Lab 5

The objective of this laboratory is to start playing around with Apache Spark.

1. Problem specification

If you completed Lab 1, you should now have (at least one) files with the word frequencies in the Amazon food reviews, in the format word\tfreq, where *freq* is an integer (a copy of the output of Lab 1 is available in the HDFS shared folder /data/students/bigdata-01QYD/Lab2/). Your task is to write a **Spark** application to filter these results, analyze the filtered data and compute some statistics on them.

Task 1

The first filter you should implement is the following:

Keep only the lines containing words that start with the prefix "ho"

The returned RDD contains the set of lines (word\tfreq) that satisfy the filtering operation.

Print on the standard output the following statistics, based on the content of the RDD returned by the filtering operation:

- The number of selected lines
- The maximum frequency (*maxfreq*) among the ones of the selected lines (i.e., the maximum value of *freq* in the lines obtained by applying the filter).

Task 2

Extend the previous application. Specifically, in the second part of your application, among the lines selected by the first filter, you have to apply another filter to select only the most frequent words. Specifically, your application must select those lines that contain words with a frequency (*freq*) greater than 80% of the maximum frequency (*maxfreq*) computed before.

Hence, implement the following filter:

• Keep only the lines with a frequency *freq* greater than 0.8**maxfreq*.

Finally, perform the following operations on the selected lines (the ones selected by applying both filters):

- Count the number of selected lines and print this number on the standard output
- Save the selected words (without frequency) in an output folder (one word per line)

Task 3

Similarly to Lab 2, we want to evaluate the frequency distribution of **all** the words in the input dataset. Considering the same input file (format word\tnumber), compute for each of the following group the number of words with the associated frequency:

- Group 0: interval [0, 100), words with an associated frequency between 0 and 99
- **Group 1**: interval [100, 200), words with an associated frequency between 100 and 199
- **Group 2**: interval [200, 300), words with an associated frequency between 200 and 299

- **Group 3**: interval [300, 400), words with an associated frequency between 300 and 399
- **Group 4**: interval [400, 500), words with an associated frequency between 400 and 499
- Group 5: interval [500, +inf), words with an associated frequency of 500 or more

Example

Input file:

Word	Number
Hello	1
World	99
Hadoop	501
Spark	500
BigData	342

Group	Words in the group
0	Hello, World
1	
2	
3	BigData
4	
5	Hadoop, Spark

Output file:

Group0 2 Group3 1 Group5 2

2. Testing the application

Run your application

- Create a Jupyter notebook (select PySpark (Local)) and run you application on the input HDFS folder /data/students/bigdata-01QYD/Lab2/. Set the name of the output folder in your code.
 - a. Analyze the returned results (the statistics/results printed on the standard output and the content of the output folder)
- 2. Create a Python script and execute it with the spark-submit command.
 - a. Note. In this version of the code prefix, input folder, and output folder must be specified by means of three command line arguments (hint: use sys.argv[])
 - b. Analyze the returned results. They should be consistent with the previous ones.
 - c. Run your Python script two times:
 - i. Run it on the gateway by using the --master local option of spark-submit
 - ii. Run it on the nodes of the cluster by using the --master yarn option of spark-submit

How to run your application

- Approach based on Jupyter notebooks
 - Pyspark (Local) notebook To run your application on the gateway
 - Open a browser and connect to jupyter.polito.it
 - Log in and open a "Pyspark (local)" notebook
 - Write your application in the notebook and run it on the gateway (data are read from and stored on HDFS but driver and executors are instantiated on the gateway)
 - o PySpark (Yarn) notebook To run your application on the nodes of the cluster

- Open a browser and connect to jupyter.polito.it
- Log in and open a "Pyspark (Yarn)" notebook
- Write your application in the notebook and run it on the nodes of the cluster (data are read from and stored on HDFS and driver and executors are instantiated on the nodes/servers of the cluster BigData@Polito)
- Approach based on a "standalone" python script (a textual file with the extension .py) and the spark-submit command
 - o spark-submit
 - Write your Python application by using your preferred editor and save it in a Python file (.py)
 - To run a Spark script with spark-submit, your script must explicitly create the SparkContext object. To do this, insert the following lines of code at the beginning of your script

```
from pyspark import SparkConf, SparkContext
conf = SparkConf().setAppName("Name of my application")
sc = SparkContext(conf = conf)
```

Remember also to stop/close the SparkContext at the end of your application

sc.stop()

- Open a browser and connect to jupyter.polito.it
- Log in and open a Terminal
- Copy your Python script in the local file system of the gateway (use the drag and drop approach)
- Run your Python script by executing the following command in the terminal

spark-submit --master yarn --deploy-mode client <your script>

- Note that <your_script> must end by .py for Spark to interpret it as Python application
- The driver is instantiated on the gateway (--deploy-mode client) and the executors on the nodes of the cluster (--master yarn)
- You can use --master local if you want to run also the executors of your application on the gateway (data are read from and stored on HDFS but driver and executors are instantiated on the gateway with the setting --master local --deploy-mode client)

△ △ △ △ Shut down JupyterHub container **△ △ △**

As soon as you complete all the tasks and activities on JupyterHub environment, please remember to shut down the container to let all your colleagues in all the sessions connect on JupyterHub and do all the lab activities.

1. Go into File -> Hub Control Panel menu

2. A new browser tab opens with the "Stop My Server" button. Click on it and wait till it disappears.



