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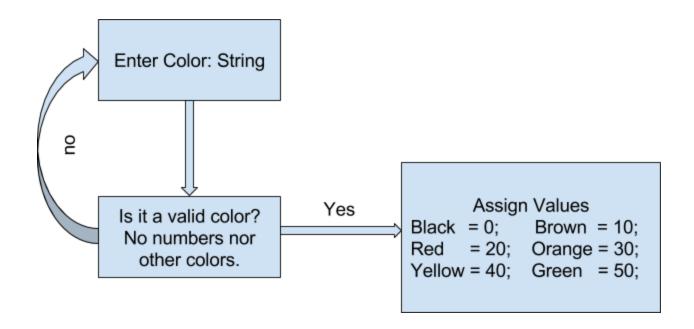
CS111 homework 1

### Program Architecture

- Prompt the user to enter three colors(band color one, two and three).
- Input color(color options black, brown, red, yellow, orange and green).
- Input color validation(input error conditions).
- Assigning value for each respective band color.
- Calculation of resistor value(output error conditions).
- Loop back to beginning.

The resistor calculator program is an user designed program to calculate the value of a given resistor. The program makes this possible by translating the resistor color code into a resistor denomination value. The pseudocode of this program is divided into 4 blocks or sub-pseudocode. Three of this blocks are user interaction and prompts the user to enter each band color of the resistor. Every block has error check in case the user enters a not valid color, number or character. Each block checks for the inputted color and if the statements are not met, the program will not continue by simply looping the user back to the current block so a valid color can be re-entered. If the color entered is a valid color, an integer value will be assigned according to the color entered by the user in each respective block. After all colors are entered and all values assigned by color, all data will be calculated in the fourth block. This last block will gather all data and make the calculations to decode the color code resistor. Two things will happened in the calculation segment. First, it will check if the first value entered is black so the program can make a decision to whether or not use the first value, this way the final value of the resistor will not display a zero as the first digit. Second, if and only if the first color is not black, the program will add the assigned values of first color and the second color and then multiply it time the third color. Final step will be displaying the the output, resistor value, and reset the program for future resistor calculations.

## First color input (band color 1)



#### Pseudocode

```
//Ask user to enter color for band 1
```

Enter color 1 please(user input: String) //options are black, brown, red, orange, yellow, green While the entered color is a valid color//No numbers, other colors nor typos.

color\_1 = user input //Assign user input to string type variable color\_1.

//Check for color validation and assign a value to int type variable color value 1.

if color is black color value 1 is 0

if color is brown color\_value\_1 is 10

if color is red color value 1 is 20

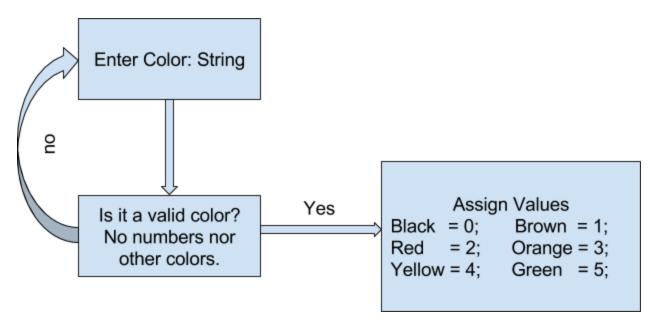
if color is orange color value 1 is 30

If color is yellow color value 1 is 40

If color is green color value 1 is 50

Else please enter a valid color //If entered color is not a valid color loop back to reenter color.

Second color input (band color 2).



#### Pseudocode

```
//Ask user to enter color for band 2
```

Enter color 2 please(user input: String) //options are black, brown, red, orange, yellow, green While the entered color is a valid color//No numbers, other colors nor typos.

bandColor\_2 = user input //Assign user input to String type variable bandColor\_2

//Check for color validation and assign a value to int type variable color\_value\_2  $\,$ 

if color is black color\_value\_2 is 0

if color is brown color\_value\_2 is 1

if color is red color\_value\_2 is 2

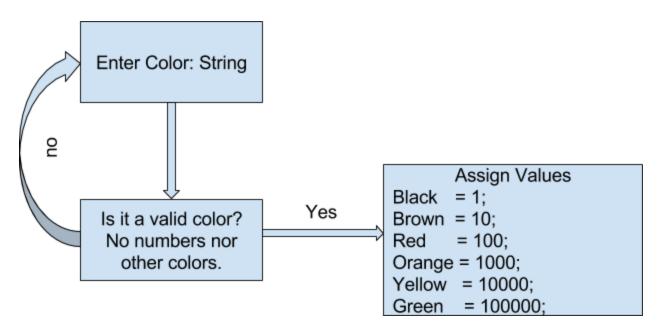
if color is orange color\_value\_2 is 3

If color is yellow color\_value\_2 is 4

If color is green color\_value\_2 is 5

Else please enter a valid color //If entered color is not a valid color loop back to reenter color.

Third and last color input (band color 3).



#### Pseudocode

//Ask user to enter color for band 3

Enter color 3 please(user input: String) //options are black, brown, red, orange, yellow, green While the entered color is a valid color//No numbers, other colors nor typos.

bandColor 3 = user input //Assign user input to string type variable bandColor 3

//Check for color validation and assign a value to int type variable color\_value\_3

if color is black color value 3 is 1

if color is brown color value 3 is 10

if color is red color\_value\_3 is 100

if color is orange color value 3 is 1000

If color is yellow color value 3 is 10000

If color is green color value 3 is 100000

Else please enter a valid color //If entered color is not a valid color loop back to reenter color.

#### Resistor Value Calculation Pseudocode

//calculate the value of the resistor and assign it to int type variable resitorValue //i.e color 1, 2 and 3 are red,red,red respectively, then resitorValue = 30+3(100)=3300 ohms If first band color is black //Eliminate the zero as the first digit of resistor value

Then resistorValue = color\_value\_2\* color\_value\_3

Otherwise resistorValue = (color value 1+color value 2)\* color value 3

Print resistorValue in ohms

Loop back to beginning. //After value been displayed reset program to calculate new resistors.

# Program flow chart

