The line *l* has equation $\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - 3\mathbf{k} + \lambda(2\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k})$. The plane *p* has equation 3x + y - 5z = 20.

- (i) Show that the line l lies in the plane p.
- (ii) A second plane is parallel to l, perpendicular to p and contains the point with position vector $3\mathbf{i} \mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}$. Find the equation of this plane, giving your answer in the form ax + by + cz = d. [5]

[3]