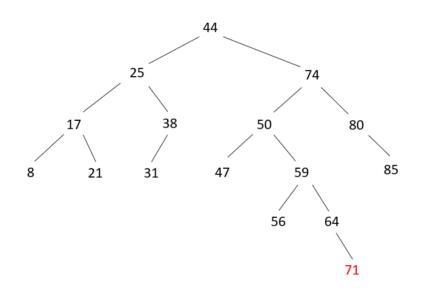
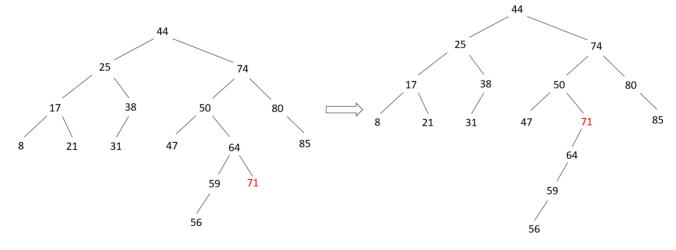
## Com S 228 Spring 2019 Final Exam Sample Solution

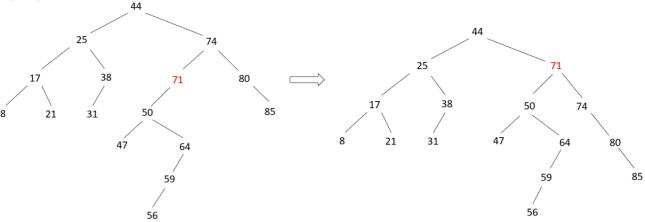
- 1 a) 7
  - b) 8
  - c) 14
  - d) 4
  - e) 2
  - f) 3
  - g) 44
  - h) 64
  - i) 44, 25, 17, 8, 21, 38, 31, 74, 50, 47, 59, 56, 64, 80, 85.
  - j) BST insert:



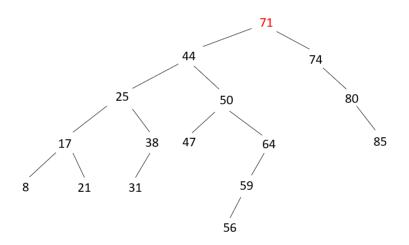
## Zig-zig:



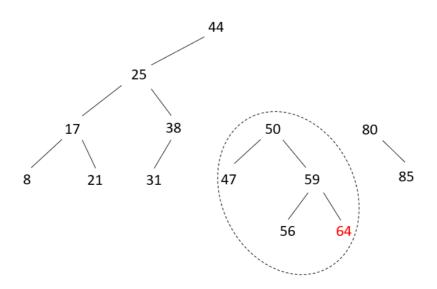




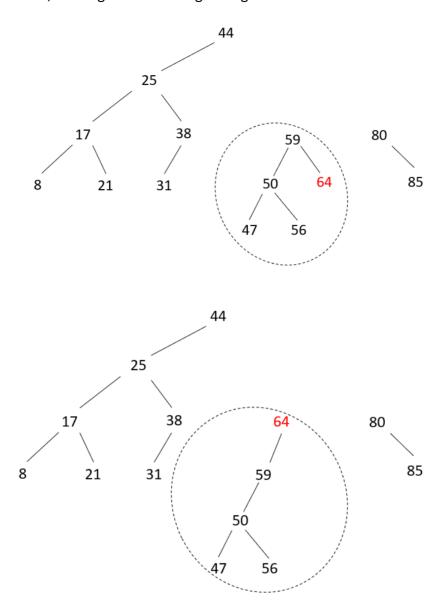
Zig:



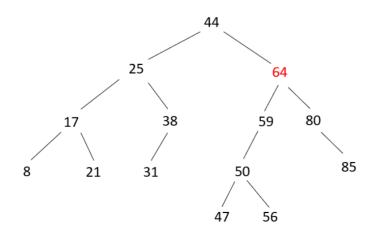
## k) Remove 74:



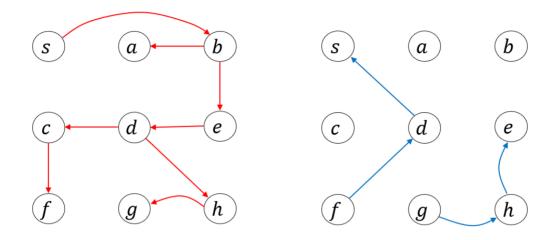
Join the subtrees of 74, starting with accessing the rightmost node in the left subtree:



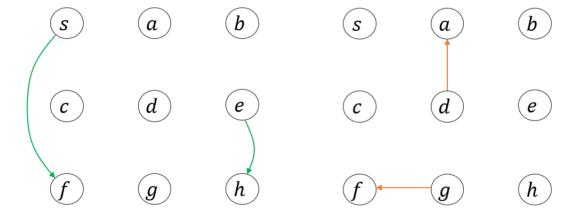
Replace 74 with the join. No need to splay at the parent 44 of 64 since it is the root.



- 2a) 3
- b) 4
- c) No
- d) Yes
- e) DFS

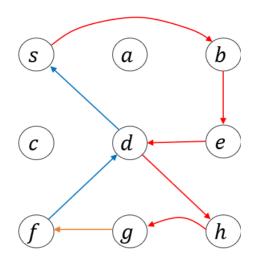


Tree edges Back edges

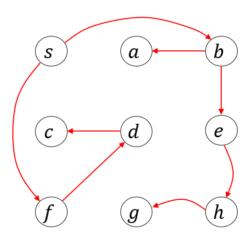


Forward edges Cross edges

f) Either of the two simple cycles of length 4 suffices:  $\langle s, b, e, d, s \rangle$  and  $\langle d, h, g, f, d \rangle$ .



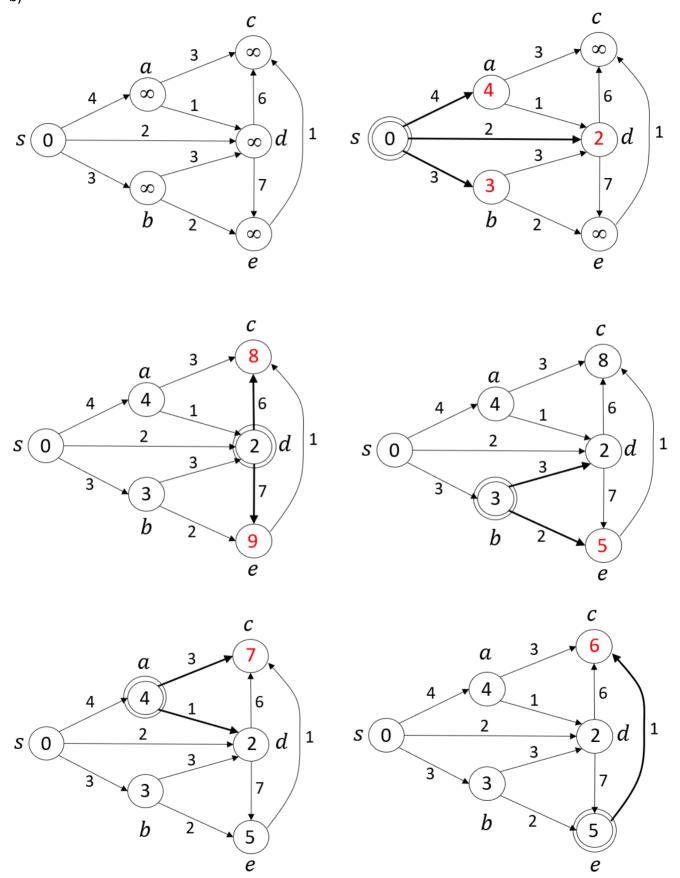
g) BFS tree

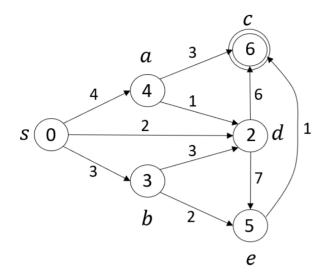


3a) There are only two correct topological sorts, either of which is sufficient as an answer.

s a	b	d	e	С
-----	---	---	---	---

$s \mid b \mid a \mid d \mid e \mid c$	S	b	a	d	e	С	
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	--





4. Row 3 with its entries underlined is the first line that is a heap.

Row				Array			
0	5	2	4	0	6	3	1
1	5	6	4	0	2	3	1
2	<u>6</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	1
3	1	5	4	0	2	3	6
4	5	1	4	0	2	3	6
5	5	2	4	0	1	3	6
6	3	2	4	0	1	5	6
7	4	2	3	0	1	5	6
8	1	2	3	0	4	5	6
9	3	2	1	0	4	5	6
10	0	2	1	3	4	5	6
11	2	0	1	3	4	5	6
12	1	0	2	3	4	5	6
13	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
14							
15							

<sup>5</sup>a) O(n)

h) 
$$O(\log n)$$

i) 
$$O(V+E)$$

j) 
$$O(V+E)$$

b) O(n)

c) O(n)

d)  $O(n \log n)$ 

e) O(n)

f)  $O(n \log n)$ g)  $O(n^2)$ 

```
6.
 public E removeRoot() throws IllegalStateException
        E data;
        if (size == 0)
              throw new IllegalStateException("No root removal on an empty tree");
       data = root.data;
        // BST has only one node.
       if (size == 1)
        {
              // insert code below (1 pt)
              root = null;
        }
        // BST has two or more nodes but no left subtree.
       else if (root.left == null)
        {
              // insert code below (3 pts)
              root = root.right; // root must have a right child since size > 1.
              root.parent = null;
        }
       // BST has two or more nodes and a left subtree.
        // find the predecessor of the root and promote it to the new root.
        else
        {
              Node cur = root.left;
              Node prnt = root;
              // find the predecessor of the root.
              while (cur.right != null)
              {
                    // insert code below (2 pts)
                    prnt = cur;
                    cur = cur.right;
              }
              // left child of root has a right subtree.
              if (prnt != root)
              {
                    // update links related to the predecessor's subtree(s).
                    // insert code below (4 pts)
                    prnt.right = cur.left;
                    if (cur.left != null)
                          cur.left.parent = prnt;
                    // set up the new root's left subtree.
                    // insert code below (3 pts)
```

```
cur.left = root.left;
                  cur.left.parent = cur; // or root.left.parent = cur;
            }
            // set up the new root's right subtree.
            // insert code below (4 pts)
            cur.right = root.right;
            if (cur.right != null) // or root.right != null
                  cur.right.parent = cur; // or root.right.parent = cur;
           // set up the new root.
            // insert code below (2 pts)
            cur.parent = null;
            root = cur;
      }
     // other updates if needed
     // insert code below (1 pt)
      size--;
      return data;
}
```