


Derive the posterior mean and variance for a prior given by

$$w \sim N(\mu_0, \Lambda_0^{-1}) :$$

$$P(W|D) \propto P(D|W) \cdot P(W)$$

$$\propto e^{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} (W^T \Phi - y)^T (W^T \Phi - y)} \cdot e^{-\frac{\Lambda_0}{2} (W - \mu_0)^T (W - \mu_0)}$$

let $\sigma^2 = \alpha^{-1}$

$$= e^{-\frac{\alpha}{2} [(W^T \Phi - y)^T (W^T \Phi - y) + \frac{\Lambda_0}{\alpha} (W - \mu_0)^T (W - \mu_0)]}$$

$$= e^{-\frac{\alpha}{2} [\Phi^T W W^T \Phi - \underbrace{\Phi^T W y - y^T W^T \Phi}_{-2W^T \Phi^T y} + y^T y + \frac{\Lambda_0}{\alpha} W^T W - \underbrace{\frac{\Lambda_0}{\alpha} W^T \mu_0 - \frac{\Lambda_0}{\alpha} \mu_0^T W}_{-2\frac{\Lambda_0}{\alpha} W^T \mu_0} + \frac{\Lambda_0}{\alpha} \mu_0^T \mu_0]}$$

$$= e^{-\frac{1}{2} (W^T \Lambda W - 2W^T \Lambda \mu + \boxed{})}$$

$$\therefore \Lambda = \alpha \Phi^T \Phi + \Lambda_0$$

$$-\cancel{z}^T W^T (\alpha \Phi^T y + \Lambda_0 \mu_0) = -\cancel{z}^T W^T \Lambda \mu \Rightarrow \mu = \Lambda^{-1} (\alpha \Phi^T y + \Lambda_0 \mu_0)$$

$$\therefore P(W|D) \sim N(\mu, \Lambda^{-1}) = N(\Lambda^{-1} (\alpha \Phi^T y + \Lambda_0 \mu_0), (\alpha \Phi^T \Phi + \Lambda_0)^{-1})$$