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E Find max-diff between two elements where larger elements always comes after smaller element.

- Keep linek of max dift and min-element all the line.

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int max Diff (int [] a) {

ent i=1) min = a[o], max-diff = a[i] -a[o];

for (int i=1; i < a length; i++) {

if (max-diff < (a[i]-min))

max_diff = (a[i]-min);

if (a[i] < min)

min = a[i];

} return max_diff;
```