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$$\begin{aligned}
 (\neg p \wedge (p \rightarrow q)) \rightarrow \neg q &\equiv \neg(\neg p \wedge (p \rightarrow q)) \vee \neg q \\
 &\equiv \neg(\neg p \wedge (\neg p \vee q)) \vee \neg q \\
 &\equiv \neg(\neg p) \vee \neg q \\
 &\equiv p \vee \neg q
 \end{aligned}$$

不是重言式

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$$\begin{aligned}
 (\neg q \wedge (p \rightarrow q)) \rightarrow \neg p &\equiv \neg(\neg q \wedge (\neg p \vee q)) \vee \neg p \\
 &\equiv (q \vee \neg(\neg p \vee q)) \vee \neg p \\
 &\equiv (q \vee (p \wedge \neg q)) \vee \neg p \\
 &\equiv ((q \vee p) \wedge (q \vee \neg q)) \vee \neg p \\
 &\equiv ((p \vee q) \wedge T) \vee \neg p \\
 &\equiv q \vee p \vee \neg p \\
 &\equiv T
 \end{aligned}$$

是重言式

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i. Alice is a mathematics major. Therefore, Alice is either a mathematics major or a computer science major.

p: Alice is a mathematics major.

q: Alice is a computer science major.

rule of inference: $p \Rightarrow (p \vee q)$

ii. Jerry is a mathematics major and a computer science major. Therefore, Jerry is a mathematics major.

p: Jerry is a mathematics major;

q: Jerry is a computer science major.

rule of inference: $(p \vee q) \Rightarrow p$

iii. If it is rainy, then the pool will be closed. It is rainy. Therefore, the pool is closed.

p: It is rainy;

q: The pool is closed.

rule of inference: $(p \rightarrow q) \wedge p \Rightarrow q$

iv. If it snows today, the university will close. The university is not closed today. Therefore, it did not snow today.

p: It snows today;

q: The university is closed today.

rule of inference: $(p \rightarrow q) \wedge \neg q \Rightarrow \neg p$

v. If I go swimming, then I will stay in the sun too long. If I stay in the sun too long, then I will sunburn. Therefore, If I go swimming, then I will sunburn.

p: I go swimming;

q: I stay in the sun too long;

r: I sunburn.

rule of inference: $(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (q \rightarrow r) \Rightarrow (p \rightarrow r)$

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i. $A \cup (B \cap C) = (A \cup B) \cap C$ 显然, 这是成立的, 证明略

ii. $A \cap (B \cup C) = (A \cap B) \cup C$ 显然, 这是成立的, 证明略

iii.

$$\begin{aligned}
 x \in A \cup (B \cap C) &\Leftrightarrow x \in A \text{ or } x \in (B \cap C) \\
 &\Leftrightarrow (x \in A \text{ or } x \in B) \text{ and } (x \in A \text{ or } x \in C) \\
 &\Leftrightarrow x \in (A \cup B) \text{ and } x \in (A \cup C) \\
 &\Leftrightarrow x \in (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)
 \end{aligned}$$

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整数域内，是否是满射？

i. $f(m, n) = m + n$ 是

ii. $f(m, n) = m^2 + n^2$ 不是

iii. $f(m, n) = m$ 是

iv. $f(m, n) = |n|$ 不是

v. $f(m, n) = m - n$ 是

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$$\sum_{k=1}^5 (k+1) = 20$$

$$\sum_{j=0}^4 (-2)^j = 11$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{10} 3 = 30$$

$$\sum_{j=0}^8 (2^{j+1} - 2^j) = 511$$