Lab b. Enable Key Based Authentication between VMs

Objectives

- Generate Private/Public Key pair using ssh-keygen command
- Copy Public key to the machine to which you want to connect without using password.
- Use ssh command to gain the access to a VM from other VM using key based authentication.
- Using Puttygen to convert Private Key to PPK Format
- Connect prom windows machine to a VM using PPK format Key

Pre-Requisite

- Two VMs one as "server" and other as "tester1"
- Networking between two machines using Host only Adaptor.
- Root password of both machines. If you are using VM provided by instructor, the root password is "oracle"
- Clear Existing Keys and folder on both VMs
- Start both machines if not already running, login as root and delete .ssh folder from both machines by executing following commands on server and tester1.

cd ~

rm -rf .ssh/

Sequence 1. Create and use SSH Keys

Watch the video https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A9CNbrwhcJs to know about SSH Key pair.

- 1. Start both machines if not already running, login as root and follow these steps to generate the SSH Key pairs
 - a. On tester1

ssh-keygen

```
[root@tester1 ~]# ssh-keygen
Generating public/private rsa key pair.
Enter file in which to save the key (/root/.ssh/id_rsa):
Created directory '/root/.ssh'.
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):
Enter same passphrase again:
Your identification has been saved in /root/.ssh/id_rsa.
Your public key has been saved in /root/.ssh/id_rsa.pub.
The key fingerprint is:
SHA256:9Q5Xf9xXPyaZGP14IUDnJ6V8BO/QVCZixZoLqFSco+c root@tester1.example.com
The key's randomart image is:
    -[RSA 2048]--
         . oo =o*.o ¦
          = * @.o ¦
        o o .X.*. .
       0 0 0 +%.+0+1
        + S +o+B oB
               =. o +
      -[SHA256]-
 rootOtester1 ~1#
```

b. On server

ssh-keygen

```
[root@server ~]# ssh-keygen
Generating public/private rsa key pair.
Enter file in which to save the key (/root/.ssh/id_rsa):
Created directory '/root/.ssh'.
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):
Enter same passphrase again:
Your identification has been saved in /root/.ssh/id_rsa.
Your public key has been saved in /root/.ssh/id_rsa.pub.
The key fingerprint is:
SHA256:z2t0m9++UZJIOv1Wf0l6iIEENIV5D/2Keuc2+ynl3jU root@server.example.com
```

2. Once the Keys are generated you need to copy your public key to other machine. Copy the public key in a notepad file. You will need this Key in Lab 4 also.

cat .ssh/id rsa.pub

Paste the contents of the output to a notepad file and save it for later use in Lab 4 and other labs.

3. Copy public key from server to tester1

```
[root@server ~]# ssh-copy-id root@tester1
The authenticity of host 'tester1 (10.10.0.101)' can't be established.
ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:pUFGCoi69FdDrgVe5h2LyqgaxWHzwF4eYbTKDZner0Y.
ECDSA key fingerprint is MD5:69:56:98:b0:55:2d:83:d7:f2:ad:93:fd:6f:21:e4:c8.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
/usr/bin/ssh-copy-id: INFO: attempting to log in with the new key(s), to filt
out any that are already installed
/usr/bin/ssh-copy-id: INFO: 1 key(s) remain to be installed -- if you are pro
ed now it is to install the new keys
root@tester1's password:

Number of key(s) added: 1

Now try logging into the machine, with: "ssh 'root@tester1'"
and check to make sure that only the key(s) you wanted were added.

[root@server ~]#
```

4. Copy public key from *tester1* to *server*

```
Iroot@tester1 ~1# ssh-copy-id root@server
/bin/ssh-copy-id: INFO: Source of key(s) to be installed: "/root/.ssh/id_rsa.pub"
The authenticity of host 'server (10.10.0.100)' can't be established.
ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:LE9tPxfj9UoZHnhm@dURulyZUDTQ19B9h1rr6SORo8Y.
ECDSA key fingerprint is MD5:ef:ca:27:db:c4:8f:24:4c:bd:1b:c8:3b:@e:10:40:4c.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
/bin/ssh-copy-id: INFO: attempting to log in with the new key(s), to filter out an
installed
/bin/ssh-copy-id: INFO: 1 key(s) remain to be installed -- if you are prompted now
the new keys
root@server's password:

Number of key(s) added: 1

Now try logging into the machine, with: "ssh 'root@server'"
and check to make sure that only the key(s) you wanted were added.
```

- 5. Now try to ssh from both machines to connect to other machine.
 - a. SSH from tester1 to server

```
[root@tester1 ~]# ssh server
Last login: Wed Feb 3 06:16:08 2021
[root@server ~]#
```

b. SSH from server to tester1

ssh root@tester1

```
[root@server ~]# ssh root@tester1
Last login: Wed Feb 3 06:14:52 2021
[root@tester1 ~]#
```

- 6. You should be able to use **ssh** command without password.
- 7. To use putty to connect any of the VM, you first have to convert the Private Key of that machine to PPK format. For example to connect to *tester1*, login to *server* VM where you have the private key which you have used to connect to *tester1*. Use cat command to copy the content of the *private key* as follows

cd

cat .ssh/id rsa

```
[root@server ~]# cat .ssh/id_rsa
-----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
MIIEowIBAAKCAQEAubTGDBl0AftFKTC6TiMith7jpoSr2mIAPhTDdPqTbDnfL7PA
plCDy4xBlVjiB/GZYGG0eSjs6dbaoiuykMoNB6i5ddqqlJ/QTcrz+YduFjpxkcm0
F+NZ9jUAZdinZRej4l0lEdYI3F7g9vWoZb+KVv3jklaJdW4vINULz9Sv337//pLF
69DmGFrEbHFQ4hsQEmjqkY7d/GU01HSdl05LDzDVC4JHHVORz2HimHj8gcUToC/T
4C6AwlWHZRFpHhDlgv+5NKoLbxCkTA+WZ8j0tV6BksgmYmYivxHAKK5SPIZJ3SHp
XZjEeqrvrIGC+zrm2X/soEaxq2m2ud4M8W/+AQIDAQABAoIBADLLlZhdpf0czTAV
GgChb68tB8vWYkNbpwFUIJpwp75knf2oRzv8s/ALLz6yDzFpDjDkyL6TSSo1EJxn
I3KjMak0p3XrF9mLVSjSKKXK03xtA/+CiBFUqJjFqpQxDKiELNmP7MHSL55HfXVP
```

8. Now select the entire Key from "---- BEGIN" to end and past it in a notepad file. If you are not able to paste it, then you have to enable Bidirectional Clipboard on your Virtual Box (Devices -> Shared Clipboard -> Bidirectional). This is possible only for server VM.

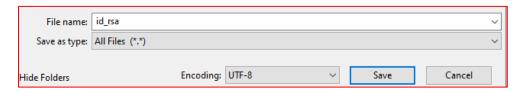
```
*Untitled - Notepad

File Edit Format View Help

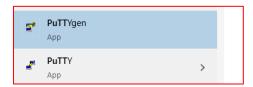
----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY----

MIIEpAIBAAKCAQEA7c++2ps2r8kG6YBkbz1yA/Tv6itSAJ1JJmV4tG0aGqiY51AT
GxZFIW1gzGowOczgEn5epjk6hH/esokuENgF2d3pQ/bJEdk52fHu3OC4wJ3WI4dF
HAnFpQhk0XInYAnA5C8WZ+LIeX0e1Txpp2y1/pwNikuN4B1X1tWoAaEpIAyQ96Jj
nTu3OqZcerzKQ2qPPNmXhzprtwZlYGbxndnNsTqdQos+qRqI7DTF0fVd8dNtQYyp
1Dh6JPa3J5autW2/RTsuciU23gNcPJUMiMOeW+W0d8oJat9/VSq/dXthpz041jpW
3ZhsqQPMAW2EnA07kb8PpQTe1h53LI+XJAAxjQIDAQABAoIBAQDdT95v1s7X3J9A
IqpVE7vNjt7O8C3KPNzkjL4+OuJ2OLzCaXa+WIVRTHcvBQuIXu+QhmYTD2Mz98QK
JrvmFQOs82WoSDxrDdtWx13i1IdbSggE3Fgmdbmnkh4xBKk8KReHw4J4f4bN+PD+
xNAWbYcZQaUgNJv+F9e1KPTHP3IETaI2vcINId8qPuFNvEewsSWqB0cEhjwhd8kE
apXT0Jd9K06EPKj4nwmuiNfIQH8HWQfFf7j6xGVv5H91k7RYOTr9LV9xEY6r1dX2
```

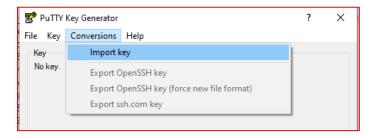
9. Save this File in your windows machine.



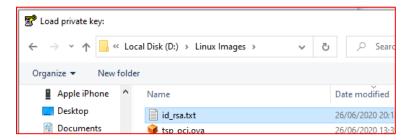
10. Start Puttygen Program to convert the Private key to PPK format.



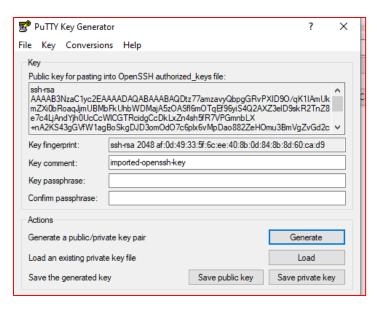
11. Open Conversions -> Import Key



12. Select the text file you saved earlier



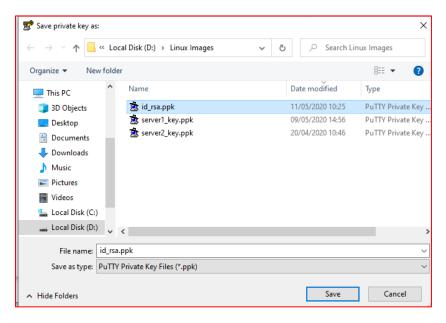
13. It will import the Private Key to Puttygen



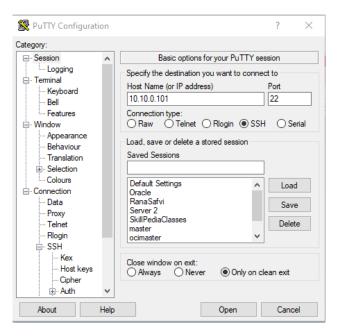
14. Click on **Save Private Key** and Confirm the **Puttygen** waring on saving this key without passphrase.



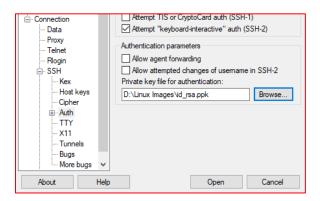
15. Specify a location and accept the default name. Save the PPK format Key on your Host machine.



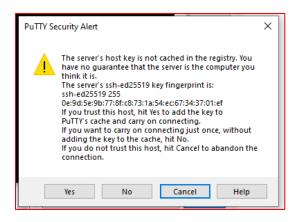
16. The Key you have converted is the private key of your *server*. You have coped the corresponding public key to *tester1* VM. Hence you can now use this PPK format key to connect to your *tester1* VM. Launch Putty from your windows machine. Enter the IP address of *tester1*.



17. Expand *SSH* under *Connection* from Left part of the window and select *Auth*. Now on the right part of the window, *browse* to the PPK format Key on your system



18. Click on *Open* to Connect. You will see a Security alert. Click on *YES* to accept.



19. Enter the user name "root" and press enter key.

```
root@tester1:~

login as: root
Authenticating with public key "imported-openssh-key"
Last login: Wed Feb 3 06:20:39 2021 from server
[root@tester1 ~]#
```

20. You are now logged into the *tester1* from putty using Key based authentication.

Troubleshooting tip - Ensure that you have *PermitRootLogin Yes* in the file /etc/ssh/sshd_config

```
#LoginGraceTime 2m

PermitRootLogin yes

#StrictModes yes

#MaxAuthTries 6

#MaxSessions 10
```

Repeat all the above steps as "oracle" user also so that you have key based authentication enabled for both users.