

Category

$(\mathbb{C}, \mathbb{D}, \mathbb{E}, \mathbb{C}_0, \mathbb{C}_1, \dots \in \mathbb{CAT})$

- A class of objects $|\mathbb{C}|$ $(C, D, E, \dots \in |\mathbb{C}|)$
- A class of morphisms $\mathbb{C}(C, D)$ from object C to object D
 $(f, g, h, \dots \in \mathbb{C}(C, D))$
 $(f, g, h, \dots \in C \rightarrow D)$

with:

- an identity morphism $\text{id}_C \in \mathbb{C}(C, C)$
- a composition operation
 $- \circ - \in \mathbb{C}(D, E) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}(C, D) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}(C, E)$

such that:

- $\text{id}_C \circ f = f \circ \text{id}_D = f$ *(unity, left & right)*
for any $f \in \mathbb{C}(C, D)$
- $(f \circ g) \circ h = f \circ (g \circ h)$ *(associativity)*
for any $h \in \mathbb{C}(C, D)$, $g \in \mathbb{C}(D, E)$ and $f \in \mathbb{C}(E, F)$

Opposite category

The opposite category \mathbb{C}^{op} consists of:

- Objects $|\mathbb{C}^{\text{op}}| = |\mathbb{C}|$
- Morphisms $\mathbb{C}^{\text{op}}(C, D) = \mathbb{C}(D, C)$

Terminal object

- An object $\top \in |\mathbb{C}|$

such that for every

- object $X \in |\mathbb{C}|$

there exists a unique morphism $\text{tt} \in \mathbb{C}(X, \top)$.

$$\begin{array}{c} X \\ \vdots \exists! \text{tt} \\ \downarrow \\ \top \end{array}$$

Cartesian product

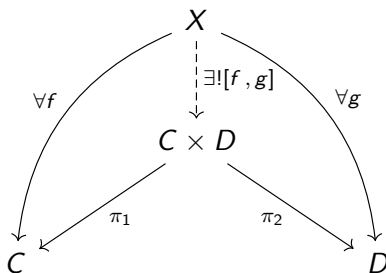
Let $C, D \in |\mathbb{C}|$.

- An object $C \times D \in |\mathbb{C}|$
- A morphism $\pi_1 \in \mathbb{C}(C \times D, C)$
- A morphism $\pi_2 \in \mathbb{C}(C \times D, D)$

such that for every

- $X \in |\mathbb{C}|$
- $f \in \mathbb{C}(X, C)$
- $g \in \mathbb{C}(X, D)$

there exists a unique morphism $[f, g] \in \mathbb{C}(X, C \times D)$ verifying



Exponential

Let $C \in |\mathbb{C}|$. Let $D \in |\mathbb{C}|$ with all Cartesian products.

- An object $C^D \in |\mathbb{C}|$
- A morphism $\text{apply} \in \mathbb{C}(C^D \times D, C)$

such that for every

- $X \in |\mathbb{C}|$
- $f \in \mathbb{C}(X \times D, C)$

there exists a unique morphism $\lambda f \in \mathbb{C}(X, C^D)$ verifying

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & & X \times D \\ \downarrow \exists! \lambda f & & \downarrow [\lambda f, \text{id}_D] \\ C^D & & C^D \times D \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ccc} & & \\ & \searrow \forall f & \\ & & C \end{array}$$

$\xrightarrow{\text{apply}}$

Cartesian-closed category

A category \mathbb{C} with

- A terminal object \top
- A Cartesian product $C \times D$ for any $C, D \in |\mathbb{C}|$
- An exponential object C^D for any $C, D \in |\mathbb{C}|$

Functor

$$(\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G}, \mathcal{F}_0, \mathcal{F}_1, \dots \in \mathbb{C} \Rightarrow \mathbb{D})$$

- An action on objects $|\mathcal{F}| \in |\mathbb{C}| \rightarrow |\mathbb{D}|$
- An action on morphisms $\mathcal{F}^\rightarrow \in \mathbb{C}(C, C') \rightarrow \mathbb{D}(|\mathcal{F}|C, |\mathcal{F}|C')$

such that:

- $\mathcal{F}^\rightarrow \text{id}_C = \text{id}_{|\mathcal{F}|C}$ *(identity preservation)*
- $\mathcal{F}^\rightarrow (g \circ f) = (\mathcal{F}^\rightarrow g) \circ (\mathcal{F}^\rightarrow f)$ *(composition preservation)*

Adjunction

Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathbb{D} \Rightarrow \mathbb{C}$.

\mathcal{F} is a left adjoint if for every

- Object $C \in |\mathbb{C}|$

there exists

- An object $|\mathcal{G}|C \in |\mathbb{D}|$
- A morphism $\epsilon_C \in \mathbb{C}(|\mathcal{F}|(|\mathcal{G}|(C)), C)$

such that for every

- object $D \in |\mathbb{D}|$
- morphism $f \in \mathbb{C}(|\mathcal{F}| D, C)$

there exists a unique morphism $g \in \mathbb{D}(D, |\mathcal{G}| C)$ with

$$\begin{array}{ccc} D & & |\mathcal{F}| D \\ \exists! g \downarrow \text{dashed} & & \downarrow \text{dashed} \\ |\mathcal{G}|(C) & & |\mathcal{F}|(|\mathcal{G}|(C)) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ccc} & & \searrow \forall f \\ & & C \\ & \xrightarrow{\epsilon_C} & \end{array}$$

Natural transformation $(\varphi, \psi, \varphi_0, \varphi_1, \dots \in \mathcal{F} \rightrightarrows \mathcal{G})$

Let $\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G} \in \mathbb{C} \Rightarrow \mathbb{D}$.

- A transformation $\varphi \in \forall C. \mathbb{D}(|\mathcal{F}| C, |\mathcal{G}| C)$

such that for every

- $k \in \mathbb{C}(C, D)$

we have

$$\begin{array}{ccc} |\mathcal{F}| C & \xrightarrow{\varphi_C} & |\mathcal{G}| C \\ \mathcal{F} \rightarrow k \downarrow & & \downarrow \mathcal{G} \rightarrow k \\ |\mathcal{F}| D & \xrightarrow{\varphi_D} & |\mathcal{G}| D \end{array}$$

Adjunction, take II

Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathbb{D} \Rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ and $\mathcal{G} \in \mathbb{C} \Rightarrow \mathbb{D}$.

\mathcal{F} is left adjoint to \mathcal{G} ($\mathcal{F} \dashv \mathcal{G}$) if there exists

- a natural isomorphism $\varphi \in \mathbb{C}(|\mathcal{F}| D, C) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathbb{D}(D, |\mathcal{G}| C)$

Conversely, \mathcal{G} is right adjoint to \mathcal{F} .

Monad

- A functor $\mathcal{M} \in \mathbb{C} \Rightarrow \mathbb{C}$
- A natural transformation $\eta \in \forall C. C \rightarrow |\mathcal{M}| C$
- A natural transformation $\mu \in \forall C. |\mathcal{M}|(|\mathcal{M}| C) \rightarrow |\mathcal{M}| C$

such that

$$\begin{array}{ccc} |\mathcal{M}|^3 C & \xrightarrow{|\mathcal{M}|\mu_C} & |\mathcal{M}|^2 C \\ \mu_{|\mathcal{M}| C} \downarrow & & \downarrow \mu_C \\ |\mathcal{M}|^2 C & \xrightarrow{\mu_C} & |\mathcal{M}| C \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} |\mathcal{M}| C & \xrightarrow{\eta_{|\mathcal{M}| C}} & |\mathcal{M}|^2 C \\ \eta_C \downarrow & \searrow & \downarrow \mu_C \\ |\mathcal{M}|^2 C & \xrightarrow{\mu_C} & |\mathcal{M}| C \end{array}$$

Kleisli category

Let \mathcal{M} be a monad over \mathbb{C} .

The Kleisli category $\mathbb{C}_{\mathcal{M}}$ consists of:

- Objects: $|\mathcal{M}| \ C$ for every $C \in |\mathbb{C}|$
- Morphisms: $\mathbb{C}_{\mathcal{M}}(C, C') = \mathbb{C}(C, |\mathcal{M}| \ C')$

Presheaf

A presheaf on a category \mathbb{C} is a functor $\hat{\mathbb{C}} \in \mathbb{C} \Rightarrow \mathbf{SET}$.

In particular, it forms a functor category:

- Objects: presheaf functors
- Morphisms: natural transformations

Further reading

- “Conceptual Mathematics”, Schanuel & Lawvere
- “An introduction to Category Theory”, Simmons
- “Categories for Types”, Crole
- “Categories for the Working Mathematician”, Mac Lane
- “Sheaves in Geometry and Logic”, Mac Lane & Moerdijk