3D Scanning & Motion Capture

Exercise - 2

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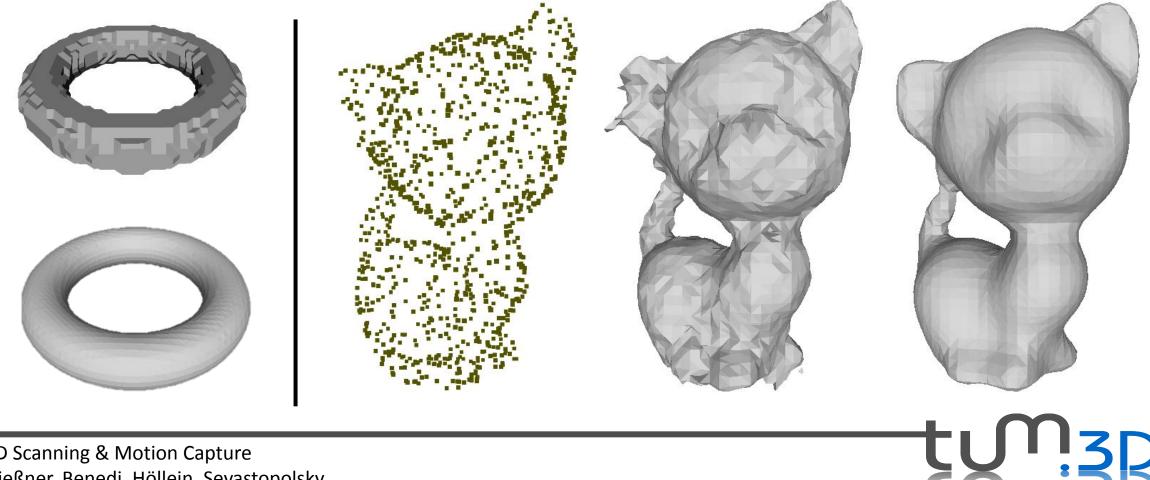
Exercises – Overview

- 1. Exercise → Camera Intrinsics, Back-projection, Meshes
- **2.** Exercise → Surface Representations
- 3. Exercise \rightarrow Optimization
- 4. Exercise → Coarse Alignment (Procrustes)
- 5. Exercise → Object Alignment, ICP



Exercises – Overview (2/5)

2. Exercise → Surface Representations

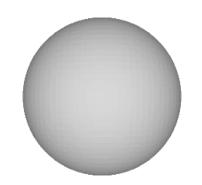


Tasks

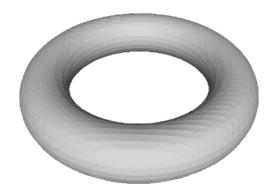
- 1. Project dependencies & CMake configuration
- 2. Implicit Surfaces
 - Sphere
 - Torus
- 3. Marching Cubes
 - Improve vertex positions using linear interpolation
- 4. Hoppe
 - Convert a point cloud to an implicit surface
- 5. Radial Basis Functions
 - Setup and solve system of linear equations for smoother surfaces



Task 2) Implicit Functions – Sphere / Torus



$$f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - R^2$$



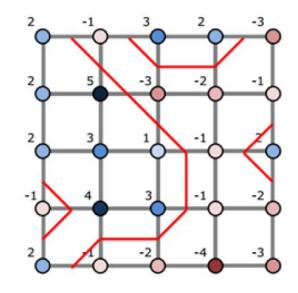
$$f(x,y,z) = (x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + R^2 - a^2)^2 - 4R^2(x^2 + y^2)$$

The given equations assume the sphere/torus is centered at the origin.

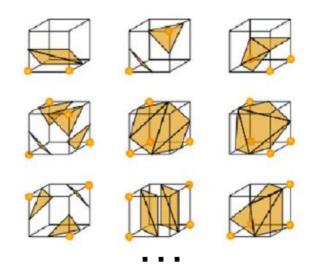


Task 3) Marching Cubes

- Regular grid/volume → Extract iso-surface
 - Check for zero-crossings within each cell



Marching Squares (2D)
16 configurations

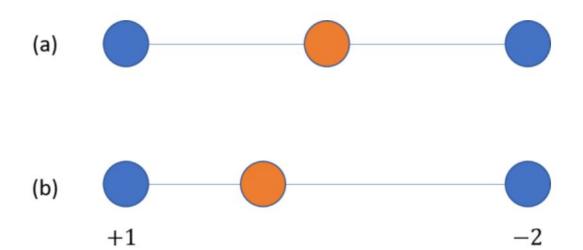


Marching Cubes (3D) 256 configurations



Task 3) Linear Interpolation

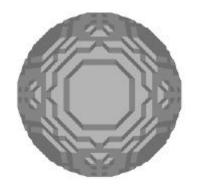
- Compute the linear interpolated point using the provided distances
 - (a) shows the basic implementation
 - (b) shows an example with isolevel = 0, valp1 = +1 and valp2 = -2.





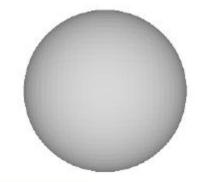
Task 3) Linear Interpolation

- Without linear interpolation
 - i.e. taking midpoint of each edge



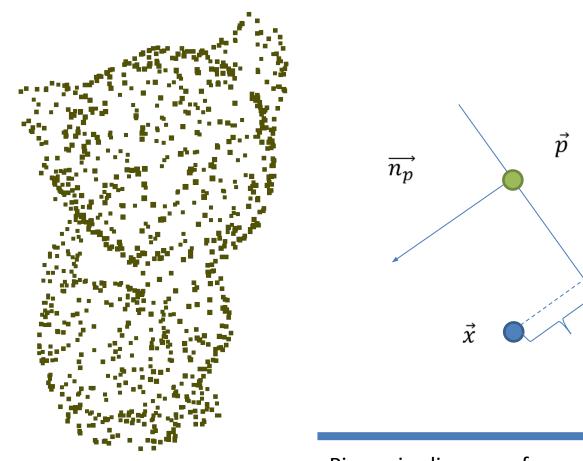


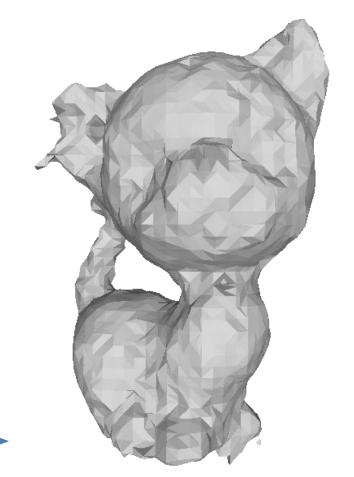
With linear interpolation

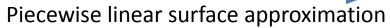




Task 4) Hoppe

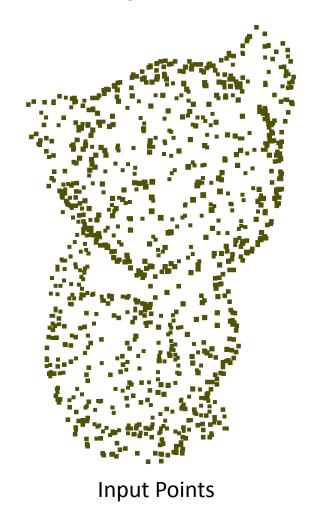


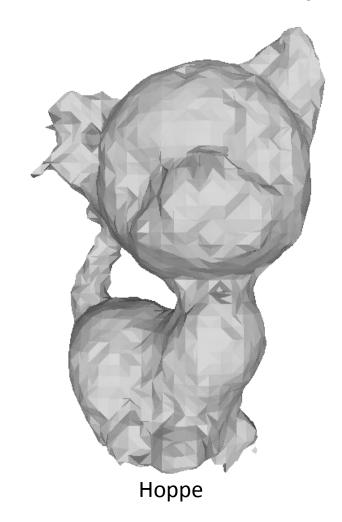


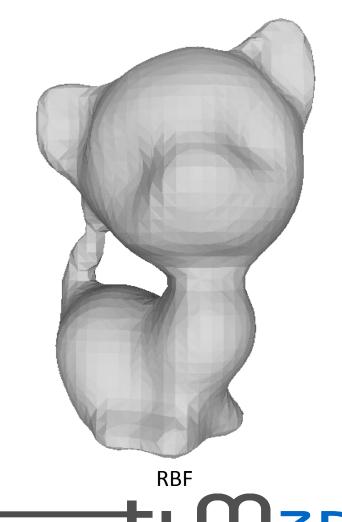




Task 5) Radial Basis Functions (RBF)



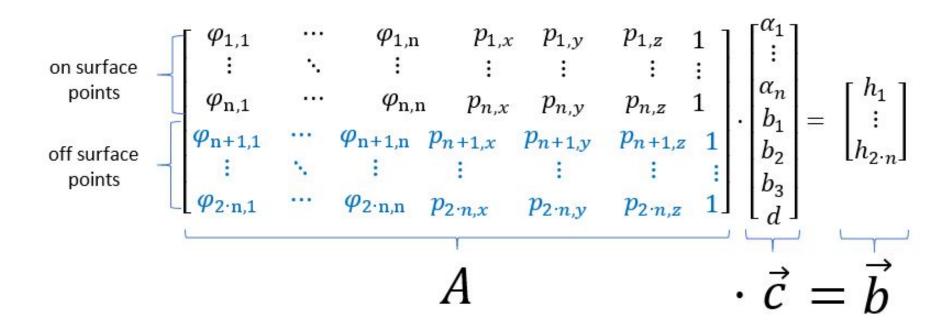


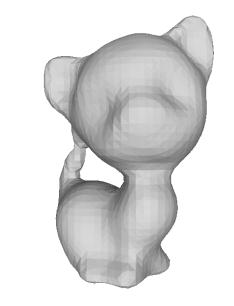


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Task 5) Radial Basis Functions (RBF)

$$f(\vec{x}) = \sum_{i} \alpha_{i} \cdot ||\vec{p}_{i} - \vec{x}||^{3} + \vec{\mathbf{b}} \cdot \vec{x} + \mathbf{d}$$







See you next time!