

# SMCIPMITool User's Guide

The information in this USER'S GUIDE has been carefully reviewed and is believed to be accurate. The vendor assumes no responsibility for any inaccuracies that may be contained in this document, makes no commitment to update or to keep current the information in this manual, or to notify any person organization of the updates. Please Note: For the most up-to-date version of this manual, please see our web site at www.supermicro.com.

Super Micro Computer, Inc. ("Supermicro") reserves the right to make changes to the product described in this manual at any time and without notice. This product, including software, if any, and documentation may not, in whole or in part, be copied, photocopied, reproduced, translated or reduced to any medium or machine without prior written consent.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTY ON SOFTWARE AND MATERIALS. You expressly acknowledge and agree that use of the Software and Materials is at your sole risk. FURTHERMORE, SUPER MICRO COMPUTER INC. DOES NOT WARRANT OR MAKE ANY REPRESENTATIONS REGARDING THE USE OR THE RESULTS OF THE USE OF THE SOFTWARE OR MATERIALS IN TERMS OF THEIR CORRECTNESS, ACCURACY, RELIABILITY, OR OTHERWISE. NO ORAL OR WRITTEN INFORMATION OR ADVICE GIVEN BY SUPER MICRO COMPUTER INC. OR SUPER MICRO COMPUTER INC. AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE SHALL CREATE A WARRANTY OR IN ANY WAY INCREASE THE SCOPE OF THIS WARRANTY. SHOULD THE SOFTWARE AND/OR MATERIALS PROVE DEFECTIVE, YOU (AND NOT SUPER MICRO COMPUTER INC. OR A SUPER MICRO COMPUTER INC. AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE) ASSUME THE ENTIRE COST OF ALL NECESSARY SERVICE, REPAIR, OR CORRECTION.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE, SHALL SUPER MICRO COMPUTER INC. BE LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES THAT RESULT FROM THE USE OR INABILITY TO USE THE SOFTWARE OR MATERIALS, EVEN IF SUPER MICRO COMPUTER INC. OR A SUPER MICRO COMPUTER INC. AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

Any disputes arising between manufacturer and customer shall be governed by the laws of Santa Clara County in the State of California, USA. The State of California, County of Santa Clara shall be the exclusive venue for the resolution of any such disputes. Super Micro's total liability for all claims will not exceed the price paid for the hardware product.

Manual Revision 2.27.3

Release Date: September 20, 2023

Unless you request and receive written permission from Super Micro Computer, Inc., you may not copy any part of this document.

Information in this document is subject to change without notice. Other products and companies referred to herein are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective companies or mark holders.

Copyright © 2023 by Super Micro Computer, Inc. All rights reserved. Printed in the United States of America

# **Document Revision History**

<b>Date</b> 2016/01/20	Revision 2.15.0	<b>Description</b> Added document revision history. Revised the usage of the nyme command.
2017/03/20	2.18.0	Added the diagnostic command sets.  Modified the description of the diag command.
2017/09/29	2.19.0	Added the watchdog commands.  Modified the description of the nm status command.
2018/01/29	2.20.0	Added descriptions of the new nm commands in these sections. nm20: from 3.30.36 to3.30.42. nm30: from 3.31.8 to 3.31.10. nm40: 3.32. Added port service command sets.
2018/10/29	2.21.0	Added the mdr commands. Added the file mode.
2019/05/23	2.22.0	Added the mel commands. Added Appendix G. Added IPv6 commands.
2019/12/02	2.23.0	Added the ipmi fd command.
2019/05/18	2.24.0	Added the ipmi flashrf command. Added the system lockdown command. Added the mel list command. Added the ipmi oem smbpbi commands. Added the redfish version command. Added the redfish firmwareInventory command sets. Added the ipmi uflash command.
2021/1/4	2.25.0	Added the bios rfupdate command.  Added the redfish accountService commands.  Added the redfish eventService alert commands.  Added the redfish ipctrl commands.  Added the hwinfo command.  Added the microblade cmmdiag command.  Added Appendix H.

<b>Date</b> 2021/11/03	Revision 2.26.0	Description Added the redfish hostInterface command. Added the redfish accountService lockoutSetting command. Added the redfish kvm command. Added the redfish bpnCPLDUpdate command. Revised Appendix C.
2022/07/06	2.27.0	Added the redfish biosConfiguration command. Added the bladePosition command. Added the stunnel properties to Appendix E. Added the bladeCMMInfo command. Removed the dr command. Removed Appendix B.3.
2023/02/14	2.27.2	Added the Bios postCode command
2023/09/20	2.27.3	Removed TAS exec command Added microblade node systemModel command Revised the usage of the ipv6 dns command

# **Contents**

Do	ocume	nt Rev	/isio	n History	3
Co	ontents	S			
1	Intr	oduct	ion .		
	1.1	Purp	ose.		
	1.2	Third	l Par	ty Software	25
	1.2.	.1	JLir	ie	25
	1.3	Docu	ımeı	nt Conventi	ons25
2	2 U	sage a	nd I	Mode	26
	2.1	Com	man	d Line Mod	le26
	2.2	Shell	Мо	de	26
	2.2.	.1	Key	board Sho	tcuts27
	2.2.	.2	pro	mpt	27
	2.2.	.3	ch .		28
	2.2.	.4	hos	trun	28
		2.2.4	.1	hostrun fo	und29
		2.2.4	.2	hostrun cu	ırr29
	2.2.	.5	sea	rch	29
	2.3	File N	Mod	e	29
3	Con	nman	ds		31
	3.1	Supe	rbla	de	33
	3.1.	.1	sup	erblade sys	stem33
	3.1.	.2	sup	erblade fai	lure34
	3.1.	.3	sup	erblade bla	nde34
		3.1.3	3.1	superblade	e blade status34
		3.1.3	3.2	superblade	e blade index(es)34
			3.1	1.3.2.1	superblade blade slade number> status
			3.2	1.3.2.2	superblade blade superblade blade superblade superblade blade superblade superblade blade superblade superb
			3.2	1.3.2.3	superblade blade <blade number=""> kvm</blade>
			3.2	1.3.2.4	superblade blade <blade number=""> uid</blade>
			3.1	1.3.2.5	superblade blade <blade number=""> sensor</blade>

	3.	1.3.2.6	superblade blade <blade number=""> bmc</blade>	. 36
	3.	1.3.2.7	superblade blade <blade number=""> config</blade>	. 37
	3.	1.3.2.8	superblade blade <blade number=""> sn</blade>	. 37
3.1.4	su	perblade gig	gabit	. 37
3	3.1.4.1	superblad	e gigabit status	. 37
3	3.1.4.2	superblad	e gigabit index(es)	. 37
	3.	1.4.2.1	superblade gigabit <gigabit number=""> status</gigabit>	. 37
	3.	1.4.2.2	superblade gigabit <gigabit number=""> power</gigabit>	. 38
	3.	1.4.2.3	superblade gigabit <gigabit number=""> wss</gigabit>	. 38
	3.	1.4.2.4	superblade gigabit <gigabit number=""> ipmode</gigabit>	. 39
	3.	1.4.2.5	superblade gigabit <gigabit number=""> boot</gigabit>	. 39
	3.	1.4.2.6	superblade gigabit <gigabit number=""> restart</gigabit>	. 39
	3.	1.4.2.7	superblade gigabit <gigabit number=""> fd</gigabit>	. 39
3.1.5	su	perblade po	wer	. 39
3	3.1.5.1	superblad	e power status	. 39
3	3.1.5.2	superblad	e power index(es)	. 39
	3.	1.5.2.1	superblade power <power number=""> status</power>	. 39
	3.	1.5.2.2	superblade power <power number=""> power</power>	. 40
	3.	1.5.2.3	superblade power <power number=""> fan</power>	. 40
3.1.6	sup	perblade ib		. 40
3	3.1.6.1	superblad	e ib status	. 40
3	3.1.6.2	superblad	e ib index(es)	. 40
	3.	1.6.2.1	superblade ib <ib number=""> status</ib>	. 40
	3.	1.6.2.2	superblade ib <ib number=""> power</ib>	. 40
3.1.7	sup	oerblade cm	nm	.41
3	3.1.7.1	superblad	e cmm status	.41
3	3.1.7.2	superblad	e cmm index	.41
	3.	1.7.2.1	superblade cmm <cmm number=""> status</cmm>	.41
	3.	1.7.2.2	superblade cmm <cmm number=""> dtime</cmm>	.41
	3.	1.7.2.3	superblade cmm <cmm number=""> ntp</cmm>	.41
	3.	1.7.2.4	superblade cmm <cmm number=""> reset</cmm>	. 42

			3.1.7.2.5	superblade cmm <cmm number=""> flash</cmm>	42
			3.1.7.2.6	superblade cmm <cmm number=""> ver</cmm>	42
			3.1.7.2.7	superblade cmm <cmm number=""> ip</cmm>	42
			3.1.7.2.8	superblade cmm <cmm number=""> mac</cmm>	42
			3.1.7.2.9	superblade cmm <cmm number=""> gateway</cmm>	42
			3.1.7.2.10	superblade cmm <cmm number=""> netmask</cmm>	42
			3.1.7.2.11	superblade cmm <cmm number=""> syncfg</cmm>	43
			3.1.7.2.12	superblade cmm <cmm number=""> opmode</cmm>	43
			3.1.7.2.13	superblade cmm <cmm number=""> dhcp</cmm>	43
	3.1.	8	superblade list	ttemp	43
	3.1.	9	superblade all	sel <filename></filename>	44
	3.1.	10	superblade bu	rst	44
		3.1.10	0.1 superblade	e burst allUp	44
		3.1.10	0.2 superblade	e burst allDown	44
		3.1.10	0.3 superblade	e burst allRest	44
		3.1.10	0.4 superblade	e burst allSoftshutdown	44
		3.1.10	0.5 superblade	e burst up	45
		3.1.10	0.6 superblade	e burst down	45
		3.1.10	0.7 superblade	e burst reset	45
		3.1.10	0.8 superblade	e burst softshutdown	45
	3.1.	11	superblade list	tmac	45
	3.1.	12	superblade mi	dPlaneFRU	45
	3.1.	13	superblade po	werconsumption	45
3.	2	micro	blade		45
	3.2.	1	microblade su	mmary	46
	3.2.	2	microblade no	de	46
		3.2.2	.1 microblad	e node sensor	46
		3.2.2	.2 microblad	e node status	46
		3.2.2	.3 microblad	e node power	46
		3.2.2	.4 microblad	e node ip	47
		3.2.2	.5 microblad	e node dhcp	47

	3.2.2.6	microblade node mac	47
	3.2.2.7	microblade node mask	47
	3.2.2.8	microblade node gateway	47
	3.2.2.9	microblade node name	47
	3.2.2.10	microblade node uid	48
	3.2.2.11	microblade node systemModel	48
3.2.	.3 mi	croblade switch	48
	3.2.3.1	microblade switch info	48
	3.2.3.2	microblade switch power	48
	3.2.3.3	microblade switch username	48
	3.2.3.4	microblade switch lan	48
	3.	2.3.4.1 microblade switch lan ip	48
	3.	2.3.4.2 microblade switch lan dhcp	49
	3.	2.3.4.3 microblade switch lan mask	49
	3.	2.3.4.4 microblade switch lan gateway	49
	3.2.3.5	microblade switch getTime	49
3.2.	4 mi	croblade psu	49
	3.2.4.1	microblade psu info	49
	3.2.4.2	microblade psu power	49
	3.2.4.3	microblade psu fanMode	50
	3.2.4.4	microblade psu fanSpeed	50
3.2.	5 mi	croblade fru	50
	3.2.5.1	microblade fru cmm	50
	3.2.5.2	microblade fru midplane	50
	3.2.5.3	microblade fru switch	51
	3.2.5.4	microblade fru psu	51
3.2.	6 mi	croblade powerConsumption	51
3.2.	7 mi	croblade cmmdiag	51
3.2.	.8 mi	croblade kvm	51
3.3	sel		52
3.3.	.1 sel	info	52

3.	3.2	sel list	52
3.	3.3	sel csv	52
3.	3.4	sel clear	52
3.	3.5	sel time	52
3.4	user.		53
3.	4.1	user add	53
3.	4.2	user list	53
3.	4.3	user delete	54
3.	4.4	user level	54
3.	4.5	user test	54
3.	4.6	user setpwd	54
3.	4.7	user enableType	54
3.5	vm		55
3.	5.1	vm status	55
3.	5.2	vm stop	55
3.	5.3	vm floppy	55
3.	5.4	vm iso	55
3.6	ipmi.		56
3.	6.1	ipmi sensor	56
3.	6.2	ipmi power	56
	3.6.2	.1 ipmi power status	57
	3.6.2	.2 ipmi power up	57
	3.6.2	2.3 ipmi power down	57
	3.6.2	.4 ipmi power softshutdown	57
	3.6.2	2.5 ipmi power reset	57
	3.6.2	2.6 ipmi power cycle	57
	3.6.2	2.7 ipmi power diag	57
	3.6.2	.8 ipmi power bootoption <index></index>	57
3.	6.3	ipmi acpi	58
3.	6.4	ipmi lan	58
	3.6.4	.1 ipmi lan ip	58

	3.6.4.2	ipmi lan	mac	58
	3.6.4.3	ipmi lan	gateway	58
	3.6.4.4	ipmi lan	netmask	58
	3.6.4.5	ipmi lan	snmp	59
	3.6.4.6	ipmi lan	snmpcomm	59
	3.6.4.7	ipmi lan	arp	59
	3.6.4.8	ipmi lan	dhcp	59
	3.6.4.9	ipmi lan	vlan	60
	3.6.4.10	ipmi lan	dns	60
	3.6.4.11	. ipmi lan	protocol	60
	3.6.4.12	! ipmi lan	ipv6	60
	3	.6.4.12.1	ipmi lan ipv6 list	60
	3	.6.4.12.2	ipmi lan ipv6 add	60
	3	.6.4.12.3	ipmi lan ipv6 clear	61
	3	.6.4.12.4	ipmi lan ipv6 mode	61
	3	.6.4.12.5	ipmi lan ipv6 autoconfig	61
	3	.6.4.12.6	ipmi lan ipv6 dns	61
	3	.6.4.12.7	ipmi lan ipv6 route	61
	3	.6.4.12.8	ipmi lan ipv6 duid	62
	3.6.4.13	ipmi lan	linkStatus	62
3.6.	5 ip	mi fru		62
3.6.	6 ip	mi fruw		62
3.6.	7 ipi	mi fruback	up	63
3.6.	8 ipi	mi fruresto	ore	63
3.6.	9 ipi	mi oem		63
	3.6.9.1	ipmi oen	n clrint	63
	3.6.9.2	ipmi oen	n id	63
	3.6.9.3	ipmi oen	n uid	63
	3.6.9.4	ipmi oen	n gethostname	64
	3.6.9.5	ipmi oen	n sethostname	64
	3.6.9.6	ipmi oen	n backup	64

3.6.9.7	ipmi oem i	restore	64
3.6.9.8	ipmi oem l	packupcfg	64
3.6.9.9	ipmi oem ı	restorecfg	64
3.6.9.10	ipmi oem į	getcfg	65
3.6.9.11	ipmi oem s	setcfg	65
3.6.9.12	ipmi oem l	ani	65
3.6.9.13	ipmi oem i	nac	66
3.6.9.14	ipmi oem	x10cfg ldap	66
3.6.9.15	ipmi oem	x10cfg ad	67
3.6.9.16	ipmi oem	x10cfg radius	67
3.6.9.17	ipmi oem	x10cfg ipCtrl	68
3.6.9.18	ipmi oem	x10cfg ntp	68
3.0	6.9.18.1	ipmi oem x10cfg ntp list	68
3.0	6.9.18.2	ipmi oem x10cfg ntp state	68
3.0	6.9.18.3	ipmi oem x10cfg ntp timezone	69
3.0	6.9.18.4	ipmi oem x10cfg ntp daylight	69
3.0	6.9.18.5	ipmi oem x10cfg ntp primary	69
3.0	6.9.18.6	ipmi oem x10cfg ntp secondary	69
3.6.9.19	ipmi oem	x10cfg ddns	69
3.0	6.9.19.1	ipmi oem x10cfg ddns list	69
3.0	6.9.19.2	ipmi oem x10cfg ddns state	69
3.0	6.9.19.3	ipmi oem x10cfg ddns server	70
3.0	6.9.19.4	ipmi oem x10cfg ddns hostname	70
3.0	6.9.19.5	ipmi oem x10cfg ddns tsig	70
3.6.9.20	ipmi oem	x10cfg alert	70
3.0	6.9.20.1	ipmi oem x10cfg alert list	70
3.0	6.9.20.2	ipmi oem x10cfg alert level	72
3.0	6.9.20.3	ipmi oem x10cfg alert ip	72
3.0	6.9.20.4	ipmi oem x10cfg alert mail	72
3.0	6.9.20.5	ipmi oem x10cfg alert subject	72
3.0	6.9.20.6	ipmi oem x10cfg alert message	72

	3.6.9.20.7	ipmi oem x10cfg alert send	.72
	3.6.9.20.8	ipmi oem x10cfg alert delete	.72
3.6.9	0.21 ipmi oem	x10cfg smtp	.73
	3.6.9.21.1	ipmi oem x10cfg smtp list	.73
	3.6.9.21.2	ipmi oem x10cfg smtp ssl	.73
	3.6.9.21.3	ipmi oem x10cfg smtp server	.73
	3.6.9.21.4	ipmi oem x10cfg smtp port	.73
	3.6.9.21.5	ipmi oem x10cfg smtp user	.73
	3.6.9.21.6	ipmi oem x10cfg smtp password	.74
	3.6.9.21.7	ipmi oem x10cfg smtp sender	.74
3.6.9	0.22 ipmi oem	x10cfg dns	.74
3.6.9	0.23 ipmi oem	portService	.74
	3.6.9.23.1	ipmi oem portService http	.74
	3.6.9.23.2	ipmi oem portService https	.74
	3.6.9.23.3	ipmi oem portService ikvm	. 75
	3.6.9.23.4	ipmi oem portService ssh	. 75
	3.6.9.23.5	ipmi oem portService wsman	. 75
	3.6.9.23.6	ipmi oem portService ssl	. 75
3.6.9	0.24 ipmi oem	smbpbi	. 75
	3.6.9.24.1	ipmi oem smbpbi gpu info	. 75
3.6.9	0.25 ipmi oem	systemlockdown	. 75
3.6.9	0.26 ipmi oem	summary	. 75
3.6.10	ipmi reset		.76
3.6.11	ipmi fd		.76
3.6.12	ipmi ver		.76
3.6.13	ipmi flash		.76
3.6.14	ipmi flashw		.76
3.6.15	ipmi flashr		.77
3.6.16	ipmi flashh		.77
3.6.17	ipmi flasha		.77
3.6.18	ipmi flashrf		.78

3.6.	19	ipmi uflash	. 79
3.6.	20	ipmi raw	. 79
3.6.	21	ipmi ipmb	. 79
3.6.	22	ipmi ipmboem	. 80
3.6.	23	ipmi delsdr	. 80
3.6.	24	ipmi session info	.80
3.6.	25	ipmi fan	.80
3.6.	26	ipmi watchdog	. 80
	3.6.2	6.1 ipmi watchdog reset	.81
	3.6.2	6.2 ipmi watchdog set	.81
	3.6.2	6.3 ipmi watchdog info	.81
3.7	ver		.81
3.8	list		.81
3.9	find.		.82
3.10	foun	d	.82
3.10	0.1	found list	.82
3.10	0.2	found clear	.82
3.10	0.3	found copy <index1> [index2] []</index1>	.82
3.10	0.4	found copyall	.82
3.10	0.5	found saveAs <filename></filename>	.82
3.10	0.6	found refresh	.83
3.11	exec		.83
3.12	host		.83
3.12	2.1	host list	.83
3.12	2.2	host reload	.83
3.12	2.3	host add	.83
3.12	2.4	host remove	. 84
3.12	2.5	host rename	. 84
3.12	2.6	host group	. 84
	3.12.	6.1 host group add	. 84
	3.12.	6.2 host group remove	.84

	3.12.	6.3 host group rename	.84
	3.12.	6.4 host group addhost	84
	3.12.	6.5 host group removehost	.84
3.13	hostr	un	.85
3.14	sc		.85
3.15	pmin	fo	.85
3.16	psfru	info	.86
3.17	psbb	pInfo	.86
3.18	mdr .		.87
3.18	3.1	mdr smbios	.87
	3.18.	1.1 mdr smbios biosInfo	.87
	3.18.	1.2 mdr smbios systemInfo	.87
	3.18.	1.3 mdr smbios baseboardInfo	.87
	3.18.	1.4 mdr smbios processorInfo	.87
	3.18.	1.5 mdr smbios memoryDevice	.87
	3.18.	1.6 mdr smbios nicInfo	.87
	3.18.	1.7 mdr smbios pcieInfo	.87
	3.18.	1.8 mdr smbios storageDevice	.87
	3.18.	1.9 mdr smbios all	.88
	3.18.	1.10mdr smbios summary	.88
	3.18.	1.11mdr smbios dumpToFile	.88
3.18	3.2	mdr cableID	. 88
3.19	bbp		.89
3.19	9.1	bbp status	. 89
3.19	9.2	bbp autoDischarge	. 89
3.19	9.3	bbp discharge	.89
2.19	9.4	bbp shutdown	.89
2.19	9.5	bbp shutdownTimeout	.90
3.20	nm		.90
3.20	0.1	nm detect	.90
3.20	0.2	nm ver	.90

	.3	nm cap	90
3.20	.4	nm status	91
3.20	.5	nm stat	91
3.20	.6	nm resetStat	91
3.20	.7	nm pstate	91
3.20	.8	nm tstate	91
3.20	.9	nm ptstate	92
3.20	.10	nm alert	92
3.20	.11	nm scanPolicy	92
3.20	.12	nm addPolicy	93
3.20	.13	nm delPolicy	93
3.20	.14	nm getPolicy	93
3.20	.15	nm enablePolicy	93
3.20	.16	nm disablePolicy	93
3.21	kvmv	va	94
3.22	ukvm	1	94
3.23	vmw	a	94
3.23	.1	vmwa dev1list	94
3.23	.2	vmwa dev1drv	
3.23			95
	.3	vmwa dev1stop	
3.23			95
3.23 3.23	.4	vmwa dev1stop	95 95
	.5	vmwa dev1stop vmwa dev2list	95 95 95
3.23	.4 .5 .6	vmwa dev1stop	95 95 95
3.23 3.23	.4 .5 .6	vmwa dev1stop  vmwa dev2list  vmwa dev2cd  vmwa dev2iso	95 95 95 95
3.23 3.23 3.23	.4 .5 .6 .7	vmwa dev1stop  vmwa dev2list  vmwa dev2cd  vmwa dev2iso  vmwa dev2stop	9595959595
3.23 3.23 3.23 3.23 3.23	.4 .5 .6 .7 .8	vmwa dev1stop  vmwa dev2list  vmwa dev2cd  vmwa dev2iso  vmwa dev2stop  vmwa status	9595959595
3.23 3.23 3.23 3.23 3.23	.4 .5 .6 .7 .8 .9 dcmi	vmwa dev1stop  vmwa dev2list  vmwa dev2cd  vmwa dev2iso  vmwa dev2stop  vmwa status  vmwa log	959595959595
3.23 3.23 3.23 3.23 3.23	.4 .5 .6 .7 .8 .9 dcmi	vmwa dev2list vmwa dev2cd vmwa dev2iso vmwa dev2stop vmwa status. vmwa log	959595959595
3.23 3.23 3.23 3.23 3.24 3.24	.4 .5 .6 .7 .8 .9 dcmi .1	vmwa dev2list vmwa dev2cd vmwa dev2iso vmwa dev2stop vmwa status vmwa log.  dcmi find	95959595959595

3.25	kvm .		97
3.26	kvmv	v	97
3.27	kvmv	vx9	97
3.28	vmw		98
3.2	8.1	vmw floppy	98
3.2	8.2	vmw usbkey	98
3.2	8.3	vmw iso	98
3.2	8.4	vmw cd	98
3.2	8.5	vmw stopFloppy	98
3.2	8.6	vmw stopUsbkey	98
3.2	8.7	vmw stopISO	99
3.2	8.8	vmw stopCD	99
3.2	8.9	vmw status	99
3.29	sol		100
3.2	9.1	sol activate	100
3.2	9.2	sol deactivate	100
3.2	9.3	sol window	100
3.2	9.4	sol key	101
3.2	9.5	bitrate	101
3.2	9.6	retryCount	101
3.2	9.7	retryInterval	101
3.30	nm20	<b>0</b>	101
3.3	0.1	nm20 nmSDR	102
3.3	0.2	nm20 selTime	102
3.3	0.3	nm20 deviceID	103
3.3	0.4	nm20 reset	103
3.3	0.5	nm20 reset2Default	103
3.3	0.6	nm20 updateMode	103
3.3	0.7	nm20 powerOff	103
3.3	0.8	nm20 selfTest	103
3.3	0.9	nm20 mode	103

3.30.10	nm20 listImagesInfo	. 103
3.30.11	nm20 oemGetPower	. 104
3.30.12	nm20 oemGetTemp	. 104
3.30.13	nm20 globalEnable	. 104
3.30.14	nm20 globalDisable	. 104
3.30.15	nm20 domainEnable	. 104
3.30.16	nm20 domainDisable	. 104
3.30.17	nm20 policyEnable	. 104
3.30.18	nm20 policyDisable	. 104
3.30.19	nm20 addPowerPolicy	. 105
3.30.20	nm20 getPolicy	. 105
3.30.21	nm20 delPolicy	. 105
3.30.22	nm20 scanPolicy	. 105
3.30.23	nm20 addPolicy	. 106
3.30.24	nm20 statistics	. 106
3.30.25	nm20 resetStatistics	. 107
3.30.26	nm20 cap	. 108
3.30.27	nm20 ver	. 108
3.30.28	nm20 alert	. 108
3.30.29	nm20 pstate	. 108
3.30.30	nm20 tstate	. 109
3.30.31	nm20 ptstate	. 109
3.30.32	nm20 cpuCore	. 109
3.30.33	nm20 totalPower	. 109
3.30.34	nm20 cpuMemTemp	. 109
3.30.35	nm20 hostCpuData	. 110
3.30.36	nm20 getAlertThreshold	. 110
3.30.37	nm20 setAlertThreshold	. 110
3.30.38	nm20 setPowerDrawRange	. 111
3.30.39	nm20 policySuspendPeriod	. 111
3.30	.39.1nm20 policySuspendPeriod get	. 111

	3	30.39.2nm20 policySuspendPeriod add	111
	3	.30.39.1nm20 policySuspendPeriod update	112
	3	.30.39.2nm20 policySuspendPeriod delete	113
	3	.30.39.3nm20 policySuspendPeriod clear	113
	3.30.4	0 nm20 dcmi	113
	3	30.40.1nm20 dcmi cap	113
	3	.30.40.2nm20 dcmi powerReading	114
	3	.30.40.3nm20 dcmi powerLimit	114
	3	.30.40.4nm20 dcmi powerLimitEnable	114
	3	.30.40.5nm20 dcmi powerLimitDisable	115
	3.30.4	1 nm20 sensor	116
	3.30.4	2 nm20 summary	117
3.	31 n	m30	118
	3.31.1	nm30 cupsCap	118
	3.31.2	nm30 cupsData	119
	3.31.3	nm30 cupsConfig	119
	3.31.4	nm30 cupsPolicy	120
	3.31.5	nm30 cupsCore	121
	3.31.6	nm30 cupsIO	121
	3.31.7	nm30 cupsMem	121
	3.31.8	nm30 setCupsPolicy	121
	3.31.9	nm30 cupsPolicyEnable	122
	3.31.1	0 nm30 cupsPolicyDisable	122
3.	32 n	m40	122
	3.32.1	nm40 setTurboSyncRatio	122
	3.32.2	nm40 getTurboSyncRatio	122
3.	33 h	dd	123
	3.33.1	hdd map	123
	3.33.2	hdd info	123
	3.33.3	hdd disk	124
	3.33.4	lmap	125

3.	33.5	linfo	125
3.	33.6	ldisk	125
3.34	bios .		125
3.	34.1	bios ver	125
3.	34.2	bios image	126
3.	34.3	bios update	126
3.	34.4	bios rfupdate	126
3.	34.5	bios setKey	127
3.	34.6	bios getMACs	127
3.	34.7	bios setKeys	128
3.	34.8	bios postCode	128
3.35	mg		128
3.	35.1	mg list	129
3.	35.2	mg save	129
3.	35.3	mg load	129
3.	35.4	mg default	129
3.	35.5	mg found	129
3.	35.6	mg sort	129
3.	35.7	mg clear	129
3.	35.8	mg refresh	129
3.36	foun	d	129
3.	36.1	found list	130
3.	36.2	found clear	130
3.	36.3	found copy	130
3.	36.4	found copyall	130
3.	36.5	found saveAs	130
3.	36.6	found refresh	130
3.37	task .		130
3.	37.1	task run	130
3.	37.2	task command	131
3.	37.3	task startTime	131

	3.37.4	task endTime	131
	3.37.5	task state	131
	3.37.6	task exitcode	131
	3.37.7	task message	131
	3.37.8	task remove	132
	3.37.9	task message2file	132
	3.37.10	task removeAll	132
	3.37.11	task getTaskIDs	132
	3.37.12	task status	132
	3.37.13	task limit	133
3	.38 tp		134
	3.38.1	tp info	134
	3.38.2	tp nodeID	134
	3.38.3	tp systemName	135
	3.38.4	tp systemPN	135
	3.38.5	tp systemSN	135
	3.38.6	tp chassisPN	135
	3.38.7	tp chassisSN	135
	3.38.8	tp backPlanePN	135
	3.38.9	tp backPlaneSN	135
	3.38.10	tp chassisLocation	135
	3.38.11	tp bpLocation	135
	3.38.12	tp bpnID	136
	3.38.13	tp bpnRevision	136
	3.38.14	tp nodePN	136
	3.38.15	tp nodeSN	136
	3.38.16	tp configID	136
3	.39 wsisc	<b>)</b>	.136
	3.39.1	wsiso status	.137
	3.39.2	wsiso mount	. 137
	3.39.3	wsiso umount	.137

3.40	tas		137
3.	40.1	tas info	137
3.	40.2	tas pause	139
3.	40.3	tas resume	139
3.	40.4	tas refresh	139
3.	40.5	tas clear	139
3.	40.6	tas period	139
3.41	nvme	9	140
3.	41.1	nvme list	140
3.	41.2	nvme info	140
3.	41.3	nvme rescan	141
3.	41.4	nvme insert	141
3.	41.5	nvme locate	141
3.	41.6	nvme stopLocate	141
3.	41.7	nvme remove	141
3.	41.8	nvme smartData	142
3.42	node	Key	142
3.	42.1	nodekey list	142
3.43	rsc		143
3.44	rko		143
3.45	diag .		144
3.	45.1	diag start	144
3.	45.2	diag download	145
3.	45.3	diag display	145
3.46	mel.		146
3.	46.1	mel list	146
3.	46.2	mel download	146
3.	46.3	mel clear	147
3.47	hwin	fo	147
3.48	blade	ePosition	147
3.49	blade	eCMMInfo	.147

3.50	cras	shDump		147
3.	50.1	crashDump go	enerate	147
3.	50.2	crashDump d	ownload	147
3.51	Red	fish		147
3.	51.1	redfish versio	on	148
3.	51.2	redfish accou	ntService	148
	3.51	1.2.1 redfish ac	countService ad	148
		3.51.2.1.1	redfish accountService ad status	148
		3.51.2.1.2	redfish accountService ad list	148
		3.51.2.1.3	redfish accountService ad addAddress	148
		3.51.2.1.4	redfish accountService ad deleteAddress	148
		3.51.2.1.5	redfish accountService ad addRole	148
		3.51.2.1.6	redfish accountService ad deleteRole	148
	3.51	1.2.2 redfish ac	countService Idap	149
		3.51.2.2.1	redfish accountService Idap info	149
		3.51.2.2.2	redfish accountService Idap status	149
		3.51.2.2.3	redfish accountService Idap username	149
		3.51.2.2.4	redfish accountService Idap group	149
		3.51.2.2.5	redfish accountService Idap addAddress	149
		3.51.2.2.6	redfish accountService Idap deleteAddress	149
		3.51.2.2.7	redfish accountService Idap addSearchBase	149
		3.51.2.2.8	redfish accountService Idap deleteSearchBase	149
		3.51.2.2.9	redfish accountService Idap addRole	149
		3.51.2.2.10	redfish accountService Idap deleteSearchBase	150
	3.51	1.2.3 redfish ac	countService radius	150
	3.51	1.2.4 redfish ac	ccountService lockoutSetting	150
3.	51.3	redfish event	Service	150
	3.51	1.3.1 redfish ev	ventService alert	150
		3.51.3.1.1	redfish eventService alert list	150
		3.51.3.1.2	redfish eventService alert setSNMPv1	151
		3.51.3.1.3	redfish eventService alert setSNMPv3	151

	3.51.3.1.4	redfish eventService alert setSMTP	151
	3.51.3.1.5	redfish eventService alert setRedfish	152
	3.51.3.1.6	redfish eventService alert delete	152
	3.51.3.1.7	redfish eventService alert sendTest	152
3.51	.3.2 redfish ev	entService smtp	152
	3.51.3.2.1	redfish eventService smtp list	152
	3.51.3.2.2	redfish eventService smtp server	152
	3.51.3.2.3	redfish eventService smtp port	152
	3.51.3.2.4	redfish eventService smtp protocol	152
	3.51.3.2.5	redfish eventService smtp authentication	153
	3.51.3.2.6	redfish eventService smtp user	153
	3.51.3.2.7	redfish eventService smtp password	153
	3.51.3.2.8	redfish eventService smtp sender	153
3.51	.3.3 redfish ev	entService snmp	153
	3.51.3.3.1	redfish eventService snmp status	153
	3.51.3.3.2	redfish eventService snmp list	153
	3.51.3.3.3	redfish eventService snmp snmpv2	154
	3.51.3.3.4	redfish eventService snmp snmpv3	155
3.51.4	redfish ipctrl		155
3.51	.4.1 Redfish ip	ctrl status	155
3.51	.4.2 Redfish ip	ctrl list	155
3.51	.4.3 Redfish ip	ctrl add	156
3.51	.4.4 Redfish ip	ctrl edit	156
3.51	.4.5 Redfish ip	ctrl delete	156
3.51.5	redfish firmwa	areInventory	156
3.51	.5.1 Redfish fir	mwareInventory info	156
3.51	.5.2 Redfish fir	mwareInventory install	156
3.51.6	redfish hostIn	terface status	157
3.51.7	redfish bpnCP	LDUpdate	157
3.51.8	redfish kvm		157
3.51.9	redfish biosCo	onfiguration	158

3.51.9.1 Redfish biosConfiguration get	158
3.51.9.2 Redfish biosConfiguration set	158
3.51.9.3 Redfish biosConfiguration menu	158
3.51.9.4 Redfish biosConfiguration list	159
3.51.9.5 Redfish biosConfiguration reset	159
3.51.9.6 Redfish biosConfiguration search	160
3.51.9.7 Redfish biosConfiguration save	160
3.51.9.8 Redfish biosConfiguration load	160
Appendix A Command Categories	161
Appendix B VM Command Examples	163
B.1 AMI IPMI Firmware	163
B.2 ATEN IPMI Firmware	165
Appendix C Trap Receiver	167
Appendix D Node Product Key Functions	172
Appendix E Stunnel Properties	173
Appendix F Exit Codes	174
Appendix G List of Supported BMCs	175
Appendix H SMC RAKP	176
Appendix I Third-Party Software	177
Appendix J Properties	178
Contacting Supermicro	179

# 1 Introduction

# 1.1 Purpose

IPMI (Intelligent Platform Management Interface) is a standard to allow a user to interface with a computer system to monitor the health of and manage the system.

The SMCIPMITool is a Supermicro utility that allows a user to interface with SuperBlade systems and IPMI devices via a CLI (Command Line Interface).

# 1.2 Third Party Software

### **1.2.1 JLine**

SMCIPMITool uses JLine for command history and tab-completion. JLine is a Java library used to handle console input and is similar in functionality to BSD editline and GNU readline. People familiar with the readline/editline capabilities for modern shells (such as bash and tcsh) will find most of the command editing features of JLine to be familiar.

Please refer to <a href="https://github.com/jline/jline2">https://github.com/jline/jline2</a> for more information.

## 1.3 Document Conventions

- The syntax of the CLI command is given in Courier New 11 bold.
- Elements in (<>) indicate the field required as input along with a CLI command, e.g.,

### < integer (100-1000)>.

- Elements in square brackets ([]) indicate optional fields for a command.
- Both " \* " and ", " may be used to specify the numbers for the blade/gigabit/power/ib index(es)
   commands, e.g.,

```
CMM> blade 1,2,3 status
CMM> gigabit * status
```

# 2 2 Usage and Mode

Three kinds of user modes are provided when you start the SMCIMPITool: Command Line Mode, Shell Mode and File Mode. Enter the OS console first before you select the mode.

## 2.1 Command Line Mode

In this mode, one command is entered and executed at a time. After the commands are executed, the SMCIPMITool is exited out. Usually, this mode is received for executing simple commands or batch script.

### Usage:

```
[java]
  java -jar SMCIPMITool.jar <IP> <username> <password> [commands ... ]
  [Windows]
  SMCIPMITool.exe <IP> <username> <password> [commands ... ]
  [Linux]
  SMCIPMITool <IP> <username> <password> [commands ... ]

* IP can be replaced by hostname if the DNS setting is correct.
  * Please note that it is better to use SMCIPMITool original bundle java or equivalent version if directly run with jar file.
```

### 2.2 Shell Mode

In this mode, you can run multiple commands on a managed server without exiting the SMCIPMITool, which allows you to have better management of group servers. The related information in the prompt is provided for your reference. When the IPMI devices send the SNMP, you will receive the trap information as well.

In shell mode, special characters "<" and ">" are both reserved for special uses. They cannot be typed in shell mode.

### Usage:

```
[java]
  java -jar SMCIPMITool.jar <IP> <username> <password> shell
  [Windows]
  SMCIPMITool.exe <IP> <username> <password> shell
  [Linux]
  SMCIPMITool <IP> <username> <password> shell

Example Output:

SMC IPMI Tool V2.1.2 (Build 120320) - Super Micro Computer, Inc.
  Press Ctrl+D or "exit" to exit
  Press "?" or "help" for help
  Press TAB for command completion
  Press UP and DOWN key for command history
```

```
Trap Receiver Started
Managed hosts loaded.
Found hosts loaded.
192.168.23.100 X9SCD (S0/G0,13w) 13:55 SIM(WA)>
```

- \* IP can be replaced by hostname if the DNS setting is correct.
- \* Please note that it is better to use SMCIPMITool original bundle java or equivalent version if directly run with jar file.

### 2.2.1 Keyboard Shortcuts

In the Shell Mode, hot keys allow you to have an ease of use.

Keys	Action
Up Arrow /Down Arrow	Displays the previously executed command
Ctrl + A	Moves the cursor to the previous command line
Ctrl + D	Exits from the SMCIPMITool prompt
Backspace/ Ctrl + H	Removes a single character
TAB	Completes a command without typing the full word
Left Arrow /Right Arrow	Traverses the current line

### **2.2.2** prompt

Use this command to configure the current status of managed system in prompt. The configuration will be permanently stored and recalled at the next startup.

Usage: prompt <type> <on|off>

### **Example Output:**

```
username <on|off> : show/hide username
ip <on|off> : show/hide IP address
mb <on|off> : show/hide Motherboard product Model
acpi <on|off> : show/hide ACPI status
power <on|off> : show/hide power watts
fwver <on|off> : show/hide BMC firmware ver
time <on|off> : show/hide Current time
all <on|off> : show/hide all information
* The change will be stored to config file
```

When you enter the Shell Mode after this, you will see the default prompt listings as follows:

```
ADMIN@192.168.23.92 X9DRW-6F (S0/G0,76w,v00.10) 14:13 SIM(X9)>
(A) (B) (C) (D) (E) (F) (G) (H)

(A) Username
(B) IP address
(C) Motherboard
(D) ACPI status
(E) Power consumption
(F) IPMI firmware version
(G) Current time
```

```
(H) IPMI firmware type
```

\* If the information is not shown even set the item on, That means SMCIPMITool cannot get correct data.

The prompt may appear differently depending on the type of firmware as follows:

Prompt in SMCIPMITool shell mode	IPMI Firmware Type
CMM>	Peppercon Firmware (KIRA) for Blade CMM
SIM(W)>	AMI Firmware for Nuvoton WPCM450 BMC
SIM(WA)>	ATEN Firmware for Nuvoton WPCM450 BMC
SIMBL(W)>	AMI Firmware for Nuvoton WPCM450 BMC on Blade SIMBL
SIMBL>	Peppercon Firmware (KIRA) for Blade SIMBL
SIM-IPMI>	Peppercon Firmware (KIRA) without KVM
SIM-KVM-IPMI>	Peppercon Firmware (KIRA) with KVM
SUPERO-IPMI>	OSA Firmware for Renesas 2167 BMC
SIM(X9)>	AMI Firmware for Renesas SH7757 BMC
ASPD_T>	ATEN ASPEED Firmware for early X10 MBs
MicroCMM>	MicroBlade CMM
MicroNode>	MicroBlade Node
SuperBlade>	SuperBlade Node
AST2400	ASPEED AST2400 BMC
AST2500	ASPEED AST2500 BMC
IPMI>	Others

### 2.2.3 ch

Specify an IP address and use this command to change the current managed server. The servers that have been accessed are automatically memorized. Next time when you start the SMCIMPITool and enter the Shell Mode, the servers will be recalled in the prompt. You can use the keys"<" or ">" to switch between the servers. Note this command is ONLY available when you are in the Shell Mode.

### Useage: ch

### **Example Output:**

### 2.2.4 hostrun

This is an IPMI command allowing you manage a group of servers. Two ways of running this command are as follows.

### 2.2.4.1 hostrun found

Run this command on all of the servers found by the find command. For details on the find command, please see <u>find</u>.

Usage: hostrun found <IPMI command>

### 2.2.4.2 hostrun curr

Run this command on all of the servers you manage with the **ch** command. For details on the ch command, please see <u>ch</u>.

Usage: hostrun curr <IPMI command>

### **2.2.5** search

The search function is built in all commands. The following three examples illustrate how this function works with the commands.

```
Usage: SIM(X9) > <Command> | <Key for search>
```

Example Output:

Search "FAN" from sensor list.

```
SIM(X9)>ipmi sr | FAN
                                                 600 RPM | 12550 RPM |
     (6) FAN1
                                         N/A |
     (7) FAN2
                                     1550 RPM |
                                                 600 RPM |
                                                            12550 RPM |
                                                 600 RPM | 12550 RPM |
     | (8) FAN3
                                         N/A |
                                                 600 RPM | 12550 RPM |
     (9) FAN4
                               N/A |
     | (10) FANA
                                                 600 RPM | 12550 RPM |
                               N/A |
                                                 600 RPM | 12550 RPM |
     | (11) FANB
                                         N/A |
```

## 2.3 File Mode

-c <command>

-i <ip>
-filemode <file>

In this mode, you can launch SMCIPMTool with hiding username and password in a file.

BMC IP

Usage:

```
[java]
java -jar SMCIPMITool.jar -filemode <file> -i <IP> -c <"commands ...">
[Windows]
SMCIPMITool.exe -filemode <file> -i <IP> -c <"commands ...">
[Linux]
SMCIPMITool -filemode <file> -i <IP> -c <"commands ...">
Note: In Linux system, please do not use whitespace at the beginning and end of the "commands"
Supported parameters description:
```

Operation command, ex: -c "ipmi power status"

Read username and password from file

ex: file.txt

username=ADMIN

password=ADMIN

 $^{\star}$  IP can be replaced by hostname if the DNS setting is correct

# 3 Commands

This section lists the commands available with SMCIPMITool. You must follow the usage protocol as described in the previous section.

### Command(s):

```
superblade
                                  SuperBlade blade management (13)
microblade
                                  MicroBlade & 8U/4U SuperBlade blade management (6)
ipmi
                                  IPMI device management (30)
                                  IPMI system event log (5)
sel
user
                                  IPMI user management (7)
                                  Node Management V1.5 (16)
nm
                                  Node Management V2.0/V3.0 (Romley platform or
nm20
later) (42)
                                  Node Management V3.0 (Grantley platform or later) (10)
nm30
nm40
                                  Node Management V4.0 (2)
dcmi
                                  DCMI Management (4)
bios
                                  BIOS update (9)
pminfo [<busId> <SlaAddr>]
                                  Power supply PMBus health
psfruinfo [<busId> <SlaAddr>]
                                  Power supply FRU health
psbbpInfo [<busId> <SlaAddr>]
                                  Battery Backup Power status
ver
                                  SMCIPMITool version
ch
                                  Change managed device in shell mode
list [keyword]
                                  List all or find available commands
                                  Execute commands from file
exec <file> [loop] [delay]
execm <file> [loop] [delay]
                                  Execute commands from file for TaskRun
find [<Start> <End> <netMask>]
                                  Find IPMI device from local or IP range
found
                                  found IPMI devices (6)
host
                                  Host management (6)
hostrun <host|group> <command>
                                  Run a command on host or group
                                  Manage group command (8)
trap
                                  IPMI SNMP Trap receiver management (11)
                                  Execute shell command
sc
                                  KVM launcher for all platform
ukvm
k vm
                                  SIM KVM console (graphic mode)
                                  SIM(W) KVM console (graphic mode)
kvmw
                                  SIM(WA) KVM console (graphic mode)
kvmwa
kvmwx9
                                  SIM(X9) KVM console (graphic mode)
                                  SIM Virtual Media Management (4)
vm
                                  SIM(W) Virtual Media
vmw
                                  SIM(WA) Virtual Media
vmwa
prompt <type> <on|off>
                                  Config information displayed on prompt
sol
                                  SOL Commands
                                  HDD status (6)
hdd
bbp
                                  Battery Backup Power Management (5)
                                  Background Task (13)
t.ask
                                  TwinPro MCU Information (19)
tp
wsiso
                                  Mount ISO file via Windows Share or SAMBA (for X9 and
later) (3)
                                  TAS settings (7)
tas
```

nvme NVMe (Non-Volatile Memory Express) (8)

Node Product Key (1) nodekey

rsc [filename.ext] iKVM remote screen capture (X9 or later) ext:png|jpg

rko [filepath] iKVM remote keyboard operation(X9 or later)

Super Diagnostics (3) diag

crashDump

mel Maintenance Event Log (For X11DP or later) (3) hwinfo Display processor and memory information

bladePosition Display current blade/node position in CMM

bladeCmmInfo Display cmm information which current blade located

Trouble shooting file download (2)

redfish redfish API management (9)

# 3.1 Superblade

This command set is supported on Super CMM modules (SBx-xxx-xxx), e.g., SBI-4129P-T3N and SBM-XEM-X10SM.

### 3.1.1 superblade system

The superblade system command displays the system information. In a blade system, this command will also list the modules present (CMM modules, Gb switches, power supplies, etc.).

Usage: superblade system

### Example Output:

Blade Module (20/20)									
	'			Error					
Blade 3 Blade 4 Blade 5 Blade 6 Blade 7 Blade 8 Blade 9 Blade 10 Blade 11 Blade 12 Blade 13 Blade 14 Blade 15 Blade 16	Off   Off   On   On   On   On   On   On   On   Off   Off   On   On	   Selected   			Yes     Yes	350W   350W   350W   350W   350W   350W   350W   400W   400W   350W   350W	B8DTT		
Blade 17   On									
GBSW 1   On   Not   61C/142F   2.48V   1.192V   L3 Switch									
Power Suppi	ly Module 	(4/4)							
 PS 1   On PS 2   On	   515   538	1   Fan 2   52   5152 31   5381 67   5152 28   7099	56C/1 54C/1	-   133F   2 129F   2	 2000   2000	 N/A N/A	   N/A     N/A	F/W     2.6   2.6   2.6   2.6	01 01 01
<pre>IBQDR Module (1/2) IBQDR   Power   Temp. Switch   Temp. Board   3.3V   1.25V</pre>									

### 3.1.2 superblade failure

Use this command to bring up a failure report, which lists all failure messages from the system.

Usage: superblade failure

### 3.1.3 superblade blade

Use this command to bring up the following subcommands.

### 3.1.3.1 superblade blade status

Use this commands to display the status of all the blade units in the system.

Usage: superblade blade status

### Example Output:

Blade Module (20/20)									
Blade	Power	KVM	UID	Error	I	BMC		Watt	MB
Blade 1	Off	Selected	-			Yes		350W	B8DTT
Blade 2	Off		-			Yes		400W	B8DTT
Blade 3	On		-			Yes		350W	B8DTT
Blade 4	On		-			Yes		350W	B8DTT
Blade 5	On		-			Yes		350W	B8DTT
Blade 6	On		1			Yes		350W	B8DTT
Blade 7	On		-			Yes		350W	B8DTT
Blade 8	On		-			Yes		350W	B8DTT
Blade 9	On		-			Yes		350W	B8DTT
Blade 10	On		-			Yes		350W	B8DTT
Blade 11	Off		- 1			Yes		400W	B8DTT
Blade 12	Off		- 1			Yes		400W	B8DTT
Blade 13	On		- 1			Yes		350W	B8DTT
Blade 14	On		-			Yes		350W	B8DTT
Blade 15	On		- 1			Yes		350W	B8DTT
Blade 16	On		- 1			Yes		350W	B8DTT
Blade 17	On		- 1			Yes		350W	B8DTT
Blade 18	On		1			Yes		350W	B8DTT
Blade 19	On		1			Yes		350W	B8DTT
Blade 20	On		-			Yes		350W	B8DTT

### 3.1.3.2 superblade blade index(es)

Use this command to check the individual blades in the system. The following subcommands may be used for a specific blade.

### 3.1.3.2.1 superblade blade <br/> status

Use this command to check the status of the specified individual blade.

Usage: superblade blade <blade number> status

### Example Output:

### 3.1.3.2.2 superblade blade <br/> blade number> power

Use this command to access power control for the specified individual blade.

Usage: superblade blade <blade number> power [up|down|softshutdown|reset]

### Example Output:

```
[ 1]:
Power: Off
Available commands: up, down, softshutdown, reset
[ 2]:
Power: Off
Available commands: up, down, softshutdown, reset
```

### 3.1.3.2.3 superblade blade <br/> blade number> kvm

Use this command to request a kvm switch for the specified individual blade.

Usage: superblade blade <blade number> kvm

### 3.1.3.2.4 superblade blade <br/> blade number> uid

Use this command to turn a UID LED on or off as specified on an individual blade.

Usage: superblade blade <blade number> uid <on/off>

### 3.1.3.2.5 superblade blade <br/> sensor

Use this command to to get sensor readings from the specified individual blade.

Usage: superblade blade <blade number> sensor

#### Example Output:

Status		Sensor		Reading	Low Limit	High Limit
			- 1			
OK		CPU1 Temp		1C/ 34F	N/A	80C/176F
OK		CPU2 Temp	- 1	1C/ 34F	N/A	80C/176F
OK		System Temp	- 1	64C/147F	N/A	80C/176F
OK	1	CPU1 Vcore	1	0.95 V	0.6 V	1.38 V I

OK	CPU2 Vcore		0.96 V	0.6 V	1.38 V
OK	CPU1 DIMM	1	1.53 V	1.2 V	1.65 V
OK	CPU2 DIMM		1.53 V	1.2 V	1.65 V
OK	1.5V	1	1.52 V	1.34 V	1.65 V
OK	3.3V	1	3.16 V	2.96 V	3.63 V
OK	3.3VSB		3.36 V	2.96 V	3.63 V
OK	5V		5.06 V	4.49 V	5.5 V
OK	12V		12.19 V	10.75 V	13.25 V
OK	VBAT		3.36 V	2.96 V	3.63 V

### 3.1.3.2.6 superblade blade <br/> blade number> bmc

Use this command to bring up the following subcommands related to the BMC of an individual blade.

### 3.1.3.2.6.1 superblade blade <blade number> ip

Use this command to get or set the IP address of a blade's BMC.

Usage (to get): superblade blade <blade number> bmc ip

Usage (to set): superblade blade <blade number> bmc ip <IP>

### 3.1.3.2.6.2 superblade blade <blade number> mac

Use this command to get or set the mac address of a blade's BMC.

Usage (to get): superblade blade <blade number> bmc mac

Usage (to set): superblade blade <blade number> bmc mac <mac\_address>

### 3.1.3.2.6.3 superblade blade <blade number> gateway

Use this command to get or set the gateway of a blade's BMC.

Usage (to get): superblade blade <blade number> bmc gateway

Usage (to set): superblade blade <br/>
<br/>
Superblade blade superblade blade <br/>
Superblade blade superblade superblade superblade blade superblade blade superblade s

### 3.1.3.2.6.4 superblade blade <br/> <br/> superblade blade <br/> blade number> netmask

Use this command to get or set the netmask of a blade's BMC.

Usage (to get): superblade blade <blade number> bmc netmask

Usage (to set): superblade blade <blade number> bmc netmask <netmask>

### 3.1.3.2.6.5 superblade blade <blade number> dhcp

Used to enable or disable the DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) of a blade.

Usage: superblade blade <blade number> bmc dhcp [enable|disable]

### 3.1.3.2.6.6 superblade blade <blade number> vlan

Use this command to to display or enable or disable an individual blade's VLAN (Virtual LAN).

Usage: superblade blade <br/> blade number> bmc vlan [<enable|disable> >tag>]

### 3.1.3.2.6.7 superblade blade <blade number> ipmb

Use this command to to send a raw IPMI command to an individual blade.

Usage: superblade blade <blade number> bmc ipmb <netFn> <cmd> [data]

### 3.1.3.2.7 superblade blade <br/> <br/>blade number> config

Use this command to to get the configuration of the specified individual blade.

Usage: superblade blade <blade number> config

### **Example Output:**

```
MB ID = BD
Pwr Consumption = 350W
CPUS = 2
CPU Type = undefined
CPU Speed = 2.90Ghz
DIMMS = 2
Memory Size = 8192MB
Memory Speed = 1066Mhz
LANS = 2
LAN 1 MAC = 00:30:48:F7:65:CD
```

### 3.1.3.2.8 superblade blade <blade number> sn

Use this command to to get the MB serial number of the specified individual blade.

Usage: superblade blade <blade number> sn

## 3.1.4 superblade gigabit

Use this command to bring up the following subcommands.

### 3.1.4.1 superblade gigabit status

Use this command to display the status of all the Gb switch units in the system.

Usage: superblade gigabit status

### Example Output:

```
Gigabit Switch Module (1/2)
------
GBSW | Power | Error | Init | Switch | 2.5V | 1.25V | Type
--- | ---- | ---- | ---- | ---- | ---- | ---- | GBSW 1 | On | Not | 61C/142F | 2.496V | 1.192V | L3 Switch
```

### 3.1.4.2 superblade gigabit index(es)

Use this command to bring up the following commands related to an individual Gb switch in the system as specified.

### 3.1.4.2.1 superblade gigabit < gigabit number > status

Use this command to display the status of the specified gigabit switch.

Usage: superblade gigabit <gigabit number> status

### Example Output:

GBSW		Power		Error		Init		Switch		2.5V		1.25V		Type	
															-
GBSW 1	1	On	ı		1	Not	1	61C/142F	1	2.48V	ı	1.192V	Ι	L3 Switch	

### 3.1.4.2.2 superblade gigabit < gigabit number > power

Use this command to to access power control for the specified gigabit switch.

Usage: superblade gigabit <gigabit number> power <on|off|reset>

### 3.1.4.2.3 superblade gigabit < gigabit number > wss

Use this command to access WSS (WebSuperSmart) web configuration control for the specified gigabit switch.

### 3.1.4.2.3.1 superblade gigabit < gigabit number > wss ip

Use this command to to get or set the IP address of a gigabit switch.

Usage: superblade gigabit <gigabit number> wss ip [IP]

### 3.1.4.2.3.2 superblade gigabit < gigabit number > wss netmask

Use this command to get or set the netmask address of a gigabit switch.

Usage: superblade gigabit <gigabit number> wss netmask [netmask]

### 3.1.4.2.3.3 superblade gigabit < gigabit number > wss gateway

Use this command to get or set the gateway address of a gigabit switch.

Usage: superblade gigabit <gigabit number> wss gateway [gateway]

### 3.1.4.2.3.4 superblade gigabit < gigabit number > wss datetime

Use this command to get or set the date and time settings for a gigabit switch.

Usage: superblade gigabit <gigabit number> wss datetime [datetime]

### Example Output:

12/29/2010 02:56:02

### 3.1.4.2.3.5 superblade gigabit < gigabit number > wss username

Use this command to get or set the WSS web username for a gigabit switch.

Usage: superblade gigabit < gigabit number> wss username [username]

### 3.1.4.2.3.6 superblade gigabit < gigabit number> wss password

Use this command to get or set the WSS web password for a gigabit switch.

Usage: superblade gigabit <gigabit number> wss password [password]

### 3.1.4.2.4 superblade gigabit < gigabit number > ipmode

Use this command to get or set the IP mode of the gigabit switch specified.

Usage (to get): superblade gigabit <gigabit number> ipmode

Usage (to set): superblade gigabit <gigabit number> ipmode <mode>

### 3.1.4.2.5 superblade gigabit < gigabit number > boot

Use this command to get or set the boot image of the gigabit switch specified.

Usage: superblade gigabit <gigabit number> boot [image number]

### 3.1.4.2.6 superblade gigabit < gigabit number > restart

Use this command to soft restart the gigabit switch specified.

Usage: superblade gigabit <gigabit number> restart

### 3.1.4.2.7 superblade gigabit < gigabit number > fd

Use this command to reset to factory default for the gigabit switch specified.

Usage: superblade gigabit <gigabit number> fd

## 3.1.5 superblade power

Use this command to bring up the following subcommands.

### 3.1.5.1 superblade power status

Use this command to display the status of all the power supply units in the blade system.

Usage: superblade power status

### Example Output:

Supply N	Mod 	lule (4	4/4	4) 										
Power		Fan 1	-	Fan 2		Temp.		Watts	1	DC	AC	F/W	1	FRU
On		5152		5152		57C/135F		2000		N/A	N/A	2.6		01
On		5381		5381		54C/129F		2000		N/A	N/A	2.6		01
On		5152		5152		58C/136F		2000		N/A	N/A	2.6		01
On		7328		7213		54C/129F		2000	-	N/A	N/A	2.6	-	01
	   Power 	Power         On     On	Power   Fan 1     On   5152   On   5381   On   5152	Power   Fan 1           On   5152     On   5381     On   5152	Power   Fan 1   Fan 2		Power   Fan 1   Fan 2   Temp.         On	Power   Fan 1   Fan 2   Temp.	Power   Fan 1   Fan 2   Temp.   Watts           On	Power   Fan 1   Fan 2   Temp.   Watts	Power   Fan 1   Fan 2   Temp.   Watts   DC	Power   Fan 1   Fan 2   Temp.   Watts   DC   AC	Power   Fan 1   Fan 2   Temp.   Watts   DC   AC   F/W                   On   5152   5152   57C/135F   2000   N/A   N/A   2.6   On   5381   5381   54C/129F   2000   N/A   N/A   2.6   On   5152   5152   58C/136F   2000   N/A   N/A   2.6	Power   Fan 1   Fan 2   Temp.   Watts   DC   AC   F/W

### 3.1.5.2 superblade power index(es)

Use this command to check the individual power supplies in the blade system and bring up the following commands:

### 3.1.5.2.1 superblade power <power number> status

Use this command to display the status of the specified power supply.

Usage: superblade power <power number> status

### Example Output:

PS	Power	Fan 1	Fan 2	Temp.	Watts	DC	AC   F/V	V   FRU
								-
PS 1 I	On	I 5152 I	5152 I	56C/133F	1 2000	I N/A I	N/A   2.6	5 I 01

### 3.1.5.2.2 superblade power <power number> power

Use this command to access power control for the specified power supply.

Usage: superblade power <power number> <on|off>

### 

Use this command to access fan control for the specified power supply.

Usage: superblade power <power number> fan <1|2|3|4|auto>

## 3.1.6 superblade ib

Use this command to command bring up the following subcommands.

### 3.1.6.1 superblade ib status

Use this command to display the status of all the InfiniBand switches in the system.

Usage: superblade ib status

### **Example Output:**

```
IBQDR Module (1/2)
-----
IBQDR | Power | Temp. Switch | Temp. Board | 3.3V | 1.25V
---- | ---- | ----- | ----- | ---- | ---- |
IBQDR 1 | On | 57C/135F | 56C/133F | 3.24V | 1.18V
```

### 3.1.6.2 superblade ib index(es)

Use this command to check the individual InfiniBand switches in the system and bring up the following subcommands.

### 3.1.6.2.1 superblade ib <ib number> status

Use this command to display the status of the specified InfiniBand switch.

Usage: superblade ib <ib number> status

## Example Output:

IB	Power	Init	VVDD	3.3V Aux	1.2V	1.8V	3.3V	Temp.
IB 1	Off	OK	1.92V	2.85V	0.78V	1.48V	2.85V	0C/32F

## 3.1.6.2.2 superblade ib <ib number> power

Use this command to access power control for the specified InfiniBand switch.

Usage: superblade ib <ib number> power <on|off|reset>

## 3.1.7 superblade cmm

Use this command to bring up the following subcommands.

### 3.1.7.1 superblade cmm status

Use this command to display the status of all the CMMs in the system.

Usage: superblade cmm status

### **Example Output:**

```
CMM Module(1/2)
------

CMM | M/S | Status
--- | --- | -----

CMM 1 | Master | OK

CMM 1 is being managed now

CMM IP address:
------

CMM 1 IP: 172.31.100.235
```

### 3.1.7.2 superblade cmm index

Use this command to check the individual CMMs in the system and bring up the following subcommands.

### 3.1.7.2.1 superblade cmm < cmm number > status

Use this command to display the status of the specified CMM.

Usage: superblade cmm <cmm number> status

### **Example Output:**

### 3.1.7.2.2 superblade cmm < cmm number > dtime

Use this command to get or set CMM date and time.

Usage: superblade cmm <cmm number> dtime [datetime]

## Example Output:

```
12/29/2010 02:56:02 (Data time format for setting: "MM/dd/yyyy HH:mm:ss")
```

### 3.1.7.2.3 superblade cmm < cmm number > ntp

Use this command to synch the time with the NTP servers.

Usage: superblade cmm <cmm number> ntp <UTC offset> <NTP1> [NTP2]

### 3.1.7.2.4 superblade cmm < cmm number > reset

Use this command to reset the specified CMM.

Usage: superblade cmm <cmm number> reset

### 3.1.7.2.5 superblade cmm < cmm number > flash

Use this command to flash CMM firmware to the CMM specified with the filename of the flash upgrade noted.

Usage: superblade cmm <cmm number> flash <filename>

### 3.1.7.2.6 superblade cmm < cmm number > ver

Use this command to display the firmware version in the specified CMM.

Usage: superblade cmm ver

Example Output:

Version:2.2.64 build 5420

### 3.1.7.2.7 superblade cmm < cmm number > ip

Use this command to get or set the IP address of the specified CMM.

Usage: superblade cmm <cmm number> ip [IP address]

IP address format: ###.###.###

### 3.1.7.2.8 superblade cmm < cmm number > mac

Use this command to get or set the MAC address of the specified CMM.

Usage: superblade cmm <cmm number> mac [mac address]

MAC address format: ###.###.###

### 3.1.7.2.9 superblade cmm < cmm number > gateway

Use this command to get or set the Gateway address of the specified CMM.

Usage: superblade cmm <cmm number> gateway [gateway address]

Gateway address format: ###.###.#######

### 3.1.7.2.10 superblade cmm < cmm number > netmask

Use this command to get or set the Netmask IP address of the specified CMM.

Usage: superblade cmm <cmm number> netmask [netmask address]

Netmask address format: ###.###.#####

### 3.1.7.2.11 superblade cmm < cmm number > syncfg

Use this command to synch the configuration to the specified slave CMM.

### 3.1.7.2.12 superblade cmm < cmm number > opmode

Use this command to get or set the operational mode for the specified CMM.

Usage: superblade cmm <cmm number> opmode [mode]

Mode Choices: 0 = Enterprise 1 = Office

### 3.1.7.2.13 superblade cmm < cmm number > dhcp

Use this command to enable or disable the DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) of the CMM.

Usage: superblade cmm <cmm number> dhcp [enable|disable]

## 3.1.8 superblade listtemp

Use this command to display the temperatures of all the modules in the blade system.

Usage: superblade listtemp

Status	Module	Sensor	Reading	High Limit
OK	Blade 3	CPU1 Temp	Low	N/A
OK	Blade 3	CPU2 Temp	Low	N/A
OK	Blade 3	System Temp	56C/133F	80C/176F
OK	Blade 4	CPU1 Temp	Low	N/A
OK	Blade 4	CPU2 Temp	Low	N/A
OK	Blade 4	System Temp	57C/135F	80C/176F
OK	Blade 5	CPU1 Temp	Low	N/A
OK	Blade 5	CPU2 Temp	Low	N/A
OK	Blade 5	System Temp	63C/145F	80C/176F
OK	Blade 6	CPU1 Temp	Low	N/A
OK	Blade 6	CPU2 Temp	Low	N/A
OK	Blade 6	System Temp	64C/147F	80C/176F
OK	Blade 7	CPU1 Temp	Medium	N/A
OK	Blade 7	CPU2 Temp	Low	N/A
OK	Blade 7	System Temp	62C/144F	80C/176F
OK	Blade 8	CPU1 Temp	Low	N/A
OK	Blade 8	CPU2 Temp	Low	N/A
OK	Blade 8	System Temp	63C/145F	80C/176F
OK	Blade 9	CPU1 Temp	Medium	N/A
OK	Blade 9	CPU2 Temp	Low	N/A
OK	Blade 9	System Temp	62C/144F	80C/176F
	Blade 10	CPU1 Temp	N/A	N/A
OK	Blade 10	CPU2 Temp	Low	N/A
OK	Blade 10	System Temp	59C/138F	80C/176F
OK	Blade 13	CPU1 Temp	Low	N/A
OK	Blade 13	CPU2 Temp	Low	N/A
OK	Blade 13	System Temp	60C/140F	80C/176F
OK	Blade 14	CPU1 Temp	Low	N/A
OK	Blade 14	CPU2 Temp	Low	N/A
OK	Blade 14	System Temp	60C/140F	80C/176F
OK	Blade 15	CPU1 Temp	Medium	N/A
OK	Blade 15	CPU2 Temp	Low	N/A

OK	Blade 15	System Temp	63C/145F	80C/176F
OK	Blade 16	CPU1 Temp	Low	N/A
OK	Blade 16	CPU2 Temp	Low	N/A
OK	Blade 16	System Temp	61C/142F	80C/176F
OK	Blade 17	CPU1 Temp	Low	N/A
OK	Blade 17	CPU2 Temp	Low	N/A
OK	Blade 17	System Temp	63C/145F	80C/176F
OK	Blade 18	CPU1 Temp	Medium	N/A
OK	Blade 18	CPU2 Temp	Medium	N/A
OK	Blade 18	System Temp	65C/149F	80C/176F
OK	Blade 19	CPU1 Temp	Low	N/A
OK	Blade 19	CPU2 Temp	Medium	N/A
OK	Blade 19	System Temp	62C/144F	80C/176F
	Blade 20	CPU1 Temp	N/A	N/A
OK	Blade 20	CPU2 Temp	Low	N/A
OK	Blade 20	System Temp	62C/144F	80C/176F
OK	Power 1	Temp.	56C/133F	85C/185F
OK	Power 2	Temp.	54C/129F	85C/185F
OK	Power 3	Temp.	57C/135F	85C/185F
OK	Power 4	Temp.	54C/129F	85C/185F
OK	GBSW 1	Switch	61C/142F	80C/176F
OK	InfiniBand 1	Temp.	OC/ 32F	80C/176F

## 3.1.9 superblade allsel <filename>

Use this command to save all system event logs to a file in .csv format.

Usage: superblade allsel <filename>

## 3.1.10 superblade burst

Use this command to list the following subcommands to control the power of blades.

### 3.1.10.1 superblade burst all Up

Use this command to power burst up all blades.

Usage: superblade burst allUp

## 3.1.10.2 superblade burst all Down

Use this command to power burst down all blades.

Usage: superblade burst allDown

### 3.1.10.3 superblade burst allRest

Use this command to power burst reset all blades.

Usage: superblade burst allReset

### 3.1.10.4 superblade burst allSoftshutdown

Use this command to soft shut down all blades.

Usage: superblade burst allSoftshutdown

### 3.1.10.5 superblade burst up

Use this command to power burst up blades.

Usage: superblade burst up <index(es)>

### 3.1.10.6 superblade burst down

Use this command to power burst down blades.

Usage: superblade burst down <index(es)>

### 3.1.10.7 superblade burst reset

Use this command to power burst reset blades.

Usage: superblade burst reset <index(es)>

### 3.1.10.8 superblade burst softshutdown

Use this command to power burst soft shut down blades.

Usage: superblade burst softshutdown <index(es)>

## 3.1.11 superblade listmac

Use this command to display the mac address of all the modules in the blade system, including BMC management mac and host mac.

Usage: superblade listmac

## 3.1.12 superblade midPlaneFRU

Use this command to display middle plane FRU information.

Usage: superblade midplaneFRU

## 3.1.13 superblade powerconsumption

Use this command to display blade power consumption and enclosure power supply power consumption. Please note that blade power readings are only available after B10 series. Otherwise the messages would be "no support".

Usage: superblade powerconsumption

## 3.2 microblade

This command set is supported on Micro CMM modules (MBx-xxx-xxx), e.g., MBE-628EB-422D and MBM-GEM-001.

## 3.2.1 microblade summary

Use this command to display the MicroBlade system summary.

Usage: microBlade summary

### **Example Output:**

```
Blade Module (1/28)
Blade | Error
-----
B5 | Normal
  Node | BMC IP
                   | Error
  , 2.10 IF
                    | -----
     | 10.133.176.67 | Normal
   2 | 10.133.176.106 | Normal
   3 | 10.133.176.109 | Normal
   4 | 10.133.176.101 | Normal
Switch Module (0/4)
Switch | Status
-----
Power Supply Module (1/8)
______
Power Suuply | Status
----- | -----
    | Normal
```

### 3.2.2 microblade node

### 3.2.2.1 microblade node sensor

Use this command to display the MicroBlade node sensor information.

Usage:microBlade node sensor [<bladeIndex> [nodeIndex]]

### 3.2.2.2 microblade node status

Use this command to display the MicroBlade node status.

Usage: microBlade node status [<bladeIndex> [nodeIndex]]

### 3.2.2.3 microblade node power

Use this command to get or set the MicroBlade node power status.

Usage:microbBlade node power <bladeID> <nodeID> [options]

```
For power status options:

power down: 0

power up:1

power cycle:2

power reset:3

soft-shutdown:5
```

## 3.2.2.4 microblade node ip

Use this command to get or set the MicroBlade node IP address.

Usage:

```
(to get) microBlade node ip <bladeID> <nodeID>
(to set) microBlade node ip <bladeID> <nodeID> [IP]
```

### 3.2.2.5 microblade node dhcp

Use this command to get or set the MicroBlade node dhcp status.

Usage:

```
(to get) microBlade node dhcp <bladeID> <nodeID>
(to set) microBlade node dhcp <bladeID> <nodeID> [static:1 | dhcp:2]
```

### 3.2.2.6 microblade node mac

Use this command to get or set MicroBlade node mac status.

Usage:

```
(to get) microBlade node mac <bladeID> <nodeID>
(to set) microBlade node mac <bladeID> <nodeID> [MAC]
```

### 3.2.2.7 microblade node mask

Use this command to get or set MicroBlade node net Mask.

Usage:

```
(to get) microBlade node mask <bladeID> <nodeID>
(to set) microBlade node mask <bladeID> <nodeID> [Subnet Mask]
```

### 3.2.2.8 microblade node gateway

Use this command to get or set MicroBlade node gateway IP address.

Usage:

```
(to get) microBlade node gateway <bladeID> <nodeID>
(to set) microBlade node gateway <bladeID> <nodeID> [gateway]
```

### 3.2.2.9 microblade node name

Use this command to get or set the MicroBlade node name.

Usage:

```
(to get) microBlade node name <bladeID> <nodeID>
```

(to set) microBlade node name <bladeID> <nodeID> [name]

### 3.2.2.10 microblade node uid

Use this command to to get or set the MicroBlade node uid status.

Usage:

```
(to get) microBlade node uid <bladeID> <nodeID>
```

(to set) microBlade node uid <bladeID> <nodeID> [on | off]

### 3.2.2.11 microblade node systemModel

Use this command to display the MicroBlade node system model name.

Usage: microBlade node systemModel [<bladeIndex> [nodeIndex]]

## 3.2.3 microblade switch

## 3.2.3.1 microblade switch info

Use this command to display information about the MicroBlade switch.

Usage: microBlade switch info [switch index]

### 3.2.3.2 microblade switch power

Use this command to display the power status of the MicroBlade switch.

Usage:

```
(to get) microBlade switch power <switch index>
```

(to set) microBlade switch power <switch index> [On|Off|Reset]

### 3.2.3.3 microblade switch username

Use this command to get or set the MicroBlade switch username.

Usage:

(to get) microBlade switch username <switch index>

(to set) microBlade switch username <switch index> [Username]

### 3.2.3.4 microblade switch lan

### 3.2.3.4.1 microblade switch lan ip

Use this command to get or set the MicroBlade switch LAN IP address.

Usage:

(to get)microBlade switch lan ip <switch index>

(to set)microBladeSwitch lan ip <switch index> [IP]

### 3.2.3.4.2 microblade switch lan dhcp

Use this command to get or set the MicroBlade switch LAN dhcp status.

Usage:

(to get) microBlade switch lan dhcp <switch index>

(to set) microBlade switch lan dhcp <switch index> [static:1 |dhcp:2]

### 3.2.3.4.3 microblade switch lan mask

Use this command to get or set the MicroBlade switch LAN net mask.

Usage:

(to get) microBlade switch lan mask <switch index>

(to set) microBlade switch lan mask <switch index> [Subnet Mask]

### 3.2.3.4.4 microblade switch lan gateway

Use this command to et or set the MicroBlade switch gateway LAN IP address.

Usage:

(to get) microBlade switch lan gateway <switch index>

(to set) microBlade switch lan gateway <switch index> [gateway]

### 3.2.3.5 microblade switch getTime

Use this command to display the MicroBlade switch time.

Usage: microBlade switch getTime <switch index>

## 3.2.4 microblade psu

### 3.2.4.1 microblade psu info

Use this command to display information about the MicroBlade power supply.

Usage: microBlade psu info [psu index]

### 3.2.4.2 microblade psu power

Use this command to provide power supply power control.

Usage:

```
(to get) microBlade psu power [psu index]
(to set) microBlade psu power [psu index] [on]
```

### 3.2.4.3 microblade psu fanMode

Use this command to switch the power supply power to be in a fan mode.

Usage:

```
(to get) microBlade psu fanMode
(to set) microBlade psu fanMode [Auto:0 | Manual:1]
```

### 3.2.4.4 microblade psu fanSpeed

Use this command to provide power supply power for fan speed control.

Usage:

```
(to get) microBlade psu fanSpeed
(to set) microBlade psu fanMode [Index <1 to 10>]
```

## 3.2.5 microblade fru

## 3.2.5.1 microblade fru cmm

Use this command to provide FRU information of the CMM.

Usage: microBlade fru cmm

### 3.2.5.2 microblade fru midplane

Use this command to provide FRU information of the middle plane.

Usage: microBlade fru midplane

```
Product Serial Number = Product Asset Tag = =
```

## 3.2.5.3 microblade fru switch

Use this command to provide FRU information of the switch.

Usage: microBlade fru switch

### 3.2.5.4 microblade fru psu

Use this command to provide FRU information of the power supply.

Usage: microBlade fru psu

## 3.2.6 microblade powerConsumption

Use this command to access microblade system enclosure power consumption.

Usage: microBlade powerConsumption

## 3.2.7 microblade cmmdiag

Use this command to diagnose the health of CMM and blades, including sensor reading, throttling and LED status. The result is shown on the console. A log file is generated to detail any failed items.

```
Usage: microBlade cmmdiag [input filename]
```

A file name is an optional parameter. If you want to diagnose multiple CMMs, you can list file names in the given file.

### Example Output:

```
Diagnosing 172.30.150.62...Critical Analysis Result filepath: 172.30.150.62_2021-01-06-153544_Diag_Result.log Diagnosing Pass: 0/1
```

### Input file example:

```
172.3.0.1
172.3.0.2
```

### 3.2.8 microblade kvm

Use this command to launch the Blade KVM panel. You can click the available buttons on the panel to launch the blade KVM Viewer to manage the associated blades.



Available buttons on the KVM panel

Usage: microBlade kvm

## **3.3sel**

Use this command to bring up the following subcommands for the system event log.

### **3.3.1** sel info

Use this command to display the information on the system event log.

Usage: sel info

### Example Output:

Total Entries: 2
SEL Version: 1.5

Free Space: 9180bytes

Recent Entry Added: 12/20/2010 22:37:33
Recent Entry Erased: Pre-Init 00:00:00

### 3.3.2 sel list

Use this command to display the list of entries to the system event log.

Usage: sel list

### 3.3.3 sel csv

Use this command to save the system event log as a csv file with the name specified in the filename.

Usage: sel csv <filename>

### 3.3.4 sel clear

Use this command to clear the system event log.

Usage: sel clear

## **3.3.5** sel time

Use this command to get/set system SEL time.

Usage: sel time [YYYYMMDDhhmmss]

## 3.4 user

Use this command to list the following user management subcommands.

Note that two commands, "user add" and "user password" require password setting, and you need to follow the password complexity rules according to the BMC FW version.

Follow the rules to set up passwords:

A password must be 8 to 19 characters long.

A password cannot be a reverse of the user name.

A password must contain at least three of these character types: lowercase letters (a-z), uppercase letters (A-Z), number digits (0-9) and special characters.

### 3.4.1 user add

Use this command to enter the name of a new user.

Usage: user add <user ID> <user name> <password> <privilege>

### Example:

```
>user add 5 user05 Test1234 4
Done
```

### **3.4.2** user list

Use this command to list the users. To get more information by specifying user id.

Note that account type is only available on motherboard X12 series and later.

```
Usage: user list [user id]
```

```
>user list
Maximum number of Users : 16
Count of currently enabled Users : 1
User ID | User Name | Privilege Level | Enable | Account Types
-----
                    |-----|----
                                     | Yes | Redfish/IPMI,SNMP
    2 | ADMIN
                    | Administrator
>user list 2
User Information
_____
User ID
                   : ADMIN
User Name
Privilege Level
                    : Administrator
Enable
                    : Yes
Account Types
Auth Protocol
Private Protocol
                    : Redfish/IPMI,SNMP
                   : HMAC_MD5
                    : CBC DES
```

## 3.4.3 user delete

Use this command to delete a user.

Usage: user delete <user ID>

### 3.4.4 user level

Use this command to update the level of a user.

Usage: user level <user ID> <privilege>

The following levels may be assigned:

- 4: Administrator level
- 3: Operator level
- 2: User level
- 1: Callback

### 3.4.5 user test

Use this command to test logging in as a specific user.

Usage: user test <user name> <password>

## 3.4.6 user setpwd

Use this command to set the password.

Usage: user setpwd <user ID> <password>

## 3.4.7 user enableType

Use this command to enable account type. It supports X12/H12 and later platforms.

Usage: user enableType <user ID> <type> <status> [options]

```
For necessary parameters:
    User ID: 2-16
    Type: 0-SNMP
    Status: 0-Disable, 1-Enable
For options:
    -ap: authentication protocol(MD5:0, SHA:1)
    -pp: private protocol(DES:0, AES:1)
    -ak: authentication key
    -pk: private key
```

## Example:

```
>user enableType 2 0 1 -ap 0 -pp 0 -ak Test1234 -pk Test1234
Done
```

## 3.5 vm

Use this command to list the following virtual media management subcommands. For more details on VM commands, see *Appendix B VM Command Examples*.



**Note:** This command only works properly in shell mode.

### **3.5.1** vm status

Use this command to list the status of the drives present in the system.

Usage: vm status

### **Example Output:**

```
Drive 1
Device Status = CD-ROM image on Windows share set Image Size = 522766336 (bytes)
Access Mode = Read-Only
Image source = //192.168.10.43/iso/cd1.iso

Drive 2
Device Status = CD-ROM image on Windows share set Image Size = 522766336 (byte)
Access Mode = Read-Only
Image source = //192.168.10.43/iso/cd2.iso
```

## **3.5.2** vm stop

Use this command to stop the specified drive.

Usage: vm stop <drive ID>

## **3.5.3 vm floppy**

Use this command to upload a floppy image as virtual media.

Usage: vm floppy <drive ID> <floppy\_filename>

### 3.5.4 vm iso

Use this command to share virtual media via Windows.

Usage: vm iso <drive ID> <host IP> <share name> <path to image> [username] [password]

## Example:

 $\texttt{CMM}\!\!>\!\!\texttt{vm}$  iso 1 192.168.10.43 iso cd1.iso done

# **3.6 ipmi**

Use this command to list the following ipmi device management subcommands.

## 3.6.1 ipmi sensor

Use this command to display the sensor status and data.

Usage: ipmi sensor

### Example Output:

Getting Si	DR dat	a			
Getting s	ensors				
Status	(#)S	ensor	Reading	Low Limit	High Limit
OK	(7)	CPU1 Temp	Low		
OK		CPU2 Temp	Low		
OK	(9)	System Temp	63C/145F	-5C/23F	75C/167F
OK	(10)	CPU1 Vcore	0.92 V	0.82 V	1.35 V
OK	(11)	CPU2 Vcore	0.88 V	0.82 V	1.35 V
OK	(12)	+5V	5.12 V	4.48 V	5.53 V
OK	(13)	+5VSB	5.12 V	4.48 V	5.53 V
OK	(14)	+12V	12.19 V	10.7 V	13.25 V
OK	(15)	-12V	-11.99 V	-12.58 V	-11.22 V
OK	(16)	+3.3V	3.26 V	2.92 V	3.64 V
OK	(17)	+3.3VSB	3.24 V	2.92 V	3.64 V
OK	(18)	VBAT	3.21 V	2.92 V	3.64 V
OK	(19)	Fan1	4320 RPM	675 RPM	34155 RPM
	(20)	Fan2	0 RPM	675 RPM	34155 RPM
OK	(21)	Fan3	4320 RPM	675 RPM	34155 RPM
OK	(22)	Fan4	4185 RPM	675 RPM	34155 RPM
	(23)	Fan5	0 RPM	675 RPM	34155 RPM
	(24)	Fan6	0 RPM	675 RPM	34155 RPM
	(25)	Fan7	0 RPM	675 RPM	34155 RPM
	(26)	Fan8	0 RPM	675 RPM	34155 RPM
OK	(27)	P1-DIMM1A Temp	47C/117F	-5C/23F	75C/167F
	(28)	P1-DIMM1B Temp	N/A	-5C/23F	75C/167F
OK	(29)	P1-DIMM2A Temp	48C/118F	-5C/23F	75C/167F
	(30)	P1-DIMM2B Temp	N/A	-5C/23F	75C/167F
OK	(31)	P1-DIMM3A Temp	46C/115F	-5C/23F	75C/167F
		P1-DIMM3B Temp	N/A	-5C/23F	75C/167F
OK	(33)	P2-DIMM1A Temp	38C/100F	-5C/23F	75C/167F
	(34)	P2-DIMM1B Temp	N/A	-5C/23F	75C/167F
OK	(35)	P2-DIMM2A Temp	37C/99F	-5C/23F	75C/167F
	(36)	P2-DIMM2B Temp	N/A	-5C/23F	75C/167F
OK	(37)	P2-DIMM3A Temp	37C/99F	-5C/23F	75C/167F
	(38)	P2-DIMM3B Temp	N/A	-5C/23F	75C/167F
OK	(39)	Intrusion	00 CO 00 00	N/A	N/A
OK	(40)	PS Status	00 C0 00 00	N/A	N/A

## 3.6.2 ipmi power

Use this command to list the following power control options.

### 3.6.2.1 ipmi power status

Use this command to display system power status.

Usage: ipmi power status

### *3.6.2.2 ipmi power up*

Use this command to power up a system.

Usage: ipmi power up

## 3.6.2.3 ipmi power down

Use this command to power down a system.

Usage: ipmi power down

### 3.6.2.4 ipmi power softshutdown

Use this command to initiate a soft shutdown of a system.

Usage: ipmi power softshutdown

## 3.6.2.5 ipmi power reset

Use this command to reset a system. Note that the PXE option forces the first boot device to be used as PXE in the next boot only.

Usage: ipmi power reset [PXE]

### 3.6.2.6 ipmi power cycle

Use this command to power cycle a system.

Usage: ipmi power cycle [interval]

### 3.6.2.7 ipmi power diag

Use this command to initiate a diagnostic interrupt of a system.

Usage: ipmi power diag

### 3.6.2.8 ipmi power bootoption <Index>

Use this command to set the boot device in the next boot. A boot option index is brought up.

Usage: ipmi power bootoption

```
For bootoption index:

1: PXE 2: Hard-drive

3: CD/DVD 4: Bios

5: USB KEY 6: USB HDD

7: USB Floppy 8: USE CD/DVD

9: UEFI Hard-drive 10: UEFI CD/DVD

11: UEFI USB KEY 12: UEFI USB HDD

13: UEFI USB CD/DVD 14: UEFI PXE

Ex: set power cycle interval as 10 seconds and execute power cycle
```

## 3.6.3 ipmi acpi

Use this command to display the ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface) status.

Usage: ipmi acpi

## **3.6.4** ipmi lan

Use this command to list the following LAN (Local Area Network) management subcommands.

Usage: ipmi lan

### **Example Output:**

### 3.6.4.1 ipmi lan ip

Use this command to get or set the specified ipmi address.

```
Usage: ipmi lan ip [ip]
```

Address format: ###.###.###

### 3.6.4.2 ipmi lan mac

Use this command to get or set the specified MAC address.

```
Usage: ipmi lan mac [mac]
```

Address format: ##:##:##:##:##:##

### 3.6.4.3 ipmi lan gateway

Use this command to get or set the specified Gateway address.

```
Usage: ipmi lan gateway [gateway IP]
```

Address format: ###.###.###.###

### 3.6.4.4 ipmi lan netmask

Use this command to get or set the specified Netmask.

```
Usage: ipmi lan netmask [netmask]
```

Address format: ###.###.###.###

### 3.6.4.5 *ipmi lan snmp*

Use this command to get or set the specified SNMP destination.

Usage: ipmi lan snmp [<seq> <ip> [mac]]

Example Output:

Seq	IP	MAC
1	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00:00
2	192.168.12.150	00:00:00:00:00:00
3	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00:00
4	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00:00
5	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00:00
6	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00:00
7	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00:00
8	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00:00
9	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00:00
10	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00:00
11	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00:00
12	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00:00
13	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00:00
14	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00:00
15	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00:00



**Note:** This is a standard command for IPMI snmpv1 and snmpv3. The first destination is for "Alert immediate command" and it is a volatile destination. We do not support it in SMCIPMITool. For other types of protocols, "N/A" is displayed in both the IP and MAC columns. To retrieve the full information of those protocols, use the "redfish eventService alert list" command.

### 3.6.4.6 ipmi lan snmpcomm

Use this command to get or set the SNMP community string.

Usage: ipmi lan snmpcomm [community string]

Example Output:

public

### 3.6.4.7 ipmi lan arp

Use this command to enable BMC-generated gratuitous ARPs.

Usage: ipmi lan arp [on|off]

### 3.6.4.8 ipmi lan dhcp

Use this command to enable or disable DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol).

Usage: ipmi lan dhcp [enable|disable]

### 3.6.4.9 *ipmi lan vlan*

Use this command to enable or disable virtual LAN (vlan).

Usage: ipmi lan vlan [<enable|disable> <tag>]

### 3.6.4.10 ipmi lan dns

Use this command to get/set DNS server. Note that this is an OEM command, and it only supports AMI devices.

Usage: ipmi lan dns [<Pri. IP> <Sec. IP>]

## 3.6.4.11 ipmi lan protocol

Use this command to get/set the BMC IP protocol. Note that there are three optional parameters (0, 1, and 2) for you to specify the IP protocol.

0: IPv4 only

1: IPv6 only

2: Dual

Usage: ipmi lan protocol [protocol]

### 3.6.4.12 ipmi lan ipv6

The following command sets support IPv6 settings. It is recommended that you use an address in standard IPv6 format as input.



**Note:** SMCIPMITool has supported compressed IPv6 addresses since revision 2.23.0; however, it's still possible that a command might not run because of a failure to translate compressed IPv6 addresses to uncompressed ones.

Here is an example of standard IPv6 IP: FE80:0000:0000:ABCD:EFGH:0000:0000:0000:0000.

### 3.6.4.12.1 ipmi lan ipv6 list

List all IPv6 static IP addresses.

Usage: ipmi lan ipv6 list

### 3.6.4.12.2 ipmi lan ipv6 add

Add an IPv6 static IP address to list.

Usage: ipmi lan ipv6 add <id> <ip> [prefix]

### 3.6.4.12.3 ipmi lan ipv6 clear

Delete an IPv6 static IP address from list.

Usage: ipmi lan ipv6 clear <id>

### 3.6.4.12.4 ipmi lan ipv6 mode

Use this command to get/set IPv6 mode. In this command, we use 0 to represent stateless, 1 to represent stateful and 2 to represent disabled.

Usage: ipmi lan ipv6 mode [stateless:0 | stateful:1 | disabled:2]

### 3.6.4.12.5 ipmi lan ipv6 autoconfig

Use this command to get/set IPv6 auto configuration status. The auto configuration status is either on or off. In this command, we use 0 to represent off and 1 to represent on.

Usage: ipmi lan ipv6 autoconfig [off:0|on:1]

### 3.6.4.12.6 ipmi lan ipv6 dns

Use this command to check or set IPv6 DNS server setting.

Usage:

To set DNS: ipmi lan ipv6 dns <ip> [number (1 to 2)]

To clear DNS: ipmi lan ipv6 dns clear [number (1 to 2)]

### 3.6.4.12.7 ipmi lan ipv6 route

IPv6 static route settings.

### 3.6.4.12.7.1 ipmi lan ipv6 route status

Use this command to get/set IPv6 static route status. The status is either on or off.

Usage: ipmi lan ipv6 route status [on | off]

### **3.6.4.12.7.2** ipmi lan ipv6 route list

Use this command to list IPv6 static route.

Usage: ipmi lan ipv6 route list

### 3.6.4.12.7.3 ipmi lan ipv6 route add

Use this command to add IPv6 static route.

Usage:

ipmi lan ipv6 route add <ID> <prefix Length> <prefix value> <address>

### **3.6.4.12.7.4** ipmi lan ipv6 route clear

Use this command to clear the specified IPv6 static route.

Usage: ipmi lan ipv6 route clear <id>

### 3.6.4.12.8 ipmi lan ipv6 duid

Use this command to show IPv6 DUID.

Usage: ipmi lan ipv6 duid

### 3.6.4.13 ipmi lan linkStatus

Use this command to display a summary table about LAN connecting status, including VLAN, Interface, Dedicated, Share and so on.

Usage: ipmi lan linkStatus

## 3.6.5 ipmi fru

Use this command to list the information on the FRU (Field Replaceable Unit).

Usage: ipmi fru

### **Example Output:**

```
Getting FRU ...
Chassis Type
                       = undefined (00h)
Chassis Part Number
Chassis Serial Number
Board Manufacturer Name = Super Micro
Board Product Name = IPMI2.0
Board Serial Number
Board Part Number = AOC-SIMCM-O-P
Board FRU File ID =
Product Manufacturer Name = Super Micro
               = IPMI2.0
Product Name
Product PartModel Number = SBM-CMM-001
Product Version = 1.0
Product Serial Number
Product Asset Tag
Product FRU File ID
```

## 3.6.6 ipmi fruw

Use this command to write FRU to update FRU field with abbreviation and given values. In some RoT system, fru data is considered as critical data. When there is an fru entry updated, it will be further backup to NAND Flash. Due to the backup action, writing fru data to system may take much longer in RoT platform than other platforms.

Usage: ipmi fruw <field> <value>

```
192.168.23.157 X9SCD (50/60, 6w, v01.39) 14:19 SIM(WA)>ipmi fruw BDT "201210101200" Board mfg. Date/Time (BDT) = 2012/10/10 12:00:00 (30 A3 86)
```

```
Board Manufacturer Name (BM) = Supermicro
Board Product Name (BPN)
Board Serial Number (BS)
Board Part Number (BP)
Board FRU File ID
Product Manufacturer Name (PM) =
Product Name (PN)
Product PartModel Number (PPM) =
Product Version (PV)
Product Serial Number (PS)
Product Asset Tag (PAT)
Product FRU File ID
192.168.23.157 X9SCD (S0/G0,6w,v01.39) 14:20 SIM(WA)>ipmi fruw BS 123456789
Board mfg. Date/Time (BDT) = 2012/10/10 12:00:00 (30 A3 86)
Board Manufacturer Name (BM) = Supermicro
Board Product Name (BPN)
                             = 123456789
Board Serial Number (BS)
Board Part Number (BP)
Board FRU File ID
Product Manufacturer Name (PM) =
Product Name (PN)
Product PartModel Number (PPM) =
Product Version (PV)
Product Serial Number (PS)
Product Asset Tag (PAT)
Product FRU File ID
```

## 3.6.7 ipmi frubackup

Use this command to back up FRU information as a file.

Usage: ipmi frubackup <filname>

## 3.6.8 ipmi frurestore

Use this command to restore FRU information from a file.

Usage: ipmi frurestore <filename>

## **3.6.9 ipmi oem**

Use this command to list the following subcommands.

### 3.6.9.1 ipmi oem clrint

Use this command to clear the chassis intrusion detection switch.

Usage: ipmi oem clrint

### 3.6.9.2 ipmi oem id

Use this command to display the motherboard ID.

Usage: ipmi oem id

### 3.6.9.3 ipmi oem uid

Use this command to turn the UID LED on or off (if supported by the device).

Usage: ipmi oem uid [on|off]

### 3.6.9.4 ipmi oem gethostname

Get IPMI host name.

Usage: ipmi oem gethostname

### 3.6.9.5 ipmi oem sethostname

Set IPMI host name.

Usage: ipmi oem sethostname <hostname>

### 3.6.9.6 ipmi oem backup

Use this command to back up the configurations to a file (only available on X7 series motherboards).

Usage: ipmi oem backup <filename>

### 3.6.9.7 ipmi oem restore

Use this command to restore the configurations from the specific file (only available on X7 series motherboards).

Usage: ipmi oem restore <filename> <option>

## 3.6.9.8 ipmi oem backupcfg

Use this command to back up the configurations to a binary file. Note that this function is only available on motherboard X8 series and later, with ATEN firmware.

Usage: ipmi oem backupcfg <filename>

Example Output:

```
10.133.176.141 X8DTN+-F (SO/GO) 11:09 SIM(WA)>ipmi oem backupcfg 1.bin Downloading progress:|>>>>| 100%

Download Time: 0 min 2 sec(s)

Download successfully
```

### 3.6.9.9 ipmi oem restorecfg

Use the command to restore the configurations from the binary file. Note that this function is only available on motherboard X8 series and later, with ATEN firmware.

Usage: ipmi oem restorecfg <filename>

```
10.133.176.141 X8DTN+-F (S0/G0) 11:09 SIM(WA)>ipmi oem restorecfg 1.bin Progress:|>>>>| 100%
Upload Time: 0 min 0 sec(s)
Upload successfully
```

## 3.6.9.10 ipmi oem getcfg

Use this command to back up the configurations to a txt file. Note that this function is only available on motherboard X8 series and later, with ATEN firmware.

### Usage: ipmi oem getcfg <filename>

### **Example Output:**

```
10.133.176.141 X8DTN+-F (S0/G0) 11:12 SIM(WA)>ipmi oem getcfg 1.txt Downloading progress:|>| 100%

Download Time: 0 min 1 sec(s)

Download successfully
```

### *3.6.9.11 ipmi oem setcfg*

Use this command to restore the configurations from a txt file. Note that this function is only available on motherboard X8 series and later, with ATEN firmware.

### Usage: ipmi oem setcfg <filename>

### **Example Output:**

```
10.133.176.141 X8DTN+-F (S0/G0) 11:23 SIM(WA)>ipmi oem setcfg 1.txt Progress:|>| 100% Upload Time: 0 min 0 sec(s) Upload successfully
```

### 3.6.9.12 ipmi oem lani

Use this command to interface with the IPMI LAN.

### Usage: ipmi oem lani [0|1|2|3|4|5|6|7|8]

```
10.147.160.14 X12DPU (SO/GO,127w) 17:51 X12 AST2600RoT>ipmi oem lani 2
done

10.147.160.14 X12DPU (SO/GO,127w) 17:51 X12 AST2600RoT>ipmi oem lani
Current LAN interface is [ Failover ]

Parameter for setting:
0:Dedicated
1:Shared
2:Failover
3:Share-AIOM
4:Share-AOC
5:Failover-AIOM
6:Failover-AOC
7:Share-Onboard
8:Failover-Onboard
```



**Note:** Parameters 3 to 8 are only supported on X13 platform and later.

## 3.6.9.13 ipmi oem mac

Use this command to get the system mac address (Lan 1).

Usage: ipmi oem mac

### Example Output:

```
10.133.99.62 X9SCD (S0/G0,25w,v01.79) 11:01 SIM(WA)>ipmi oem mac System MAC Address 1: 00:25:90:60:4B:40
```



#### **Notes:**

- The following IPMI OEM x10cfg commands are license required.
- These commands are supported on X10 platform and later.

### *3.6.9.14ipmi oem x10cfg ldap*

Use this command to configure the LDAP authentication. Note that the available mode options may vary depending on the type of motherboard. For X12 generations and above, this ipmi command is not available for use in BMC. Instead, you can use the redfish ldap command to configure LDAP settings.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg ldap [<authentication> <SSL> <port> <ip address> <bind password> <bind DN> <search base>]

```
ASPD T>ipmi oem x10cfg ldap
 LDAP Authentication
                                                                        Off
 LDAP Authentication over SSL
                                                                        Off
 Port
                                                                    0.0.0.0
 IP Address
 Bind Password
 Bind DN
 Bind Search Base
Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg ldap [<authentication> <SSL> <port> <ip address> <bind
password> <bind DN> <search base>]
For authentication:
On : 1
Off : 0
For SSL:
On : 1
* When SLL is on, port number should be 636; Off, port number should be 389
```

## 3.6.9.15 ipmi oem x10cfg ad

Use this command to configure the active directory authentication. Note that the available mode options may vary depending on the type of motherboard. For X12 generations and above, this ipmi command is not available for use in BMC. Instead, you can use the redfish ad command to configure the active directory settings.

### Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg ad

### Example Output:

### 3.6.9.16 ipmi oem x10cfg radius

Use this command to configure RADIUS. Note that the available mode options may vary depending on the type of motherboard.

# Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg radius [<authentication> <port> <ip address> <secret>]

```
ASPD T>ipmi oem x10cfg radius
    RADIUS Authentication
                                                                            Off
    Port
                                                                             Ω
                                                                        0.0.0.0
    IP Address
    Secret
   Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg radius [<authentication> <port> <ip address> <secret>]
   For authentication:
   On : 1
   Off : 0
    * The port number should be 1-65535
Example:
   ASPD T>ipmi oem x10cfg radius 0 1812 10.132.161.101 test
    Done
```

## 3.6.9.17 ipmi oem x10cfg ipCtrl

Use this command to configure IP access rules. Note that the available mode options may vary depending on the type of motherboard.

### Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg ipCtrl

### Example Output:

### 3.6.9.18 ipmi oem x10 cfg ntp

Entering the ntp command will list the following NTP management subcommands.

### Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg ntp

### Example Output:

```
list List configuration date and time setting state [enable|disable] Get/Set NTP state timezone [-1200 ~ +1400] Get/Set NTP time zone daylight [yes|no] Get/Set NTP daylight saving time primary [server] Get/Set primary NTP server secondary [server] Get/Set secondary NTP server
```

### 3.6.9.18.1 ipmi oem x10cfg ntp list

Use this command to display the NTP settings.

```
Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg ntp list
```

### Example Output:

```
NTP State : Disable
Time Zone : UTC +0000
Primary NTP Server : localhost
Secondary NTP Server : 127.0.0.1
Daylight Saving Time : No
```

### 3.6.9.18.2 ipmi oem x10cfg ntp state

Use this command to get or set the NTP state.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg ntp state [enable|disable]

### 3.6.9.18.3 ipmi oem x10cfg ntp timezone

Use this command to get or set the NTP time zone.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg ntp timezone [-1200 ~ +1400]

### Example:

```
>ipmi oem x10cfg ntp timezone +1200 Done
```

### 3.6.9.18.4 ipmi oem x10cfg ntp daylight

Use this command to get or set NTP daylight.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg ntp daylight [yes|no]

### 3.6.9.18.5 ipmi oem x10cfg ntp primary

Use this command to get or set a specific NTP server.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg ntp primary [server]

### 3.6.9.18.6 ipmi oem x10cfg ntp secondary

Use this command to get or set a specific NTP server.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg ntp secondary [server]

### *3.6.9.19 ipmi oem x10 cfg ddns*

Use this command to list the following DDNS management subcommands.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg ddns

#### Example Output:

```
list List dynamic DNS configuration setting state [enable|disable] Get/Set dynamic DNS state server [ip] Get/Set dynamic DNS server IP hostname [name] Get/Set BMC host name tsig [enable|disable] Get/Set TSIG authentication
```

### 3.6.9.19.1 ipmi oem x10cfg ddns list

Use this command to display the DDNS settings.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg ddns list

#### **Example Output:**

```
Dynamic Update State : Enable
Dynamic DNS Server IP : 127.0.0.1
BMC Host Name : localhost
TSIG Authentication : Enable
```

### 3.6.9.19.2 ipmi oem x10cfg ddns state

Use this command to get or set the DDNS state.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg ddns state [enable|disable]

### 3.6.9.19.3 ipmi oem x10cfg ddns server

Use this command to get or set the specific DDNS server.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg ddns server [ip]

### 3.6.9.19.4 ipmi oem x10cfg ddns hostname

Use this command to get or set the BMC host name.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg ddns hostname [name]

### 3.6.9.19.5 ipmi oem x10cfg ddns tsig

Use this command to get or set the TSIG authentication.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg ddns tsig [enable|disable]

### 3.6.9.20ipmi oem x10cfg alert

Use this command to list the following alert management subcommands. For X12 generations and above, this ipmi command is not available for use in BMC. Instead, you can use the <u>redfish alert</u> <u>command</u> to configure the alert settings.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg alert

### **Example Output:**

```
list [number]
level <number> [level]
ip <number> [ip]
mail <number> [mail]
subject <number> [subject]
message <number> [message]
send <number>
delete <number>
List alert destination settings
Get/Set alert destination IP
Get/Set alert mail address
Get/Set alert mail subject
Get/Set alert mail message
Send a test alert mail to destination
Delete alert destination
```

## 3.6.9.20.1 ipmi oem x10cfg alert list

Use this command to display the alert settings.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg alert list [number]

```
1. Event Severity : Disable All
Destination Address : 0.0.0.0 & N/A
Subject : N/A
Message : N/A

2. Event Severity : Disable All
Destination Address : 0.0.0.0 & N/A
Subject : N/A
Message : N/A
```

```
3. Event Severity : Disable All
  Destination Address : 0.0.0.0 & N/A
          : N/A
: N/A
  Subject
  Message
_____
4. Event Severity : Disable All
  Destination Address: 0.0.0.0 & N/A
        : N/A
  Subject
             : N/A
  Message
______
5. Event Severity : Disable All
  Destination Address: 0.0.0.0 & N/A
          : N/A
  Subject
             : N/A
  Message
-----
                     _____
6. Event Severity : Disable All
  Destination Address : 0.0.0.0 & N/A
        : N/A
: N/A
  Subject
  Message
7. Event Severity : Disable All
  Destination Address: 0.0.0.0 & N/A
          : N/A
  Subject
 Message
             : N/A
______
8. Event Severity : Disable All
  Destination Address: 0.0.0.0 & N/A
  Subject : N/A
             : N/A
  Message
______
9. Event Severity : Disable All
  Destination Address: 0.0.0.0 & N/A
  Subject
         : N/A
             : N/A
 Message
______
10. Event Severity : Disable All
  Destination Address: 0.0.0.0 & N/A
          : N/A
  Subject
  Message
             : N/A
_____
                    _____
11. Event Severity : Disable All
  Destination Address : 0.0.0.0 & N/A
  Subject : N/A
  Message
             : N/A
______
12. Event Severity : Disable All
  Destination Address: 0.0.0.0 & N/A
          : N/A
  Subject
             : N/A
 Message
_____
13. Event Severity : Disable All
  Destination Address: 0.0.0.0 & N/A
  Message
             : N/A
______
14. Event Severity : Disable All
  Destination Address: 0.0.0.0 & N/A
  Subject
        : N/A
 Message
             : N/A
______
15. Event Severity : Disable All
```

Destination Address: 0.0.0.0 & N/A

Subject : N/A Message : N/A

\_\_\_\_\_

16. Event Severity : Disable All Destination Address : 0.0.0.0 & N/A

Subject : N/A
Message : N/A

### 3.6.9.20.2 ipmi oem x10cfg alert level

Use this command to get or set severity as a specific alert.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg alert level <number> [level]

The following levels may be assigned:

- 1: Disable All
- 2: Information and Above
- 3: Warning and Above
- 4: Critical and Above
- 5: Non-recoverable and Above

### 3.6.9.20.3 ipmi oem x10cfg alert ip

Entering the ip command allows you to get or set the destination IP as a specific alert.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg alert ip <number> [ip]

### 3.6.9.20.4 ipmi oem x10cfg alert mail

Use this command to get or set the destination mail address as a specific alert.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg alert mail <number> [mail]

### 3.6.9.20.5 ipmi oem x10cfg alert subject

Use this command to get or set the destination mail subject as a specific alert.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg alert subject <number> [subject]

### 3.6.9.20.6 ipmi oem x10cfg alert message

Use this command to get or set the destination message as a specific alert.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg alert message <number> [message]

### 3.6.9.20.7 ipmi oem x10cfg alert send

Use this command to send a specific alert.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg alert send <number>

### 3.6.9.20.8 ipmi oem x10cfg alert delete

Use this command to delete a specific alert.

#### Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg alert delete <number>

## 3.6.9.21 ipmi oem x10cfg smtp

Use this command to list the following SMTP management subcommands.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg smtp

#### Example Output:

```
list List SMTP mail server configuration ssl [enable|disable] Get/Set SMTP SSL authentication state server [server name] Get/Set SMTP server port [number] Get/Set SMTP port number user [name] Get/Set SMTP user name password password password password <mail> Get/Set SMTP sender's address
```

#### 3.6.9.21.1 ipmi oem x10cfg smtp list

Use this command to display the SMTP settings.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg smtp list

#### Example Output:

```
SSL Authentication: Disable
Server :localhost
Port : 587
User Name :Admin
Sender Address :admin@admin.com
```

#### 3.6.9.21.2 ipmi oem x10cfg smtp ssl

Use this command to get or set the STMP SSL authentication state.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg smtpssl[enable|disable]

#### 3.6.9.21.3 ipmi oem x10cfg smtp server

Use this command to get or set a specific SMTP server.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg smtp server [server name]

#### 3.6.9.21.4 ipmi oem x10cfg smtp port

Use this command to get or set the SMTP port number.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg smtp port [numer]

### 3.6.9.21.5 ipmi oem x10cfg smtp user

Use this command to get or set the SMTP user name.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg smtp user [name]

#### 3.6.9.21.6 ipmi oem x10cfg smtp password

Use this command to get or set the SMTP password.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg smtp password [password]

#### 3.6.9.21.7 ipmi oem x10cfg smtp sender

Use this command to get or set the SMTP mail address.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg smtp sender [mail]

### 3.6.9.22 ipmi oem x10cfg dns

Use this command to get or set the DNS server's IP.

Usage: ipmi oem x10cfg dns [<IP> [number]]

IP: IPv4/IPv6 format

Number:

DNS1:1 (Default)

DNS2:2

#### Example:



**Note:** DNS2/IPv6 is supported on X12 generation platforms and later.

#### 3.6.9.23 ipmi oem portService

SMCIPMITool allows you to do http, https, ikvm, ssh, wsman, and ssl port settings.

#### 3.6.9.23.1 ipmi oem portService http

Use this command to get or set the HTTP service port.

Usage: ipmi oem portService http [port]

### 3.6.9.23.2 ipmi oem portService https

Use this command to get or set the HTTPS service port.

Usage: ipmi oem portService https [port]

### 3.6.9.23.3 ipmi oem portService ikvm

Use this command to get or set the iKVM service port.

Usage: ipmi oem portService ikvm [port]

#### 3.6.9.23.4 ipmi oem portService ssh

Use this command to get or set the SSH service port.

Usage: ipmi oem portService ssh [port]

#### 3.6.9.23.5 ipmi oem portService wsman

Use this command to get or set the WSMAN service port.

Usage: ipmi oem portService wsman [port]

#### 3.6.9.23.6 ipmi oem portService ssl

Use this command to enable or disable the SSL service.

Usage: ipmi oem portService ssl [y/n]

## *3.6.9.24* ipmi oem smbpbi

Use this command to list the following smbpbi subcommands.

Usage: ipmi oem smbpbi

**Example Output:** 

gpu Get/Set GPU commands

### 3.6.9.24.1 ipmi oem smbpbi gpu info

Use this command to list the GPU information.

### 3.6.9.25 ipmi oem systemlockdown

Use this command to enable or disable system lockdown mode. Please note that this feature requires the SFT-DCMS-SINGLE license and is not supported on X11 and prior platforms.

Usage: ipmi oem systemlockdown <on|off>

### *3.6.9.26* ipmi oem summary

Use this command to display a summary table including IP, Mac address, firmware version, BIOS version and so on.

Usage: ipmi oem summary

## **3.6.10** ipmi reset

Use this command to perform a BMC cold reset.

Usage: ipmi reset

# 3.6.11 ipmi fd

Use this command to restore to BMC factory default. Three types of option parameters are provided:

- 1: Removes current settings and preserves the configurations in the "Users" on IPMI Web.
- 2: Removes current settings and restores the factory defaults and the default password of the motherboard.
- 3: Removes current settings and sets user's password to ADMIN.

Usage: ipmi fd <option>

# 3.6.12 ipmi ver

Use this command to display the versions of IPMI.

Usage: ipmi ver

Example Output:

# **3.6.13 ipmi flash**

Use this command to flash the SIM IPMI firmware by its file name.

Usage: ipmi flash <filename>

# 3.6.14 ipmi flashw

Use this command to flash the SIM(W) or SIMBL(W) IPMI firmware by the file name.

Usage: ipmi flashw <filename>

# 3.6.15 ipmi flashr

Use this command to flash the Renesas (X9 and B9) IPMI firmware.

Usage: ipmi flashr

#### Example Output:

```
192.168.23.17 (S0/G0,55w) 16:08 SIM(X9)>ipmi flashr c:\17.ima
****************
WARNING!
Firmware upgrade must not be interrupted once it is started.
Once you get error after Upgrading, please use local KCS tool
for recovery. (DOS:RKCSFlsh.exe, Linux:RLin32Flsh or
Windows:RWin32Flsh.exe )
****************
Check firmware file... Done (ver:1.10.15)
Check BMC status... Done (ver:1.10.18)
Enter to Flash Mode
Resetting BMC
Done. (BMC needs 1 minute to restart)
Please reset system for board configuration
Total Elapse Time: 7 min 27 sec(s)
```

# 3.6.16 ipmi flashh

Use this command to flash the SIM(WA) IPMI firmware (\*.bin) by the file name.

Usage: ipmi flashh <filename>

#### **Example Output:**

# 3.6.17 ipmi flasha

Use this command to flash the ASPEED IPMI firmware (motherboard series X10 and X11 UP,\*.bin). The option of keeping the previous configurations is also provided.

0: Do not preserve config

1: Preserve config

Note that this function is only available on firmware version 1.04 or later.

### Usage: ipmi flasha <filename> [Preserve\_opt]

### **Example Output:**

# 3.6.18 ipmi flashrf

Use this command to flash the ASPEED IPMI firmware (motherboard series X12 and later).

Following preserve options are provided:

- -cfg Preserve Configuration (Will restore to factory default if not preserved.)
- -sdr Preserve SDR (Will restore the SDR defaults if not preserved.)
- -ssl Preserve SSL certificate (Will restore the default SSL certificate if not preserved.)
- -backup Backup image (Rot only)

```
Usage: ipmi flashrf <filename> [Preserve opt]
```

The parameters of three options can be appended in any order. For example, "ipmi flashrf <filename> - sdr -ssl" is equal to "ipmi flashrf -ssl -sdr."

# 3.6.19 ipmi uflash

Like ukvm being a universal KVM for different platforms, this command is used to update different Supermicro platforms. It is supported by X10 to X12 and later platforms. If you do not know the right command to update BMC, use this command.

The following preserve options are provided:

0: Do not preserve config

1: Preserve config

Usage: ipmi uflash <filename> [Preserve opt]

### **Example Output:**

# 3.6.20 ipmi raw

Use this command to send an IPMI raw command.

```
Usage: ipmi raw <netFn> <cmd> [data]
```

# **3.6.21 ipmi ipmb**

Use this command to send an IPMI raw command.

```
Usage: ipmi ipmb <ch> <addr> <netFn> <cmd> [data]
```

```
>ipmi ipmb 0 2c 6 1
Completion code = 00h
```

```
Return data = 50 01 04 44 02 21 57 01 00 0F 0B 04 06 20 01
```

## 3.6.22 ipmi ipmboem

Use this command to send an IPMI raw command.

Usage: ipmi ipmb <ch> <addr> <netFn> <cmd> [data]

# 3.6.23 ipmi delsdr

Use this command to delete the SDR.

Usage: ipmi delsdr <SDR record ID>

# 3.6.24 ipmi session info

Use this command to view the information.

Usage: ipmi sessioninfo

#### Example Output:

```
SessionHandler = 16h

Number of possible active sessions = 36

Number of currently active sessions = 6

User ID = 02h

Operating Privilege Level = 04h

Session protocol auxiliary data = 11h

IP Address of remote console = 00 00 00 00 (0.0.0.0)

Mac Address of remote console = 00 00 00 00 00 (00:00:00:00:00:00)

Port Number = 00 00 (0)
```

# 3.6.25 ipmi fan

Use this command to control the fan. Note that the available mode options may vary depending on types of motherboards.

Usage: ipmi fan

#### Example Output:

```
10.133.99.62 X9SCD (S0/G0,23w,v01.79) 10:59 SIM(WA)>ipmi fan
Current Fan Speed Mode is [ Optimal Speed ]
Fan Modes:
0: Standard Speed
1: Full Speed
2: Optimal Speed
3: PUE2 Optimal Speed
4: Heavy IO Speed
```

# 3.6.26 ipmi watchdog

This command can be used for a number of system timeout functions. Setting a timeout value at '0' allows the selected timeout action to occur immediately.

## 3.6.26.1 ipmi watchdog reset

Use this command to start and restart the watchdog timer at the initial countdown.

Usage: ipmi watchdog reset

## 3.6.26.2 ipmi watchdog set

Use this command to initialize and configure the watchdog timer. The command is also used to stop the timer.

Usage: watchdog set <action> <countdown> <interval>

#### **Example Output:**

```
action: Time out action index
   0: No action
   1: Hard reset
   2: Power down
   3: Power cycle
countdown: Initial countdown value
interval: Pre-timeout interval in seconds
```

### 3.6.26.3 ipmi watchdog info

Use this command to retrieve the current settings and countdown of the watchdog timer.

Usage: ipmi watchmple Odog info

#### Exautput:

Item	Value
Watchdog Timer Use	SMS/OS (0x04)
Watchdog Timer Is	Started/Running
Watchdog Timer Actions	Power Cycle (0x03)
Pre-timeout interval	20 seconds
Timer Expiration Flags	0x00
Initial Countdown	30 sec
Present Countdown	20 sec

# 3.7 ver

Use this command to list the version and build of the SMCIPMITool application being used.

Usage: ver

### **Example Output:**

```
SMC IPMI Tool V1.7.9(Build 101124) - Super Micro Computer, Inc.
```

# **3.8 list**

Use this command to display all available commands.

Usage: list

# **3.9 find**

Use this command to search for and display all IPMI devices.

```
Usage: find [<Start IP> <End IP> <NetMask>]
```

Example Output:

```
Finding IPMI Devices ...

172.31.100.235 IPMI 2.0 (SuperBlade TwinBlade CMM)

172.31.100.242 IPMI 2.0 (SuperBlade CMM)

2 IPMI device(s) found. Use "found" to list found devices
```

# **3.10** found

Use this command to list or clear all found IPMI devices.

Usage: found [clear]

## **3.10.1 found list**

Use this command to list all found IPMI devices.

Usage: found list

### 3.10.2 found clear

Use this command to clear all found IPMI devices.

Usage: found clear

# 3.10.3 **found copy <index1> [index2] [...]**

Use this command to copy the found devices to the default managed group.

```
Usage: found copy <index1> [index2] [...]
```

# 3.10.4 found copyall

Use this command to copy all found devices to the default managed group.

Usage: found copyall

### 3.10.5 found saveAs <filename>

Use this command to save the results of found IPMI devices to a file.

Usage: found saveAs<filename>

## 3.10.6 found refresh

Use this command to refresh the result of found IPMI devices.

Usage: found refresh

# 3.11 exec

Use this command to execute the specified command from a file.

Usage: exec <filename> <loop> <delay> where

Loop = 0 is for an infinite loop

Delay is in seconds

# 3.12 host

Use this command to list the following host-related subcommands.

### 3.12.1 host list

Use this command to list the host group and host data.

Usage: host list

**Example Output:** 

```
Host:
                              ΙP
        Host
        1.112
                              (192.168.1.112)
        1.119
                              (192.168.1.119)
        bl1
                              (192.168.10.243)
        b12
                               (192.168.10.244)
Host Group:
        Group Name
                              Host
                              1.112
                              1.119
        bl
                              b11
                              b12
```

# 3.12.2 host reload

Use this command to reload the host data.

Usage: host reload

#### 3.12.3 host add

Use this command to add a host. Currently only ipv4 address is allowed.

Usage: host add <host> <ip> [username] [password]

## 3.12.4 host remove

Use this command to remove a host.

Usage: host remove <host>

#### 3.12.5 host rename

Use this command to rename a host.

Usage: host rename <old name> <new name>

## **3.12.6 host group**

Use this command to list the following group-related subcommands.

### *3.12.6.1 host group add*

Use this command to add a host group.

Usage: host group add <group> [host] ...

### 3.12.6.2 host group remove

Use this command to remove a host group.

Usage: host group remove <group>

### 3.12.6.3 host group rename

Use this command to rename a host group.

Usage: host group rename <old name> <new name>

### 3.12.6.4 host group addhost

U Use this command to add a host to an existing host group.

Usage: host group addhost <group> <host> ...

#### 3.12.6.5 host group removehost

Use this command to remove a host from an existing host group.

Usage: host group removehost <group> <host> ...

# 3.13 hostrun

Use this command to run a command on an entire host or group.

Usage: hostrun <host|group> <command>

### Example Output:

```
CMM>hostrun bl ipmi power up [b11:192.168.10.243]
Done
[b12:192.168.10.244]
Done
```

# 3.14 sc

Use this command to execute a DOS or Linux shell command.

Usage: sc <command>

### **Example Output:**

```
CMM>sc dir (execute dir command in Windows OS)
CMM>sc ls (execute ls command in Linux OS)
CMM>sc ping 192.168.10.123 (execute ping command)
```

# 3.15 pminfo

Use this command to display information on the health of the PMBus.

Usage: pminfo [<bus ID> <slave address>]

```
192.168.23.80 X9DRW-3F (S0/G0,56w) 14:20 SIM(X9)>pminfo
 [SlaveAddress = 78h] [Module 1]
Item
                                                 Value
 ____
                                      [STATUS OK] (01h)
Status
AC Input Voltage
                                    109.5 V
AC Input Current
                                                0.51 A
DC 12V Output Voltage
                                               12.18 V
DC 12V Output Current
                                                 3.5 A
Temperature 1
                                              38C/100F
Temperature 2
                                               35C/95F
Fan 1
                                              6688 RPM
Fan 2
                                                 0 RPM
                                                  42 W
DC 12V Output Power
AC Input Power
                                                  55 W
PMBus Revision
                                                0xFFFF
PWS Serial Number
                                       P5041CB02AW0093
PWS Module Number
                                           PWS-504P-RR
PWS Revision
```

# 3.16 psfruinfo

Use this command to display the FRU health information of a power supply. This command can be replaced by the pminfo command in X10 and later generation.

## Usage: psfruinfo

### Example Output:

<pre>laveAddress = 70h]</pre>	[Module	1]	
Item			Value
		1	
Status			On
Temperature			36C/97F
Fan 1		1	6641 RPM

# 3.17 psbbpInfo

Use this command to display the status of backup battery power.

## Usage: psbbpInfo

192.168.12.137 X8DTU [SlaveAddress = 70h] Item		1.34) 16:06	SIM(WA)>psbbpinfo Value
Manufacturer Model Name Serial Number Product Version Firmware version	         	PWS	PERMICRO -206B-1R 4567890A 1.2 1.0
Battery Voltage Battery Current Battery Pack Temp Power Wattage Cycle Count	       		16.13 V 0 mA 31C/88F 200W 6
Battery Power Status Remaining Energy Discharge Status Discharge Setting Discharge Remaining I Battery Status	      ays     		Normal 96% None 30 days) 29 days 0xC0E0 CHARGED] CHARGE]

# 3.18 mdr

This command for IPMI Rack Scale extensions is only available on some of the Intel Xeon Processor Scalable family platforms of the Intel RSD. Use this command to list the following managed data region subcommands.

## **3.18.1** mdr smbios

## 3.18.1.1 mdr smbios biosInfo

Use this command to display the BIOS information.

Usage: mdr smbios biosInfo

### 3.18.1.2 mdr smbios systemInfo

Use this command to display the system information.

Usage: mdr smbios systemInfo

## 3.18.1.3 mdr smbios baseboardInfo

Use this command to display the baseboard/module information.

Usage: mdr smbios baseboardInfo

### 3.18.1.4 mdr smbios processorInfo

Use this command to display the processor information.

Usage: mdr smbios processorInfo

### 3.18.1.5 mdr smbios memoryDevice

Use this command to display the memory devices.

Usage: mdr smbios memoryDevice

#### 3.18.1.6 mdr smbios nicInfo

Use this command to display the NIC information.

Usage: mdr smbios nicInfo

#### 3.18.1.7 mdr smbios pcieInfo

Use this command to display the PCIe information.

Usage: mdr smbios pcieInfo

#### 3.18.1.8 mdr smbios storageDevice

Use this command to display the storage device information.

Usage: mdr smbios storageDevice

### *3.18.1.9 mdr smbios all*

Use this command to display all information.

Usage: mdr smbios all

## 3.18.1.10 mdr smbios summary

Use this command to display summary information.

Usage: mdr smbios summary

### Example Output:

==========		
BIOS		
Version Release Date	 	2.0b 01/09/2018
Processor (2/2)		
CPU1:	Intel(R) Xeon(R) Gold Max Speed:	1 5117 CPU @ 2.00GHz 4.00 GHz / Core(14)
CPU2:	Intel(R) Xeon(R) Gold Max Speed:	4.00 GHz / Core(14)
Memory Device (4/16)		
P1-DIMMA1 P1-DIMMB1	l	32767 MB @2666 MHz
P2-DIMMD1 P2-DIMME1		32767 MB @2666 MHz 32767 MB @2666 MHz
Storage		
SATA / AHCI SATA / AHCI		2000 GB / 7200 RPM 2000 GB

## 3.18.1.11 mdr smbios dumpToFile

Use this command to dump SMBIOS data to file.

Usage: mdr smbios dumpToFile <filename>

# 3.18.2 mdr cableID

Use this command to display PCIe Cable EEPROM Data.

Usage: mdr cableID

# 3.19 bbp

Use this command to bring up the following subcommands for battery backup power management.

# **3.19.1 bbp status**

Use this command to display the status of backup battery power.

Usage: bbp status

### Example Output:

192.168.12.137 X8DTU (S0/G0 [SlaveAddress = 70h] [Modul Item	0,78w,v01.34) 16:06 SIM(WA)>bbp st Le 1] Value
Manufacturer	SUPERMICRO
Model Name	PWS-206B-1R
Serial Number	TEST1234567890A
Product Version	1.2
Firmware version	1.0
Battery Voltage	16.13 V
Battery Current	0 mA
Battery Pack Temp	31C/88F
Power Wattage	200W
Cycle Count	1
Battery Power Status	Normal
Remaining Energy	1 96%
Discharge Status	None
Discharge Setting	Auto (30 days)
Discharge Remaining Days	29 days
Battery Status	0xC0E0
	[FULLY CHARGED]
	[TERMINATE CHARGE]

# 3.19.2 bbp autoDischarge

Use this command to set the battery auto discharge by day.

Usage: autoDischarge <module> <day>

# 3.19.3 bbp discharge

Use this command to manually discharge the battery.

Usage: discharge <module>

# 2.19.4 bbp shutdown

Use this command to set graceful shutdown after timeout (power supply failure).

Usage: bbp hutdown <on|off> [sec]

# 2.19.5 bbp shutdownTimeout

Use this command to get the timeout value for graceful shutdown.

Usage: bbp shutdownTimeout

# 3.20 nm

This command is for Intel Dynamic Power Node Manager V1.5, and it is specifically used to test Supermicro X8 series motherboards. Use this command to run tests.

### **3.20.1** nm detect

Use this command to detect if ME is present.

Usage: nm detect

#### **Example Output:**

This device supports Node Manager

## 3.20.2 nm ver

Use this command to display the node manager version.

Usage: nm ver

#### **Example Output:**

```
Node Manager Version = 1.5
Firmware Version = 1.12
```

## 3.20.3 nm cap

Use this command to display the node manager capabilities.

Usage: nm cap

```
Max concurrent settings = 10

Max Power limit value = 32767 w

Min Power limit value = 1 w

Max Correction Time settable = 600000 ms

Min Correction Time settable = 6000 ms

Max Statistics Reporting period = 3600 s

Min Statistics Reporting period = 1 s

Limiting type = CPU power limiting

Limiting based on = Wall input power. PSU input power
```

## **3.20.4** nm status

Use this command to display or enable or disable the node manager global policy. It gets node manager statistics with parameter global =1, domain =0 and policy =0.

```
Usage: nm status [enable:disable]
```

**Example Output:** 

```
Node Manager global policy is enabled
```

### 3.20.5 nm stat

Use this command to display power statistics (or by policy ID).

```
Usage: nm stat [ID]
```

#### **Example Output:**

```
Gloabal Power statistic
Current = 263 w
Minimum = 0 w
Maximum = 375 w
Average = 259 w
Time = 12/27/2010 04:50:54
Reporting Period = 1 sec
Node Manager is enabled
Measurements in progress
```

### 3.20.6 nm resetStat

Use this command to reset the power statistics (or by policy ID).

```
Usage: nm resetStat [ID]
```

## **3.20.7 nm pstate**

Use this command to get or set the P-state.

```
Usage: nm pstate [value]
```

#### **Example Output:**

```
Current P-State = 7
Number of P-State = 8
```

### **3.20.8** nm tstate

Use this command to get or set the T-state.

```
Usage: nm tstate [value]
```

```
Current T-State = 0
Number of T-State = 8
```

# 3.20.9 nm ptstate

Use this command to display the P-state and T-state.

Usage: nm ptstate

#### **Example Output:**

### 3.20.10 nm alert

Use this command to get or set the destination for alerts. The node manager will send an alert to the SNMP destination, which can be defined by the "ipmi lan snmp" command.

Usage: nm alert [destination]

#### **Example Output:**

```
SIM(WA)>ipmi lan snmp
Seq
                    ΙP
                                       MAC
---
 1
               0.0.0.0
                        00:00:00:00:00:00
 2
         192.168.12.150 00:00:00:00:00:00
 3
               0.0.0.0 00:00:00:00:00
                0.0.0.0 00:00:00:00:00
 5
                0.0.0.0 00:00:00:00:00
 6
               0.0.0.0 00:00:00:00:00
 7
                0.0.0.0
                          00:00:00:00:00:00
 8
               0.0.0.0
                          00:00:00:00:00:00
 9
               0.0.0.0
                          00:00:00:00:00:00
10
               0.0.0.0
                          00:00:00:00:00:00
11
                0.0.0.0
                          00:00:00:00:00:00
12
               0.0.0.0
                          00:00:00:00:00:00
13
               0.0.0.0
                          00:00:00:00:00:00
               0.0.0.0
                          00:00:00:00:00:00
14
               0.0.0.0 00:00:00:00:00
15
SIM(WA) > nm alert 2
Done
SIM(WA)>nm alert
Destionation selector = 2
```

# 3.20.11 nm scanPolicy

Use this command to get or set the destination for alerts.

Usage: nm scanPolicy [end]

```
Policy ID = 0, Power Limit = 32767 w
Policy state:
Policy enabled
Per Domain Node Manager policy control enabled
Global Node Manager policy control enabled
Exception action:
```

Policy ID = 2, Power Limit = 200 w
Policy state:
Policy enabled
Per Domain Node Manager policy control enabled
Global Node Manager policy control enabled

# 3.20.12 nm addPolicy

Exception action:

Use this command to add a new policy.

Usage: nm addPolicy <ID> imit> <t>

### **Example Output:**

SIM(WA)>nm addPolicy 15 150 60000 10 Done

# 3.20.13 nm delPolicy

Use this command to delete a policy.

Usage: nm delPolicy <ID>

# 3.20.14 nm getPolicy

Use this command to get a policy.

Usage: nm getPolicy <ID>

### Example:

```
SIM(WA)>nm getPolicy 15
  Power Limit = 150 w
  Correction Time limit = 60000 ms
  Statistics Reporting Period = 10 s
  Policy state:
      Policy enabled
      Per Domain Node Manager policy control enabled
      Global Node Manager policy control enabled
  Policy Exception action state:
      Send alert
```

# 3.20.15 nm enablePolicy

Use this command to enable a policy.

Usage: nm disablepolicy <ID>

# 3.20.16 nm disablePolicy

Use this command to disable a policy.

Usage: nm disablePolicy <ID>

# 3.21 kvmwa

Use this command will open a KVM window for ATEN firmware.

Usage: kvmwa

# 3.22 ukvm

Use this command to auto-detect the firmware and launch the correct KVM (keyboard/video/mouse) window console. KVM console will be disconnected if users perform FW update or BIOS update. Administrative privileges are required (Linux: sudo, Windows: run as administrator) to perform virtual storage mounting function.

Usage: ukvm [-html5]



#### Notes:

- To launch the java version of KVM console, use the ukvm command.
- To launch the HTML 5 KVM, use either the ukvm -html5 command or the "redfish kvm" command.
- For more details, please refer to <u>redfish kvm</u>.

# 3.23 vmwa

Use this command to list the following vmwa subcommands. This command only applies to devices with ATEN firmware. For more details on VM commands, see <u>Appendix B VM Command Examples</u>. Please note that this command only works in shell mode.

Usage: vmwa



#### Notes

- Supports two virtual devices (device 1 and device 2).
  - O Device 1 is a USB or a floppy disk. Hard drives can be listed but cannot be mounted due to OS security concerns.
  - O Device 2 will be a CD, a DVD or an ISO file.
- List all available devices before mounting virtual media when plugging in a removable device
- This command only works properly in shell mode.

### **3.23.1 vmwa dev1list**

Use this command to list the available devices for virtual device 1.

Usage: vmwa dev1list

## 3.23.2 vmwa dev1drv

Use this command to mount the drive for virtual device 1.

Usage: vmwa dev1drv <index>

## 3.23.3 vmwa dev1stop

Use this command to stop the virtual device 1.

Usage: vmwa dev1stop

### 3.23.4 vmwa dev2list

Use this command to list the available devices for virtual device 2.

Usage: vmwa dev2list

### 3.23.5 vmwa dev2cd

Use this command to mount the CD/DVD drive for virtual device 2.

Usage: vmwa dev2cd <index>

### 3.23.6 vmwa dev2iso

Use this command to mount the ISO file for virtual device 2.

Usage: vmwa dev2iso <filename>

# 3.23.7 vmwa dev2stop

Use this command to stop the virtual device 2.

Usage: vmwa dev2stop

#### 3.23.8 vmwa status

Use this command to show the status.

Usage: vmwa status

Example Output:

Device 1: None Device 2: None

# 3.23.9 vmwa log

Use this command to show the log.

Usage: vmwa log

# 3.24 dcmi

Use this command to list the following DCMI management subcommands (which only applies to the devices that support DCMI management).

### **3.24.1** dcmi find

Use this command to search for and display all DCMI devices.

```
Usage: dcmi find [<Start IP> <End IP> <NetMask>]
```

#### **Example Output:**

```
Finding DCMI Devices ...
192.168.12.151 DCMI Ver:0.1
192.168.12.152 DCMI Ver:0.1
2 DCMI device(s) found
```

# **3.24.2 dcmi cap**

Use this command to list the DCMI capabilities.

#### Usage: dcmi cap

```
DCMI Version = 0.1
Mandatory Platform capabilities
Temperature Monitor : Compliant
Chassis Power
                     :Compliant
SEL logging
                     :Compliant
Identification Support : Compliant
Optional Platform capabilities
Power Management
                    :Not Compliant
Manageability Access Capabilities
VLAN Capable
                                      :Available
SOL Supported
                                      :Available
OOB Primary LAN Channel Available
                                      :Available
OOB Secondary LAN Channel Available
                                     :Not presnt
OOB Serial TMODE Available
                                     :Not presnt
In-Band KCS Channel Available
                                     :Available
SEL Attributes
SEL automatic rollover enabled :Not presnt
Number of SEL entries
                                 :0
Identification Attributes
Asset Tag Support :Available
DHCP Host Name Support :Not presnt
GUID Support
                      :Available
Temperature Monitoring
Baseboard temperature :At least 1
Processors temperature :At least 1
Inlet temperature :At least 1
```

```
Power Management Device Slave Address
7-bit I2C Slave Address of device on IPMB :10

Power Management Controller Channel Number
Channel Number :00
Device Revision :01

Manageability Access Attributes
Mandatory Primary LAN OOB Support(RMCP+ Support Only) :supported
Optional Secondary LAN OOB Support(RMCP+ Support Only):supported
Optional Serial OOB TMODE Capability :supported
```

# 3.24.3 dcmi powerStatus

Use this command to display the related DCMI power status from a BMC.

Usage: dcmi powerStatus

#### **Example Output:**

```
Instantaneous power reading | 62W
Minimum during sampling period | 59W
Maximum during sampling period | 122W
Average during sampling period | 62W
IPMI timestamp | 2018/01/31 14:20:16
Sampling period | 1192005000 Milliseconds
Power reading state | Activated
```

## 3.24.4 dcmi MCID

Use this command to get or set the Controller Identifier String.

Usage: dcmi MCID [MCID String]

# 3.25 kvm

Use this command to open a KVM window for Peppercon firmware.

Usage: kvm

# 3.26 kvmw

Use this command to open a KVM window for AMI firmware.

Usage: kvmw

# 3.27 kvmwx9

Use this command to open a kvm window for AMI x9 firmware.

Usage: kvmwx9 (or ukvm)

SIM(X9) KVM console (graphic mode)

kvmwx9

# 3.28 vmw

Use this command to list the following vmw subcommands (only applies to devices with AMI firmware.) For more details on VM commands, see *Appendix B VM Command Examples*.

Usage: vmw



**Note:** This command only works properly in shell mode.

# **3.28.1 vmw floppy**

Use this command to select the floppy image as virtual media.

Usage: vmw floppy <image file>

## 3.28.2 vmw usbkey

Use this command to select the USB key as virtual media.

Usage: vmw usbkey <drive letter>

#### 3.28.3 **vmw iso**

Use this command to select the ISO file as virtual media.

Usage: vmw iso <ISO file>

### 3.28.4 vmw cd

Use this command to select the CD/DVD drive as virtual media.

Usage: vmw cd <drive letter>

# 3.28.5 vmw stopFloppy

Use this command to stop the connected floppy.

Usage: vmw stopFloppy

# 3.28.6 vmw stopUsbkey

Use this command to stop the connected USB key.

Usage: vmw stopUsbkey

#### 3.28.7 vmw stopISO

Use this command to stop the connected ISO.

Usage: vmw stopISO

#### 3.28.8 vmw stopCD

Use this command to stop the connected CD/DVD drive.

Usage: vmw stopCD

#### 3.28.9 vmw status

Use this command to view the Virtual Media status.

Usage: vmw status3.35 sol

# 3.29 sol

Use this command to list the following SOL subcommands.

## 3.29.1 sol activate

Use this command to activate SOL directly in the current text mode. Press the <F12> key to exit.

In order to display the remote text console correctly, the support for ANSI/VT100 terminal control escape sequences is required for the computer terminal or terminal emulator running SMCIPMITool.

Usage: sol activate



**Note:** Command Prompt in Windows doesn't support ANSI/VT100 Terminal Control. If the remote text console uses ANSI/VT100 terminal control (i.e., BIOS, Linux text console), please use "sol window" to open a SOL GUI instead.

## 3.29.2 sol deactivate

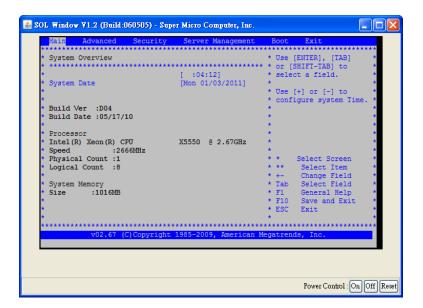
Use this command to stop SOL.

Usage: sol deactivate

## 3.29.3 sol window

Use this command to open a SOL window GUI and activate SOL.

Usage: sol window



# 3.29.4 sol key

Use this command to key map for Linux or Windows.

Usage: sol key [linux|windows]

## 3.29.5 bitrate

Use this command to configure the SOL transmission bit rate.

Usage: sol bitrate [9.6|19.2|38.4|57.6|115.2]

# 3.29.6 retryCount

Use this command to configure the SOL retry counts.

Usage: sol retryCount [Number]

# 3.29.7 retryInterval

Use this command to set the interval for BMC to retry sending SOL packets to the remote console. Note that retry interval is set in milliseconds, and the value should be ten or a multiple of ten.

Usage: sol retryInterval [Interval time]

# $3.30 \, \text{nm}20$

This command is for Intel Dynamic Power Node Manager V2.0 and specifically used for the testing of motherboards of Supermicro X9 series or newer. Use this command to run tests.

Note that all of the extended commands explained in this section follow the Intel Dynamic Power Node Manager specifications, including the ME IPMI interface, NM IPMI interface and BMC IPMI interface.

Usage: nm20

```
Display NM SDR
nmSDR
selTime
                                 Get SEL time
                                 Get ME Device ID
deviceID
                                Reboots ME
reset.
reset2Default
                                Force ME reset to Default
updateMode
                                Force ME to Update Mode
powerOff
                                 Set ME power state off
selfTest
                                Get Self Test Results
mode
                                Get ME running Mode
listImagesInfo
                                List ME Images information
                                OEM Power command for ME
oemGetPower
oemGetTemp
                                OEM Temp. command for ME
qlobalEnable
                                Global Enable NM policy control
globalDisable
                               Global Disable NM policy control
                            per Domain Enable NM policies
domainEnable <domain ID>
domainDisable <domain ID>
                               per Domain Disable NM policies
policyEnable <domain ID> <policy ID> per Policy Enable NM policy
policyDisable <domain ID> <policy ID>
                                       per Policy Disable NM policy
```

```
addPowerPolicy <pID> <limit> <t>  [<ca>]
                                         Add Power Policy
delPolicy <domain ID> <policy ID>
                                   Delete Policy
scanPolicy
                            Scan all presented Policies
\verb| addPolicy < dID> < pID> < ptt> < agg> <a> <1> <t> <t1> [<ca>] Add Policy 
statistics <mode> <domainID> <policy ID>
                                         NM statistics
resetStatistics <mode> <domain ID> <policy ID> Reset NM statistics
NM Version
alert [dest]
                            NM Alert
pstate [value]
                            Get/Set Max allowed CPU P-State
                            Get/Set Max allowed CPU T-State
tstate [value]
ptstate
                            Show CPU P-State and T-State
                             Get/Set max allowed logical processors
cpuCore [cores]
totalPower <domainID> [watts]
                            Get/Set Total Power Budget
                             Policy Suspend Periods (5)
policySuspendPeriod
dcmi
                             DCMI Power Management Commands (5)
sensor
                             Get Sensor
                             Summary
summary
```

## 3.30.1 nm20 nmSDR

Use this command to display NM SDR.

Usage: nm20 nmSDR

#### **Example Output:**

```
Record ID
                  = 1C 00
                  = 51h
SDR Version
Record Type
                 = C0h
Record Length
                 = 0Bh
OEM ID
                  = 57 01 00 h
                  = 0Dh
Record Subtype
                = 01h
SubType Version
                  = 2Ch
Slave Address
                  = 00h
Channel
Health Event Sensor Number
                                     = 1Dh
Exception Event Sensor Number
Operational Capailities Sensor Number = 1Fh
Alert Threshold Exceeded Sensor Number = 20h
```

#### 3.30.2 **nm20 selTime**

Use this command to find out SEL time.

Usage: nm20 selTime

```
Device ID = 50h (Intel Management Engine) Firmware Version = 2.1.5.73 IPMI Version = 2.0 Manufacturer ID = 57 01 00 product ID Minor Ver = Romley platform firmware implemented version = NM Revision v2.0 Image Flag = operational image 1 raw = 50 01 02 15 02 21 57 01 00 02 0B 02 07 30 01
```

## 3.30.3 nm20 deviceID

Use this command to get the ME Device ID.

#### 3.30.4 nm20 reset

Use this command to reboot ME.

### 3.30.5 nm20 reset2Default

Use this command to force ME to reset to default settings.

## 3.30.6 nm20 updateMode

Use this command to force ME to enter the Update Mode.

## 3.30.7 nm20 powerOff

Use this command to set ME to the power-off state. Please note that if the BMC status is SO/S1, you cannot turn off ME immediately. It will display a "not support in present state" message. To power off ME, you should turn off the chassis power first.

Usage: nm20 powerOff

## 3.30.8 nm20 selfTest

Use this command to get the Self Test results.

## 3.30.9 nm20 mode

Use this command to get the ME running mode.

Usage: nm20 mode

Example Output:

ME is in NORMAL mode

# 3.30.10 nm20 listImagesInfo

Use this command to display the information of ME images.

Usage: nm20 listImagesInfo

```
Recovery Image:
Image Type = recovery image
raw = 57 01 00 02 01 02 07 35 00

1st operational Image:
Image Type = operational image 1 (This Image is currently running)
raw = 57 01 00 02 01 02 07 35 05

2nd operational Image:
Image Type = operational image 2
```

raw = 57 01 00 02 01 02 07 35 02

### 3.30.11 nm20 oemGetPower

Use this command to get power.

Usage: nm20 oemGetPower

Example Output:

56 watts

# 3.30.12 nm20 oemGetTemp

Use this command to run temporary commands.

Usage: nm20 oemGetTemp

Example Output:

56 (c)

## 3.30.13 nm20 globalEnable

Use this command for Global Enable NM policy control.

## 3.30.14 nm20 globalDisable

Use this command for Global Disable NM policy control.

### 3.30.15 nm20 domainEnable

Use this command for per Domain Enable NM policies.

Usage: nm20 domainEnable <domain ID>

#### 3.30.16 nm20 domainDisable

Use this command for per Domain Disable NM policies.

Usage: nm20 domainDisable <domain ID>

# 3.30.17 nm20 policyEnable

Use this command for per Policy Enable NM policy.

Usage: nm20 policyEnable <domain ID> <policy ID>

# 3.30.18 nm20 policyDisable

Use this command for per Policy Disable NM policy.

Usage: nm20 policyDisable <domain ID> <policy ID>

## 3.30.19 nm20 addPowerPolicy

Use this command to add power policy.

### Usage: addPowerPolicy <pID> <limit> <t> [<ca>]

```
pID : Policy ID
limit: Policy Target Limit
t : Correction Time Limit (ms)
p : Statistics Reporting Period in seconds
ca : Policy ID conflict action:
    0 - no action (default)
    1 - overwrite

* domainID will be 0(Entire platform) for this command
ex: nm20 addPowerPolicy 1 100 6000 10
```

# 3.30.20 nm20 getPolicy

Use this command to get policy.

Usage: nm20 getPolicy <domain ID> <policy ID>

# 3.30.21 nm20 delPolicy

Use this command to delete policy.

Usage: nm20 delPolicy <domain ID> <policy ID>

# 3.30.22 nm20 scanPolicy

Use this command to scan all presented policies.

Usage: nm20 scanPolicy

```
_____
Domain ID = 0 , Policy ID = 1
______
Values:
Power Limit = 32767 \text{ w}
Correction Time limit = 600000 \text{ ms}
Statistics Reporting Period = 30 s
Policy Trigger Limit
Domain ID:
   Entire platform
Policy state:
   Policy (Enabled) Domain (Enabled) Global (Enabled)
Policy Trigger Type:
   Inlet Temperature Limit Policy Trigger in [Celsius]
Aggressive CPU Power correction:
   Backward compatible with NMV1.5
Policy Exception action state:
raw = 57 01 00 70 11 00 FF 7F CO 27 09 00 64 00 1E 00
```

```
Alert Thresholds:
Number of alert thresholds = 0
Suspend Periods:
Number Of Periods = 0
Total Policies = 1
```

## 3.30.23 nm20 addPolicy

Use this command to add policy.

```
Usage: addPolicy <dID> <pID> <ptt> <agg> <a> <1> <t> <t1>  [<ca>]
```

```
dID: Domain ID
  0 - Entire platform
  1 - CPU subsystem
  2 - Memory subsystem
  4 - High Power I/O subsystem
pID: Policy ID
ptt: Policy Trigger Type:
  0 - No Policy Trigger
  1 - Inlet Temperature Limit Policy Trigger in [Celsius]
  2 - Missing Power Reading Timeout in 1/10th of second
  3 - Time After Host Reset Trigger in 1/10th of second
  4 - Boot time policy
agg: Aggressive CPU Power Correction:
  0 - Automatic mode (default).
  1 - Force non-aggressive mode
  2 - Force aggressive mode
a: Policy Exception Actions
 1 - send alert
  2 - shutdown system
  3 - send alert & shutdown system
1: Policy Target Limit
t: Correction Time Limit (ms)
tl: Policy Trigger Limit
p: Statistics Reporting Period in seconds
ca: Policy ID conflict action
 0 - no action (default)
 1 - overwrite
Example:
      >nm20 addPolicy 0 6 0 0 1 250 100000 30 15 0
```

#### 3.30.24 nm20 statistics

Done

Use this command to display statistics.

#### Usage: nm20 statistics <mode> <domainID> <policy ID>

```
mode:
  1(01h) - Global power statistics in [Watts]
  2(02h) - Global inlet temperature statistics in [Celsius]
  3(03h) - Global throttling statistics [%] (NM3.0)
```

```
4(04h) - Global volumetric airflow statistics [1/10th of CFM] (NM3.0)
  5(05h) - Global outlet airflow temperature statistics [Celsius] (NM3.0)
  6(06h) - Global chassis power statistics [Watts] (NM3.0)
 17(11h) - Per policy power statistics in [Watts]
 18(12h) - Per policy trigger statistics in [Celsius]
 19(13h) - Per policy throttling statistics in [%] (NM3.0)
 27(1Bh) - Global Host Unhandled Requests statistics
 28(1Ch) - Global Host Response Time statistics
 29(1Dh) - Global CPU throttling statistics
 30(1Eh) - Global memory throttling statistics
 31(1Fh) - Global Host Communication Failure statistics
domainID:
  0 - Entire platform
  1 - CPU subsystem
  2 - Memory subsystem
  3 - HW Protection (NM3.0)
  4 - High Power I/O subsystem
  For mode in a range 1Bh to 1Fh Domain ID must be set to 00h
Policy ID:
  Apply for mode 11h or 12h. otherwise set to 0
```

#### Example:

```
>nm20 statistics 1 0 0
Current = 146 w
Minimum = 144 w
Maximum = 150 w
Average = 147 w
Time = 2023/05/29 08:03:09
Reporting Period = 65864 sec
Domain ID:
    Entire platform
Policy/Global Administrative state:
    NM Policy Control is Globally Enabled
Measurements state:
    Measurements in progress
raw = 57 01 00 92 00 90 00 96 00 93 00 3D 5C 74 64 48 01 01 00 50
```

### 3.30.25 nm20 resetStatistics

Use this command to reset NM statistics.

#### Usage: nm20 resetStatistics <mode> <domain ID> <policy ID>

```
mode:
    0 (00h) - reset global statistics including power and inlet temp
1 (01h) - per policy statistics including power and trigger statistics
27 (1Bh) - global Host Unhandled Requests statistics
28 (1Ch) - global Host Response Time statistics
29 (1Dh) - global CPU throttling statistics
30 (1Eh) - global memory throttling statistics
31 (1Fh) - global Host Communication Failure statistics
Domain ID:
    0 - Entire platform
    1 - CPU subsystem
    2 - Memory subsystem
```

```
3 - HW Protection (NM3.0)
4 - High Power I/O subsystem
Policy ID:
  ignored if field Mode is 0h, Set to 0
```

### Example:

```
>nm20 resetStatistics 0 0 0
Done
```

# 3.30.26 nm20 cap

Use this command to view capabilities.

Usage: nm20 cap <domain ID> <Trigger Type>

#### Example Output:

```
Max concurrent settings = 8

Max Power limit value = 32767 w

Min Power limit value = 1 w

Max Correction Time settable = 600000 ms

Min Correction Time settable = 6000 ms

Max Statistics Reporting period = 3600 s

Min Statistics Reporting period = 1 s

Limiting type = platform power limiting

Limiting based on = DC power - PSU output power or bladed system
```

## 3.30.27 nm20 ver

Use this command to show the version.

Usage: nm20 ver

#### **Example Output:**

```
Node Manager Version = 2.0
Firmware Version = 2.09
```

### 3.30.28 nm20 alert

Use this command for NM Alert. Refer to nm alert for details.

Usage: nm20 alert [dest]

# 3.30.29 **nm20 pstate**

Use this command get or set the maximum CPU P-State.

Usage: nm20 pstate [value]

```
Current max allowed P-State = 0
Number of P-State = 20
```

### 3.30.30 nm20 tstate

Use this command get or set the maximum CPU T-State.

```
Usage: nm20 tstate [value]
```

### **Example Output:**

```
Current max allowed T-State = 0
Number of T-State = 8
```

## 3.30.31 nm20 ptstate

Use this command to display both the CPU P-State and C-State.

```
Usage: nm20 ptstate
```

### **Example Output:**

```
P-State : High |\# | Low [0/20] (Current/# of State) T-State : High |\# | Low [0/8] (Current/# of State)
```

## 3.30.32 **nm20 cpuCore**

Use this command to view or set the maximum allowed logical processors.

```
Usage: nm20 cpuCore [cores]
```

#### **Example Output:**

```
Current Max allowed cores = 8

Number of logical processors on the platform = 8

Number of installed processor packages = 1

Number of logical cores on each processor = 8
```

### 3.30.33 nm20 totalPower

Use this command to get or set the Total Power Budget.

Usage: nm20 totalPower <domainID> [watts]

## 3.30.34 nm20 cpuMemTemp

Use this command to view the CPU or memory temperature.

Usage: nm20 cpuMemTemp

```
CPU#0 = 31(c) (TJmax = 95,DTS = 64)
CPU#1 = 33(c) (TJmax = 95,DTS = 62)
[CPU#0]CHANNEL#0, DIMM#0(P1_DIMMA1) = 27(c)
[CPU#0]CHANNEL#1, DIMM#0(P1_DIMMB1) = 27(c)
[CPU#0]CHANNEL#2, DIMM#0(P1_DIMMC1) = 27(c)
[CPU#0]CHANNEL#3, DIMM#0(P1_DIMMD1) = 26(c)
[CPU#1]CHANNEL#0, DIMM#0(P2_DIMME1) = 26(c)
```

```
[CPU#1]CHANNEL#1, DIMM#0(P2_DIMMF1) = 26(c)
[CPU#1]CHANNEL#2, DIMM#0(P2_DIMMG1) = 26(c)
[CPU#1]CHANNEL#3, DIMM#0(P2_DIMMH1) = 26(c)
```

### 3.30.35 nm20 hostCpuData

Use this command to display the host CPU data.

Usage: nm20 hostCpuData

### **Example Output:**

```
Host CPU data:
End of POST notification was received
Host CPU discovery data is valid
Number of P-States = 16
Number of T-States = 15
Number of installed CPUs/socket = 2
Processor Discovery Data-1 = 26 24 24 22 22 21 21 21
Processor Discovery Data-2 = 00 1D 01 64 00 0C 00 00
```

## 3.30.36 nm20 getAlertThreshold

Use this command to get the Policy Alert Thresholds.

Usage: nm20 getAlertThreshold <domainId> <policyId>

### **Example Output:**

```
Number of alert thresholds = 3
Threshold[0] = 150
Threshold[1] = 250
Threshold[2] = 300
```

### 3.30.37 nm20 setAlertThreshold

Use this command to set the Policy Alert Thresholds.

Usage:

nm20 setAlertThreshold <domainId> <policyId> <count> [<th0> <th1> <th2>]

#### Example:

>nm20 setAlertThreshold 0 6 3 10 30 60

Done

## 3.30.38 nm20 setPowerDrawRange

Use this command to set the Node Manager Power Draw Range.

Usage: setPowerDrawRange <domainID> <min> <max>

## 3.30.39 nm20 policySuspendPeriod

List the commands related to the policy suspend period.

### 3.30.39.1 nm20 policySuspendPeriod get

Use this command to get the Policy Suspend Periods.

Usage: nm20 policySuspendPeriod get <domain ID> <policy ID>

**Example Output:** 

### 3.30.39.2 nm20 policySuspendPeriod add

Use this command to add the Policy Suspend Periods.

Usage:

nm20 policySuspendPeriod add <domainId> <policyId> <startTime> <stopTime> <days>

```
domainId :
    0 - Entire platform
    1 - CPU subsystem
    2 - Memory subsystem
    3 - HW Proection (NM3.0)
    4 - High Power I/O subsystem
```

```
policyId : 0~255
   startTime: Policy suspend start time (HHmm) [0000~2359]
   stopTime : Policy suspend stop time (HHmm) [0006~2400]
     * If there is a need to specify an end-time that is beyond midnight, use two
   suspend periods.
   days
          : Suspend period recurrence
         1 - Monday, 2 - Tuesday, 3 - Wednesday, 4 - Thursday, 5 - Friday,
         6 - Saturday, 7 - Sunday
          ex: every Monday, Wednesday, Sunday => 137
Example:
   >nm20 policySuspendPeriod add 0 6 1200 1300 1
   Done
   _____
   Domain ID = 0 , Policy ID = 6
    _____
   Number Of Periods = 1
   [Suspend Periods 1]
          Start = 12:00
          Stop = 13:00
          Days = Monday
```

### 3.30.39.1 nm20 policySuspendPeriod update

Use this command to update the policy suspend periods.

### Usage:

nm20 policySuspendPeriod update <domainId> <policyId> <periodId> [start=<startTime>
stop=<stopTime> days=<days>]

```
domainId :
        0 - Entire platform
        1 - CPU subsystem
        2 - Memory subsystem
        3 - HW Proection (NM3.0)
        4 - High Power I/O subsystem
policyId : 0~255
startTime: Policy suspend start time (HHmm) [0000~2359]
stopTime : Policy suspend stop time (HHmm) [0006~2400]
   * If there is a need to specify an end-time that is beyond midnight, use two
suspend periods.
        : Suspend period recurrence
days
      1 - Monday, 2 - Tuesday, 3 - Wednesday, 4 - Thursday, 5 - Friday,
      6 - Saturday, 7 - Sunday
        ex: every Monday, Wednesday, Sunday => 137
Ex: Modify start time of period 1 for domain 0, policy 16.
nm20 policySuspendPeriod update 0 16 1 start=1400
```

### 3.30.39.2 nm20 policySuspendPeriod delete

Use this command to delete the Policy Suspend Periods.

Usage: nm20 policySuspendPeriod delete <domainId> <policyId> <periodId>

```
3.30.39.3 nm20 policySuspendPeriod clear
```

Use this command to clear policy suspend periods.

Usage: nm20 policySuspendPeriod clear <domainId> <policyId>

### 3.30.40 nm20 dcmi

List the commands which relate to node manager DCMI

### 3.30.40.1 nm20 dcmi cap

Use this command to get DCMI Capability Information.

Usage: nm20 dcmi cap

```
Enhanced Power Statistics attributes
DCMI Version :1.1
Parameter Revision:2
The number of supported rolling average time periods:9
Rolling Average Time periods:

05 - 5 Seconds
0F - 15 Seconds
1E - 30 Seconds
41 - 1 Minutes
43 - 3 Minutes
47 - 7 Minutes
4F - 15 Minutes
5E - 30 Minutes
81 - 1 Hours
```

### 3.30.40.2 nm20 dcmi powerReading

Use this command to get Power Reading.

### Usage: nm20 dcmi powerReading <mode> [<period>]

#### **Example Output:**

```
Instantaneous power reading | 66W
Minimum during sampling period | 40W
Maximum during sampling period | 113W
Average during sampling period | 60W
IPMI timestamp | 2018/01/19 15:43:15
Sampling period | 281453000 Milliseconds
Power reading state | Activated
```

### 3.30.40.3 nm20 dcmi powerLimit

Use this command to get or set the Power Limit.

Usage: To get the Power Limit:

```
nm20 dcmi powerLimit
```

To set the Power Limit:

### nm20 dcmi powerLimit <action> imit> <cTime> <period>

```
action: Exception actions 0\,(0x00) \, - \, \text{No action} \\ 1\,(0x01) \, - \, \text{Hard Power Off system and log event to SEL} \\ 17\,(0x11) \, - \, \text{Log event to SEL} \\ \text{limit: Power limit in watts} \\ \text{cTime: Correction time limit in milliseconds} \\ \text{period: Management application statistics sampling period in seconds.}
```

### **Example Output:**

```
Exception actions :No action
Power limit requested :300W
Correction time limit :6000ms
Management application statistics sampling period :5s
```

### 3.30.40.4 nm20 dcmi powerLimitEnable

Use this command to enable the Power Limit.

Usage: nm20 dcmi powerLimitEnable

#### 3.30.40.5 nm20 dcmi powerLimitDisable

Use this command to disable the Power Limit.

Usage: nm20 dcmi powerLimitDisable

#### nm20 sensor 3.30.41

Use this command to get the sensors of Node Manager.

## Usage: nm20 sensor

Id	Sensor	1	Reading	Low Limit	High Limit
	- 1	1	1	I	1
8	PCH Thermal Threshold	1	34C/93F	2C/36F	95C/203F
32	CPU 0 Thermal Control Circuit Activation	1	0 %	0 %	0 %
33	CPU 1 Thermal Control Circuit Activation	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
52	CPU 0 Memory Throttling	1	0 %	0 %	0 %
53	CPU 1 Memory Throttling	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
162	Volumetric Airflow	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
163	Inlet Airflow Temperature	1	26C/79F	0C/32F	247C/477F
189	Outlet Airflow Temperature	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
173	Total Chassis power	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
190	Core CUPS	1	4 %	N/A	N/A
191	IO CUPS	1	0 %	N/A	N/A
192	Memory CUPS	1	1 %	N/A	N/A
78	PSU 0 AC Power Input	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
86	PSU 0 Temperature	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
164	PSU 0 DC Power Output	I	N/A	N/A	N/A
	- 1	1	1	1	1
28	CPU 0 Thermal Status	1		Normal	1
29	CPU 1 Thermal Status	I		N/A	1
36	CPU 0 T-Control	1		20	1
37	CPU 1 T-Control	I		N/A	1
48	CPU 0 T-JMAX	1		102	1
49	CPU 1 T-JMAX	1		N/A	1
102	PSU 0 Status	1		N/A	1

#### 3.30.42 nm20 summary

Use this command to get the information of Node Manager.

Usage: nm20 summary

|CPU subsystem

```
Purley Platform
Intel Intelligent Power Node Manager 4.0 (4.0.4.288)
          SEL Time - 2018/01/19 16:03:41
```

	511	ı ııııc	2010/01/	1) 1	0.00.41		
			r Policy				
	#0	Entire	platform	(3)	[Enable]		
ID	State  Lir	nit				Trigo	ger Type
	nable  3276'						
16  E	nable  3276	7 W			No	Policy	Trigger
17  E	nable  300 ++++++++	) W  ++++++	+++++++	++++	No ++++++	Policy	Trigger  +++++
	State  Lir						
4  E +++++++	nable  (	) W  ++++++ Memory s	+++++++ ubsystem	++++	No +++++++ [Enable]	Policy +++++	Trigger  +++++++
	 State  Lir						
5  E	nable  (	W C			No	Policy	Trigger
Total Pow	er Budget: 1	Not set					
DCMI Powe	r Limit (W)	: 300					
	(	CUPS Pol	icy				
IDomain	Target	1	Statel	Thre	shold (%)		
	BMC						
Core	Remote Co	onsole	Enable		80		
	CPU Inform	mation			+		
P-State	T-State  1	Max Allo	wed Cores				
	0/15						
+	Power Us	_		+			
Domain	========	1	Usage (W)	l			
Entire p		1	63				

37|

+					+
_	subsyste		1		0
+					+
		Utiliz			
+  Domain				 Usage	
+======					===+
Core					3
+					+
Memory			I		0
IO			<sub> </sub>		0
+					+

# 3.31 nm30

This command is for Intel Dynamic Power Node Manager V3.0 and specifically used for testing Supermicro X10 series or newer motherboards. Use this command to run tests.

Note that all of the extended commands explained in this section follow the Intel Dynamic Power Node Manager specifications, including the ME IPMI interface, NM IPMI interface and BMC IPMI interface.

Usage: nm30

### **Example Output:**

```
cupsCap
                           CUPS Capability
cupsData
                           CUPS Data
cupsConfig
                           CUPS Configuration
                          CUPS Policies
cupsPolicy
cupsCore
                          Core CUPS Utilization
cupsI0
                           IO CUPS Utilization
                          Memory CUPS Utilization
cupsMem
setCupsPolicy <domainId> <storage> <alert> <threshold> <avgWindow>
```

# 3.31.1 nm30 cupsCap

Use this command to display CUPS capability.

Usage: nm30 cupsCap

```
10.133.176.73 X10DRG-Q (S0/G0,v1.77) 11:28 ASPD_T>nm30 cupsCap CUPS Capabilities: CUPS feature is enabled CUPS Policy : CUPS policies configuration available CUPS version : 1
```

## 3.31.2 nm30 cupsData

Use this command to display CUPS data.

Usage: nm30 cupsData

### **Example Output:**

```
10.133.176.73 X10DRG-Q (S0/G0,v1.77) 11:31 ASPD T>nm30 cupsData
CUPS Index: 17
CUPS Dynamic Load Factors:
 CPU CUPS dynamic Load factor
                                 : 100
 Memory CUPS dynamic Load factor: 0
 IO CUPS dynamic Load factor
Base Utilization:
 Base CPU CUPS utilization value
                                   : 41 E5 8E 05 00 00 00 00
 Base Memory CUPS utilization value : 6B 62 C3 00 00 00 00
                                 : 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
 Base IO CUPS utilization value
Aggregate utilization values:
 Aggregate CPU CUPS utilization value
                                      : OC 41 9F 13 00 00 00 00
 Aggregate Memory CUPS utilization value : D6 F0 02 00 00 00 00 00
 Aggregate IO CUPS utilization value
                                      : 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Utilization Average:
 Utilization average for the core domain : 17% (11 00 00 00 00 00 00 00)
 Utilization average for the memory domain : 0% (00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 )
 Utilization average for the IO domain : 0% (00 00 00 00 00 00 00 )
```

## 3.31.3 nm30 cupsConfig

Use this command to display CUPS configurations.

Usage: nm30 cupsConfig

```
10.133.176.73 X10DRG-Q (S0/G0,v1.77) 11:32 ASPD_T>nm30 cupsConfig CUPS Feature Enabled Status : CUPS feature is enabled Load Factor Configuration : Dynamic Static Core Load Factor : 1 Static Memory Load Factor : 1 Static IO Load Factor : 1
```

## 3.31.4 nm30 cupsPolicy

Use this command to display CUPS policy.

Usage: nm30 cupsPolicy

```
10.133.176.73 X10DRG-Q (S0/G0,v1.77) 11:33 ASPD_T>nm30 cupsPolicy
CUPS Policy ID : Core Domain
Target identifier : BMC
Policy Status : Policy Enabled
Policy Storage : Persistent storage
Policy Excursion Actions : Sending of alert enabled
CUPS Threshold : 0
Averaging Window in sec : 6
CUPS Policy ID
                           : Memory Domain
                          : BMC
Target identifier
Policy Status : Policy Enabled Policy Storage : Persistent storage
Policy Excursion Actions : Sending of alert enabled
CUPS Threshold
                   : 0
Averaging Window in sec : 6
                       : IO Domain : BMC
CUPS Policy ID
Target identifier
                           : Policy Enabled
Policy Status : Policy Enabled Policy Storage : Persistent storage
Policy Excursion Actions : Sending of alert enabled
CUPS Threshold : 0
Averaging Window in sec : 6
CUPS Policy ID : Core Domain
Target identifier : Remote Console
Policy Status : Policy Enabled
Policy Storage : Persistent storage
Policy Excursion Actions : Sending of alert enabled
CUPS Threshold
Averaging Window in sec : 6
CUPS Policy ID
                            : Memory Domain
Target identifier : Remote Console
Policy Status : Policy Enabled
Policy Storage : Persistent storage
Policy Excursion Actions : Sending of alert enabled
CUPS Threshold
Averaging Window in sec : 6
                        : IO Domain
: Remote Console
CUPS Policy ID
Target identifier
Policy Status : Policy Enabled Policy Storage : Persistent storage
Policy Excursion Actions : Sending of alert enabled
CUPS Threshold
Averaging Window in sec : 6
```

## 3.31.5 nm30 cupsCore

Use this command to display Core CUPS utilization.

Usage: nm30 cupsCore

### **Example Output:**

```
10.133.176.73 \text{ X}10DRG-Q (SO/GO,v1.77) 11:34 ASPD_T>nm30 cupsCore Core CUPS = 43
```

## 3.31.6 nm30 cupsI0

Use this command to display IO CUPS utilization.

Usage: nm30 cupsIO

### Example Output:

```
10.133.176.73 X10DRG-Q (S0/G0,v1.77) 11:34 ASPD_T>nm30 cupsIO IO CUPS = 0
```

## **3.31.7 nm30 cupsMem**

Use this command to display memory CUPS utilization.

Usage: nm30 cupsMem

### **Example Output:**

```
10.133.176.73 X10DRG-Q (S0/G0,v1.77) 11:35 ASPD_T>nm30 cupsMem Memory CUPS = 0
```

# 3.31.8 nm30 setCupsPolicy

Use this command to set the CUPS Policy.

Usage:

#### nm30 setCupsPolicy <domainId> <storage> <alert> <threshold> <avgWindow>

#### Example:

## 3.31.9 nm30 cupsPolicyEnable

Use this command to enable the CUPS policy.

Usage: nm30 cupsPolicyEnable <domainId>

## 3.31.10 nm30 cupsPolicyDisable

Use this command to disable the CUPS policy.

Usage: nm30 cupsPolicyDisable <domainId>

# 3.32 nm40

This command is for Intel Dynamic Power Node Manager V4.0 and specifically used for testing Supermicro X11 series or newer motherboards. Use this command to run tests.

```
Command(s):
setTurboSyncRatio <socket> <limit> Set Turbo Synchronization Ratio
getTurboSyncRatio <socket> <core> Get Turbo Synchronization Ratio
```

# 3.32.1 nm40 setTurboSyncRatio

Use this command to set an identical maximum turbo ratio limit across selected set of CPU sockets.

### Usage: nm40 setTurboSyncRatio <socket> limit>

```
socket: CPU socket number 0 \sim 7 - CPU socket number that configuration should be applied to. (Supported value depends on system configuration) 255 (FFh) - Apply configuration to all present sockets limit: Turbo Ratio Limit 0 - Restore default settings Others - Turbo Ratio Limit to set
```

# 3.32.2 nm40 getTurboSyncRatio

Use this command to get the current turbo ratio limit.

#### Usage: getTurboSyncRatio <socket> <core>

```
socket: CPU socket number 0{\sim}7 - For which current settings should be read. 255 (FFh) - All sockets will return common maximum settings. core: Active cores configuration 255 (FFh) - Read configuration for all active cores.
```

### **Example Output:**

```
Current Turbo Ratio Limit = 0 Default Turbo Ratio Limit = 21 Maximum Turbo Ratio Limit = 28 Minimum Turbo Ratio Limit = 7
```

# 3.33 hdd

Enter the hdd command to display the physical and logical HDD status. Please note that the command is hardware-dependent. The command is only for several SAS RAID model. If the hardware is not supported, then the message "The device is not supported" will appear.



Note: These sets of commands only work with mega RAID 2108 and 3108 devices.

## 3.33.1 hdd map

Use this command to display the HDD present or error status.

Usage: hdd map

### **Example Output:**

### 3.33.2 hdd info

Use this command to display HDD information.

### Usage: hdd info [device id]

device id: option (Default = 0)

### **Example Output:**

172.31.11.86 X9DR3-LN4F+ (S0/G0) 17:22 SIM(WA)>hdd info

Device	ID: 0							
Index	Vendor	Name	Ver	Speed	Size	Temp	EID	Status
0	SEAGATE	ST31000424SS	0003	6.0Gb/s	930.4 GB	N/A	4	SYSTEM
1	SEAGATE	ST31000424SS	0003	6.0Gb/s	930.4 GB	N/A	4	SYSTEM
2	SEAGATE	ST32000444SS	0005	6.0Gb/s	1.8 TB	N/A	4	SYSTEM
3	SEAGATE	ST31000424SS	0003	6.0Gb/s	930.4 GB	N/A	4	SYSTEM
4	SEAGATE	ST31000424SS	0003	6.0Gb/s	930.4 GB	N/A	4	SYSTEM
5	SEAGATE	ST31000424SS	0003	6.0Gb/s	930.4 GB	N/A	4	SYSTEM
6	SEAGATE	ST31000424SS	0003	6.0Gb/s	930.4 GB	N/A	4	SYSTEM
7	SEAGATE	ST31000424SS	0003	6.0Gb/s	930.4 GB	N/A	4	SYSTEM
8	SEAGATE	ST3500414SS	0005	6.0Gb/s	464.7 GB	N/A	4	SYSTEM
9	SEAGATE	ST31000424SS	0003	6.0Gb/s	930.4 GB	N/A	4	SYSTEM
10	SEAGATE	ST31000424SS	0003	6.0Gb/s	930.4 GB	N/A	4	SYSTEM
11	SEAGATE	ST31000424SS	0003	6.0Gb/s	930.4 GB	N/A	4	SYSTEM
12	TOSHIBA	MBF2600RC	0108	6.0Gb/s	557.9 GB	32	2	SYSTEM
13	TOSHIBA	MBF2600RC	0108	6.0Gb/s	557.9 GB	31	2	SYSTEM
14	TOSHIBA	MBF2600RC	0108	6.0Gb/s	557.9 GB	31	2	SYSTEM
15	TOSHIBA	MBF2600RC	0108	6.0Gb/s	557.9 GB	32	2	SYSTEM
16	TOSHIBA	MBF2600RC	0108	6.0Gb/s	557.9 GB	32	2	SYSTEM
17	TOSHIBA	MBF2600RC	0108	6.0Gb/s	557.9 GB	31	2	SYSTEM
18	TOSHIBA	MBF2600RC	0108	6.0Gb/s	557.9 GB	31	2	SYSTEM
19	TOSHIBA	MBF2600RC	0107	6.0Gb/s	557.9 GB	31	2	SYSTEM
20	TOSHIBA	MBF2600RC	0108	6.0Gb/s	557.9 GB	31	2	SYSTEM
21	TOSHIBA	MBF2600RC	0107	6.0Gb/s	557.9 GB	32	2	SYSTEM
22	TOSHIBA	MBF2600RC	0107	6.0Gb/s	557.9 GB	31	2	SYSTEM
23	TOSHIBA	MBF2600RC	0108	6.0Gb/s	557.9 GB	32	2	SYSTEM

### 3.33.3 hdd disk

Use this command to display the detailed HDD information by index.

Usage: hdd disk <index> [device id]

device id: option (Default = 0)

```
| N/A
Temperature
Enclosure ID
                      | 4
172.31.11.86 X10DSC+ (S0/G0,750w) 18:28 ASPD_T>hdd disk 0 1
Device ID: 1
                      | Value
Field
                      | ----
Vendor
                      | HGST
Name
                      | HUH721008AL4200
revision
                     | A21D
Media Err Count
                     | 0
Other Err Count | 0
Pred Fail Count | 0
last Pred Fail Seq | 0
                   | drive is exposed and controlled by host
FW state
                     | 12.0Gb/s
link Speed
Coerced Size
Temperature
Enclosure ID
                     | 7.3 TB
                      | 31C/ 88F
                 | 1
```

## 3.33.4 lmap

Use this command to display logical HDD present status.

Usage: hdd lmap

### 3.33.5 linfo

Use this command to display logical HDD information.

Usage: hdd linfo

### 3.33.6 ldisk

Use this command to display the detailed information of logical HDDs by index.

Usage: hdd ldisk <index>

# 3.34 bios

This command is set to update BIOS and activate the product key. However, some of the product may not support update BIOS through SMCIPMITool. If that is the case, then the message "The device is not supported" will appear.

It is required to activate the product key before use. Please contact your Supermicro sales representative for details.

Usage: **bios** 

#### 3.34.1 bios ver

Use this command to check the BIOS version.

Usage: bios ver

## 3.34.2 bios image

Use this command to check the BIOS image file.

Usage: bios image <filename>

## 3.34.3 bios update

Use this command to update BIOS via IPMI.

Usage: bios update <filename> [options]

### Options:

-N: Program NVRAM

-R: Preserve SMBIOS

-MER: Program ME Firmware ME Region

-FORCEREBOOT: Force to reboot after BIOS update

#### **Example Output:**

```
192.168.23.98 X9DRW-3F (S5/G2) 14:50 SIM(X9)>bios update c:\x9drw 082
_____
BIOS Image info
_____
Date = 08/22/2012
MB Type = X9DRW-3F
Size
      = 16 \text{ MB}
=========
BIOS ROM info
=========
0636
_____
Uploading BIOS image
_____
Progress: |>>>>>> | 100%
Upload Time: 2 min 46 sec(s)
Updating BIOS
_____
Progress: |>>>>>> | 100%
Update Time: 3 min 53 sec(s)
Done
Total Elapse Time: 6 min 45 sec(s)
```

# 3.34.4 bios rfupdate

Use this command to update BIOS via redfish. It supports X12/H12 and later platforms.

Usage: bios rfupdate <filename> [options]

### Preserve option

-me Preserve ME

-smbios Preserve SMBIOS

-nvram Preserve NVRAM

-backup Backup image (Rot only)

-reboot Force power down to proceed update

### **Example Output:**

```
192.168.5.3 X12DPU (S5/G2) 10:19 X12 AST2600RoT>bios rfupdate
D:\firmware\X12DPU T202008281417.bin
_____
BIOS Image info
===========
Date
    = 08/28/2020
MB Type = X12DPU
      = 32 MB
Rev
      = 1.0
_____
Start BIOS Upgrade
_____
Uploading file.....Done
Done
Update Time: 4 min 32 sec(s)
```

## 3.34.5 bios setKey

Use this command to activate the product key for BIOS updates.

Usage: bios setKey <ProductKey> or <file>

Key format example for X11 and prior:

```
4F15-1F39-BEB3-0EA5-2C14-41CF
```

### Key format example for X12 and later:

```
{"ProductKey":{"Node":{"LicenseID":"1","LicenseName":"SFTOOBLIC","CreateDate":"2020051 4"},"Signature":"xxxxxxxx"}}
```

#### Example file content:

```
{"ProductKey":{"Node":{"LicenseID":"1","LicenseName":"SFTOOBLIC","CreateDate":"202 00514"},"Signature":"xxxxxxxx"}}
```

# 3.34.6 bios getMACs

Use this command to collect all MAC addresses in ipv4 network and save them in files.

# Usage: bios getMACs <start> <end> <netMask> <file> [<username> <password>]

### Example Output:

## 3.34.7 bios setKeys

Use this command to activate multiple SFT-OOB-LIC product keys for BIOS updates.

Usage: bios setKeys <file>

Example file content:

1. for X11 and prior

```
OCC47AF4D2B9;10.147.160.2;E66F-5F17-7AF6-99D8-C303-C15E
```

#### 2. for X12 and later

OCC47AF4D2B8;10.147.160.3; {"ProductKey": {"Node": {"LicenseID":"1", "LicenseName": "SF TOOBLIC", "CreateDate": "20200514"}, "Signature": "YB1quU1c8MVs3VmMNSbXcivoS1bO9X5s52i IH1F1mvx3vArJykX5WH52AUY3DzMnWNruwd00bF3Bq2kExdxwQrbb73q19fDoL53ZrUld5NsEn+ESV7i00 jR9HQBYr4qokKiAn8Ec0iAzWmqAzmUuUzT+fc1LLnsXEWvW5DuQhAI+FeBMOXRsK7Tx51GLra5kDoc4N/r QHeQHWXaYrQ851VTqcsMJ9PcdSKCNbYqv31/sQKP7znElRzQRwHS4oFbTGd1KltpN/ARxmUObkTJGlgIMJ 4RmgRHCne4dF4MDwObMa+Q3R71K5Le4EtZdPPcefGkrhezWpLr4fXLdZrc+Iw=="}}



**Note:** All Target device's username/password must be the same.

## 3.34.8 bios postCode

Use this command to do post snooping. This command will get latest BIOS POST codes.

Usage: bios postCode

# 3.35 mg

Use this command to save and load a managed group to the default group in the shell mode. You can simply use the ch command to control the managed BMCs in the default group. In addition, you can also run the hostrun command with the curr parameter to manage the default group. To list all managed servers, use the "ch" or "mg list" command.

## 3.35.1 mg list

Use this command to list the current managed devices.

Usage: mg list

## 3.35.2 mg save

Use this command to save the current managed devices to a file.

Usage: mg save <filename>

## 3.35.3 mg load

Use this command to load the managed devices from a file.

Usage: mg load <filename>

## 3.35.4 mg default

Use this command to manage the default group.

Usage: mg default

# **3.35.5** mg found

Use this command to manage the found group.

Usage: mg found

# 3.35.6 mg sort

Use this command to sort the currently managed devices.

Usage: mg sort

# **3.35.7** mg clear

Use this command to clear all currently managed devices.

Usage: mg clear

# 3.35.8 mg refresh

Use this command to refresh the managed devices.

Usage: mg refresh

# **3.36** found

Use this command to save the found BMC devices and copy them to the default group.

### **3.36.1 found list**

Use this command to list the found IPMI devices.

Usage: found list

### 3.36.2 found clear

Use this command to clear the found IPMI devices.

Usage: found clear

## **3.36.3 found copy**

Use this command to copy the found devices to the default managed group.

Usage: found copy <index1> [index2] [...]

## 3.36.4 found copyall

Use this command to copy all found devices to the default managed group.

Usage: found copyall

### 3.36.5 found saveAs

Use this command to save the found IPMI devices to a file.

Usage: found saveAs <filename>

## 3.36.6 found refresh

Use this command to refresh the found IPMI devices to a file.

Usage: found refresh

# 3.37 task

Use Task commands to create and perform tasks in the background. Various task commands on multiple server systems can be run at the same time. This function is ideal for long tasks such as updating BIOS or firmware.

Usage: task



Note: This command set only works properly in shell mode.

### 3.37.1 task run

Use this command to execute a command in the background.

Usage: task run <IP> <ID> <PW> <Cmd...>

**Example Output:** 

```
SIM(WA)>task run 10.133.176.208 ADMIN ADMIN bios update C:x9drw3.219 Task ID = 1
```

### 3.37.2 task command

Use this command to display the executed command specified by its task ID.

Usage: task command <taskID>

### 3.37.3 task startTime

Use this command to get the start time of a task.

Usage: task startTime <taskID>

### 3.37.4 task endTime

Use this command to get the end time of a task.

Usage: task endTime <taskID>

### 3.37.5 task state

Use this command to get the state of a task. The types of states are listed below:

- WAIT: The task is waiting to be performed.
- RUNNING: The task is being run.
- END: The task has been completed.

Usage: task state <taskID>

### 3.37.6 task exitcode

Use this command to get the exit code of a task. For a complete list of exit codes, see <u>Appendix F Exit</u> <u>Codes</u>.

Usage: task exitcode <taskID>

### 3.37.7 task message

Use this command to get the task messages.

Usage: task message <taskID>

```
SIM(WA)>task message 1
TaskID : 1 [RUNNING] [Command : 10.133.176.208 ADMIN ADMIN bios update
C:\x9drw3.219 ]
```

```
System is On. Preparing BIOS update procedure .......Done
BIOS Image info
______
Date = 02/19/2013
MB Type = X9DRW-3F
      = 16 MB
Size
=========
BIOS ROM info
=========
0636 BIOS Date: 02/19/2013
_____
Uploading BIOS image
_____
TaskID : 1 [RUNNING]
```

### 3.37.8 task remove

Use this command to remove a task.

Usage: task remove <taskID>

## 3.37.9 task message2file

Use this command to save the task messages to a file.

Usage: task message2file <taskID> <file>

### 3.37.10 task removeAll

Use this command to remove all executed tasks having a state indication of "END".

Usage: task removeAll

# 3.37.11 task getTaskIDs

Use this command to get all task IDs.

Usage: task getTaskIDs

### **3.37.12** task status

Use this command to display the performed task status.

Usage: task status

```
3 | 03/28 11:54:09 |
update C:\x9drw3.219
                                           | 00:00:04 | RUNNING | | 10.133.99.70 ADMIN **** bios
```

## **3.37.13** task limit

Use this command to limit the number of tasks to be performed at once.

Usage: task limit <number>

# 3.38 tp

Use this command to manage TwinPro MCU information.

Usage: tp

### **Example Output:**

```
10.133.176.73 X10DRG-Q (S0/G0,v1.77) 11:51 ASPD T> tp
Command:tp
Command(s):
info
                                 Get MCU Info
nodeID
                                Get Node ID
                                Get/Set System Name
systemName [data]
systemPN
                                Get System P/N
systemSN
                                Get System S/N
chassisPN
                                Get Chassis P/N
chassisSN
                                Get Chassis S/N
backPlanePN
                                Get BackPlane P/N
backPlaneSN
                                Get BackPlane S/N
                             Get/Set Chassis Location (Hex Value)
chassisLocation [data]
                               Get BackPlane Location (FatTwin only, 1:Right
bpLocation
2:Left)
nodePN
                                Get NodeP/N
nodeSN
                                 Get NodeS/N
```

## 3.38.1 tp info

Use this command to display MCU information.

Usage: tp info

### **Example Output:**

```
Node | Power
                             | IP
                                                              | Watts | Current | CPU1 | CPU2 | System
     1 | Active | 10.138.33.131 | 112W | 9.2A | 43C | 2 | Active | 10.138.33.132 | 90W | 7.5A | 36C |
                                                                                                                39C
                                                                                                                                  24C
                                                                                      7.5A | 36C | 35C |
                                                                                                                                  24C
Node | Node P/N
                                                            | Node S/N
                                                            | VM155S028212
     1 | X10DRFR-NT
      2 | X10DRFR-NT
                                                             | VM155S028210
onfiguration ID : 2
urrent Node ID : 1
ystem Name : (Empty)
ystem P/N : SYS-F628R3-RCOBPT+
ystem S/N : S188314X5811348
hassis P/N : CSE-F424AS-R1K28BP
hassis S/N : CF424AE19N60085
ackplane P/N : BPN-PDB-F424
ackplane S/N : EB154S008729
hassis Location : FF FF FF FF
P Location : Left
 P Location
                                : Left
CU Version
                                : 1.08
PN Revision : 2.00
```

# 3.38.2 tp nodeID

Use this command to get the Node ID.

Usage: tp nodeID

## 3.38.3 tp systemName

Use this command to get/set the system name.

Usage: tp systemName [data]

## 3.38.4 tp systemPN

Use this command to get the system product number.

Usage: tp systemPN

## 3.38.5 tp systemSN

Use this command to get the system serial number.

Usage: tp systemSN

## 3.38.6 tp chassisPN

Use this command to get the chassis product number.

Usage: tp chassisPN

## 3.38.7 tp chassisSN

Use this command to get the chassis serial number.

Usage: tp chassisSN

# 3.38.8 tp backPlanePN

Use this command to get the plane product number.

Usage: tp backPlanePN

# 3.38.9 tp backPlaneSN

Use this command to get the plane serial number.

Usage: tp backPlaneSN

# 3.38.10 tp chassisLocation

Use this command to get the chassis location value.

Usage: tp chassisLocation [data]

# 3.38.11 tp bpLocation

Use this command to get back the plane location. It is FatTwin system only. (1: Right, 2: Left)

Usage: tp bpLocation

## 3.38.12 tp bpnID

Use this command to get the BPN ID.

Usage: tp bpnID

## 3.38.13 tp bpnRevision

Use this command to get the BPN revision.

Usage: tp bpnRevision

## **3.38.14 tp nodePN**

Use this command to get the node product number.

Usage: tp nodePN

## **3.38.15 tp nodeSN**

Use this command to get the node serial number.

Usage: tp nodeSN

## **3.38.16 tp configID**

Use this command to get/set the config ID.

Usage: tp configID [ID]

# 3.39 **wsiso**

This virtual media function mounts an ISO file via Widnows Share or SAMBA (available on X9, X10 and later motherboards). Note that this command requires a node product key.



#### Notes:

- This command requires a node product key.
- This command works in command mode.

Usage: wsiso

### 3.39.1 wsiso status

Use this command to display the virtual media status.

Usage: wsiso status

### 3.39.2 wsiso mount

Use this command to mount an ISO file.

Usage: wsiso mount <IP> <path> [username] [password]

Some X12 and X13 platforms support the certificate option, for this kind of usage as follows.

# Usage: wsiso mount <IP> <path> [username] [password] [certificate] [self-signed]

```
IP: IP or domain name of share host
path: path to iso file
username: username of share host (optional)
password: password of share host (optional)
certificate: O(Disable) or 1(Enable), verify the certificate on the server (optional),
note: This option only works with HTTPS file server. The default is 0.
self-signed: O(Disable) or 1(Enable), accept the self-signed certificate (optional),
it requires enabling certificate. The default is 0.
Ex 1: mount linux.iso
 wsiso mount 192.168.1.100 /iso/linux.iso
Ex 2: mount linux.iso with username and password
 wsiso mount 192.168.1.100 /iso/linux.iso admin admin
Ex 3: mount linux.iso with certificate and self-signed
wsiso mount https://192.168.1.200 /iso/linux.iso 1 1
Ex 4: mount linux.iso with username, password, and certificate
 wsiso mount https://192.168.1.200 /iso/linux.iso admin admin 1 0
* Use one ISO file at a time. Make sure umount existing ISO before mount new ISO
file
* This command is available for X9 and X10 platform with SFT-OOB-LIC node product key
```

#### 3.39.3 wsiso umount

Use this command to unmount an ISO file.

Usage: wsiso umount

# 3.40 tas

### 3.40.1 tas info

This command provides TAS version, status and other information.

**Example Output:** 

72.31.3.105 X10DRH-C (S0/G0,197w) 15:50 ASPD\_T>tas info

Item		Value
Version		1.4.0
Build data		170502
Protocol version		0x01
Status		Running
TAS start time	2017/05/11	11:19:27
Last Update Time	2017/05/11	15:48:35

## **3.40.2** tas pause

Use this command to pause the TAS service.

Usage: tas pause

### 3.40.3 tas resume

Use this command to resume the TAS service.

Usage: tas resume

### 3.40.4 tas refresh

Use this command to trigger TAS to recollect data.

Usage: tas refresh

### **3.40.5** tas clear

Use this command to clear the collected TAS data in the BMC.

Usage: tas clear

## 3.40.6 tas period

Use this command to get or set the TAS update period in seconds (time limit is from 5 to 60 seconds).

Usage:

```
(to get) tas period
(to set) tas period [sec]
```

# 3.41 nvme

Th NVMe command set provides NVMe information and management. Please note that the command does not support M.2 NVMe.

Usage: nvme

### Example Output:

```
Command(s):
list
                                     NVME Summary
info
                                     PCIe SSD NVME Info
                                    Rescan all devices by in band
rescan
Insert SSD by out of band
                                    Locate SSD
stopLocate <HDD Name>
                                    Stop Locate SSD
\verb"remove" < \verb"HDD Name">
                                    Remove NVME device
smartData [HDD Name]
                                     NVME SMART Data
```

### **3.41.1 nvme list**

Use this command to display the NVMe summary information, including in-band and out-of-band.

Usage: nvme list

### **3.41.2 nvme info**

Use this command to display the NVMe out-of-band details.

Usage: nvme info

10.163.55.95 (S0/G0) 17:56 ASPI [AOC Number:0] [Firmware Info:	<del>_</del>
Item	Value
Slot	0
Located	No
Temperature	34 C
Class Code	02 08 01
ID	80 86
Serial Number	CVFT4182001K400GGN
Model Number	INTEL SSDPE2MD400G4
Port0 Max Link Speed	8.0 GT/s
Port0 Max Link Width	x4
Port1 Max Link Speed	8.0 GT/s
Port1 Max Link Width	x4
Init Power Requirement	10 Watts
Max Power Requirement	25 Watts
Item	Value
Slot	1
Located	l No
Temperature	1 35 C
Class Code	02 08 01

ID	1	80 86
Serial Number	1	CVFT41820018400GGN
Model Number	1	INTEL SSDPE2MD400G4
Port0 Max Link Speed	1	8.0 GT/s
Port0 Max Link Width		x4
Port1 Max Link Speed	1	8.0 GT/s
Port1 Max Link Width	1	x4
Init Power Requirement	1	10 Watts
Max Power Requirement	1	25 Watts

#### 3.41.3 nvme rescan

Use this command to rescan all NVMe devices from OS.

Usage: nvme rescan

#### 3.41.4 nvme insert

Use this command to insert an SSD.

Usage: nvme insert <aoc> <group> <slot>

#### 3.41.5 nvme locate

This command allows you to specify the HDD name or slot location. Use this command to locate an SSD.

```
Usage: nvme locate <HDD Name>
     nvme locate <aoc> <group> <slot>
```

#### 3.41.6 nvme stopLocate

Use this command to stop locating an SSD. You can specify the HDD name or slot location.

```
Usage: nvme stoplocate <HDD Name>
     nvme stoplocate <aoc> <group> <slot>
```

#### 3.41.7 nvme remove

Use this command to remove an SSD by specifying the HDD name or slot location.

```
Usage: nvme remove <HDD name> [option]
```

To disconnect an NVMe device on the OS and then eject from BMC, use 0 for [option]. (By default.)

To disconnect an NVMedevice on the OS but not eject from BMC afterwards, use 1 for [option].

```
nvme remove <aoc> <group> <slot>
```

### 3.41.8 nvme smartData

Use this command to display the NVMe in band details.

Usage: nvme smartData <HDD name>

### Example Output:

Item	Value
Device name	nvme1
Critical warning	1 0
IB Temp.	28 C
Available spare	100%
Available spare threshold	10%
Percentage used	1 0%
Data units read (512k bytes)	25,943
Data units written (512k bytes)	1
Host read commands	3,246,438
Host write commands	3
Controller busy time (minutes)	0
Power cycles	79
Power on hours	195
Unsafe shutdowns	3
Media errors	0
Error log entries	0

# 3.42 nodeKey

Use this command to manage the currently activated node product key.

Usage: nodekey

### Example Output:

```
172.31.10.31 B9DRG-E (S0/G0,16w) 14:01 SIMBL(W)>nodekey Command:nodekey Command(s):
List Node Product Key
```

# 3.42.1 nodekey list

Use this command to list the node product key.

Usage: nodekey list

```
172.31.10.31 X10DRT (S0/G0,17w) 14:13 ASPT>nodekey list SFT-OOB-LIC activated
```

# 3.43 rsc

Use this command to capture remote screenshots of a managed system and saves the image file locally. (This function is available on X9, X10 series and later ATEN boards). Files in .png and .jpg formats are supported. Administrative privilege is required for Windows: (run as administrator)

Usage: rsc [filename.ext]

### **Example Output:**

```
10.134.15.187 X9DRT-P (S0/G0,62w,v3.32) 13:53 SIM(WA)>rsc Write file "10.134.15.187-20141113-142720.png" done
```



### **Notes:**

- This command requires a node product key.
- This command works in command mode.

# 3.44 rko

Use this command to send a series of keyboard actions to a managed system. (This function is available on X9, X10 and later ATEN boards). Write a keyboard script in a file and use the rko command to send it. Administrative privilege is required for Windows: (run as administrator)

Usage: rko [filepath]

Please refer following help for keyboard definition.

```
______
                Remote Keyboard Operation Help
______
Keyboard Operation Parameters List
_____
Alphanumeric Keys: A-Z, a-z, 0-9, Symbols Keys (example: ,./!#%& ... etc)
Modifier Keys : [Shift], [Ctrl], [Alt], [Win]
Navigation Keys : [Up], [Down], [Left], [Right], [PageUp], [PageDown],
              [Home], [End]
Editing Keys : [Enter], [Backspace], [Insert], [Delete], [Tab], [Space]
Miscellaneous Keys: [PrtSc], [Pause], [Esc], [F1]-[F12]
Macro Key example : [Ctrl+Alt+Delete], [Alt+F4], [Ctrl+v] ... etc
Delay Parameter : [Delay=?h?m?s], [Delay=?m?s], [Delay=?s]
Keyboard Operation File Sample
______
[Ctrl+Alt+Delete] [Delay=5s]
password[Enter][Delay=10s]
cmd[Enter][Delay=1s]
ipconfig[Enter]
```



#### Notes:

- This command requires a node product key.
- This command works in command mode.

# **3.45** diag

Use this command to run BIOS diagnostic functions remotely.

Usage: diag

### **Example Output:**

```
Command(s):
start <diag Image> Start Diagnostics on target system
download <filename> Download diagnostic result
display <JSON file> Display diagnostic result from file
```

## **3.45.1 diag start**

```
Usage: diag start drv <index>
diag start iso <ISO Image>
```

There are two methods to run the SMCIPMITool remotely. You can run the tool with either a pen drive or an ISO image. The SMCIPMITool can be run on different platforms, and refer to the commands below to start the SMCIPMITool in shell mode. Administrative privilege is required for Windows: (run as administrator)

#### With a Pen Drive:

- Download and unzip the file "SuperDiag\_version\_date.zip" from
   https://www.supermicro.com/en/support/resources/downloadcenter/smsdownload, you will have the SuperDiag\_version\_date folder at the download path.
- 2. Unzip the "USBForSuperDiag.zip" from the SuperDiag\_version\_date\Diagnose\_Remotely subfolder
- 3. Save the file to a pen drive and insert it in the system.
- 4. Type "vmwa dev1list" to locate the pen drive.
- 5. Type "diag start drv <index>" to start the tool.

### Example output:

```
10.136.33.151 X10DRU-i+ (S0/G0,115w) 13:55 ASPD_T>vmwa dev1list
2: [F: USB Flash]
3: [C: IDE HD]
4: [D: IDE HD]
10.136.33.151 X10DRU-i+ (S0/G0,117w) 13:55 ASPD_T>diag start drv 2
```

With an ISO Image

- Download and unzip the file "SuperDiag\_version\_date.zip" from <a href="https://www.supermicro.com/en/support/resources/downloadcenter/smsdownload">https://www.supermicro.com/en/support/resources/downloadcenter/smsdownload</a>, you will have the SuperDiag\_version\_date folder at the download path.
- 2. Unzip the "ISOForSuperDiag.zip" from the SuperDiag\_version\_date\Diagnose\_Remotely subfolder.
- 3. Type "diag start iso <image>" to start the Tool.

The following steps illustrate how this command is executed

- 1. Virtual Media is started to mount the diagnostics image.
- 2. The boot option is set to UEFI.
- 3. The remote system is powered off.
- 4. About 10 seconds later, the remote system is powered on.
- 5. The diagnostics tool is started to run the check-up.
- 6. SMCIPMITool will monitor the diagnostics. Once it is finished, "done" is shown on the screen of the local system.



**Note:** This command only works properly in shell mode.

## 3.45.2 diag download

Usage: diag download <filename>

The following steps illustrate how this command is executed.

- 1. The command generalFileDownload is executed to download the JSON file.
- 2. The JSON file in saved in the local system.

## 3.45.3 diag display

Usage: diag display <filename>

The following steps illustrate how this command is executed.

- 1. The JSON file is retrieved from the local system.
- 2. The JSON file is parsed, and the result is displayed.

To display the specific diagnostic results, you can use the parameters "pass," "fail" or "info" as filter criteria.

Parameter	Description			
pass	Displays the items that have passed the diagnostics.			
fail	Displays the items that have failed the diagnostics.			
info	Displays the items and their basic information.			

Usage Examples:

Diag display <JSON file> pass

Diag display <JSON file> fail

Diag display <JSON file> info

To specify the amount of displaying lines, you can use the additional parameter "line" as following:

Parameter	Description
line	Limit display lines. Press any key to scroll pages, and use <ctrl>+<d> to terminate</d></ctrl>
iiiie	the display console.

**Usage Examples:** 

Diag display <JSON file> line 15

Diag display <JSON file> info line 20

## 3.46 mel

This command set provides ability to download BMC maintenance log file or sending out clear maintenance log command to BMC.

## 3.46.1 mel list

```
Usage: mel list [[begin end] or [last]]
```

This command is used to list BMC maintenance event log in all or range.

Usage Examples:

```
mel list
mel list 5 10
[list the events from 5<sup>th</sup> to 10<sup>th</sup>]
mel list 20
[list the last 20 events]
mel list -m 3
[list events within the last 3 months]
```

## 3.46.2 mel download

Usage: mel download <filename>

This command is used to download BMC maintenance event log to a file.

## **3.46.3** mel clear

Usage: mel clear

This command can clear BMC maintenance event log.

## 3.47 hwinfo

Usage: hwinfo [--more]

Use this command to check the asset information on X12/B12/H12 and above platforms via Redfish. Adding the "--more" parameter will display detail information for each component.

## 3.48 bladePosition

Usage: bladePosition

Use this command to identify the position where a CMM is inserted in a blade system.

## 3.49 bladeCMMInfo

Usage: bladeCmmInfo

Use this command to check the CMM information on a blade system.

Example output:

```
CMM IP Address: 192.168.2.1
CMM FW Version: 03.73
```

## 3.50 crashDump

This command set is for trouble shooting purpose. It can be supported on X12/B12/H12 and above platforms via Redfish. Please note that the SFT-DCMS-single license is required.

## 3.50.1 crashDump generate

Usage: crashDump generate

Use this command to generate a report regarding to HW component.

## 3.50.2 crashDump download

Usage: crashDump download

Use this command to download current trouble shooting report.

## 3.51 Redfish

Use this command set to retrieve data from BMC via redfish. X12 and later platforms are supported. Platforms prior to X11 may have limited support due to BMC redfish URL implementation.

## 3.51.1 redfish version

Usage: redfish version

Use this command to display the current Redfish version of BMC.

## 3.51.2 redfish accountService

#### 3.51.2.1 redfish accountService ad

The following command set is used to configure the Active Directory settings.

#### 3.51.2.1.1 redfish accountService ad status

Usage: redfish accountService ad status [enabled]

enable:1 disable:0

Use this command to enable and disable Active Directory Service.

#### 3.51.2.1.2 redfish accountService ad list

Usage: redfish accountService ad list

Use this command to list the active directory servers and role groups.

#### 3.51.2.1.3 redfish accountService ad addAddress

Usage: redfish accountService ad addAddress <IP> <Port>

Use this command to add a new server address.

#### 3.51.2.1.4 redfish accountService ad deleteAddress

Usage: redfish accountService ad deleteAddress <number>

Use this command to delete an existing server address.

#### 3.51.2.1.5 redfish accountService ad addRole

Usage: redfish accountService ad addRole <group> <user> <role>

Use this command to add a remote role map in the active directory.

#### Example:

>redfish accountService ad addRole group1 user1 4 Done

#### 3.51.2.1.6 redfish accountService ad deleteRole

Usage: redfish accountService ad deleteRole <number>

Use this command to delete an existing remote role map in the active directory.

## 3.51.2.2 redfish accountService ldap

The following set of commands is used to configure the LDAP settings.

#### 3.51.2.2.1 redfish accountService ldap info

Usage: redfish accountService ldap info

Use this command to display the LDAP information.

#### 3.51.2.2.2 redfish accountService ldap status

Usage: redfish accountService ldap status [enabled]

Use this command is to enable or disable the LDAP service.

#### 3.51.2.2.3 redfish accountService ldap username

Usage: redfish accountService ldap username [username]

Use command to get or set the LDAP username attribute.

#### 3.51.2.2.4 redfish accountService ldap group

Usage: redfish accountService ldap group [group attribute]

Use this command is to get or set the LDAP group attribute

#### 3.51.2.2.5 redfish accountService ldap addAddress

Usage: redfish accountService ldap addAddress <IP> <Port>

Use this command is to add a new server address.

#### 3.51.2.2.6 redfish accountService ldap deleteAddress

Usage: redfish accountService ldap deleteAddress <number>

Use this command to delete an existing server address by specifying its index number.

### 3.51.2.2.7 redfish accountService ldap addSearchBase

Usage: redfish accountService ldap addSearchBase <search base>

Use this command to add a search base.

#### 3.51.2.2.8 redfish accountService ldap deleteSearchBase

Usage: redfish accountService ldap deleteSearchBase <number>

Use this command to delete the search base by specifying its index number.

#### 3.51.2.2.9 redfish accountService ldap addRole

Usage: redfish accountService ldap addRole <group> <user> <role>

Use this command to add a remote LDAP role map.

## 3.51.2.2.10 redfish accountService ldap deleteSearchBase

Usage: redfish accountService ldap deleteRole <number>

Use this command to delete a remote LDAP role map by specifying its index number.

## 3.51.2.3 redfish accountService radius

Usage: redfish accountService radius [<authentication> <port> <ip
address> <secret>]

Use this command to get or set the radius configuration via Redfish.

#### Example:

> redfish accountService radius 1 1812 127.0.0.1 test
Done

## 3.51.2.4redfish accountService lockoutSetting

Usage: redfish accountService lockoutSetting [<threshold> <duration>
<resetCounter>]

Use this command to manage the account lockout settings.

Allowable Thresholds: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

Duration and resetCounter index

- 0: Never
- 1: 10s
- 2: 30s
- 3: 1m
- 4: 5m
- 5: 10m
- 6: 30m

### 3.51.3 redfish eventService

## 3.51.3.1 redfish eventService alert

#### 3.51.3.1.1 redfish eventService alert list

Usage: redfish eventService alert list

Use this command to list all alert settings.

#### 3.51.3.1.2 redfish eventService alert setSNMPv1

Usage: redfish eventService alert setSNMPv1 <number> <severity> <destination> <trap community>

Severity:

Information: 0 Warning Critical

Destination:

IPv4/IPv6 format

Use this command to set an alert by SNMPv1.

#### Example:

```
>redfish eventService alert setSNMPv1 1 0 10.147.160.3 test
Done
```

#### 3.51.3.1.3 redfish eventService alert setSNMPv3

Usage: redfish eventService alert setSNMPv3 <number> <severity> <destination> <username> <authenticationProtocol> <authenticationKey> <encryptionProtocol> <encryptionKey>

```
Severity:
```

Information: 0 Warning : 1 Critical : 2

Destination:

IPv4/IPv6 format : 0

AuthenticationProtocol:

MD5

SHA96 : 1 EncryptionKeyProtocol: DES : 0 AES128 : 1

AuthenticationKey/EncryptionKey:

Need lowercase, uppercase and numbers. Should be in the range of 8-65 characters

Use this command to set an alert by SNMPv3.

#### Example:

```
>redfish eventService alert setSNMPv3 6 2 10.130.50.51 user01 0 Test1234 0
Test4321
Done
```

## 3.51.3.1.4 redfish eventService alert setSMTP

Usage: redfish eventService alert setSMTP <number> <severity> <email> <subject> <message>

#### Severity:

Information: 0 Warning Critical

Use this command to set an alert by SMTP.

#### Example:

>redfish eventService alert setSMTP 6 2 user03@email.com subject test
Done

#### 3.51.3.1.5 redfish eventService alert setRedfish

Usage: redfish event alert setRedfish <number> <destination> <message>

#### Destination:

start with http or https and also need port. [ex.https://smc.com:443]

Use this command to set an alert by Redfish.

#### Example:

> redfish eventService alert setRedfish 6 https://smc.com:443 test
Done

#### 3.51.3.1.6 redfish eventService alert delete

Usage: redfish eventService alert delete <Number>

Use this command to delete an alert setting by specifying its index number.

#### 3.51.3.1.7 redfish eventService alert sendTest

Usage: redfish eventService alert sendTest

Use this command to send a test alert to the designated receiver set up by the commands above.

### 3.51.3.2 redfish eventService smtp

#### 3.51.3.2.1 redfish eventService smtp list

Usage: redfish eventService smtp list

Use this command to list SMTP mail server configuration.

#### 3.51.3.2.2 redfish eventService smtp server

Usage: redfish eventService smtp server [server name]

Use this command to get or set SMTP server name.

#### 3.51.3.2.3 redfish eventService smtp port

Usage: redfish eventService smtp port [number]

Use this command to get or set SMTP port number.

#### 3.51.3.2.4 redfish eventService smtp protocol

Usage: redfish eventService smtp protocol [mode]

Use this command to get or set SMTP connection protocol.

#### Mode:

None : 0
AutoDetect : 1
StartTLS : 2
TLS SSL : 3

#### 3.51.3.2.5 redfish eventService smtp authentication

Usage: redfish eventService smtp authentication [mode]

Use this command to get or set SMTP authentication protocol.

#### Mode:

None : 0
AutoDetect : 1
CRAM\_MD5 : 2
Login : 3
Plain : 4

#### 3.51.3.2.6 redfish eventService smtp user

Usage: redfish eventService smtp user [name]

Use this command to get or set SMTP username.

#### 3.51.3.2.7 redfish eventService smtp password

Usage: redfish eventService smtp password <password>

Use this command to set SMTP password.

#### 3.51.3.2.8 redfish eventService smtp sender

Usage: redfish eventService smtp sender [mail]

Use this command to get or set SMTP sender's mail address.

## 3.51.3.3 redfish eventService snmp

#### 3.51.3.3.1 redfish eventService snmp status

Usage: redfish eventService snmp status [enabled]

Use this command to enable or disable the SNMP service. Please note that SNMPv2 and SNMPv3 will be disabled at the time SNMP disable.

#### Enabled:

Disable: 0 Enable : 1

#### 3.51.3.3.2 redfish eventService snmp list

Usage: redfish eventService snmp list

Use this command to list all SNMP setting.

Example:

### 3.51.3.3.3 redfish eventService snmp snmpv2

Please note that SNMPv2 command is only available when SNMP enabled.

#### 3.51.3.3.3.1 redfish eventService snmp snmpv2 status

Usage: redfish eventService snmp snmpv2 status [enabled]

Use this command to enable or disable SNMPv2 service.

#### Enabled:

Disable: 0 Enable: 1

## 3.51.3.3.2 redfish eventService snmp snmpv2 add

Usage: redfish eventService snmp snmpv2 add <name> <community string> <mode>

Use this command to add new community setting.

#### Mode:

ReadOnly : 0
ReadWrite: 1

## 3.51.3.3.3 redfish eventService snmp snmpv2 edit

Usage: redfish eventService snmp snmpv2 edit <id> <name> <community string> <mode>

Use this command to edit community setting.

#### Mode:

ReadOnly : 0
ReadWrite: 1

#### 3.51.3.3.4 redfish eventService snmp snmpv2 delete

Usage: redfish eventService snmp snmpv2 delete [id]

Use this command to delete one or all settings.

#### 3.51.3.3.3.5 redfish eventService snmp snmpv2 communityString

Usage: redfish eventService snmp snmpv2 communityString [mode]

Use this command to hide or show communityString.

Mode:

Hide : 0 Show : 1

#### 3.51.3.3.4 redfish eventService snmp snmpv3

Please note that SNMPv3 command is only available when SNMP enabled.

#### 3.51.3.3.4.1 redfish eventService snmp snmpv3 status

Usage: redfish eventService snmp snmpv3 status [enabled]

Use this command to enable or disable SNMPv3 service.

Enabled:

Disable: 0 Enable : 1

#### 3.51.3.3.4.2 redfish eventService snmp snmpv3 authentication

Usage: redfish eventService snmp snmpv3 authentication [mode]

Use this command to get or set SNMPv3 authentication protocol.

Mode:

MD5 : 0 SHA1 : 1 Account : 2

#### 3.51.3.3.4.3 redfish eventService snmp snmpv3 private

Usage: redfish eventService snmp snmpv3 private [mode]

Use this command to get or set SNMPv3 private protocol.

Mode:

None : 0
DES : 1
AES : 2
Account : 3

## 3.51.4 redfish ipctrl

#### 3.51.4.1 Redfish ipctrl status

Usage: redfish ipctrl status [enabled]

enable : 1 disable :0

Use this command to enable or disable IP access control.

## 3.51.4.2 Redfish ipctrl list

Usage: redfish ipctrl list

Use this command to list IP access control options.

#### **Example Output:**

#### 3.51.4.3 Redfish ipctrl add

Usage: redfish ipctrl add <IP> <Prefix> <Policy>

Policy:

enable = 1
disable =0

Use this command to add an IP access control policy.

#### Example:

```
>redfish ipctrl add 10.135.50.51 32 1
```

#### 3.51.4.4Redfish ipctrl edit

Usage: redfish ipctrl edit <rule no> <IP> <Prefix> <Policy>

Policy:

enable = 1 disable =0

Use this command to edit an IP access control policy.

#### 3.51.4.5 Redfish ipctrl delete

Usage: redfish ipctrl delete <rule no>

Use this command to delete an IP access control policy.

## 3.51.5 redfish firmwareInventory

## 3.51.5.1 Redfish firmwareInventory info

Usage: redfish firmwareInventory info

Use this command to get firmware inventory information.

#### 3.51.5.2 Redfish firmwareInventory install

Use this command to update the last known good image or recover from the backup image.

Usage: redfish firmwareInventory install <Target> <Action>

#### Target:

**BMC** 

BIOS

#### Action:

0: Recover

1: UpdateGolden

Use this command to perform firmware inventory actions. You can recover or updateGolden for BMC or the BIOS image.

## 3.51.6 redfish hostInterface status

Usage: redfish hostInterface status [enabled]

Use this command to get/set the hostInterface status when the system lockdown mode is off.

## 3.51.7 redfish bpnCPLDUpdate

Usage: redfish bpnCPLDUpdate <CPLD file>

Use this command to update the backplane CPLD on X12DPT-B6.

### 3.51.8 redfish kvm

Usage: redfish kvm [Switch only interface]

Use this command to launch the HTML 5 version of KVM or to switch to the current KVM interface only.

#### Switch only interface:

- -switchOnlyJava
- -switchOnlyHTML5

A warning message appears when a new connection to the BMC is established for the first time. Click the **Continue to "BMC IP address" (unsafe)** link to proceed.





#### Notes

- An SFT-DCMS-single license is required to run the command on X10 and X11 generation motherboards.
- The command is supported on X10 platforms and later.
- "Switch only interface" will not launch the KVM console.

## 3.51.9 redfish biosConfiguration

Use this command to get or set BIOS configuration via Redfish. It supports X12/H12/B12 and later platforms. Please note that the SFT-DCMS-single license is required.

## 3.51.9.1 Redfish biosConfiguration get

Usage: redfish biosConfiguration get [name]

Use this command to list one or all BIOS properties.

#### **Example Output:**

## 3.51.9.2 Redfish biosConfiguration set

Usage: redfish biosConfiguration set <name> <value>

Use this command to set one BIOS property. It supports the ability to set the value with enum or text.

#### Example:

```
>redfish biosConfiguration set QuietBoot 0 Done
```

#### 3.51.9.3 Redfish biosConfiguration menu

Usage: redfish biosConfiguration menu

Use this command to access the BIOS configuration hierarchical menu and properties. Please note that menu commands may be varied on different platform.

#### **Example Output:**

```
>redfish biosConfiguration menu
Command:redfish biosConfiguration menu
Command(s):
Advanced
                               (12)
Boot
                               (14)
EventLogs
                               (1)
SMCIKMIPMAIN
                               (8)
Security
> redfish biosConfiguration menu Advanced
Command:redfish biosConfiguration menu Advanced
Command(s):
                                    (4)
ACPISettings
BootFeature
                                   (11)
ChipsetConfiguration
                                   (2)
HTTPBootConfiguration
                                   (5)
NetworkConfiguration
                                   (7)
PCHSATAConfiguration
                                   (27)
PCHsSATAConfiguration
                                   (21)
PCIe/PCI/PnPConfiguration
                                   (29)
ProcessorConfiguration
                                   (15)
SMCIKMSServerConfiguration
                                   (7)
SerialPortConsoleRedirection
                                   (6)
SuperIOConfiguration
                                    (2)
TrustedComputing
                                    (10)
```

## 3.51.9.4Redfish biosConfiguration list

Usage: redfish biosConfiguration list

Use this command to get BIOS properties on the pending list. Properties in the pending list will be applied to BIOS in next boot-up.

## **Example Output:**

```
>redfish biosConfiguration list
----- | ------ | -------- |
Command name | Current value | Pending value
----- | ------ | ------- |
QuietBoot | true | false
----- | Total attributes | | 1
```

#### 3.51.9.5 Redfish bios Configuration reset

Usage: redfish biosConfiguration reset [--reboot]

Use this command to reset BIOS to default setting and clear BIOS properties on the pending list.



#### Notes:

- All BIOS attributes will be reset after next reboot.
- Remember to reboot to proceed BIOS reset if no "--reboot" parameter.

## 3.51.9.6 Redfish bios Configuration search

Usage: redfish biosConfiguration search [keyword]

Use this command to search for a property name or a value by a keyword.

### **Example Output:**

## 3.51.9.7Redfish biosConfiguration save

Usage: redfish biosConfiguration save [<filename> [option]]

```
For options:
0: Save all current settings to file (default)
1: Save all settings in the pending list to file
2: Only save settings with different values from current BIOS in the pending list to file
```

Use this command to save properties to a file.

## 3.51.9.8 Redfish bios Configuration load

Usage: redfish biosConfiguration load <filename>

Use this command to load properties from a file.

# **Appendix A Command Categories**

Refer to the chart below to determine the command sets supported by the stated configurations.

V: Supported

O: Supported and IPMI FW dependent.

Command Set	Blade w/ CMM	Server w/ ATEN IPMI Firmware	Server w/ AMI IPMI Firmware	Server w/ Peppercon IPMI Firmware	Server w/ATEN or AMI IPMI FW, ME enabled BIOS and PMBus power supply
Superblade Management	0				
MicroBlade Management	0				
IPMI Management	V	V	V	V	٧
KVM and Virtual Media for Peppercon, AMI, ATEN		0	0	0	0
Group Management	V	V	V	V	٧
Shell and Command Mode	٧	٧	V	V	٧
Trap Receiver	V	V	V	V	V
Node Management for ME-enabled MB					٧
DCMI Management		V	V		V
PMBus Health					V
IPMI Device Discovery	V	V	V	V	V
Script	V	V	V	V	V

Refer to the chart below for the command set categories of the primary commands.

Category	Commands			
Superblade Management	superblade			
Microblade Management	microblade			
IPMI Management	sel, user, ipmi, ver, sol			
KVM and Virtual Media for Peppercon: dr, kvm, vm  Peppercon, AMI, ATEN  AMI: kvmw, vmw, kvmwx9  ATEN: kvmwa, vmwa, wsiso, rsc, rko				
Group Management	host, hostrun			
Shell and Command Mode	ch			
Trap Receiver	trap			
Node Management for ME- enabled MB	nm, nm20, nm30			
DCMI Management	dcmi			
Power Supply Health	pminfo, psfruInfo, bbp, psbbpinfo			
IPMI Device Discovery	find, found			
Script	exec, task			
Hdd	hdd, nvme			
Firmware Update bios, ipmi flash (w, r, h, a)				
Twin MultiNode tp				
Node Product Key nodekey				
Auxiliary	shell, list, mg, sc, prompt			

# **Appendix B VM Command Examples**

## **B.1** AMI IPMI Firmware

#### Available commands:

```
vmw floppy <image file>
                              Floppy image as virtual media
                              USB key as virutal media
ISO file as virtual media
vmw usbkey <drive letter>
vmw iso <ISO file>
                              CD/DVD drive as virutal media
vmw cd
       <drive letter>
                               Stop connected floppy
vmw stopFloppy
vmw stopUsbkey
                               Stop connected USBKey
vmw stopISO
                               Stop connected ISO
vmw stopCD
                                Stop connected CD/DVD
vmw status(st)
                               Virtual Media status
```

Example of using a floppy image as virtual media:

```
SIMBL(W)>vmw floppy c:\DOS50.img
Connecting ...Done
SIMBL(W)>vmw stopFloppy
Disconnecting ...Done
```

Example of using a USB key as virtual media:

```
Connecting ...Done

SIMBL(W)>vmw stopUsbkey

Disconnecting ...Done
```

SIMBL(W)>vmw usbkey h

Example of using an ISO file as virtual media:

```
SIMBL(W)>vmw iso c:\fdoem.iso
Connecting ...Done
SIMBL(W)>vmw stopISO
Disconnecting ...Done
```

Example of using a CD/DVD drive as virtual media:

## SIMBL(W)>vmw cd e

Connecting ...Done

## SIMBL(W)>vmw stopCD

Disconnecting ...Done

## Example of displaying the Virtual Media status:

## SIMBL(W)>vmw status

ΙP : 192.168.12.163 Target Drive : Virtual Floppy

Read Bytes : n/a

Status : Not Connected

Connected to :

Target Drive : Virtual CD

Read Bytes : n/a

Status : Not Connected

Connected to :

## **B.2 ATEN IPMI Firmware**

#### Available commands:

```
vmwa dev1list
                         List available devices for virtual device 1
vmwa devldrv <index>
                        Mount drive for virtual device 1
                         Stop virtual device 1
vmwa dev1stop
vmwa dev2list
                         List available devices for virtual device 2
vmwa dev2cd <index>
                       Mount CD/DVD for virtual device 2
vmwa dev2iso <filename> Mount ISO file for virtual device 2
vmwa dev2stop
                         Stop virtual device 2
vmwa status
                         Show status
vmwa log
                         Show log
```



#### Notes:

- Supports two virtual devices (device 1 & device 2):
  - O Device 1 is a USB or a floppy disk. Hard drives can be listed but cannot be mounted due to OS security concerns.
  - Device 2 is a CD, a DVD or an ISO file.
- List the available devices before mounting virtual media.

Examples of using a USB key as virtual media:

#### SIM(WA)>vmwa dev1list

```
2: [H: USB Flash]
3: [G: USB HD]
4: [I: USB HD]
5: [C: IDE HD]
6: [D: IDE HD]
```

#### SIM(WA)>vmwa dev1drv 2

```
Mounting H: USB Flash
Device 1 :VM Plug-In OK!!
```

#### SIM(WA)>vmwa dev1stop

done

#### Examples of using a CD-ROM as virtual media:

#### SIM(WA)>vmwa dev2list

```
2: [E: IDE CDROM]
3: [F: SCSI CDROM]
```

#### SIM(WA)>vmwa dev2cd 2

```
Mounting E: IDE CDROM
Device 2 :VM Plug-In OK!!
SIM(WA)>vmwa dev2stop
Done
```

Examples of using an ISO image file as virtual media:

#### SIM(WA)>vmwa dev2iso c:\fdoem.iso

```
Mounting ISO file: c:\fdoem.iso
Device 2 :VM Plug-In OK!!
```

#### SIM(WA)>vmwa dev2stop

Done

Examples of showing all VMWA status and log:

## SIM(WA)>vmwa status

```
Device 1: None
Device 2: ISO File [c:\fdoem.iso]
```

## SIM(WA)>vmwa log

```
Device 1 :Don't access file on Local storage device
Device 1 :VM Plug-In OK!!
Device 1 :VM Plug-Out OK!! Stop!!
Device 2 :VM Plug-In OK!!
Device 2 :VM Plug-Out OK!! Stop!!
Device 2 :VM Plug-In OK!!
```

# **Appendix C Trap Receiver**

The Trap Receiver is a utility used for receiving traps from the BMC. In the event of a sensor error or a sensor reading that exceeds a threshold, the BMC will send SNMPv1/v3 traps to the destinations set in the BMC. The Trap Receiver is executed on the destination site and receives the SNMPv1/v3 trap from multiple senders (BMCs).



Note: SNMPv3 trap is supported on X12 generation motherboards and above.

The available commands are:

#### SNMPv1 and SNMPv3:

trap	start	Start trap receiver
trap	stop	Stop trap receiver
trap	status(st)	Trap receiver status
trap	clear	Clear the received traps

#### SNMPv1 only:

```
trap list List the received SNMPv1 traps
trap save <filename> Save the received SNMPv1 traps to file
trap savepet Save as the IPMIView TrapReceiver PET format
```

#### SNMPv3 only:

```
trap listV3 [..]

List the received SNMPv3 traps

trap saveV3 <filename> [..]

Save the received and decrypted SNMPv3 traps to file

trap savepetV3

Save as the IPMIView TrapReceiver PET V3 format

trap userTable list

List the user table of SNMPv3

trap userTable add <..>

Add new configuration to user table

trap userTable delete <number>

Delete the configuration of user table
```

Examples of using Trap Receiver:

#### SIM(WA)>ipmi lan snmp

(Note that the full information of SNMPv1 is displayed when this command is executed.)

MAC	IP	Seq
00:00:00:00:00:00	192.168.12.174	1
00:00:00:00:00:00	0.0.0.0	2

3	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00:00
4	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00
5	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00
6	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00
7	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00
8	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00
9	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00
10	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00
11	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00
12	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00
13	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00
14	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00
15	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00:00

## X12 AST2600RoT>redfish eventService alert list

(Note that the full information of SNMPv1 and SNMPv3 protocols are displayed when this command is executed.)

1. Enable:	true
Protocol:	SNMPv3
Destination:	10.147.160.14
EventTypes:	Alert
Severity:	Information
User Name:	User1
Authentication Protocol:	HMAC_MD5
Encryption Protocol:	CBC_DES
2. Enable:	false
Protocol:	SNMPv1
Destination:	0.0.0.0
Severity:	Information
3. Enable:	false
Protocol:	SNMPv1
Destination:	0.0.0.0
Severity:	Information
4. Enable:	false
Protocol:	SNMPv1
Destination:	0.0.0.0
Severity:	Information
5. Enable:	false
Protocol:	SNMPv1
Destination:	0.0.0.0
Severity:	Information

6.	<pre>Enable: Protocol: Destination: Severity:</pre>	false SNMPv1 0.0.0.0 Information
7.	Enable: Protocol: Destination: Severity:	false SNMPv1 0.0.0.0 Information
8.	Enable: Protocol: Destination: Severity:	false SNMPv1 0.0.0.0 Information
9.	Enable: Protocol: Destination: Severity:	false SNMPv1 0.0.0.0 Information
10.	Enable: Protocol: Destination: Severity:	false SNMPv1 0.0.0.0 Information
11.	Enable: Protocol: Destination: Severity:	false SNMPv1 0.0.0.0 Information
12.	Enable: Protocol: Destination: Severity:	false SNMPv1 0.0.0.0 Information
13.	Enable: Protocol: Destination: Severity:	true SNMPv1 0.0.0.0 Information
14.	Enable: Protocol: Destination: Severity:	false SNMPv1 0.0.0.0 Information
15.	Enable: Protocol: Destination: Severity:	false SNMPv1 0.0.0.0 Information
16.	Enable: Protocol: Destination: Severity:	false SNMPv1 0.0.0.0 Information

```
SIM(WA)>trap status
Trap Receiver status: Stopped
Trap Received: 0
SIM(WA)>trap start
Trap Receiver Started
(Trap receiver is started by default. See SMCIPMITool.properties)
(If the trap receiver gets an SNMP trap, a notice will be displayed.)
SIM(WA) [!Trap(1)]>Info: Use "trap" command for detail.
SIM(WA) [!Trap(1)]>trap list
______
Trap (1)
Sender
        = 192.168.12.151
Community = public
         = FAN 3
Sensor
Local Time Stamp = 2011/01/03 \ 00:25:32 \ Mon
Description :
Event Dir : De-assertion
Lower Non-recoverable - going low
                             _____
SIM(WA) [!Trap(1)]>trap save snmp.txt
"snmp.txt" file saved
SIM(WA) [!Trap(1)]>trap savepet snmp.pet
"snmp.pet" file saved
SIM(WA) [!Trap(1)]>trap clear
Trap cleared
SIM(WA)>trap stop
Trap Receiver stopped
SIM(WA)>trap status
Trap Receiver status: Stopped
Traps Received: 0
X12 AST2600RoT [!TrapV3(1)]>Info: Use "trap" command for detail.
X12 AST2600RoT [!TrapV3(1)]>trap listV3
Trap (1)
```

SenderIP: 10.147.160.14

SensorType: Components Changed

SensorName: OEM

Time Stamp: 2021/08/27 00:25:32 Mon

raw data: 50 20 03

Description: HDD removed on PCH HDD Slot3 on SATA controller 0 - Assertion

#### (Parameters are optional.)

(This command will combine parameters and the user table configuration to decrypt SNMPv3 traps.)

### X12 AST2600RoT [!TrapV3(1)]>trap saveV3 snmpV3.txt

"snmpv3.txt" file saved

#### (Parameters are optional.)

(This command will combine parameters and the user table configuration to decrypt SNMPv3 traps.)

#### X12 AST2600RoT [!TrapV3(1)]>trap savepetV3 snmpV3.pet

"snmpv3.pet" file saved

#### X12 AST2600RoT>trap usertable list

No.	Username	Authetication Model	Password	Privacy Protocol		Privacy Password
1	User1	MD5	Test1234	DES		Test5678
2	User2	SHA-1	Test1111	AES128		Test2222

(Trap receiver loads the user table configuration to decrypt SNMPv3 traps. See snmpUserTable.properties)

## X12 AST2600RoT>trap usertable add User3 0 Test1234 0 Test5678

Done

### X12 AST2600RoT>trap usertable delete 1

Done

# **Appendix D Node Product Key Functions**

The node product key, including SFT-OOB-LIC and SFT-DCMS-Single, is used with the following commands:

Commands requiring SFT-OOB-LIC (or SFT-DCMS-Single):

- BIOS update (for platforms before X11)
- wsiso mount
- wsiso status
- wsiso umount
- rsc
- rko
- X10cfg commands

#### Commands requiring SFT-DCMS-Single

- Redfish accountService AD
- Resfish accountService LDAP
- Redfish firmwareInventory install
- Redfish kvm
- Ukvm -html5
- Redfish biosConfiguration

# **Appendix E Stunnel Properties**

When running the kvmwa, rsc, rko, or vmwa commands with SMCIPMITool, stunnel proxy is used to establish encrypted connection. The first non-loopback IP address by default is used for a UNIX system. You can change your own NIC IP address by setting the "proxy\_ip" in the stunnel.properties file.

```
proxy_ip=1.2.3.4
"stunnel.properties" 1L, 17C
```

# **Appendix F Exit Codes**

All exit codes are listed below.

STATUS_UNDEFINED	144
STATUS_DONE	0
STATUS_CONNECT_FAILED	145
STATUS_LOGIN_FAILED	146
STATUS_EXECUTE_PARAMETER_VALIDATE_FAILED	147
STATUS_EXECUTE_EXCEPTION_OCCURRED	148
STATUS_EXECUTE_FAILED	149
STATUS_EXECUTE_ON_SLAVE_CMM_OR_UNAVAILABLE	150
STATUS_EXECUTE_MODULE_NOT_PRESENT	151
STATUS_EXECUTE_ONLY_FOR_CMM_CONNECTED	152
STATUS_EXECUTE_NOT_SUPPORTED_DEVICE	153
STATUS_COMMAND_NOT_FOUND	180
STATUS_COMMAND_IP_FORMAT_ERROR	181
STATUS_COMMAND_PARAMETER_LENGTH_INVALID	182
STATUS_RESULT_NOT_ENOUGH_POWER	215

# **Appendix G List of Supported BMCs**

- ASPEED AST2500 BMC on-Board (e.g., X11SPL-F, X11DPU, X11DGQ and, B11DPT)
- ASPEED AST2400 BMC on-Board (e.g., X10, X11SSH-F, B10 and B1)
- Renesas SH7757 BMC on-Board (e.g., X9 and B9 series)
- Nuvoton WPCM450 BMC on-Board (e.g., X9 series)
- Winbond WPCM450 BMC on-Board (e.g., X8 series)

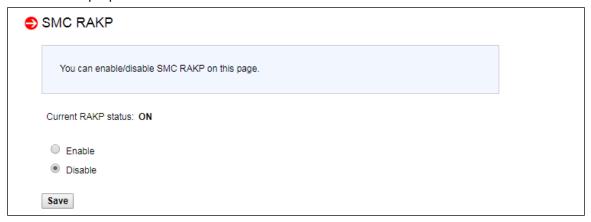


**Note:** KVM-over-LAN supports the BMCs with ATEN solution in ASPEED AST2500 (e.g., X11, B11), AST2400 (e.g., X10, B10 and B1) and WPCM450 (e.g., X9).

# **Appendix H SMC RAKP**

You need to set up "oem\_rakp=on" in SMCIPMITool.properties if you enable the SMC RAKP from BMC web. Please note that SMCIPMITool will be in SMC RAKP mode for all hosts when the setting is in use, meaning this other hosts disabled by smc rakp will not be able to log in.

The example below illustrates how to enable the smc rakp on BMC web and set up oem\_rakp in SMCIPMItool.properties.



```
prompt_mb_name=on
prompt_time=on
no_prompt=off
record=off
history=on
prompt_powerW=on
prompt_fwVer=off
prompt_acpi=on
prompt_username=off
debug_level=0
prompt_ip=on
bmc_security=on
trap=on
oem_rakp=on
```

# **Appendix I Third-Party Software**

The following open source libraries are used in the SMCIPMITool package.

Library	License
httpClient	Apache 2.0
Jline	BSD
Dnsjava	BSD
Jackson	Apache 2.0
Jna	LGPL
openssl	OpenSSL
run-as-root	Apache 2.0
out-process	Apache 2.0
jsoup	MIT
Stunnel	LGPL

# **Appendix J Properties**

Following properties can be configured in the SMCIPMITool.properties file to change SMCIPMITool settings. Please note that all the properties are optional.

Property name	Setting value	Comment
debug_level	0	No raw displayed
	1	Human read raw data
	2	IPMI Message raw format
	3	IPMI Message raw format with detailed field list
history	on	Allows to enable command history
https_port	Integer	HTTPS default port is 443
no_prompt	on	Allows to hide prompt information
oem_rakp	on	Allows to apply SMC RAKP connection
prompt_acpi	on	Allows to show ACPI state in prompt
prompt_fwVer	on	Allows to show firmware version in prompt
prompt_ip	on	Allows to show IP address in prompt
prompt_mb_name	on	Allows to show motherboard name in prompt
prompt_powerW	on	Allows to show power consumption in prompt
prompt_time	on	Allows to show current time in prompt
prompt_username	on	Allows to show login username in prompt
record	on	Record command executed result to log file
retry	Integer	Reconnection times
rmcp_port	Integer	RMCP default port is 623
sol_key_linux	on	Allows to apply SOL key mapping of LINUX
timeout	Integer	Connection timeout seconds
trap	on	Enable trap receiver

#### Example format:

```
prompt_mb_name=on
prompt_time=on
record=off
history=on
prompt_powerW=on
prompt_fwVer=off
prompt_acpi=on
prompt_username=off
debug_level=0
prompt_ip=on
trap=on
no_prompt=off
```

## **Contacting Supermicro**

## Headquarters

Address: Super Micro Computer, Inc.

980 Rock Ave.

San Jose, CA 95131 U.S.A.

Tel: +1 (408) 503-8000 Fax: +1 (408) 503-8008

Email: marketing@supermicro.com (General Information)

Sales-USA@supermicro.com (Sales Inquiries)

Government\_Sales-USA@supermicro.com (Gov. Sales Inquiries)

support@supermicro.com (Technical Support)

RMA@supermicro.com (RMA Support)

Website: www.supermicro.com

**Europe** 

Address: Super Micro Computer B.V.

Het Sterrenbeeld 28, 5215 ML

's-Hertogenbosch, The Netherlands

Tel: +31 (0) 73-6400390 Fax: +31 (0) 73-6416525

Email: Sales Europe@supermicro.com (Sales Inquiries)

Support Europe@supermicro.com (Technical Support)

RMA\_Europe@supermicro.com (RMA Support)

Website: www.supermicro.nl

**Asia-Pacific** 

Address: Super Micro Computer, Inc.

3F, No. 150, Jian 1st Rd.

Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City 235

Taiwan (R.O.C)

Tel: +886-(2) 8226-3990 Fax: +886-(2) 8226-3992

Email: Sales-Asia@supermicro.com.tw (Sales Inquiries)

Support@supermicro.com.tw (Technical Support)

RMA@supermicro.com.tw (RMA Support)

Website: www.supermicro.com.tw