                                                                                               \end{align*}
ans = simplify(tanh(I*x))
                                                             # cdb (rhs.109,ans)
ans = simplify(sinh(3*x) - 3*sinh(x) - 4*(sinh(x))**3) # cdb (rhs.110,ans)
ans = tanh(log(x))
                                                             # cdb (lhs.108,ans)
ans = tanh(UnevaluatedExpr(I*x))
                                                             # cdb (lhs.109.ans)
ans = sinh(3*x) - 3*sinh(x) - 4*(sinh(x))**3
                                                             # cdb (lhs.110,ans)
                                                  ans 101 := a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3
                                                  ans.102 := -x(-a+x)(x+1)
                                                  ans.103 := [-2, 2]
                                                  ans.104 := \left\{ a : \frac{1}{5}, \ b : -\frac{13}{5}, \ c : \frac{17}{5} \right\}
                                                  ans. 105 := 3.1415926535897932384626433832795028841971693993751
                                                  ans.106 := -\frac{1}{4(x+5)} + \frac{1}{4(x+1)}
                                                  ans. 107 := \frac{1}{(x+1)(x+5)}
                                      \tanh(\log(x)) = \tanh(\log(x))
                                                                                                                               (rhs.108)
                                          tanh(ix) = i tan(x)
                                                                                                                               (rhs.109)
                -4\sinh^3(x) - 3\sinh(x) + \sinh(3x) = 0
                                                                                                                               (rhs.110)
```

Linear Algebra

```
from sympy import linsolve
lamda = Symbol('lamda')
mat = Matrix([[2,3], [5,4]])
                                                # cdb (ans.201,mat)
eig1 = mat.eigenvects()[0][0]
                                                # 1st eigenvalue
eig2 = mat.eigenvects()[1][0]
                                                # 2nd eigenvalue
    = mat.eigenvects()[0][2][0]
                                                # 1st eigenvector
    = mat.eigenvects()[1][2][0]
                                                # 2nd eigenvector
eig = simplify(Matrix([eig1,eig2]))
                                                # cdb (ans.202,eig)
vec = simplify(5*Matrix([]).col_insert(0,v1)
                            .col_insert(1,v2))
                                                # cdb (ans.203, vec)
det = expand((mat - lamda * eye(2)).det())
                                                # cdb (ans.204,det)
                                                # cdb (ans.205,rhs)
rhs = Matrix([[3],[7]])
ans = list(linsolve((mat,rhs),x,y))[0]
                                                # cdb (ans.206,ans)
```

```
ans. 201 := \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix}
ans. 202 := \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}
ans. 203 := \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 3 \\ 5 & 5 \end{bmatrix}
ans. 204 := \lambda^2 - 6\lambda - 7
ans. 205 := \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}
ans. 206 := \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 1 \\ 7 & 7 \end{pmatrix}
```

```
\begin{align*}
    &\cdb*{ans.201}\\
    &\cdb*{ans.202}\\
    &\cdb*{ans.203}\\
    &\cdb*{ans.204}\\
    &\cdb*{ans.205}\\
    &\cdb*{ans.205}\\
    &\cdb*{ans.206}
\end{align*}
```

Limits

```
\begin{align*}
n, dx = symbols('n dx')
                                                                                                        &\cdb*{ans.301}\\
ans = limit(sin(4*x)/x,x,0)
                                                    # cdb (ans.301,ans)
                                                                                                        &\cdb*{ans.302}\\
ans = limit(2**x/x,x,oo)
                                                    # cdb (ans.302,ans)
                                                                                                        &\cdb*{ans.303}\\
ans = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{((x+dx)**2 - x**2)}{dx}, dx, 0)
                                                    # cdb (ans.303,ans)
                                                                                                         &\cdb*{ans.304}\\
ans = \lim_{n \to \infty} ((4*n + 1)/(3*n - 1), n, oo)
                                                    # cdb (ans.304,ans)
                                                                                                         \&\cdb*{ans.305}
                                                    # cdb (ans.305,ans)
ans = limit((1+(a/n))**n,n,oo)
                                                                                                     \end{align*}
                                                                ans.301 := 4
                                                                \mathtt{ans.302} \coloneqq \infty
```

ans.303 := 2x

ans.304 := $\frac{4}{3}$

ans.305 := e^a

Series

```
\begin{align*}
ans = series((1 + x)**(-2), x, 1, 6)
                                                    # cdb (ans.401,ans)
                                                                                                        &\cdb*{ans.401}\\
ans = series(exp(x), x, 0, 6)
                                                   # cdb (ans.402,ans)
                                                                                                        &\cdb*{ans.402}\\
ans = Sum(1/n**2, (n,1,50)).doit()
                                                    # cdb (ans.403,ans)
                                                                                                        &\cdb*{ans.403}\\
ans = Sum(1/n**4, (n,1,oo)).doit()
                                                    # cdb (ans.404,ans)
                                                                                                        &\cdb*{ans.404}
                                                                                                     \end{align*}
                        ans.401 := \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3(x-1)^2}{16} - \frac{(x-1)^3}{8} + \frac{5(x-1)^4}{64} - \frac{3(x-1)^5}{64} - \frac{x}{4} + O((x-1)^6; x \to 1)
                        ans.402 := 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^4}{24} + \frac{x^5}{120} + O(x^6)
                        \overline{19208153678594630996005115261519}29560192000
                        ans.404 := \frac{\pi^4}{90}
```

Calculus

This example shows how \Cdb can be used to set the equation tag on the far right hand side.

```
ans = diff(x*sin(x),x)
                                                           # cdb (ans.501,ans)
ans = diff(x*sin(x),x).subs(x,pi/4)
                                                           # cdb (ans.502, ans)
ans = integrate(2*sin(x)**2, (x,a,b))
                                                           # cdb (ans.503, ans)
ans = Integral(2*exp(-x**2), (x,0,00))
                                                           # cdb (lhs.504,ans)
ans = ans.doit()
                                                           # cdb (ans.504,ans)
ans = Integral(Integral(x**2 + y**2, (y,0,x)), (x,0,1))
                                                           # cdb (lhs.505,ans)
ans = ans.doit()
                                                           # cdb (ans.505,ans)
```

```
\begin{align*}
  &\cdb*{ans.501}\\
  &\cdb*{ans.502}\\
  &\cdb*{ans.503}\\
    \cdb{lhs.504}\&=\Cdb{ans.504}\
    \cdb{lhs.505}\&=\Cdb{ans.505}
\end{align*}
```

ans.501 :=
$$x \cos(x) + \sin(x)$$

ans.502 := $\frac{\sqrt{2}\pi}{8} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$
ans.503 := $-a + b + \sin(a)\cos(a) - \sin(b)\cos(b)$

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} 2e^{-x^2} dx = \sqrt{\pi} \tag{ans.504}$$

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} 2e^{-x^{2}} dx = \sqrt{\pi}$$

$$\int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{x} (x^{2} + y^{2}) dy dx = \frac{1}{3}$$
(ans.505)

Differential equations

```
y = Function('y')
C1, C2 = symbols('C1 C2')
ode = Eq(y(x).diff(x) + y(x), 2*a*sin(x))
sol = expand(dsolve(ode,y(x)).rhs)
                                                                 # cdb (ans.601,sol)
cst = solve([sol.subs(x,0)],dict=True)
sol = sol.subs(cst[0])
                                                                 # cdb (ans.602,sol)
ode = Eq(y(x).diff(x,2) + y(x), 0)
sol = expand(dsolve(ode, y(x)).rhs)
                                                                 # cdb (ans.603,sol)
cst = solve([sol.subs(x,0),sol.diff(x).subs(x,0)-1],dict=True)
sol = sol.subs(cst[0])
                                                                 # cdb (ans.604,sol)
ode = Eq(y(x).diff(x,2) + 5*y(x).diff(x) - 6*y(x), 0)
sol = expand(dsolve(ode, y(x)).rhs)
                                                                 # cdb (ans.605,sol)
sol = sol.subs(\{C1:2,C2:3\})
                                                                 # cdb (ans.606,sol)
```

```
\begin{split} & \text{ans.601} := C_1 e^{-x} + a \sin{(x)} - a \cos{(x)} \\ & \text{ans.602} := a \sin{(x)} - a \cos{(x)} + a e^{-x} \\ & \text{ans.603} := C_1 \sin{(x)} + C_2 \cos{(x)} \\ & \text{ans.604} := \sin{(x)} \\ & \text{ans.605} := C_1 e^{-6x} + C_2 e^x \\ & \text{ans.606} := 3 e^x + 2 e^{-6x} \end{split}
```

```
\begin{align*}
    &\cdb*{ans.601}\\
    &\cdb*{ans.602}\\
    &\cdb*{ans.603}\\
    &\cdb*{ans.604}\\
    &\cdb*{ans.605}\\
    &\cdb*{ans.605}\\
    &\cdb*{ans.606}
\end{align*}
```