

Session 18. Kubernetes Cluster on Oracle Infrastructure

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Objectives



- Containers and Container Orchestration
- Orchestration systems and Kubernetes
- Oracle Container Engine for Kubernetes
- Setting up the Kubernetes Cluster in OCI
- Installing Kubernetes Dashboard
- Exploring your Cluster



Key Containers / Orchestration Use Cases



	Container Use Cases	Orchestration Use Cases
Development	Developer productivity; Consistent appstacks in Dev, Test & Production	Auto deploys to accelerate application release cadence
CI/CD/DevOps (Cont. Integ)	Containerized dependencies; Container registries;	Rolling updates and reversals
Operations	Standardized environments for dev, testing and operations	Resilient, self-healing systems; High Availability; Elastic Scalability
Refactor Legacy Apps	Refactor from N-tier to portable containerized applications	Run distributed, stateful apps on scale-out infrastructure
Migrate to Cloud	Move entire appstacks and see them run identically in the cloud	Cloud bursting; Reduce infrastructure costs by avoiding over-provisioning



Docker and Kubernetes



Docker Containers

- Popular, easy to use tooling targeting developer productivity
- De-facto standard container runtime and image format
- Used for developer on-boarding and 1st generation application management

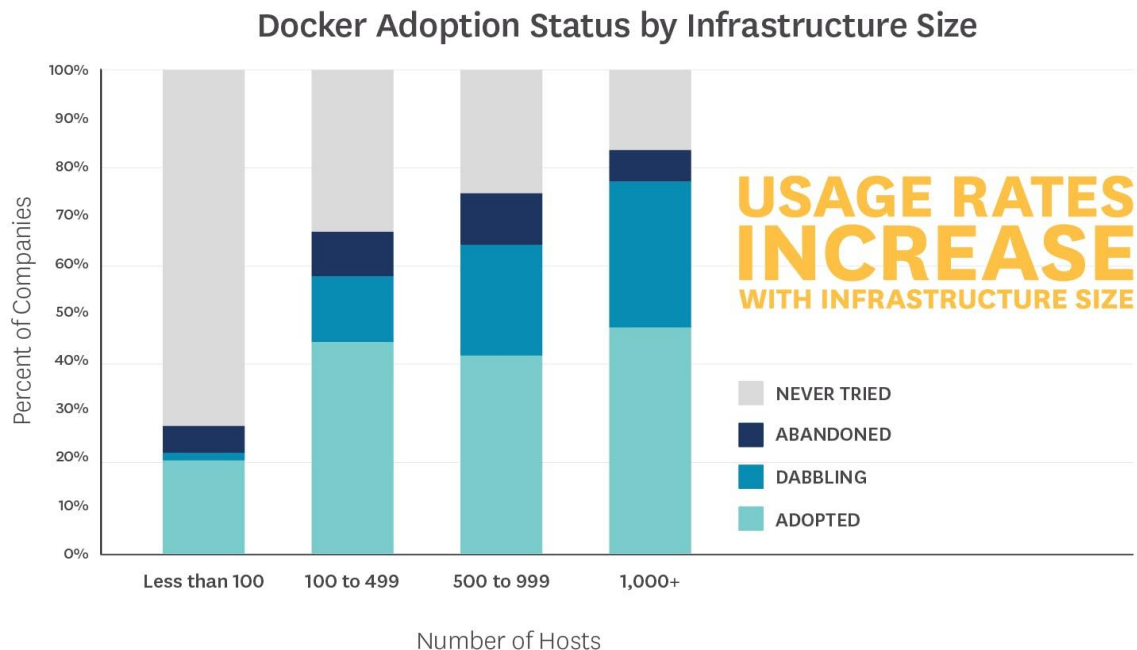
• Kubernetes Orchestration

- Production grade container management targeting DevOps and operations, with widespread adoption
- Complex but powerful toolset supporting cloud scale applications
- Rich operations feature set, autoscaling, rolling upgrades, stateful apps and more.



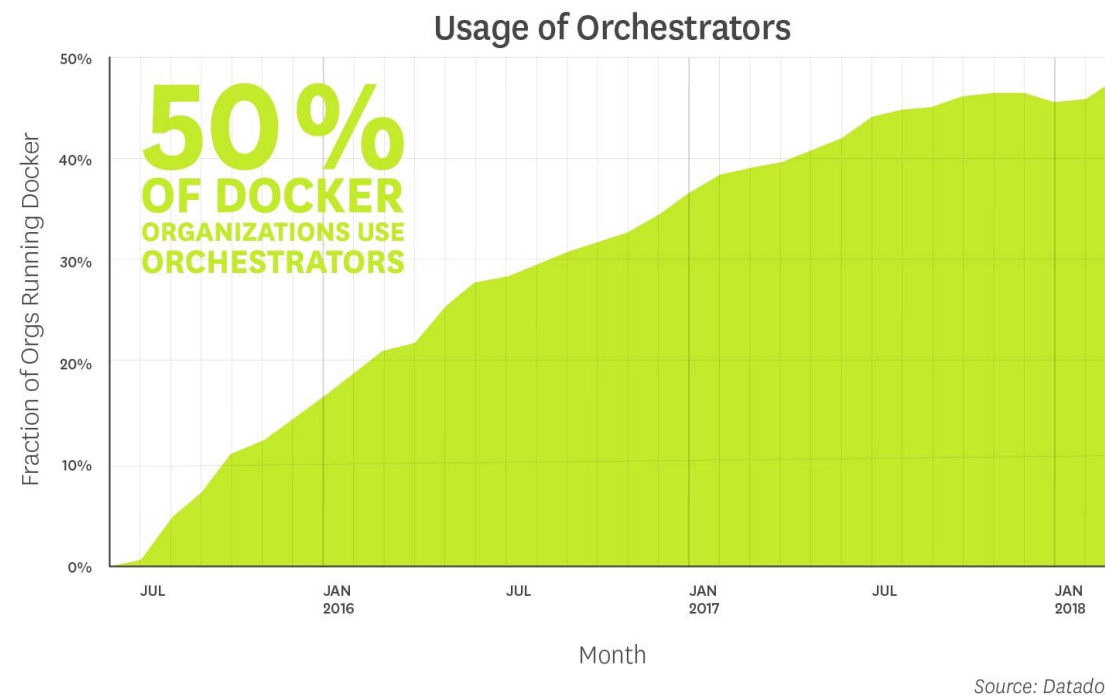
Docker & Kubernetes Lead the Market

Containers (Docker)



- 60% of enterprise companies (500+ hosts) use Docker
- 40% of all the hosts at these companies run Docker

• Orchestration (Kubernetes)



- 50% of Docker users also use orchestrators
- 80% of these orchestration users prefer Kubernetes



Container Orchestration & Containers as a Service (CaaS)



- Multi-container apps
- Scheduling
- Service Discovery
- Maintaining Desired State



- Orchestration as a service
- Hosted Container Runtime
- Minimize operational overhead

Kubernetes Cluster



What is It?

- Managed Kubernetes container service to deploy and run your own container based apps
- Tooling to create, scale, manage & control your own standard Kubernetes clusters instantly

What Problems Does it Solve?

- Complex, costly and time consuming build & maintain environments
- Hard to integrate Kubernetes with a registry and build process for container lifecycle management
- Difficult to manage and control team access to production clusters

Key Benefits

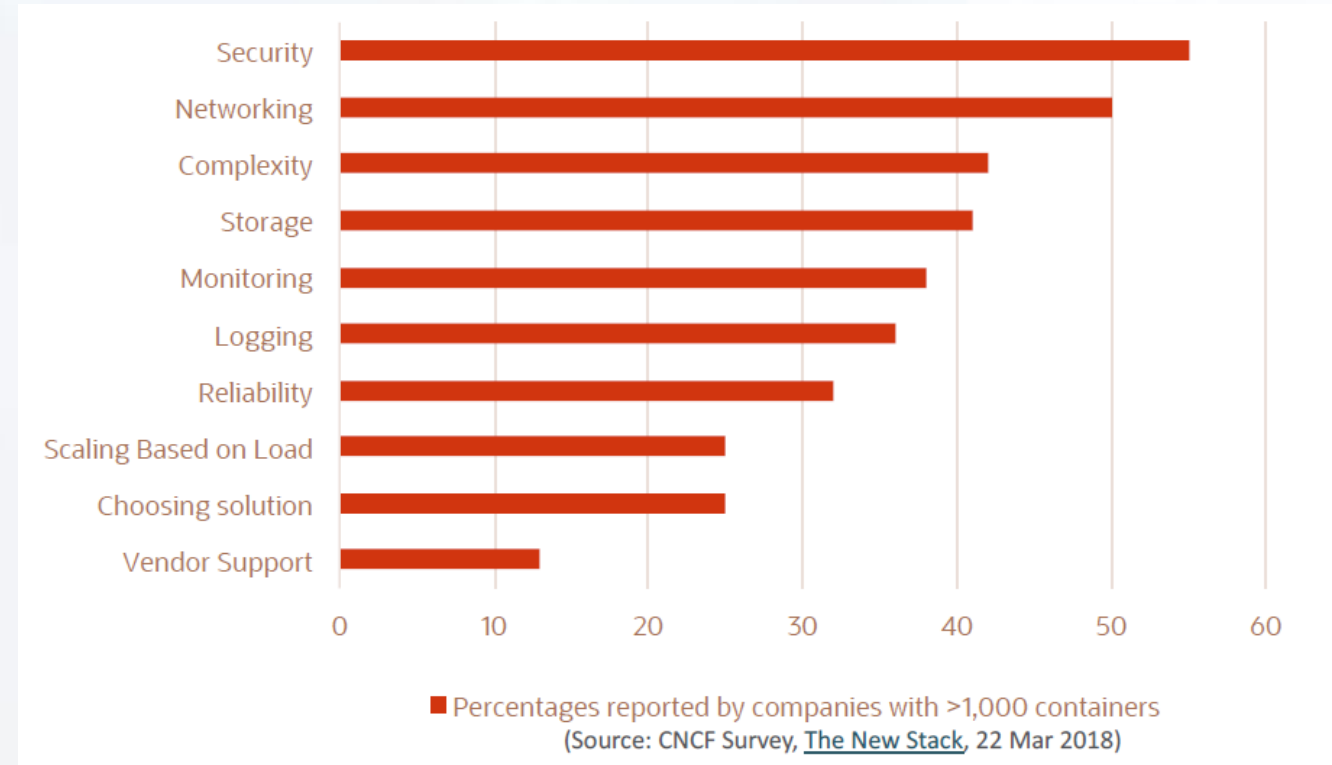
- Enables developers to get started and deploy containers quickly. Gives visibility and control for Kubernetes management.
- Combines production grade container orchestration of open Kubernetes, with control, security, IAM, and high predictable performance of Oracle's next generation cloud infrastructure



Kubernetes Challenges

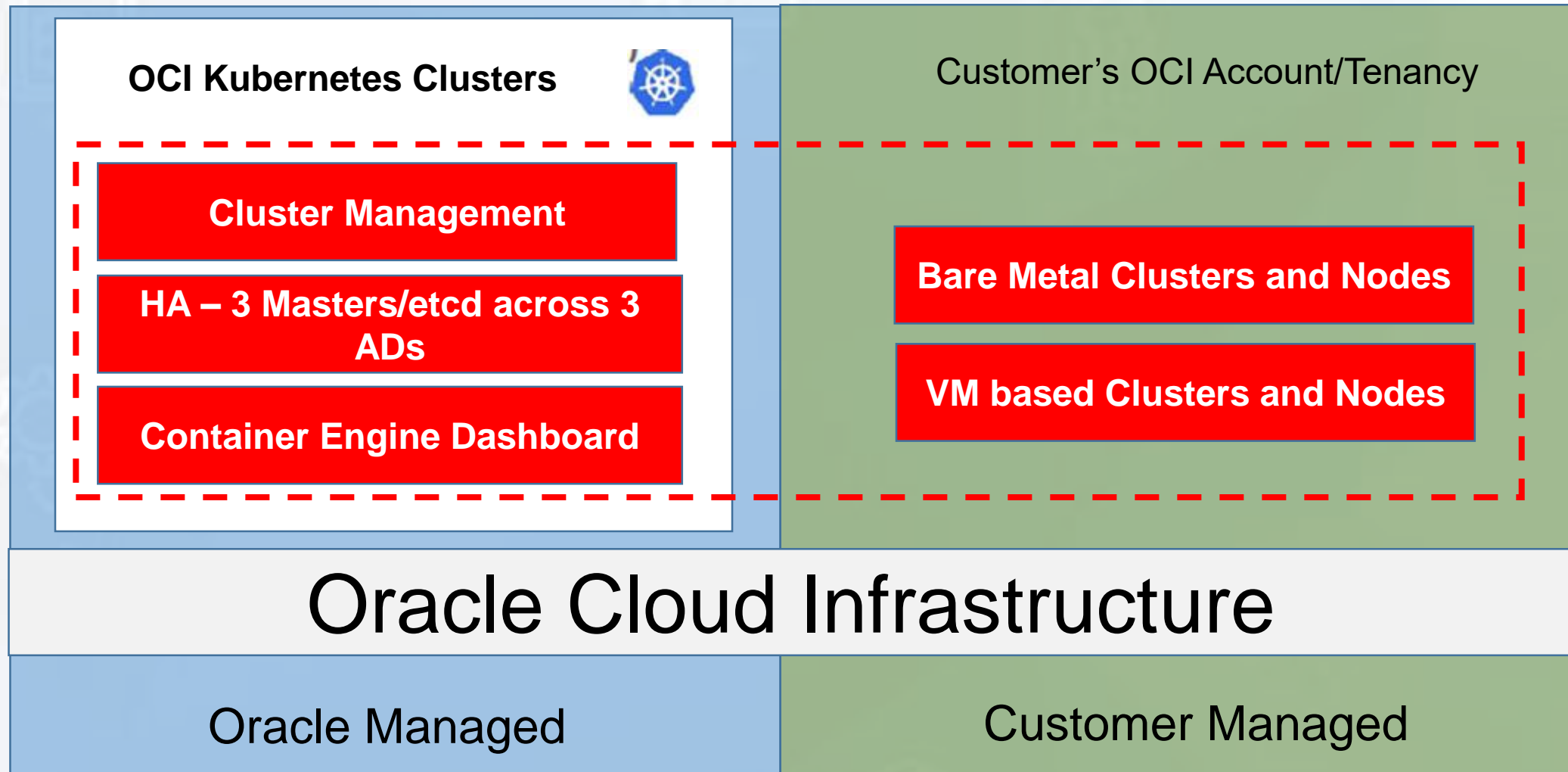


- Managing Kubernetes Infrastructure, upgrading, security
- Container networking & persistent storage
- Managing Teams & Access
- CI/CD Integration, automated testing, conditional release



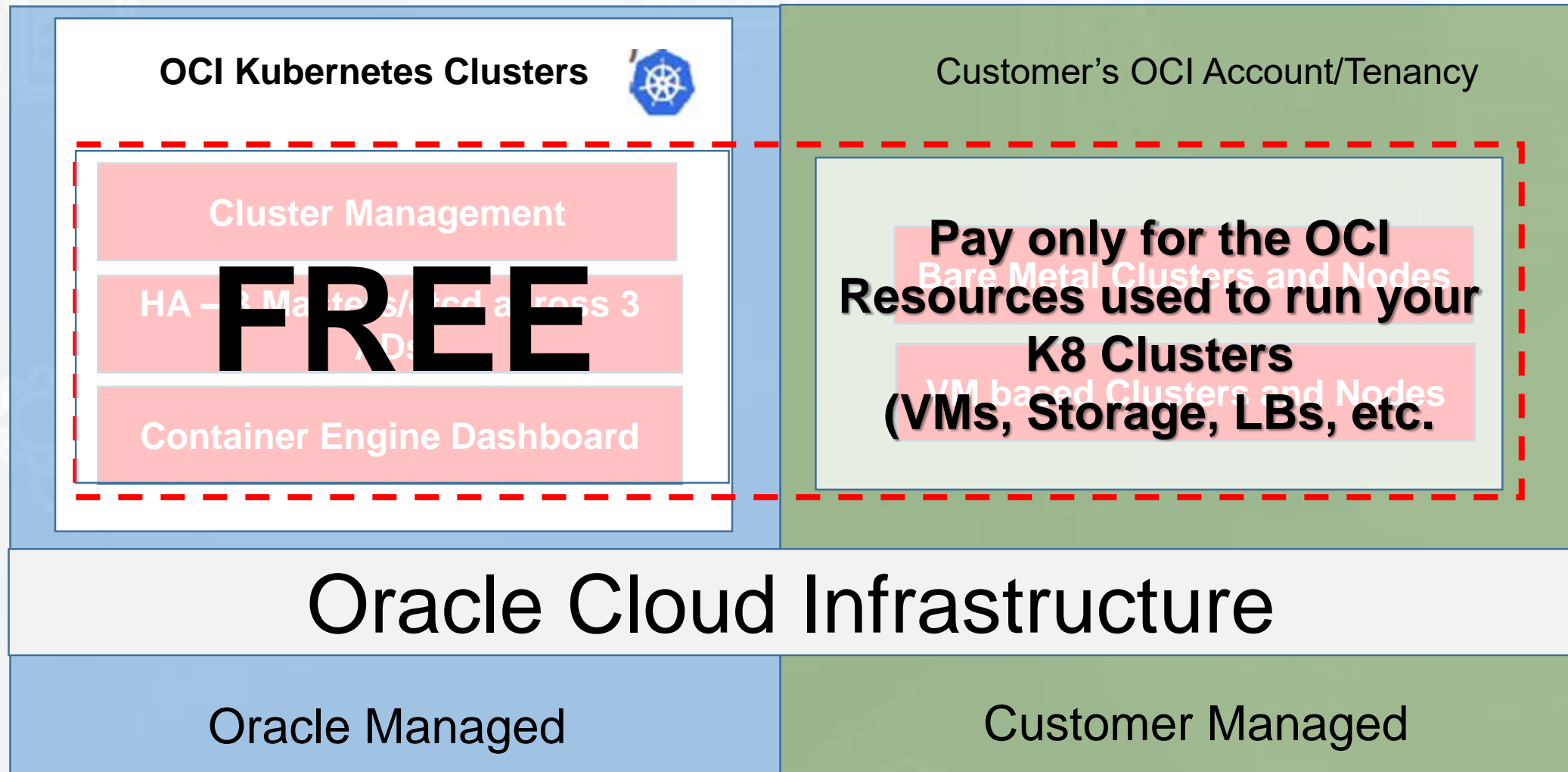


Working with Kubernetes Clusters on OCI





Working with Kubernetes Clusters





OCI Kubernetes Clusters



- Container Native
- Developer Friendly
- Enterprise Ready



Container Native



- **Standard Docker & Kubernetes**

- Deploy standard & open upstream Docker and Kubernetes versions for compatibility across environments

- **Registry Integration**

- Full Docker v2 compatible private registry to store and manage images

- **Container Engine**

- Deploy and operate containers and clusters

- **Full integration to cloud networking and storage**

- Leverage the enterprise class networking, load balancing and persistent storage of Oracle Cloud Infrastructure



Developer Friendly



- Streamlined Workflow
 - Use your favorite CI to push containers to the registry, then Kubernetes to deploy to clusters and manage operations
- Full REST API
 - Automate the workflow, create and scale clusters through full REST API
- Open Standards
 - Docker Based Runtime
 - Worker Node SSH Access
 - Standard Kubernetes



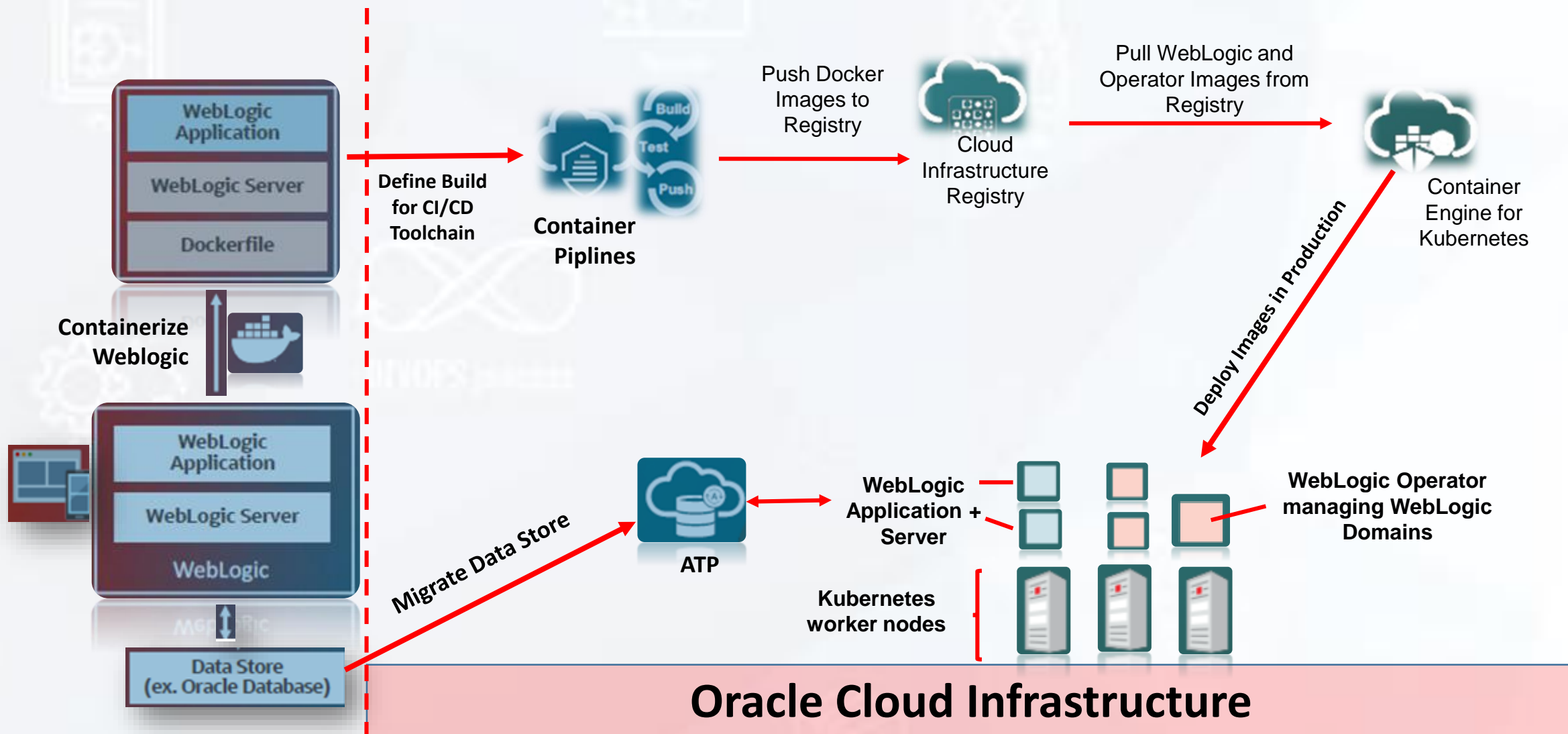
Enterprise Ready



- **Simplified Cluster Operations**
 - Fully managed, highly available registry, master nodes and control plane
 - One-click Quick Create for secure Private Worker Nodes/Subnets
- **Full Bare Metal Performance and Highly Available IaaS**
 - Combine Kubernetes with bare metal shapes for raw performance
 - Deploy Kubernetes clusters across multiple Availability Domains for resilient applications
- **Team Based Access Controls**
 - Control team access and permissions to clusters

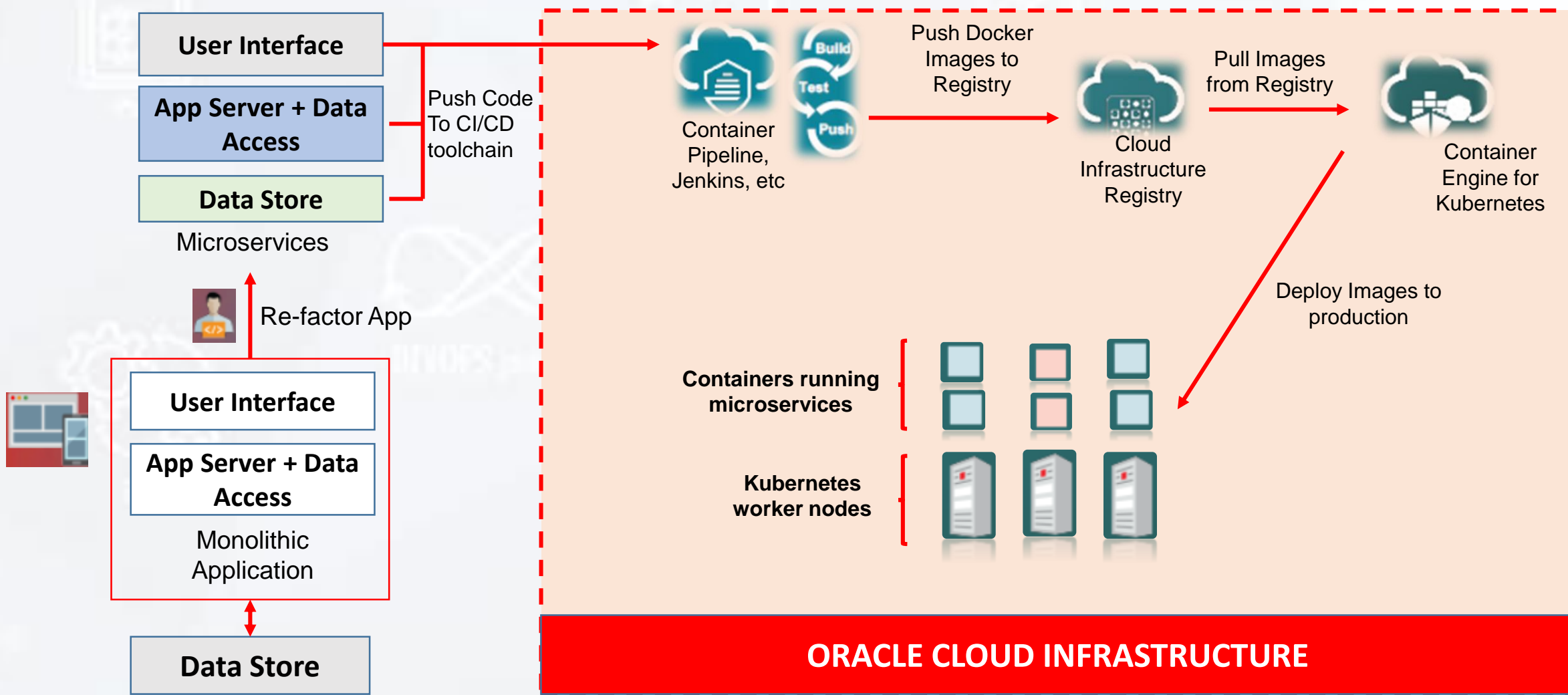


Containers Use Case: Lift & Shift WebLogic Application





Containers Use Case: Refactor an Existing Application





Creating Kubernetes Cluster in OCI



Pre-requisites for creating a K8s Cluster via Quickstart

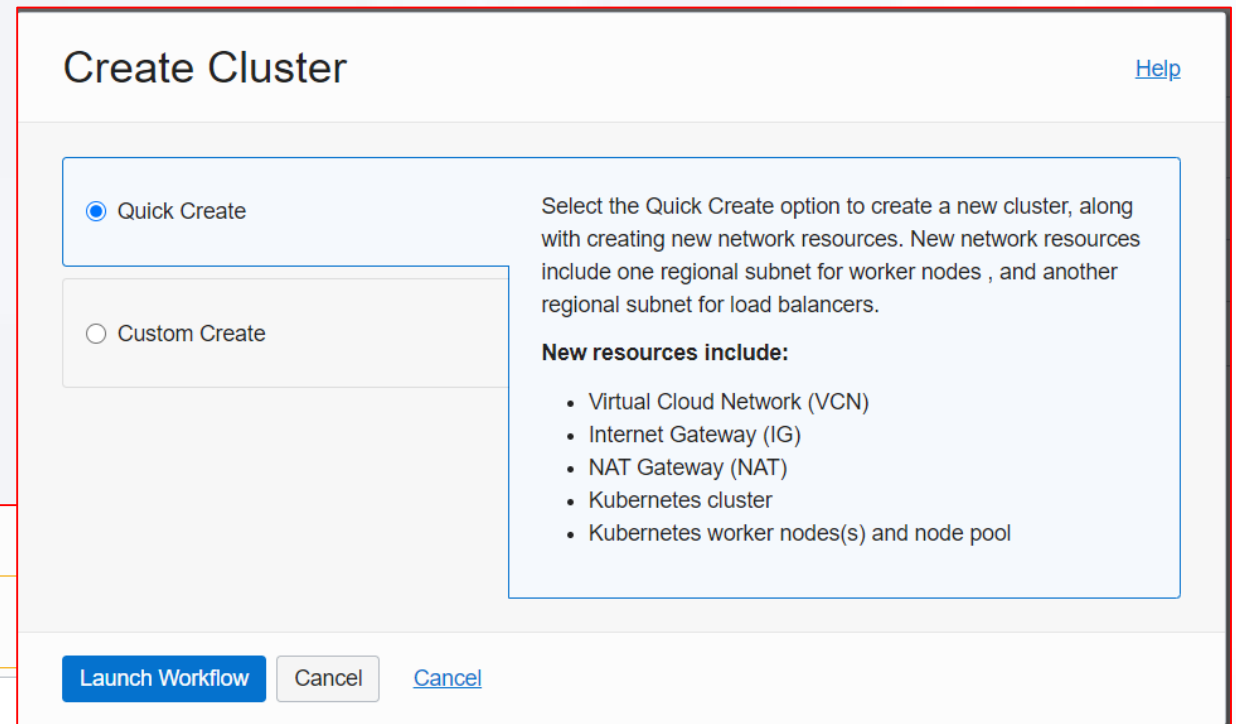
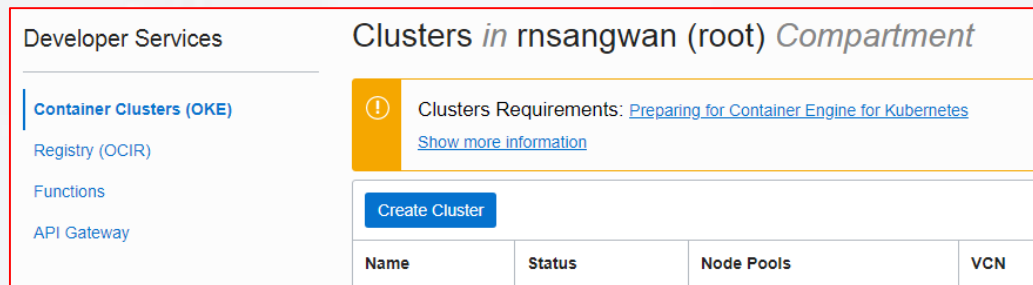
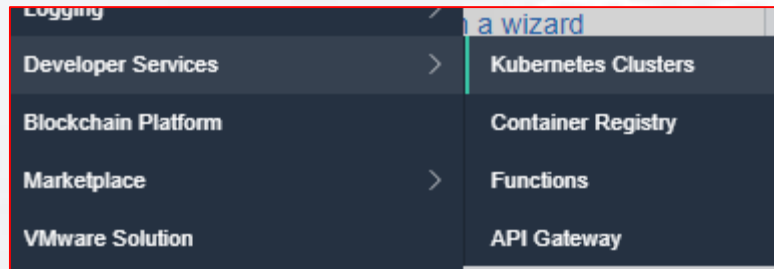
- Monthly Credits have limit of 3 clusters per OCI region with 1000 nodes in a cluster and Pay-as-you-go or Promo accounts have a limit for One Cluster.
- Must also have compute Instance Quota (Required) – to launch k8s worker nodes in an AD or across ADs for HA
- Required Policy in the root compartment of your tenancy
allow service OKE to manage all-resources in tenancy
- User must be either part of the Admin group or a group to which a policy grants the appropriate Container Engine for Kubernetes permissions.
- Policies can be created for users which are not part of the admin group. Eg.
allow group dev-team to manage cluster-family in tenancy



OKE Quickstart – 1/3



- Navigate to Menu -> Developer Services -> **Kubernetes Clusters**
- -> Create Cluster





OKE Quickstart – 2/3



The version of Kubernetes to run on the master nodes and worker nodes of the cluster. Either accept the default version or select a version of your choice. Amongst other things, the Kubernetes version you select determines the default set of admission controllers that are turned on in the created cluster

Name
tsp-cluster1

Compartment
theskillpedia (root)

Kubernetes Version ⓘ
v1.18.10

Choose Visibility Type

Private
The Kubernetes worker nodes that are created will be hosted in private subnet(s) ✓

Public
The Kubernetes worker nodes that are created will be hosted in public subnet(s)

Shape ⓘ
VM.Standard2.2

Number of nodes ⓘ
3

☐ Specify a custom boot volume size
[Volume performance](#) varies with volume size. Default boot volume size: 46.6 GB



OKE Quickstart – 3/3



Creating cluster and associated network resources [Close](#)

Create Virtual Cloud Network

The Virtual Cloud Network was created: [oke-vcn-quick-cluster1-35e2650af](#)

Create Internet Gateway

The Internet Gateway was created: [oke-igw-quick-cluster1-35e2650af](#)

Create NAT Gateway

The NAT Gateway was created: [oke-ngw-quick-cluster1-35e2650af](#)

Create Route Tables

The Route Table was created: [oke-lb-routetable-cluster1-35e2650af](#)
The Route Table was created: [oke-wkr-routetable-cluster1-35e2650af](#)

Create Security Lists

The Security List was created: [oke-lb-seclist-quick-cluster1-35e2650af](#)
The Security List was created: [oke-wkr-seclist-quick-cluster1-35e2650af](#)

Create Subnets


Subnet was created: [oke-svclbsubnet-quick-cluster1-35e2650af-regional](#)
Subnet was created: [oke-subnet-quick-cluster1-35e2650af-regional](#)

Create Cluster

Requesting Cluster: [cluster1](#)

Create Node Pool

Requesting Node Pool: [pool1](#)

 Cluster and associated network resources created.

[Close](#)



Thank You