A particle P of mass m is moving with speed u on a fixed smooth horizontal surface. The particle strikes a fixed vertical barrier. At the instant of impact the direction of motion of P makes an angle  $\alpha$  with the barrier. The coefficient of restitution between P and the barrier is e. As a result of the impact, the direction of motion of P is turned through  $90^{\circ}$ .

(a) Show that 
$$\tan^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{e}$$
. [3]

The particle *P* loses two-thirds of its kinetic energy in the impact.

(b) Find the value of  $\alpha$  and the value of e. [5]