2. Interpretation

In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires—

- bankruptcy order (破產令) means an order adjudging an individual bankrupt; (L.N. 77 of 1998)
- court (法院、法庭) means the court as defined by the Ordinance, and includes the Registrar when exercising the power of the court pursuant to the Ordinance or these rules;
- court of appeal (上訴法院) means any court exercising appellate jurisdiction under the Ordinance or these rules;
- creditor (債權人) includes a corporation, a firm of creditors in partnership and, in relation to criminal bankruptcy proceedings, the Official Petitioner; (L.N. 152 of 1979)
- debtor (債務人) includes any debtor proceeded against under the Ordinance, whether adjudged bankrupt or not, and also includes a firm of debtors in partnership; (G.N.A. 124 of 1955)
- proof (債權證明表) means a document by which a creditor seeks to establish his claim against a debtor; (L.N. 222 of 1992)
- Registrar (司法常務官) means the Registrar of the High Court, and any Senior Deputy Registrar, Deputy Registrar or Assistant Registrar of the High Court; (L.N. 231 of 1984; 25 of 1998 s. 2; 10 of 2005 s. 169)
- sealed (蓋章) means sealed with the seal of the court;
- taxing officer (訟費評定官) includes the Registrar and also any officer or officers of the court whose duty it is to tax costs.

(L.N. 77 of 1998)