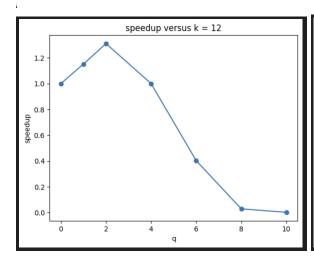
```
1.
 test for problem 1
 List Size = 16, Threads = 2, error = 0, time (sec) =
                                                                         0.0051, qsort_time =
 List Size = 16, Threads = 4, error = 0, time (sec) = 0.0059, qsort_time = 0.0000
List Size = 16, Threads = 8, error = 0, time (sec) = 0.0062, qsort_time = 0.0000
 List Size = 1048576, Threads = 16, error = 0, time (sec) = 0.0327, qsort time = 0.1697
 List Size = 16777216, Threads = 256, error = 0, time (sec) = 0.5488, qsort_time =
2.
 k = 12, q = 0,1,2,4,6,8,10
 List Size = 4096, Threads = 1, error = 0, time (sec) =
                                                                               0.0076, qsort_time =
                                                                                                               0.0010
 List Size = 4096, Threads = 2, error = 0, time (sec) = List Size = 4096, Threads = 4, error = 0, time (sec) =
                                                                               0.0066, qsort_time =
                                                                               0.0058, qsort_time =
                                                                                                               0.0007
 List Size = 4096, Threads = 16, error = 0, time (sec) = 0.0076, qsort_time =
 List Size = 4096, Threads = 64, error = 0, time (sec) = 0.0189, qsort_time = List Size = 4096, Threads = 256, error = 0, time (sec) = 0.2727, qsort_time = List Size = 4096, Threads = 1024, error = 0, time (sec) = 7.2213, qsort_time =
                                                                                                                0.0004
                                                                                                                0.0004
 k = 20, q = 0,1,2,4,6,8,10
 List Size = 1048576, Threads = 1, error = 0, time (sec) =
                                                                                   0.1815, qsort_time =
 List Size = 1048576, Threads = 2, error = 0, time (sec) =
                                                                                   0.0983, qsort_time =
 List Size = 1048576, Threads = 4, error = 0, time (sec) =
                                                                                   0.0560, qsort_time =
                                                                                                                   0.1691
 List Size = 1048576, Threads = 16, error = 0, time (sec) = 0.0257, qsort_time =
 List Size = 1048576, Threads = 64, error = 0, time (sec) = 0.0364, qsort_time = 0.1702

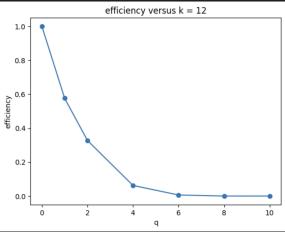
List Size = 1048576, Threads = 256, error = 0, time (sec) = 0.2324, qsort_time = 0.2942
 List Size = 1048576, Threads = 1024, error = 0, time (sec) = 0.5099, qsort_time = 0.2615
 k = 28, q = 0,1,2,4,6,8,10
 List Size = 268435456, Threads = 1, error = 0, time (sec) = 61.9290, qsort_time = 61.8746
 List Size = 268435456, Threads = 2, error = 0, time (sec) = 31.5582, qsort_time = 61.8389
 List Size = 268435456, Threads = 4, error = 0, time (sec) = 15.9552, qsort_time = 61.9186
 List Size = 268435456, Threads = 16, error = 0, time (sec) = 4.1596, qsort_time = 61.7967

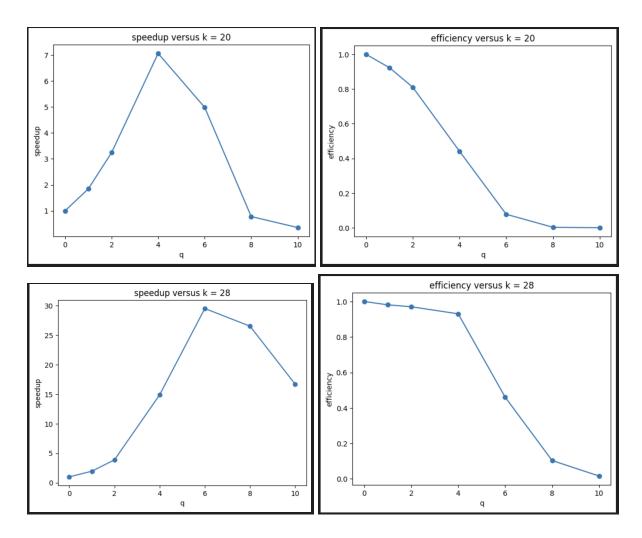
List Size = 268435456, Threads = 64, error = 0, time (sec) = 2.0992, qsort_time = 62.2604

List Size = 268435456, Threads = 256, error = 0, time (sec) = 2.3356, qsort_time = 62.0624

List Size = 268435456, Threads = 1024, error = 0, time (sec) = 3.7091, qsort_time = 62.5115
```







For these speedup graph, when there are more and more threads to omp program, we see the speedup increase as shown above graphs. It means more thread can handle large list size. However, when it got a certain number of threads, the speedup starts to decrease. This is because there are enough threads to handle the size of lists. For the efficiency graphs, we can see all of graphs are decreasing. As increasing threads for omp, it may cause some overhead which will lead efficiency decreasing.

## 3. Using export OMP\_PLACES and export OMP\_PROC\_BIND

```
PLACES = threads, and BIND = master, close, spread BIND = master, time (sec) = 66.6790
BIND = close, time (sec) = 2.1960
BIND = spread, time (sec) = 2.1620

PLACES = cores, and BIND = master, close, spread BIND = master, time (sec) = 67.0245
BIND = close, time (sec) = 2.2024
BIND = spread, time (sec) = 2.1822

PLACES = sockets, and BIND = master, close, spread BIND = master, time (sec) = 3.9570
```

BIND = close, time (sec) = 2.1771 BIND = spread, time (sec) = 2.1762

As these results, we can see most of time are around 2-4 second, but there are only two results are about 66-67 seconds when the OMP\_PROC\_BIND is master and OMP\_PLACES are threads and cores. When the OMP\_PROC\_BIND is master, it means all threads will be assigned to the same location as the master thread. However, when OMP\_PLACES is socket and OMP\_PROC\_BIND is master, we can see the time is around 4 second because sockets have a little bit different on threads and cores. Sockets can map each location to a unique socket (comprising one or more cores) in the local memory. Therefore, the socket may help the omp to reduce the time.