

- 7 A particle P of mass m kg moves in a horizontal straight line against a resistive force of magnitude mkv^2 N, where v ms⁻¹ is the speed of P after it has moved a distance x m and k is a positive constant. The initial speed of P is u ms⁻¹.

(a) Show that $x = \frac{1}{k} \ln 2$ when $v = \frac{1}{2}u$. [4]

[illegible]

- $$\frac{1}{3k} \ln \left(\frac{A - ku^3}{B - ku^3} \right),$$

[7]

[illegible]