A table of derivatives and anti-derivatives

This example is based upon a nice example in the Pythontex gallery, see https://github.com/gpoore/pythontex/. It uses a tagged block to capture the Maple output for later use in the body of the LaTeX table.

```
# Create a list of functions to include in the table
    funcs := [[\sin(x), "\\\"],
                                        [\cos(x),"\],
                                                                  [tan(x),"\\"],
               [arcsin(x),"\\\[5pt]"], [arccos(x),"\\\[5pt]"], [arctan(x),"\\\[5pt]"],
               [sinh(x),"\\\],
                                        [\cosh(x),"\],
                                                                  [tanh(x)," "]]:
    # mplBeg (CalculusTable)
    for foo in funcs do
        func := foo[1]:
        eol := foo[2]:
        myddx := ''diff''(func,x):
10
        myint := '', int'', (func, x):
11
        Print(cat(Latex(myddx), "&=", Latex(diff(func,x)), "\\quad & \\quad")):
12
        Print(cat(Latex(myint), "&=", Latex(int(func,x)), eol)):
13
    end do:
14
    # mplEnd (CalculusTable)
```

\begin{align*}
 \mpl {CalculusTable}
\end{align*}

$$\frac{d}{dx}\sin(x) = \cos(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}\cos(x) = -\sin(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}\tan(x) = 1 + (\tan(x))^{2}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}\arcsin(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^{2} + 1}}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}\arccos(x) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^{2} + 1}}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}\arctan(x) = (x^{2} + 1)^{-1}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}\sinh(x) = \cosh(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}\cosh(x) = \sinh(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}\tanh(x) = 1 - (\tanh(x))^{2}$$

$$\int \sin(x) dx = -\cos(x)$$

$$\int \cos(x) dx = \sin(x)$$

$$\int \tan(x) dx = -\ln(\cos(x))$$

$$\int \arcsin(x) dx = x \arcsin(x) + \sqrt{-x^2 + 1}$$

$$\int \arccos(x) dx = x \arccos(x) - \sqrt{-x^2 + 1}$$

$$\int \arctan(x) dx = x \arctan(x) - \frac{\ln(x^2 + 1)}{2}$$

$$\int \sinh(x) dx = \cosh(x)$$

$$\int \cosh(x) dx = \sinh(x)$$

$$\int \tanh(x) dx = \ln(\cosh(x))$$