Sintaxe abstrata:

Semântica operacional *small-step*:

$$\frac{\llbracket n \rrbracket = \llbracket n_1 \rrbracket + \llbracket n_2 \rrbracket}{n_1 + n_2, \sigma, \text{in, out}} \longrightarrow n, \sigma, \text{in, out}$$
 (OP+)

$$\frac{\llbracket n_1 \rrbracket < \llbracket n_2 \rrbracket}{n_1 < n_2, \sigma, \texttt{in}, \texttt{out}} \longrightarrow \texttt{true}, \sigma, \texttt{in}, \texttt{out}} \tag{OP < TRUE}$$

$$\frac{ \llbracket n_1 \rrbracket \geq \llbracket n_2 \rrbracket }{n_1 < n_2, \sigma, \text{in, out} } \qquad \qquad \text{(OP$$

$$\frac{e_1, \sigma, \mathtt{in}, \mathtt{out} \ \longrightarrow \ e_1', \sigma', \mathtt{in}', \mathtt{out}'}{e_1 \ op \ e_2, \sigma, \mathtt{in}, \mathtt{out} \ \longrightarrow \ e_1' \ op \ e_2, \sigma', \mathtt{in}', \mathtt{out}'} \tag{OP1}$$

$$\frac{e_2, \sigma, \mathtt{in}, \mathtt{out} \longrightarrow e_2', \sigma', \mathtt{in}', \mathtt{out}'}{v \ op \ e_2, \sigma, \mathtt{in}, \mathtt{out} \longrightarrow v \ op \ e_2', \sigma', \mathtt{in}', \mathtt{out}'} \tag{OP2}$$

if true then
$$e_2$$
 else $e_3, \sigma, \text{in}, \text{out} \longrightarrow e_2, \sigma, \text{in}, \text{out}$ (IF1)

if false then
$$e_2$$
 else $e_3, \sigma, \text{in}, \text{out} \longrightarrow e_3, \sigma, \text{in}, \text{out}$ (IF2)

$$\frac{e_1,\sigma,\mathtt{in},\mathtt{out} \ \longrightarrow \ e_1',\sigma',\mathtt{in}',\mathtt{out}'}{\mathsf{if}\ e_1\ \mathsf{then}\ e_2\ \mathsf{else}\ e_3,\sigma,\mathtt{in},\mathtt{out}\ \longrightarrow \ \mathsf{if}\ e_1'\ \mathsf{then}\ e_2\ \mathsf{else}\ e_3,\sigma',\mathtt{in}',\mathtt{out}'} \tag{IF3}$$

$$\frac{e_1,\sigma,\mathtt{in},\mathtt{out} \ \longrightarrow \ e_1',\sigma',\mathtt{in}',\mathtt{out}'}{\mathsf{let}\ x\!:\! T=e_1\ \mathsf{in}\ e_2,\sigma,\mathtt{in},\mathtt{out}\ \longrightarrow \ \mathsf{let}\ x\!:\! T=e_1'\ \mathsf{in}\ e_2,\sigma',\mathtt{in}',\mathtt{out}'} \tag{E-LET1}$$

$$\frac{}{\text{let } x: T = v \text{ in } e_2, \sigma, \text{in, out } \longrightarrow \{v/x\} e_2, \sigma, \text{in, out}}$$
 (E-LET2)

$$\frac{l \in Dom(\sigma)}{l := v, \sigma, \text{in, out} \longrightarrow (), \sigma[l \mapsto v], \text{in, out}}$$
(ATR1)

$$\frac{e,\sigma,\mathtt{in},\mathtt{out} \ \longrightarrow \ e',\sigma',\mathtt{in'},\mathtt{out'}}{l:=e,\sigma,\mathtt{in},\mathtt{out} \ \longrightarrow \ l:=e',\sigma',\mathtt{in'},\mathtt{out'}} \tag{ATR2}$$

$$\frac{e_1, \sigma, \mathtt{in}, \mathtt{out} \ \longrightarrow \ e_1', \sigma', \mathtt{in}', \mathtt{out}'}{e_1 := e_2, \sigma, \mathtt{in}, \mathtt{out} \ \longrightarrow \ e_1' := e_2, \sigma', \mathtt{in}', \mathtt{out}'} \tag{ATR}$$

$$\frac{l \in \mathit{Dom}(\sigma) \ \sigma(l) = v}{! \ l, \sigma, \mathtt{in}, \mathtt{out} \ \longrightarrow \ v, \sigma, \mathtt{in}, \mathtt{out}} \tag{Deref1}$$

$$\frac{e, \sigma, \mathtt{in}, \mathtt{out} \ \longrightarrow \ e', \sigma', \mathtt{in'}, \mathtt{out'}}{! \ e, \sigma, \mathtt{in}, \mathtt{out} \ \longrightarrow \ ! \ e', \sigma', \mathtt{in'}, \mathtt{out'}} \tag{DEREF}$$

$$\frac{l \not\in Dom(\sigma)}{\mathsf{new}\ v, \sigma, \mathsf{in}, \mathsf{out}\ \longrightarrow\ l, \sigma[l \mapsto v], \mathsf{in}, \mathsf{out}} \tag{NEW1}$$

$$\frac{e, \sigma, \mathtt{in}, \mathtt{out} \longrightarrow e', \sigma', \mathtt{in}', \mathtt{out}'}{\mathsf{new}\ e, \sigma, \mathtt{in}, \mathtt{out} \longrightarrow \mathsf{new}\ e', \sigma', \mathtt{in}', \mathtt{out}'} \tag{NEW}$$

$$(SEQ1)$$
(); $e_2, \sigma, \text{in, out} \longrightarrow e_2, \sigma, \text{in, out}$

$$\frac{e_1, \sigma, \mathtt{in}, \mathtt{out} \ \longrightarrow \ e_1', \sigma', \mathtt{in}', \mathtt{out}'}{e_1; e_2, \sigma, \mathtt{in}, \mathtt{out} \ \longrightarrow \ e_1'; e_2, \sigma', \mathtt{in}', \mathtt{out}'} \tag{SEQ}$$

while
$$e_1$$
 do e_2 , σ , in, out \longrightarrow if e_1 then $(e_2$; while e_1 do e_2) else $(), \sigma$, in, out $(E-WHILE)$

$$\mathsf{print}\ n, \sigma, \mathsf{in}, \mathsf{out}\ \longrightarrow\ (), \sigma, \mathsf{in}, \mathsf{out}. n \tag{PRINT-N}$$

$$\frac{e, \sigma, \mathtt{in}, \mathtt{out} \ \longrightarrow \ e', \sigma', \mathtt{in}', \mathtt{out}'}{\mathsf{print} \ e, \sigma, \mathtt{in}, \mathtt{out} \ \longrightarrow \ \mathsf{print} \ e', \sigma', \mathtt{in}', \mathtt{out}'} \tag{PRINT}$$

$$\mathsf{read} \; (), \sigma, n.\mathsf{in}, \mathsf{out} \; \longrightarrow \; n, \sigma, \mathsf{in}, \mathsf{out} \tag{READ})$$

Sistema de Tipos:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash n : \mathsf{int}}{\Gamma \vdash n : \mathsf{int}} \tag{T-INT} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \mathsf{ref}\ T}{\Gamma \vdash !\ e : T}$$

$$\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash b : \mathsf{bool}} \tag{T-BOOL}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \mathsf{int} \qquad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \mathsf{int}}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 + e_2 : \mathsf{int}} \tag{T-NEW}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \mathsf{int} \qquad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \mathsf{int}}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 < e_2 : \mathsf{bool}} \tag{T-UNIT}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \mathsf{bool} \qquad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : T \qquad \Gamma \vdash e_3 : T}{\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{if} \ e_1 \ \mathsf{then} \ e_2 \ \mathsf{else} \ e_3 : T} \qquad (\mathsf{T}\text{-}\mathsf{IF}) \qquad \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \mathsf{bool} \qquad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \mathsf{unit}}{\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{while} \ e_1 \ \mathsf{do} \ e_2 : \mathsf{unit}} \qquad (\mathsf{T}\text{-}\mathsf{WHILE})$$

$$\frac{\Gamma(x) = T}{\Gamma \vdash x : T}$$
 (T-VAR)
$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \mathsf{unit} \qquad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : T}{\Gamma \vdash e_1; e_2 : T}$$
 (T-SEQ)

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : T \qquad \Gamma, x \mapsto T \vdash e_2 : T'}{\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{let} \ x : T = e_1 \ \mathsf{in} \ e_2 : T'} \qquad \qquad \mathsf{(T-LET)} \qquad \qquad \frac{}{\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{read} \ \mathsf{()} : \mathsf{int}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \mathsf{ref} \ T \qquad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : T}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 := e_2 : \mathsf{unit}} \tag{T-ATR} \qquad \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \mathsf{int}}{\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{print} \ e : \mathsf{unit}}$$

Trabalho

O trabalho consiste em implementar em OCaml um interpretador para a linguagem L2 da especificação acima e com variações definidas abaixo que serão deixadas propositalmente subespecificadas.

O trabalho será avaliado da seguinte forma:

- nota máxima 9,0 para os trabalhos que implementarem somente L2 conforme a especificação dada acima
- nota máxima 10,0 para os trabalhos que implementarem também uma dentre as seguintes opções:
 - arrays
 - mecanismo de exceções
 - expressão for para repetições

Arquivo com as definições dos datatypes necessários e com alguns casos de teste referentes a L2 da especificação dada será disponibilizado no Moodle da disciplina.

O trabalho deve ser realizado em grupo (2 a 3 componentes), e ser entregue via Moodle no prazo especificado. Após a entrega, o trabalho será apresentado em laboratório pelos componentes do grupo, conforme cronograma de apresentações disponível no Moodle.