

3. A. 定义域为 $\{1, 2, 3\}$ 值域为 $\{\langle 2, 3 \rangle, \langle 2, 2 \rangle, \langle 3, 1 \rangle\}$ C 定义域为 $\{1, 2, 3\}$ 值域为 $\{\langle 2, 3 \rangle\}$ 4. $f \cap g$ 不是函数.反例: $A = \{1, 2, 3\}, B = \{1, 2, 3\}$

$$f = \{\langle 1, 2 \rangle, \langle 2, 2 \rangle, \langle 3, 2 \rangle\}$$

$$g = \{\langle 1, 1 \rangle, \langle 2, 2 \rangle, \langle 3, 3 \rangle\}$$

则 $f \cap g = \{\langle 2, 2 \rangle\}$ 不为函数. $f \cup g$ 不是函数反例: $A = \{1, 2, 3\}, B = \{1, 2, 3\}$

$$f = \{\langle 1, 2 \rangle, \langle 2, 2 \rangle, \langle 3, 2 \rangle\}$$

$$g = \{\langle 1, 1 \rangle, \langle 2, 2 \rangle, \langle 3, 3 \rangle\}$$

则 $f \cup g = \{\langle 1, 1 \rangle, \langle 1, 2 \rangle, \langle 2, 2 \rangle, \langle 3, 2 \rangle, \langle 3, 3 \rangle\}$ 不是函数.

5. $f(0) = 0$

$$f[\{1, 3, 5, \dots\}] = \{1\}$$

$$f[\{0\}] = \{0\}$$

$$f^{-1}[\{2\}] = \{4\}$$

$$f[\{0, 2, 4, 6, \dots\}] = \{0, 1, 2, 3, \dots\}$$

$$f^{-1}[\{3, 4\}] = \{6, 8\}$$

7. g 双射. 则 $g: A \rightarrow A/R$ 是双射 A 与 A/R 元素相等. 因此 R 是恒等关系.若 R 是恒等关系. 则 A 中元素与 A/R 一一对应. g 为双射.故 R 是恒等关系条件下. g 是双射的.8. (1) 存在单射. 则 $m \leq n$ (2) 存在满射. 则 $m \geq n$ (3) 存在双射. 则 $m = n$ 9. (1) $f = \{\langle 1, a \rangle, \langle 2, b \rangle, \langle 3, c \rangle\}$

(2) $f(x) = 2x + 1$

(3) $A = \{\emptyset, \{a\}, \{b\}, \{c\}, \{a, b\}, \{b, c\}, \{a, c\}, \{a, b, c\}\}$

$$B = \{f_1, f_2, f_3, f_4, f_5, f_6, f_7, f_8\}$$

$$f_1 = \{\langle a, 0 \rangle, \langle b, 0 \rangle, \langle c, 0 \rangle\}, f_2 = \{\langle a, 0 \rangle, \langle b, 0 \rangle, \langle c, 1 \rangle\}$$

$$f_3 = \{\langle a, 0 \rangle, \langle b, 1 \rangle, \langle c, 0 \rangle\}, f_4 = \{\langle a, 0 \rangle, \langle b, 1 \rangle, \langle c, 1 \rangle\}$$

$$f_5 = \{\langle a, 1 \rangle, \langle b, 0 \rangle, \langle c, 0 \rangle\}, f_6 = \{\langle a, 1 \rangle, \langle b, 0 \rangle, \langle c, 1 \rangle\}$$

$$f_7 = \{\langle a, 1 \rangle, \langle b, 1 \rangle, \langle c, 0 \rangle\}, f_8 = \{\langle a, 1 \rangle, \langle b, 1 \rangle, \langle c, 1 \rangle\}$$

$$f = \{\langle \emptyset, f_1 \rangle, \langle \{a\}, f_2 \rangle, \langle \{b\}, f_3 \rangle, \langle \{c\}, f_4 \rangle, \langle \{a, b\}, f_5 \rangle, \langle \{b, c\}, f_6 \rangle, \langle \{a, c\}, f_7 \rangle, \langle \{a, b, c\}, f_8 \rangle\}$$

10. $f(f(x)) = f(x)$

故 $f(f(f(x))) = f(f(x)) = f(x)$

又 $f: A \rightarrow A$ 为满射

故 $f(f(x)) = x$

因此 $f(x) = x$. f 为恒等关系 I_A