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2. PostgreSQL account name: ly2665
3. Three queries:

- a. Calculate the average sale price and number of sales for each borough in 2024

```
SELECT
    ga.borough_code,
    COUNT(s.sale_id) AS total_sales,
    AVG(s.sale_price) AS avg_sale_price,
    MIN(s.sale_price) AS min_sale_price,
    MAX(s.sale_price) AS max_sale_price
FROM
    Sale s
    JOIN Property p ON s.property_id = p.property_id
    JOIN Geographic_Area ga ON p.geographic_id = ga.geographic_id
WHERE
    s.sale_date >= '2024-01-01'
    AND s.sale_date <= '2024-12-31'
GROUP BY
    ga.borough_code
ORDER BY
    avg_sale_price DESC;
```

- b. Count how many service requests each agency handles and break down by status (Open, Closed, etc.)

```
SELECT
    a.agency_code,
    a.agency_name,
    sr.status,
    COUNT(*) AS request_count
FROM
    Service_Request sr
    JOIN Agency a ON sr.agency_code = a.agency_code
WHERE
    sr.created_date >= '2024-01-01'
GROUP BY
    a.agency_code, a.agency_name, sr.status
ORDER BY
    a.agency_code, request_count DESC;
```

- c. Find properties that were sold more than once in 2024, showing property details and sale information

```
SELECT
    p.property_id,
    p.property_address,
    ga.borough_code,
    ga.block_code,
    ga.lot_code,
    COUNT(s.sale_id) AS number_of_sales,
    MIN(s.sale_price) AS first_sale_price,
    MAX(s.sale_price) AS last_sale_price
FROM
    Property p
    JOIN Geographic_Area ga ON p.geographic_id = ga.geographic_id
    JOIN Sale s ON p.property_id = s.property_id
WHERE
    s.sale_date >= '2024-01-01'
    AND s.sale_date <= '2024-12-31'
GROUP BY
    p.property_id, p.property_address, ga.borough_code, ga.block_code, ga.lot_code
HAVING
    COUNT(s.sale_id) > 1
ORDER BY
    number_of_sales DESC, last_sale_price DESC;
```