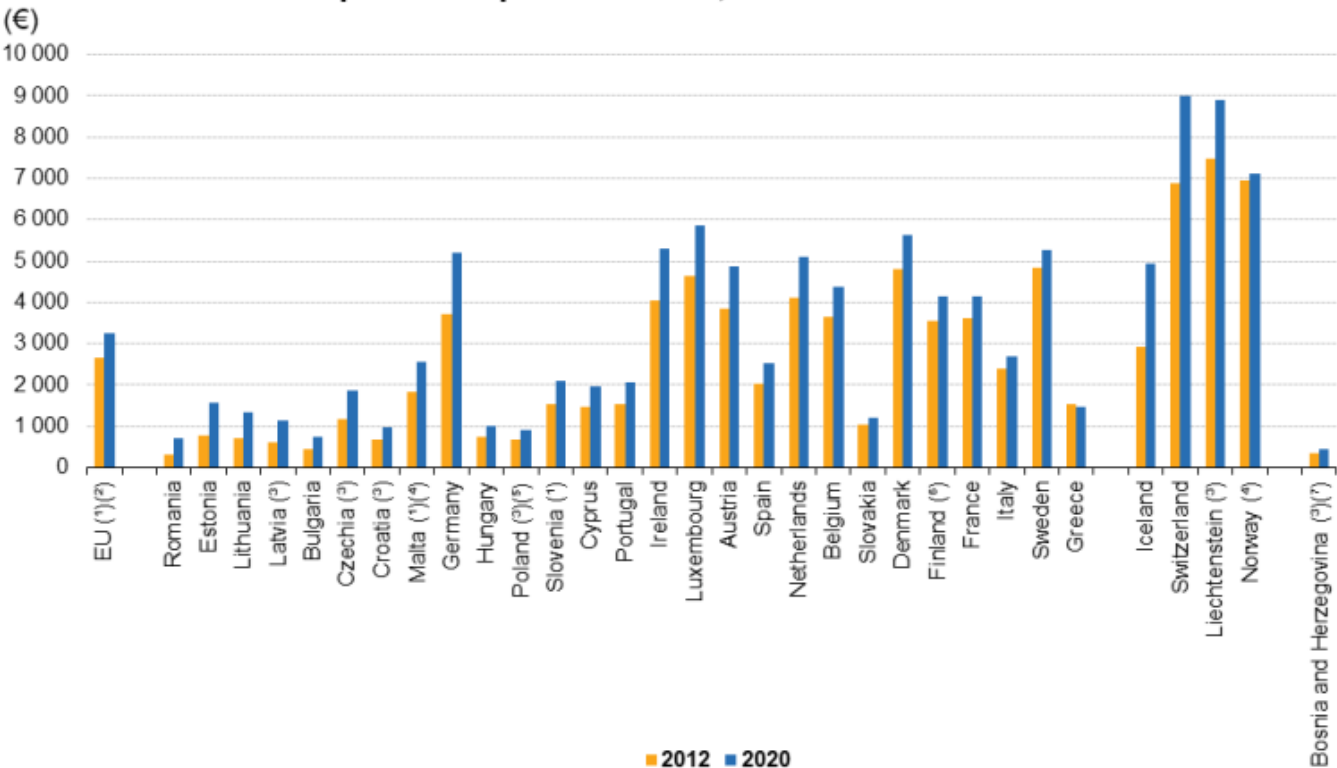


# Physical Activity and Health in Europe

Leonie Färber  
Methods of Advanced Data Engineering  
WS 23/24

# Motivation

Current healthcare expenditure per inhabitant, 2012 and 2020



Note: ranked on the overall percentage change between 2012 and 2020.

(\*) 2014 instead of 2012.

(\*) 2020: estimate.

(\*) 2013 instead of 2012.

(\*) 2019 instead of 2020.

(\*) 2020: provisional.

(\*) Break in series.

(\*) 2018 instead of 2020.

Source: Eurostat (online data code: hlth\_sha11\_hf)

- 
- Economic benefits (e.g. reduced healthcare costs)
  - Disease prevention
  - Sedentary behaviours increase
  - Research suggests impact of physical activity on immune system and QoL
- Can we find a clear correlation between activity levels and health in Europe?

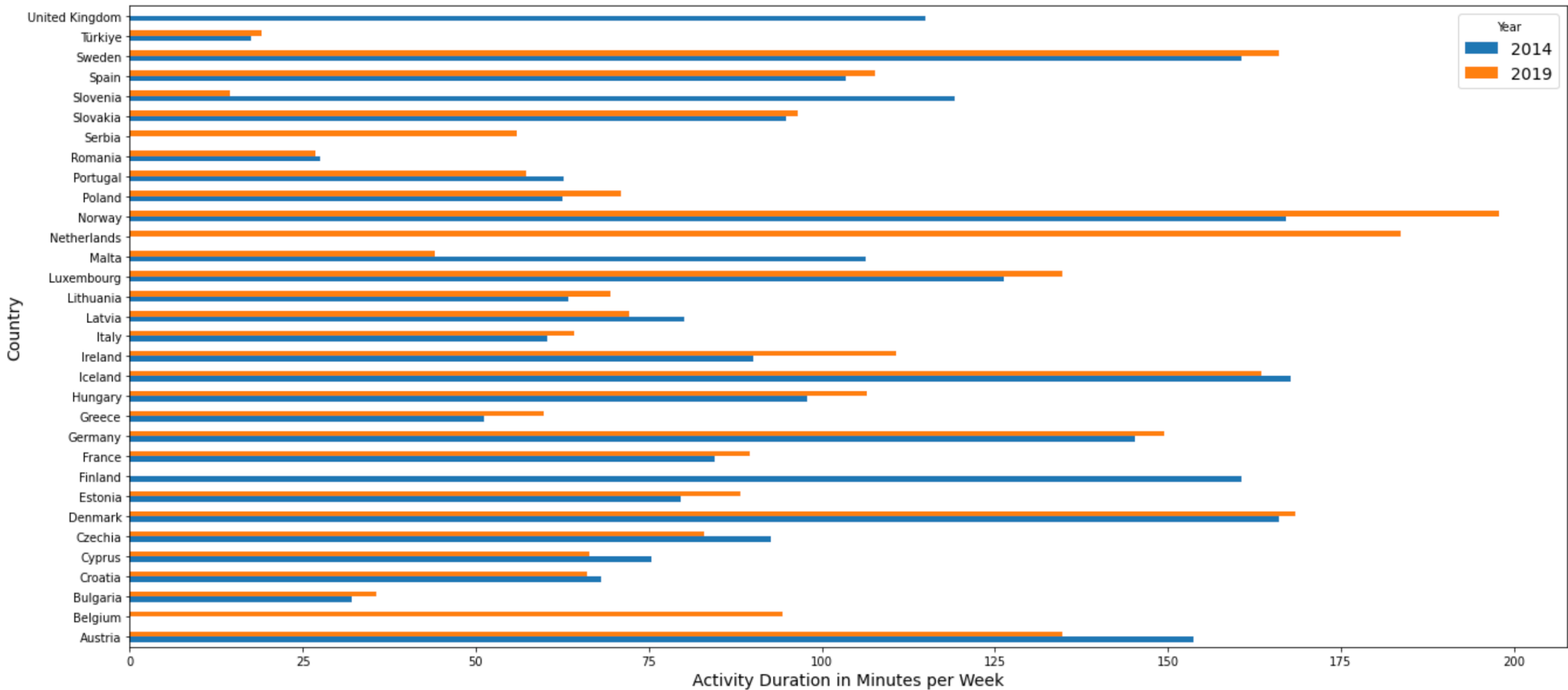
# Methods

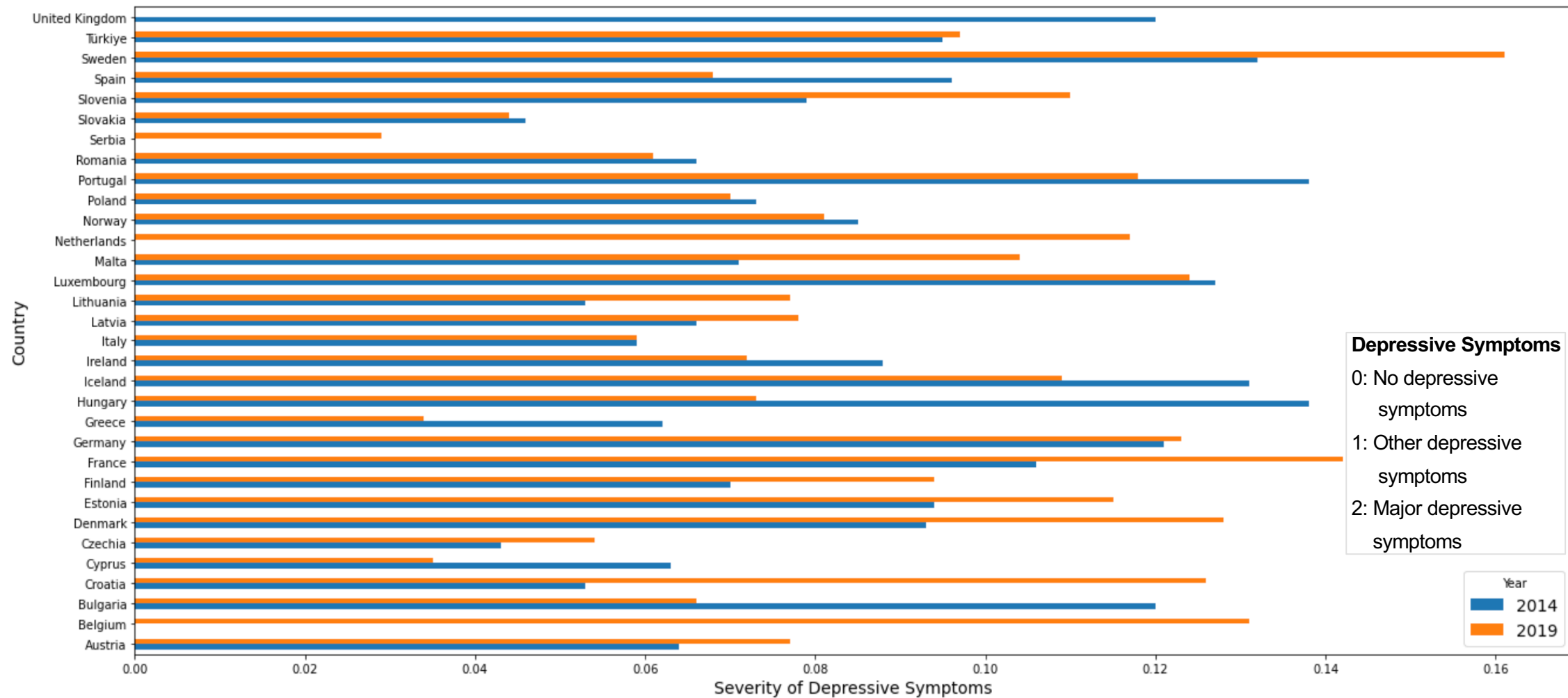
- Physical activity
  - Data type: CSV
  - Source: Eurostat
  - License: CC BY 4.0
- Depressive symptoms
  - Data type: CSV
  - Source: Eurostat
  - License: CC BY 4.0
- Self-report on general health
  - Data type: CSV
  - Source: Eurostat
  - License: CC BY 4.0

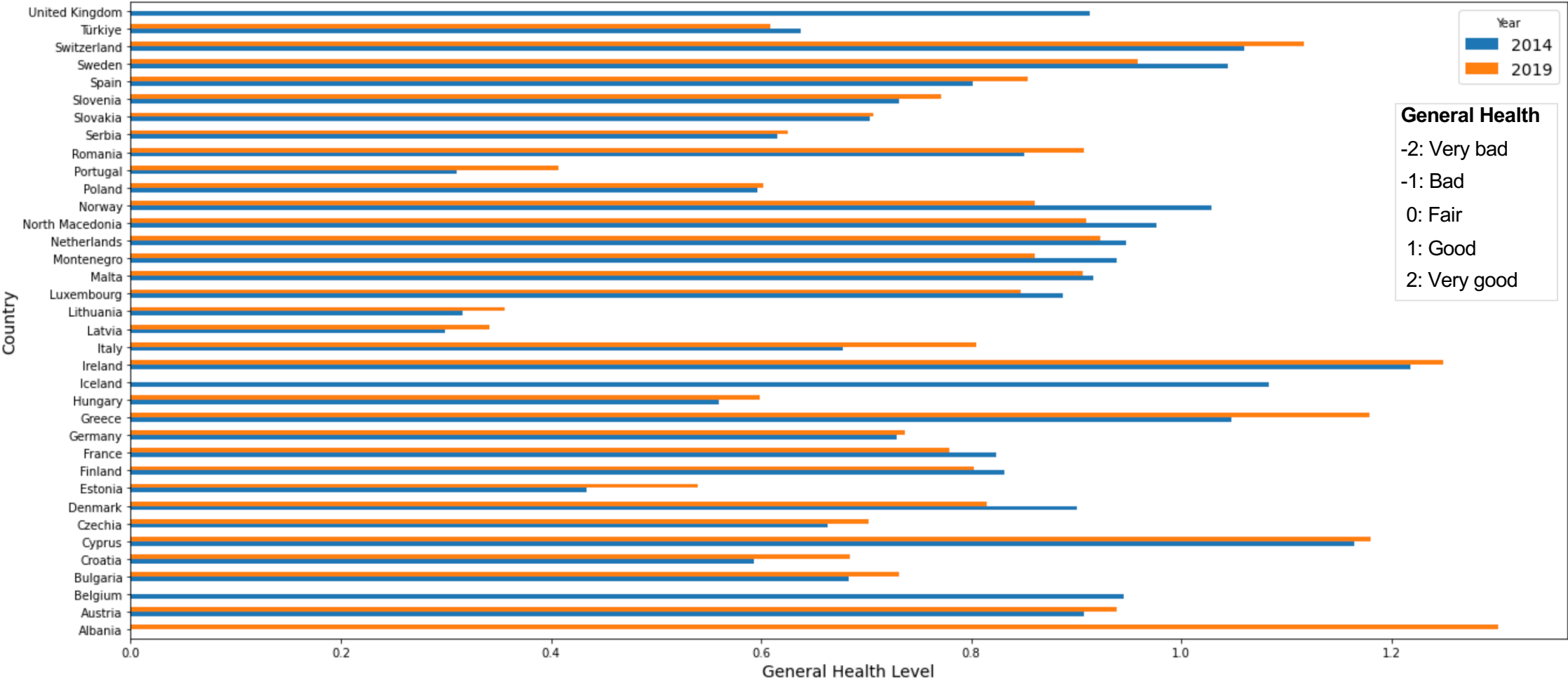
- Extract
- Validate
  - Generalized values (e.g. all of Europe)
  - Standardize values (e.g. age = “total”)
  - Overlapping intervals
  - Observation flag
- Reshape
  - Standardized columns
  - Columns containing metadata
- Transform
  - Transform string intervals to numbers
- Load

# Results

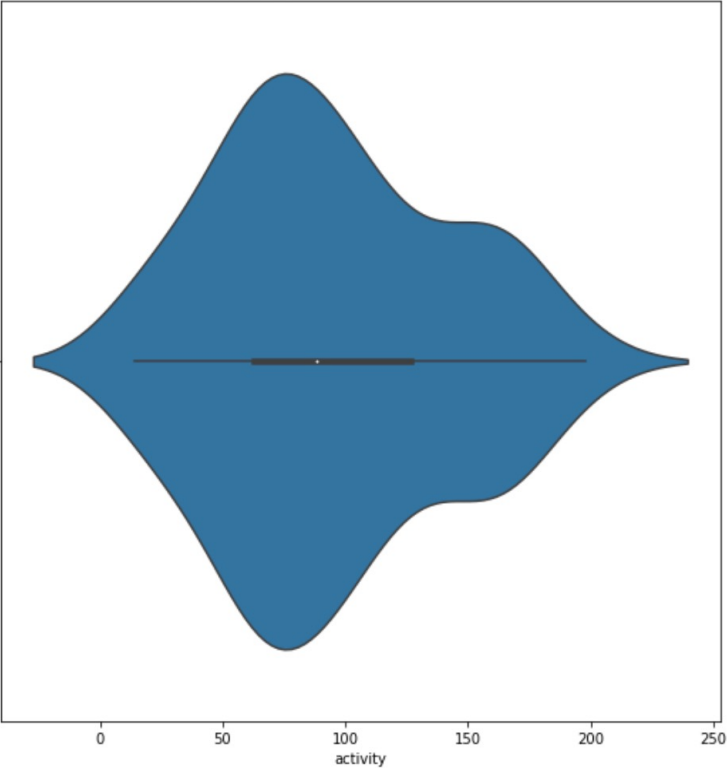




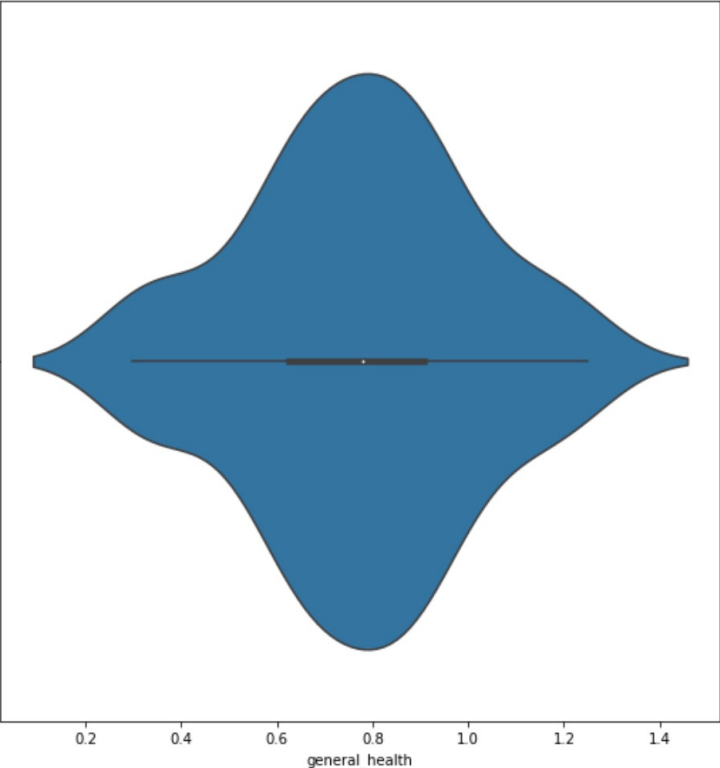




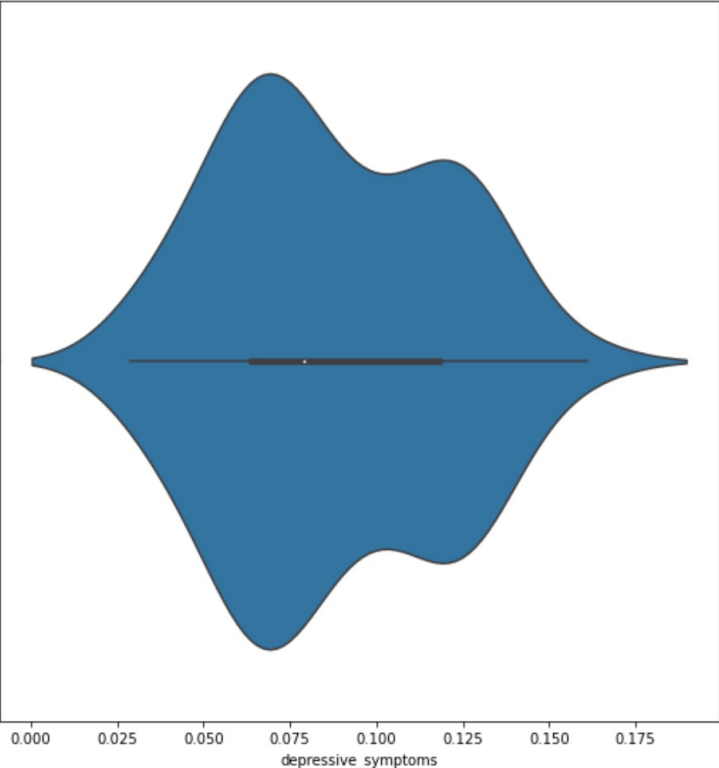
Physical Activity Levels

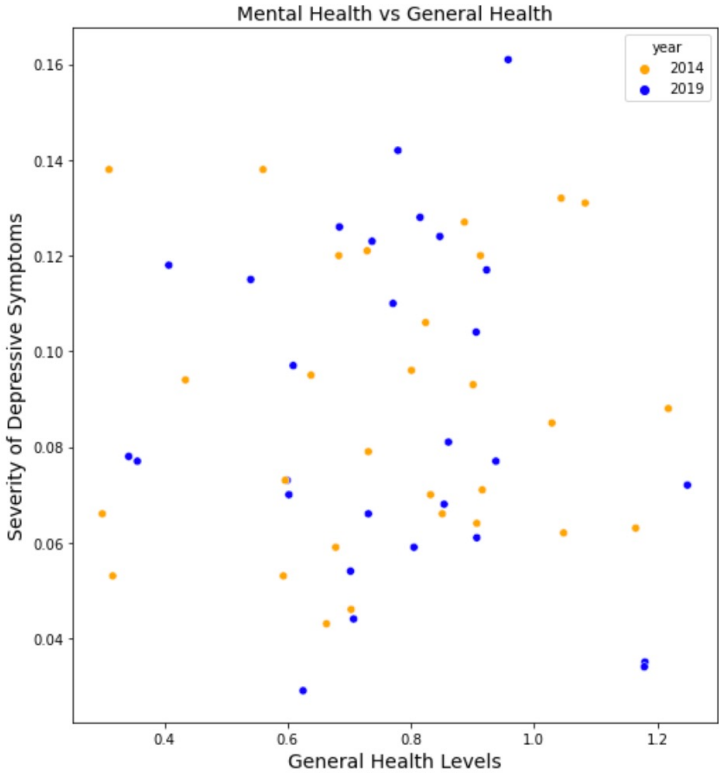
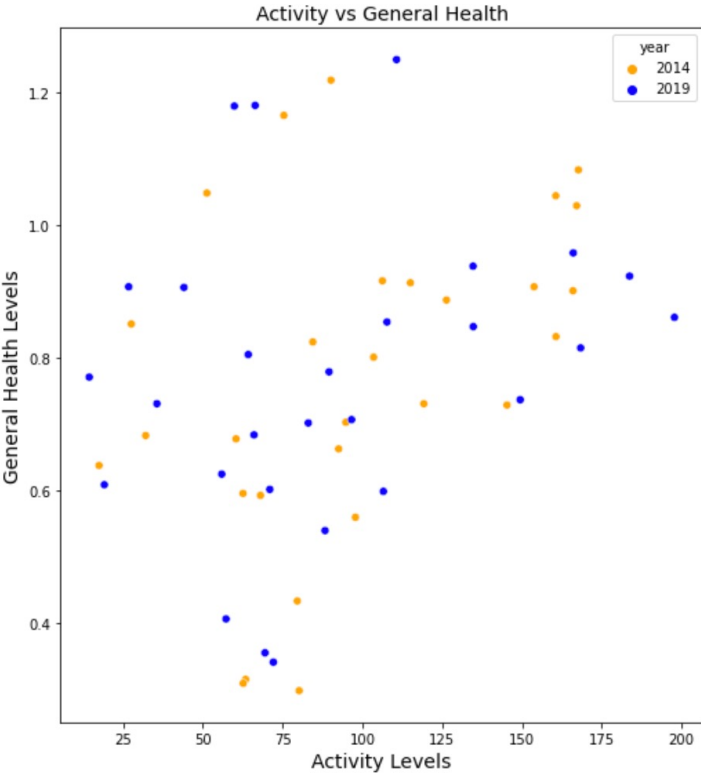
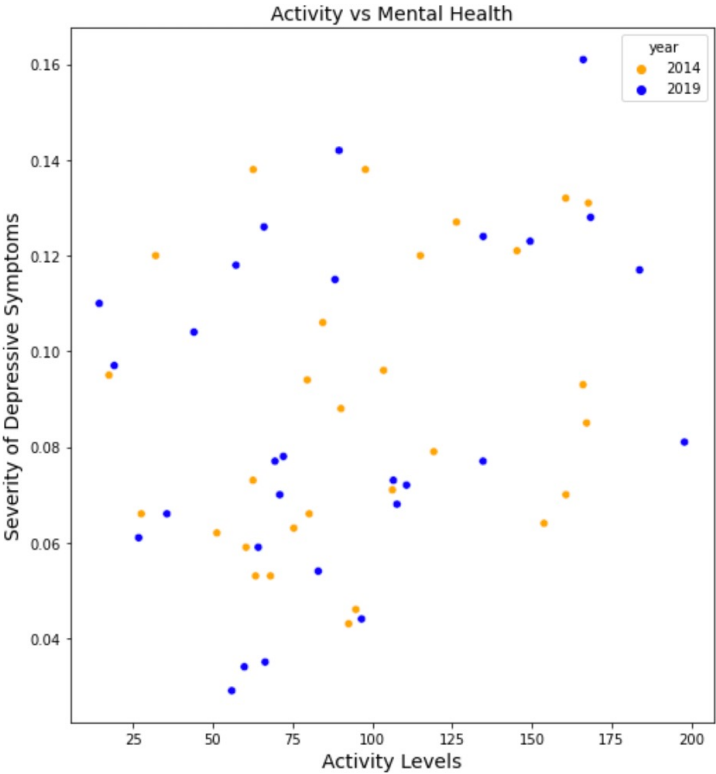


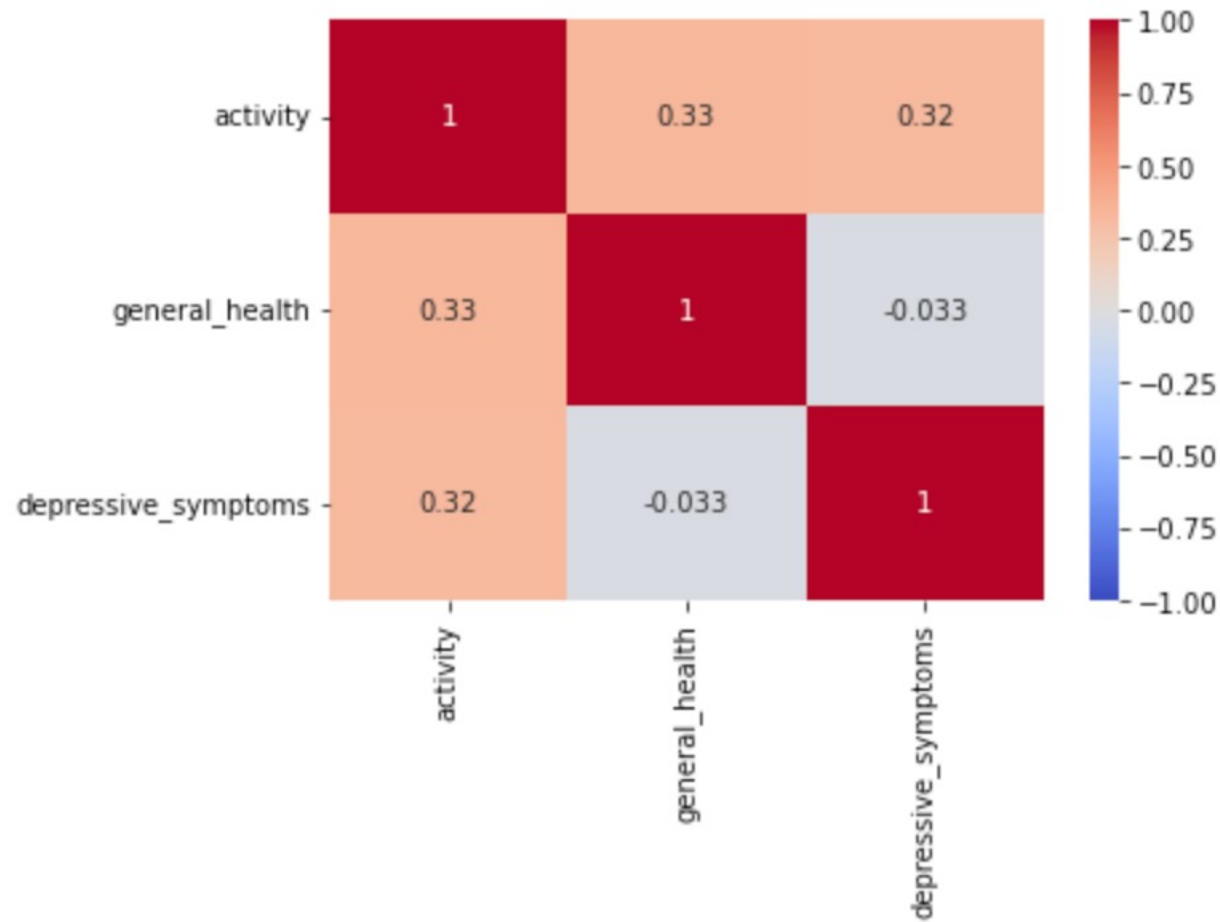
General Health Levels



Severity Levels of Depressive Symptoms







# Discussion

- Interesting insights
  - No significant trends from 2014 to 2019
  - Low variance in general health limits insights
  - Weak to moderate positive correlation between activity and general health
  - Weak to moderate positive correlation between activity and depressive symptoms
  - No significant correlation between general health and depressive symptoms
- Limitations
  - Low variance due to limiting research area
  - Other correlating factors (e.g. age, gender, education)
  - Self-report
  - Only depressive symptoms for mental health
  - Sample sizes, interval between measurements, generalization etc.



# Physical Activity and Health in Europe

Leonie Färber  
Methods of Advanced Data Engineering  
WS 23/24