A particle P of mass m is attached to one end of a light inextensible rod of length $3a$. An identical particle Q is attached to the other end of the rod. The rod is smoothly pivoted at a point O on the rod, where $OQ = x$. The system, of rod and particles, rotates about O in a vertical plane.

At an instant when the rod is vertical, with P above Q, the particle P is moving horizontally with speed u. When the rod has turned through an angle of $60°$ from the vertical, the speed of P is $2\sqrt{ag}$, and the tensions in the two parts of the rod, OP and OQ, have equal magnitudes.

(a) Show that the speed of Q when the rod has turned through an angle of $60°$ from the vertical is $\dfrac{2x}{3a-x}\sqrt{ag}$. [2]

(b) Find x in terms of a. [5]

(c) Find u in terms of a and g. [4]