# TypeScript Lab

Let's exercise some TypeScript! We're going to ask you to create some TS classes that'll be used in future labs. We're hoping you get a feel for the new demands that TS puts on you -- demands of safety, demands of precision. And while many people welcome those demands, others will resent them. So we warn you; this lab may be painful if you're in that latter category.

We're hoping that this experience will make you open to a sane balance between the speed & freedom of JavaScript vs the safety & protections of TypeScript. Some hints:

- 1. Read the entire lab before beginning. There are things at the end that will spare you pain if you have them in mind before you dive into writing code.
- 2. Classes **may** have a constructor. But they may also **omit** a constructor.
- 3. Class properties and method variables can be strongly typed. But the types can be omitted when it makes sense to. (This is hotly debated topic).
- 4. If you're finding TypeScript is too picky, remember that the tsconfig file has a "strict" flag that can be set to false. This is your way of saying "TypeScript, please chill for a minute".

With that said ... Get after it!

# Making our business classes

We're going to be working with products, orders, and customers so it might be safer to create business classes to define the shape of the objects we'll be working with. We'll start by putting them in a shared folder.

- 1. Create a new folder under *src/app* called the *shared* folder.
- 2. In it, create five new files called customer.ts, location.ts, order.ts, orderLine.ts, and product.ts.
- 3. These will be our business classes. In each create one class with the following properties:

### Customer

id	number	
givenName	string	
familyName	string	
companyName	string	
address	string	
city	string	
region	string	
postalCode	string	
country	string	
phone	string	
email	string	
imageUrl	string	
password	string	
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## **OrderLine**

quantity	number
productID	number
locationID	string
price	number
picked	boolean
product	Product
location	Location

# Order

id	number
customerID	number
status	number
orderDate	Date
shipVia	number
shipping	number
tax	number
shipName	string
shipAddress	string
shipCity	string
shipRegion	string
shipPostalCode	string
shipCountry	string
lines	Array <orderline></orderline>
customer	Customer

### **Product**

id	number
name	string
description	string
price	number
imageUrl	string
featured	boolean

## Location

id	string
description	string
productID	number
quantity	number
product	Product

- 4. Note that the order class uses the OrderLine class and the Customer class. Don't forget that you'll need to import these classes into the Order class for this to work. This is true for the Location and OrderLine classes as well.
- 5. Now open a command window and compile your new classes and all of the site by typing in ng build

ng build --configuration=development

6. You'll probably see some compile errors. If so, go ahead and correct them or adjust the tsconfig settings.

# Using a class in a component

- 7. Edit shipping/ship-order.component.ts. Give the class a public property called *order* that is of type Order. (Yes, the one you just created). Don't forget you'll need to import it at the top.\*
- 8. In the ngOnInit() method, instantiate that order and set the properties to fake values of your choice. You'll want to create a couple of fake order lines. (Hint: this.order.lines = [], then this.order.lines.push(yourNewLine1))
- 9. Double-check each line and make sure it has a product. Make sure that product has an imageUrl that looks like this:"/assets/images/productImages/7.jpg".

We do want you to practice with creating properties and seeing the tedium of getting them just right. It's more rigid but more controlled when you use strongly typed objects. You have to balance the tradeoffs of using strongly typed classes vs. JavaScript's dynamic objects.

10. Hopefully you've read far enough ahead to see this. We've provided a code snippet to fill in a fake order so you don't have to type in every single property. Go look in /setup/assets/codeSnippets/anOrderReadyToShip.js. Copy its contents into ship-order.component.ts if you like.

11. Build the project again.

12. Find the dist directory and look in there. You should see a main.js file. This is the file that will be served once we go live.

13.	Go ahead and edit main.js.	You and your partner look around in there. Do you see your
	ShipOrder component in th	ere? How about your TypeScript classes? Are some there
	but not others?	Discuss with some of the students around you why this makes
	sense.	

<sup>\*</sup> We're only going to remind you to add imports statements occasionally from now on so don't forget going forward.