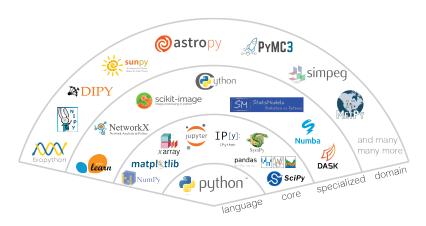
De la bibliothèque standard à l'univers



Des modules disponibles :

https://docs.python.org/3/library/

Un écosystème stabilisé et interdépendant pour le traitement de données

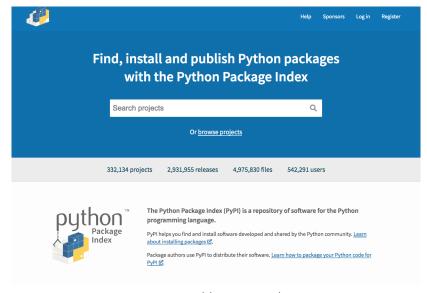


https://jupytearth.org/jupyter-resources/ introduction/ecosystem.html

Et toutes les autres bibliothèques existantes



Accès aux bibliothèques



https://pypi.org/

Se repérer dans la jungle

- Des bibliothèques stables, bien intégrées et maintenues
- Des bibliothèques qui viennent, qui partent
- ► Et tous les autres codes disponibles...

Donc:

- 1. Développer des compétences sur des bibliothèques stables
- 2. Et son sens de l'orientation

Quelques bibliothèques

- Pandas, pour la manipulation de tableaux : ce sera la séance de la semaine prochaine
- Matplotlib, pour les visualisations : la semaine d'après
- Numpy, caché dans presque toutes les bibliothèques, pour le calcul numérique



Fundamental algorithms for scientific computing in Python

GET STARTED

SciPy 1.7.2 released 2021-11-05

FUNDAMENTAL ALGORITHMS

SciPy provides algorithms for optimization, integration, interpolation, eigenvalue problems, algebraic equations, differential equations, statistics and many other classes of problems.

FOUNDATIONAL

Extends NumPy providing additional tools for array computing and provides specialized data structures, such as sparse matrices and k-dimensional trees.

BROADLY APPLICABLE

The algorithms and data structures provided by SciPv are broadly applicable across domains.

PERFORMANT

SciPy wraps highly-optimized implementations written in low-level languages like Fortran, C, and C++. Enjoy the flexibility of Python with the speed of compiled code.

Scikit-learn



- Simple and efficient tools for predictive data analysis
- Accessible to everybody, and reusable in various contexts
- Built on NumPy, SciPy, and matplotlib
- Open source, commercially usable BSD license

Classification

Identifying which category an object belongs to.

Applications: Spam detection, image recognition.

Algorithms: SVM, nearest neighbors, random forest, and more...



Regression

Predicting a continuous-valued attribute associated with an object.

Applications: Drug response, Stock prices. **Algorithms:** SVR, <u>nearest neighbors</u>, random forest, and more...



Clustering

Automatic grouping of similar objects into sets.

Go

Applications: Customer segmentation, Grouping experiment outcomes Algorithms: k-Means, spectral clustering, mean-shift, and more...





NLTK

Documentation

Search

Natural Language Toolkit

NLTK Documentation

API Reference

Example Usage Module Index Wiki FAO

Installation

Installing NLTK
Installing NLTK Data

More

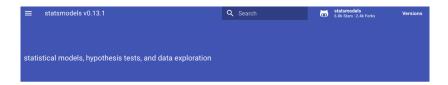
Release Notes Contributing to NLTK NLTK Team NLTK is a leading platform for building Python programs to work with human language data. It provides easyto-use interfaces to over 50 corpora and lexical resources such as WordNet, along with a suite of text processing libraries for classification, tokenization, stemming, tagging, parsing, and semantic reasoning, wrappers for industrial-strength NLP libraries, and an active discussion forum.

Thanks to a hands-on guide introducing programming fundamentals alongside topics in computational linguistics, plus comprehensive API documentation, NLTK is suitable for linguists, engineers, students, educators, researchers, and industry users alike. NLTK is available for Windows, Mac OS X, and Linux. Best of all, NLTK is a free, open source, community-driven project.

NLTK has been called "a wonderful tool for teaching, and working in, computational linguistics using Python," and "an amazing library to play with natural language."

Natural Language Processing with Python provides a practical introduction to programming for language processing, Written by the creators of NLTK, it gludes the reader through the fundamentals of writing Python programs, working with corpora, categorizing text, analyzing linguistic structure, and more. The online version of the book has been been updated for Python 3 and NLTK 3. (The original Python 2 version is still available at https://www.nltk.org/book_lade)

Statsmodel





statsmodels is a Python module that provides classes and functions for the estimation of many different statistical models, as well as for conducting statistical tests, and statistical data exploration. An extensive list of result statistics are available for each estimator. The results are tested against existing statistical packages to ensure that they are correct. The package is released under the open source Modified BSD (3-clause) license. The online documentation is hosted at statsmodels.org.

Contents

Introduction Citation

Index

Show Source

Pingouin



0.5.0 Functions

Guidelines

FAG

What's new

Contribu

```
pypi package 0.5.0 conda-forge v0.5.0 license GPL-3.0 (Python tests passing codecov downloads/month 259k 00SS 10.21105/joss.01026 chat on gitter
```

pingouin

Pingouin is an open-source statistical package written in Python 3 and based mostly on Pandas and NumPy. Some of its main features are listed below. For a full list of available functions, please refer to the API documentation.

- 1. ANOVAs: N-ways, repeated measures, mixed, ancova
- 2. Pairwise post-hocs tests (parametric and non-parametric) and pairwise correlations
- 3. Robust, partial, distance and repeated measures correlations
- 4. Linear/logistic regression and mediation analysis
- 5. Bayes Factors
- 6. Multivariate tests
- 7. Reliability and consistency

BeautifulSoup

 ★ Beautiful Soup Search docs Beautiful Soup Documentation **Quick Start** Installing Beautiful Soup Making the soup Kinds of objects Navigating the tree Searching the tree Modifying the tree Output Specifying the parser to use **Encodings** Line numbers Comparing objects for equality Copying Beautiful Soup objects

Parsing only part of a document

Troubleshooting

Docs » Beautiful Soup Documentation

View page source

Beautiful Soup Documentation

Beautiful Soup is a Python library for pulling data out of HTML and XML files. It works with your favorite parser to provide didiomatic ways of navigating, searching, and modifying the parse tree. It commonly saves programmers hours or days of work.

These instructions illustrate all major features of Beautiful Soup 4, with examples. I show you what the library is good for, how it works, how to use it, how to make it do what you want, and what to do when it violates your expectations.



This document covers Beautiful Soup version 4.8.1. The examples in this documentation should work the same way in Python 2.7 and Python 3.2.

You might be looking for the documentation for Beautiful Soup 3. If so, you should know that Beautiful Soup 3 is no longer being developed and that support for it will be dropped on or after December 31, 2020. If you want to learn about the differences between Beautiful Soup 3 and Beautiful Soup 4, see Porting code to BS4.

OpenCV

