The complex numbers u and v are defined by u = -4 + 2i and v = 3 + i.

(a) Find
$$\frac{u}{v}$$
 in the form $x + iy$, where x and y are real. [3]

(b) Hence express
$$\frac{u}{v}$$
 in the form $re^{i\theta}$, where r and θ are exact. [2]

In an Argand diagram, with origin O, the points A, B and C represent the complex numbers u, v and 2u + v respectively.

(c) State fully the geometrical relationship between
$$OA$$
 and BC .

(d) Prove that angle
$$AOB = \frac{3}{4}\pi$$
. [2]