

1. Translation to the Relational Model

[users] : {[username: varchar, email: varchar, join_date: date]}

[viewers] : {[vid: (users), watchtime: time]}

[creators] : {[cid: (users), total_views: int]}

[channels] : {[id: int, name: varchar, owner: (creators)]}

[comments] : {[id: int, text: varchar, poster: (viewers), video: (videos), timestamp: datetime]}

[videos] : {[id: int, title: varchar, description: varchar, duration: time, views: int, creator: (creators), editing_software: varchar]}

[subscribe] : {[viewer: (viewers), channel: (channels)]}

Big Data Engineering: Assignment 2

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1

Translation into Relational Algebra

Subproblem 1

Translate the following colloquial queries into relational algebra expressions

1.

$\pi_{name, genre}((books) \bowtie_{author=aid} ((persons) \bowtie_{pid=aid} (\sigma_{salary > 2000}(authors))))$

2.

$\pi_{name}(\sigma_{birth_year < 2000}((persons) \bowtie_{pid=mid} (\pi_{mid}(members) - \pi_{member}(borrow))))$

3.

$R_1 := \pi_{rb, rl}((borrow) \bowtie_{member=rm, library=rl, book=rb} (\rho_{rm \leftarrow member, rl \leftarrow library, rb \leftarrow book}(reserve)))$

$R_2 := \sigma_{genre='fantasy'}((books) \bowtie_{bid=rb} (\sigma_{borrow_date=reservation_date}(R)))$

$\pi_{city}((libraries) \bowtie_{lid=rl} (R_2))$

4.

$M := ((member) \bowtie_{favorite_author=name} (\sigma_{name='StephenKing'}(persons) \bowtie_{pid=aid} (authors)))$

$L := \sigma_{city, pid}((libraries) \bowtie_{lid=library} ((membership) \bowtie_{member=mid} (M)))$

$\gamma_{city, avg(*)}(L)$

Subproblem 2

Translate the following relational algebra queries into natural language

1.

This query gives back all birth years where someone has have/has borrowed at least 6 books in a library in Saarbrücken.

2.

It gives back the birth year of the youngest person that have/has borrowed or reserved a book by an author whose salary is above 2500.

Aufgabe 3:

2. $R_1 := \sigma_{\text{role} = \text{'James Bond'}}(\text{roles})$

$\sqrt{\text{count}(*)(\text{movies})} - \sqrt{\text{count}(*)(\sigma_{\text{count}(*)(\sigma_{\text{actor_id}, \text{count}(*)(R_1)})})}$

1. $R_2 :=$ Filme mit Denzel Washington die nach 1999 rausgekommen sind.

$\Pi_{\text{name}}(\sigma_{\text{rank} = \min(\text{rank})}(R_2))$