A particle P of mass m is attached to one end of a light inextensible rod of length 3a. An identical particle Q is attached to the other end of the rod. The rod is smoothly pivoted at a point O on the rod, where OQ = x. The system, of rod and particles, rotates about O in a vertical plane.

At an instant when the rod is vertical, with P above Q, the particle P is moving horizontally with speed u. When the rod has turned through an angle of 60° from the vertical, the speed of P is $2\sqrt{ag}$, and the tensions in the two parts of the rod, OP and OQ, have equal magnitudes.

			 			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
			 	•••••		
	•••••		 •••••			
			 		······································	
		•••••	 			
$\operatorname{nd} x$ in terms of a .						[
			 	•••••		
						dx in terms of a .

© UCLES 2023 9231/33/O/N/23

(c)	Find u in terms of a and g .	[4]
		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •