

A uniform solid object is made by attaching a cone to a cylinder so that the circumferences of the base of the cone and a plane face of the cylinder coincide. The cone and the cylinder each have radius 0.3 m and height 0.4 m.

- (i) Calculate the distance of the centre of mass of the object from the vertex of the cone. [4]

[The volume of a cone is $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$.]

The object has weight W N and is placed with its plane circular face on a rough horizontal surface. A force of magnitude kW N acting at 30° to the upward vertical is applied to the vertex of the cone. The object does not slip.

- (ii) Find the greatest possible value of k for which the object does not topple. [3]