Gravity inversion in spherical coordinates using tesseroids

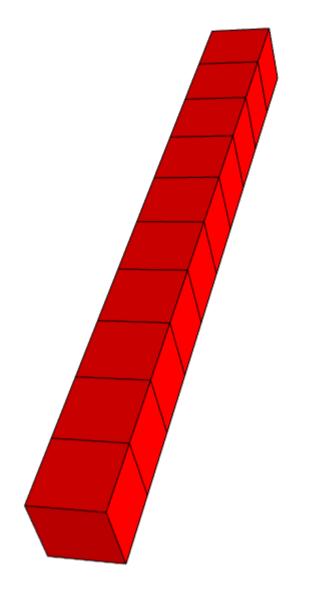


Leonardo Uieda

Valéria C. F. Barbosa

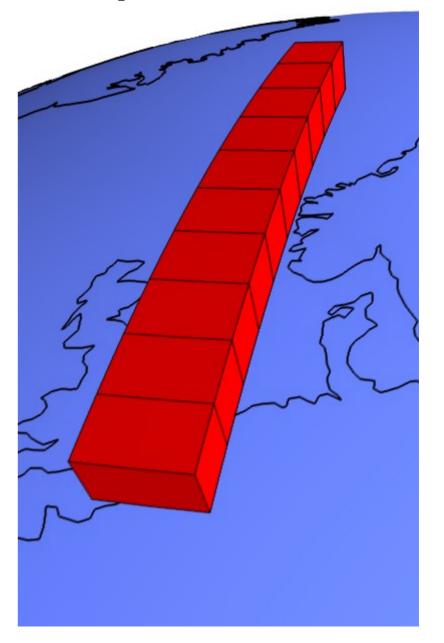


Cartesian



VS

Spherical



Existing inversion with tesseroids (Chaves and Ussami, 2013)

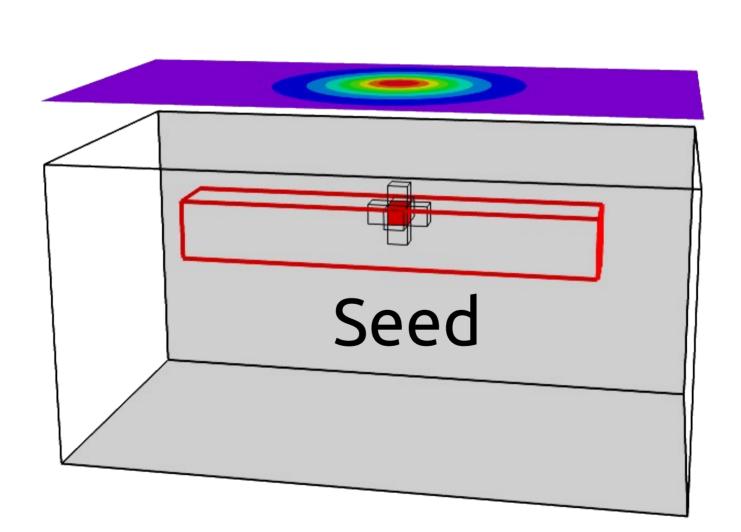
- Geoid height anomalies
- Space domain
- Regularization:
 - Depth-weighted Minimum Volume
 - Similarity to seismic tomography

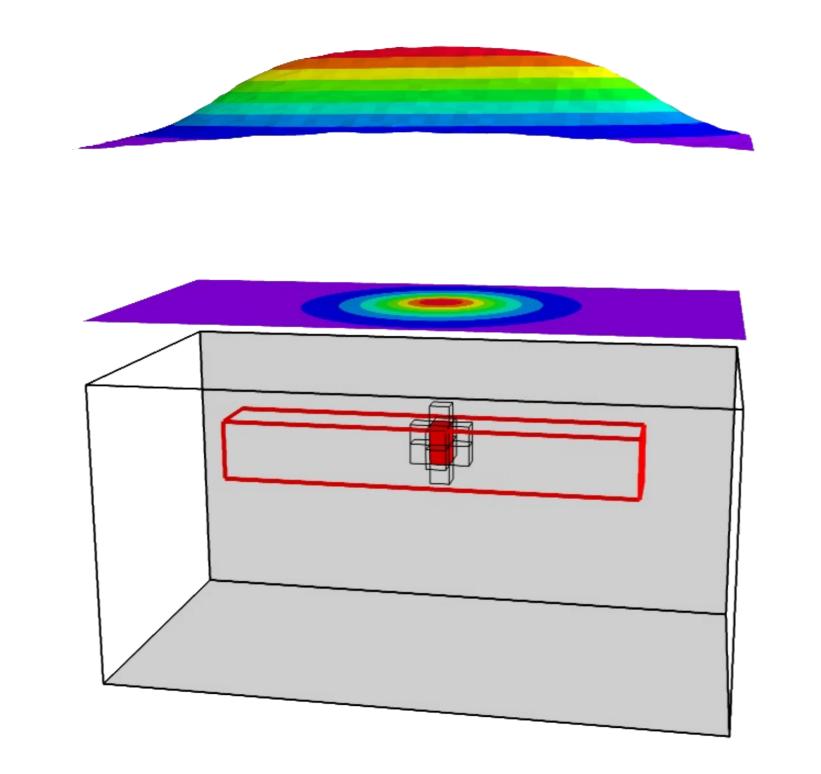
Adapt

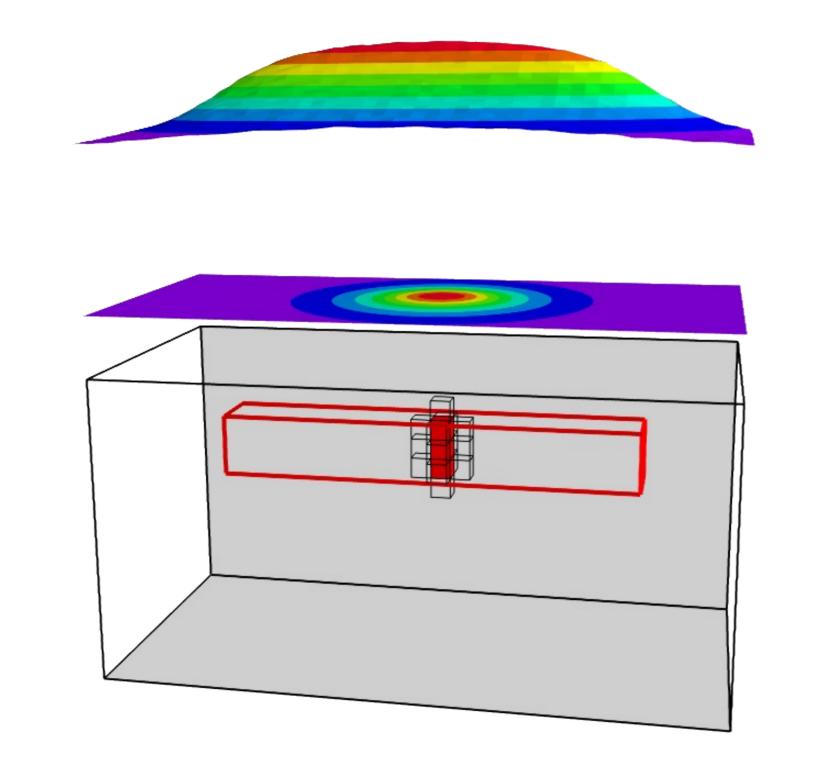
Planting anomalous densities (Uieda and Barbosa, 2012)

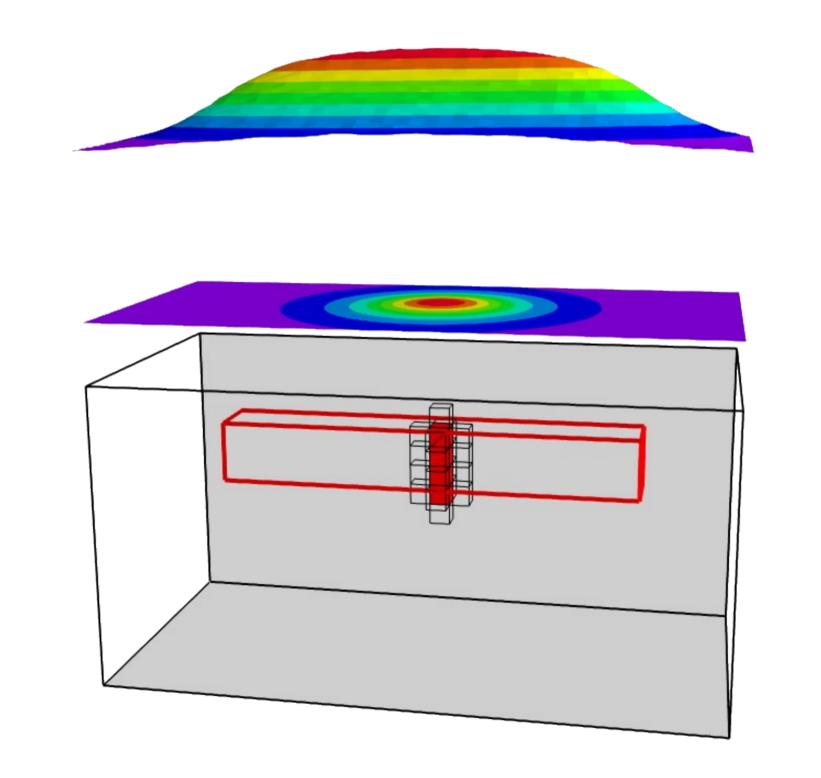
Planting anomalous densities

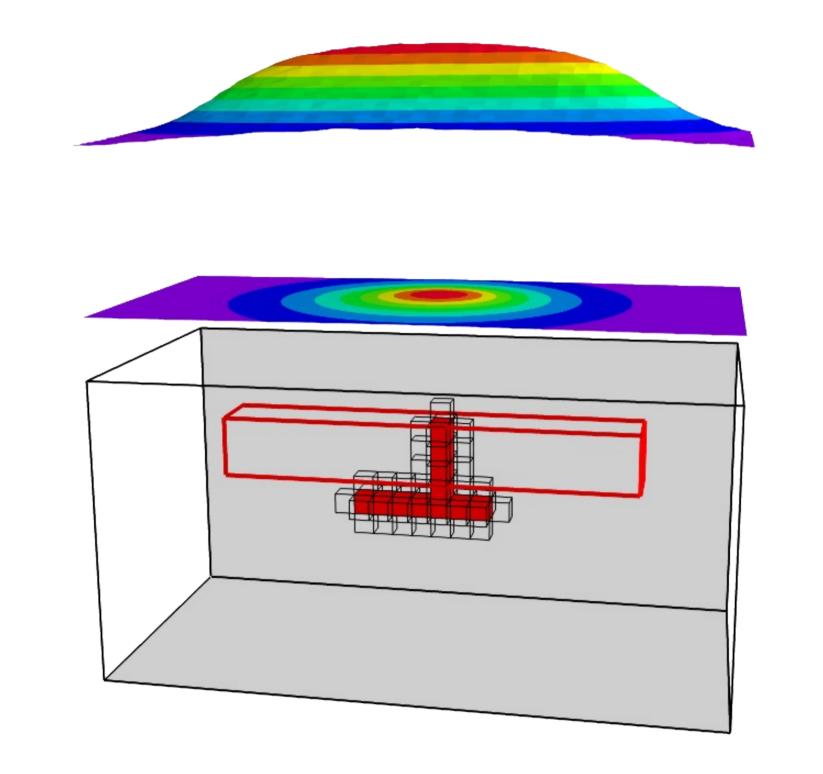
- Space domain
- Multicomponent: gravity + gradients
- Non-conventional inversion
 - Growth algorithm
 - No linear systems
 - Efficient sensitivity computations

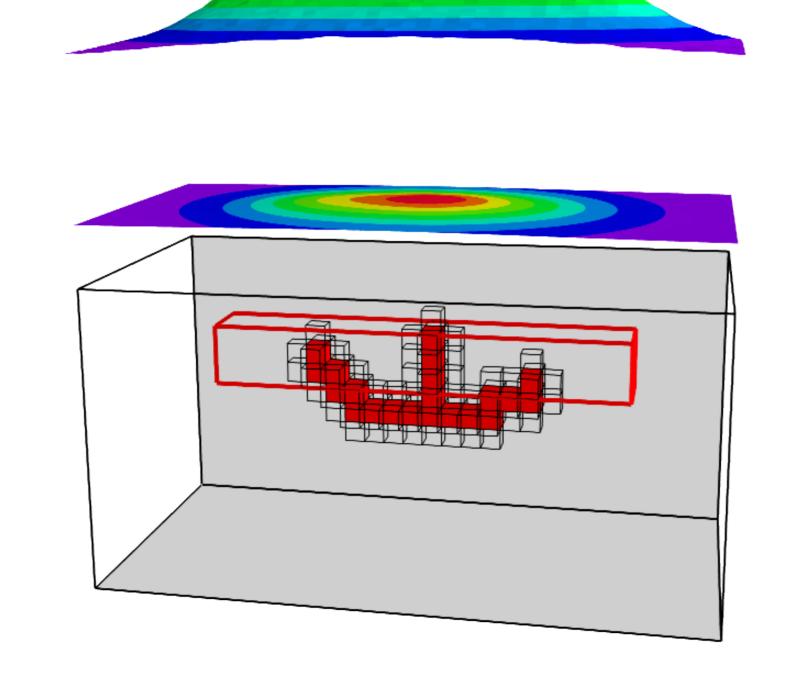


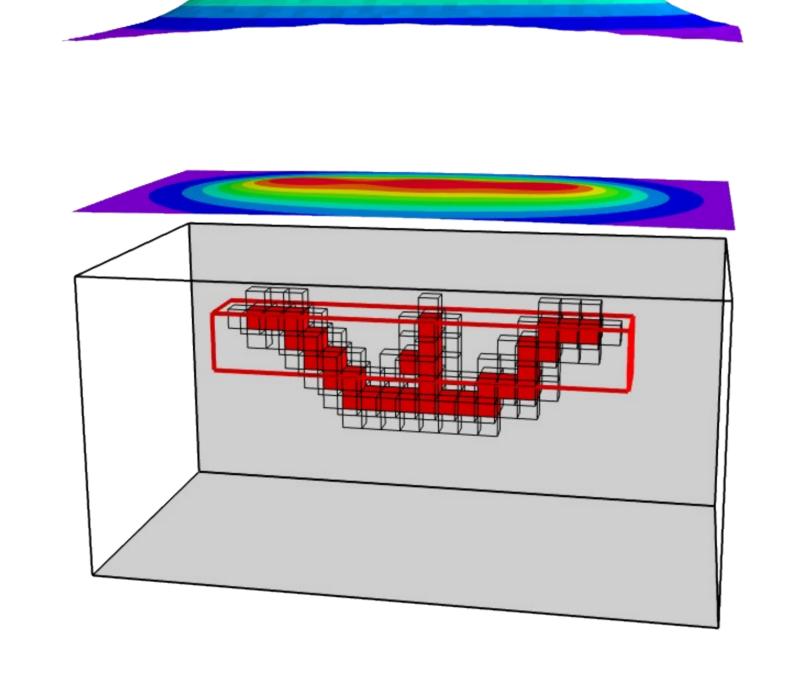


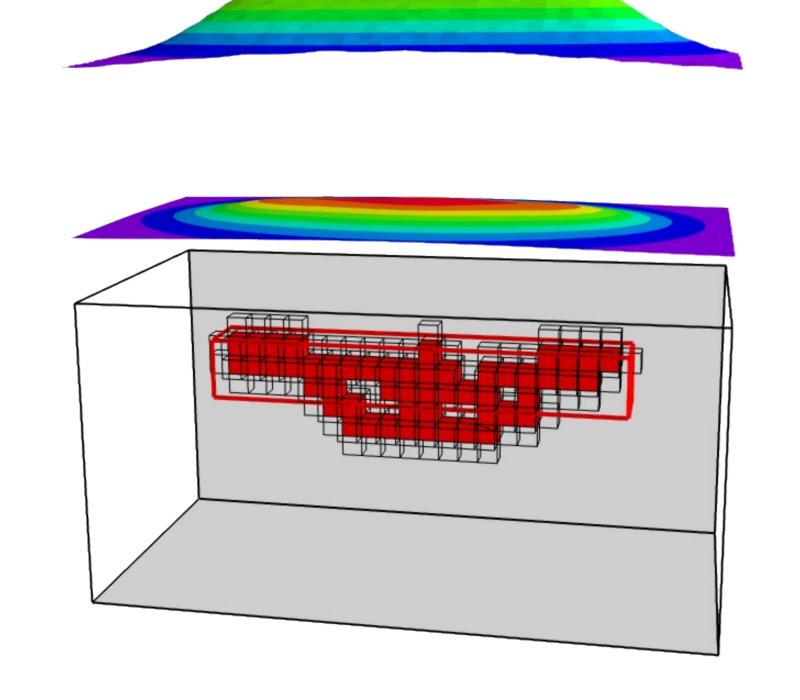


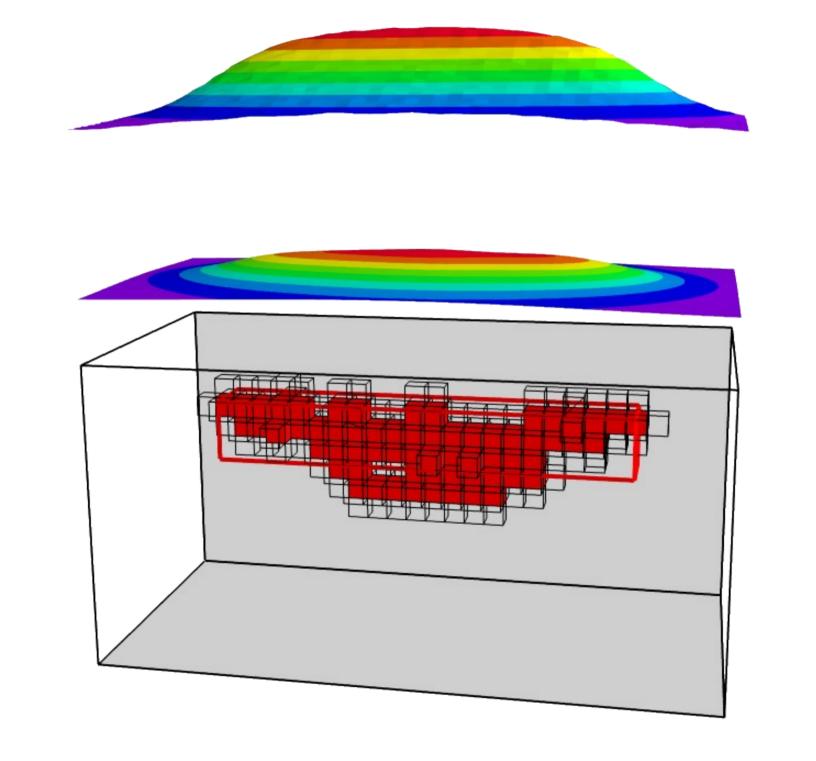


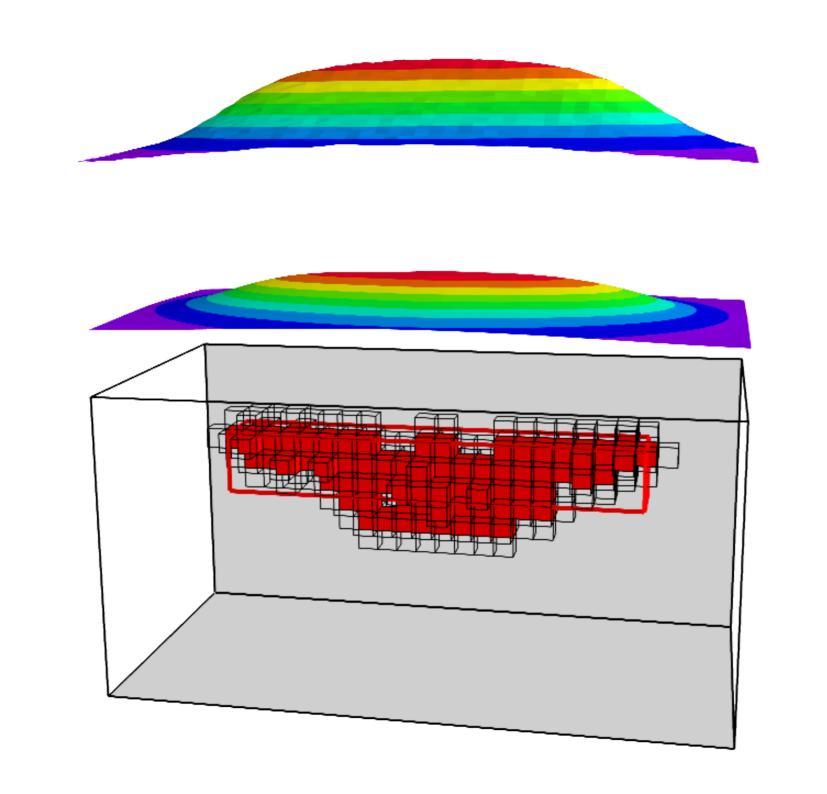


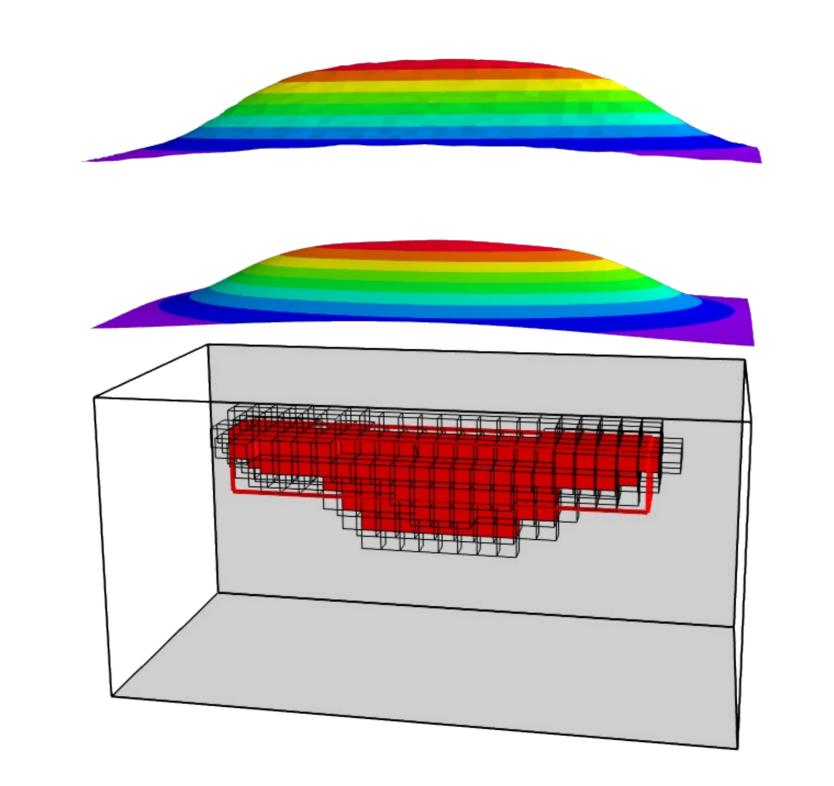


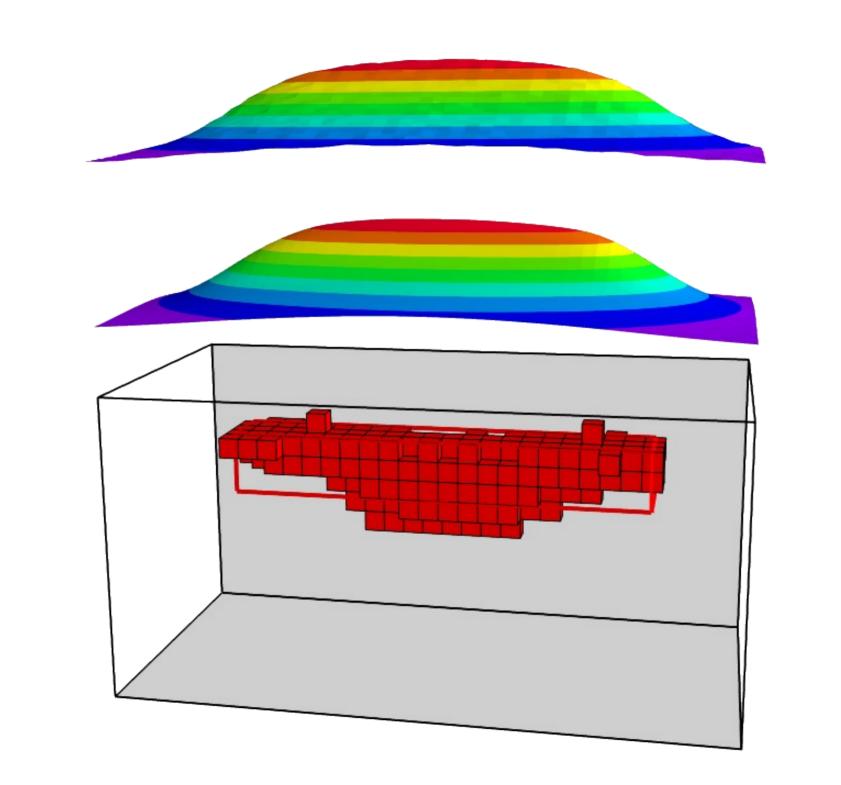










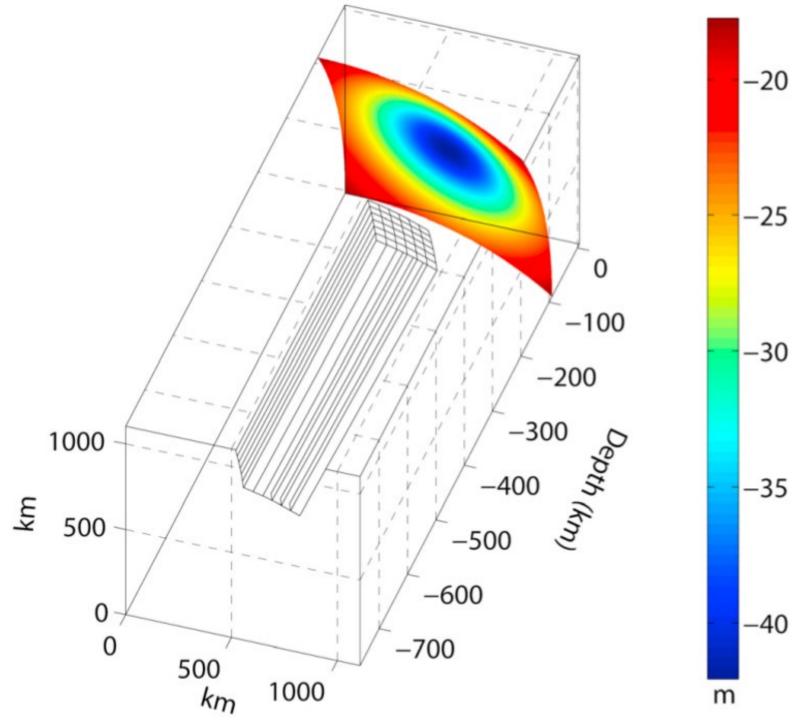


Synthetics

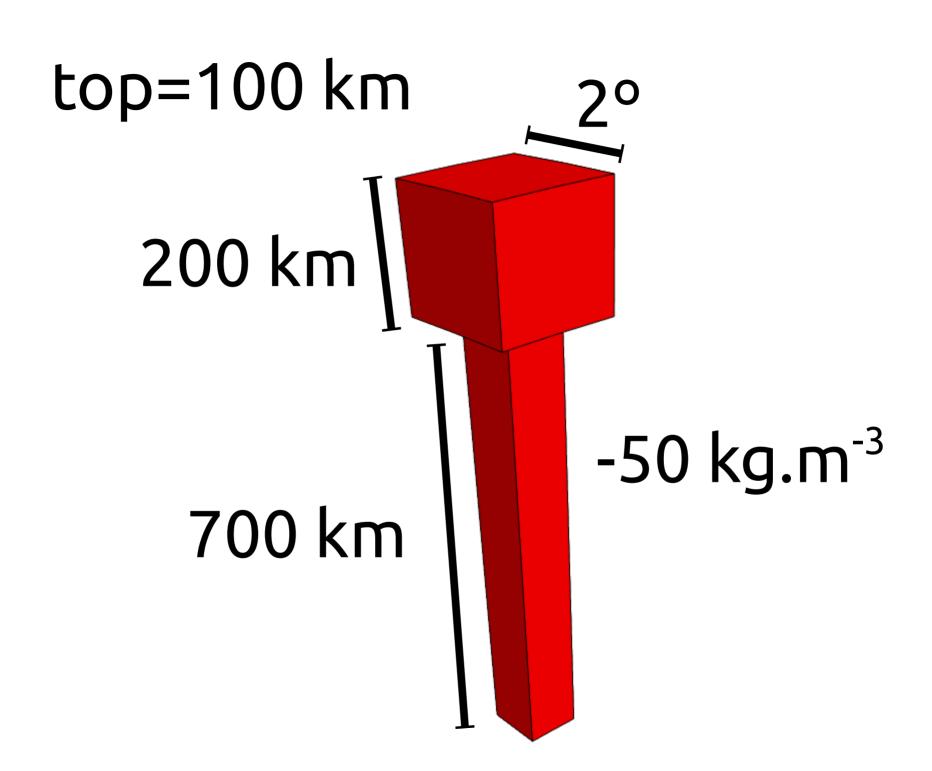
- Possible applications
- Advantages
- Shortcomings

(Hypothetical) Mantle Plume

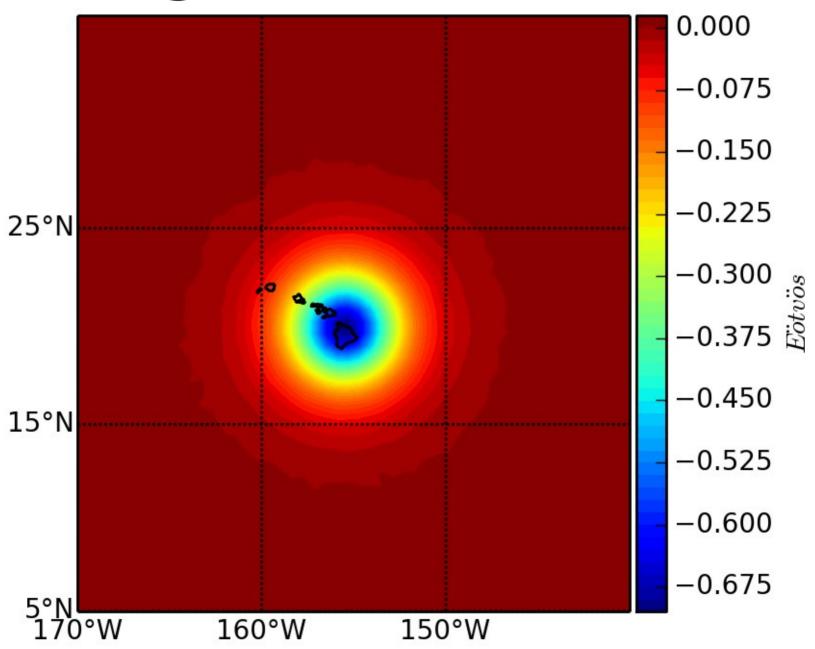
Inspired by synthetics in Chaves and Ussami (2013)



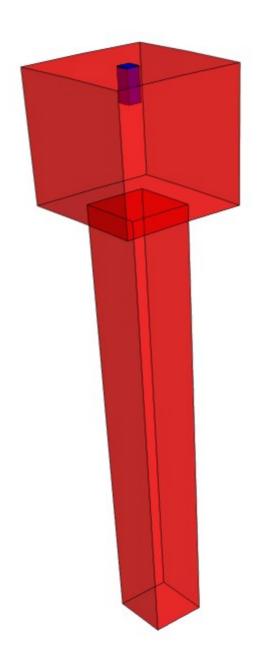
After Chaves and Ussami (2013)

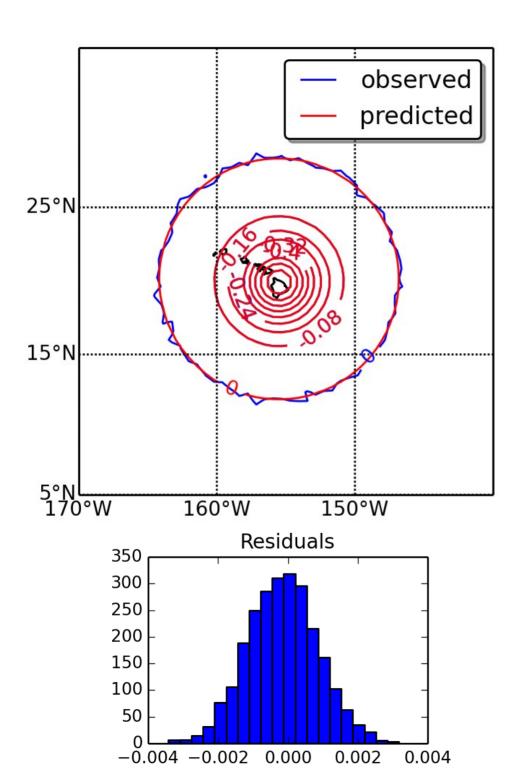


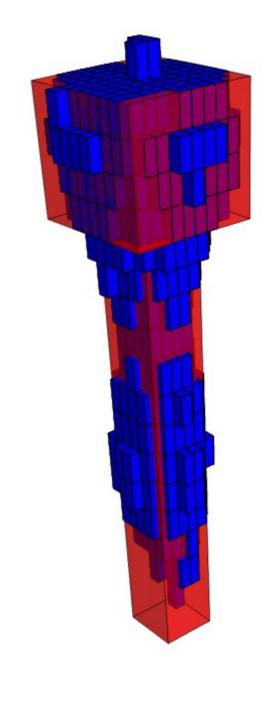
gzz at 250 km



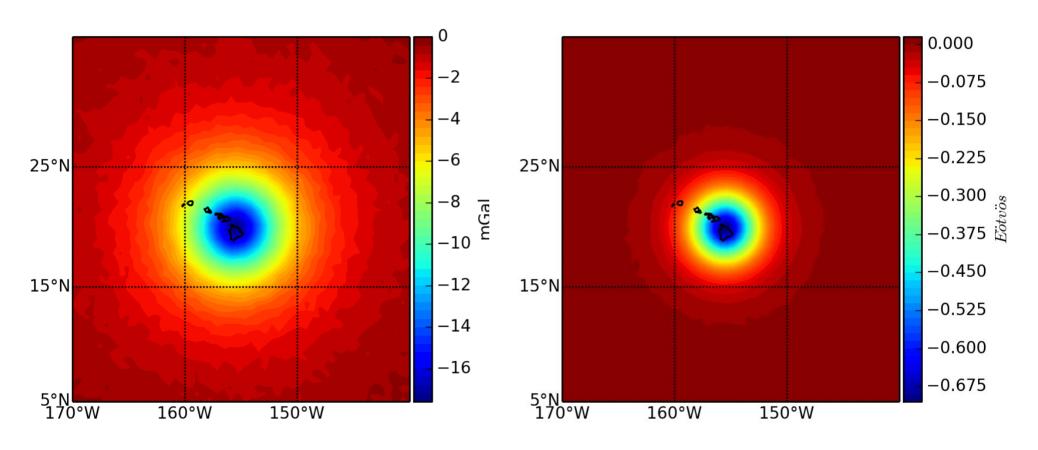
Seed

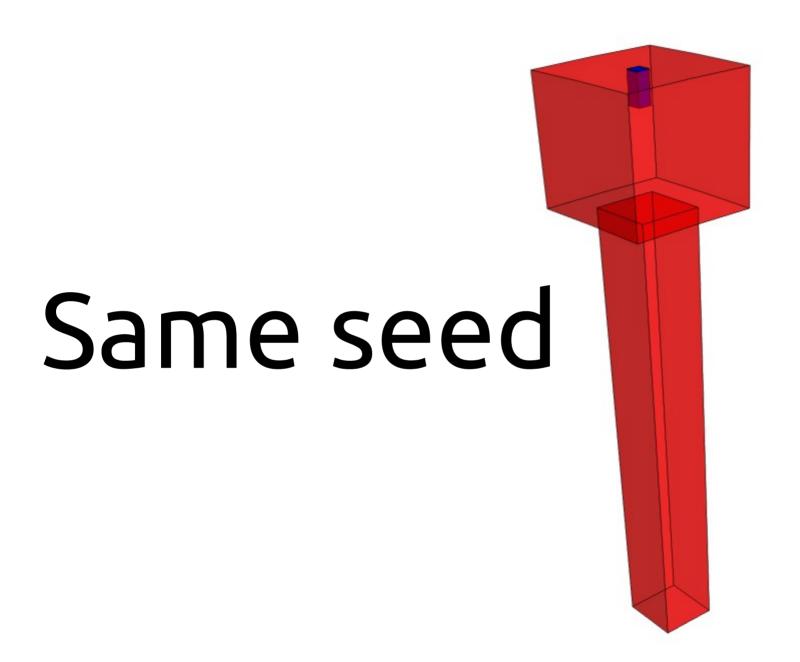


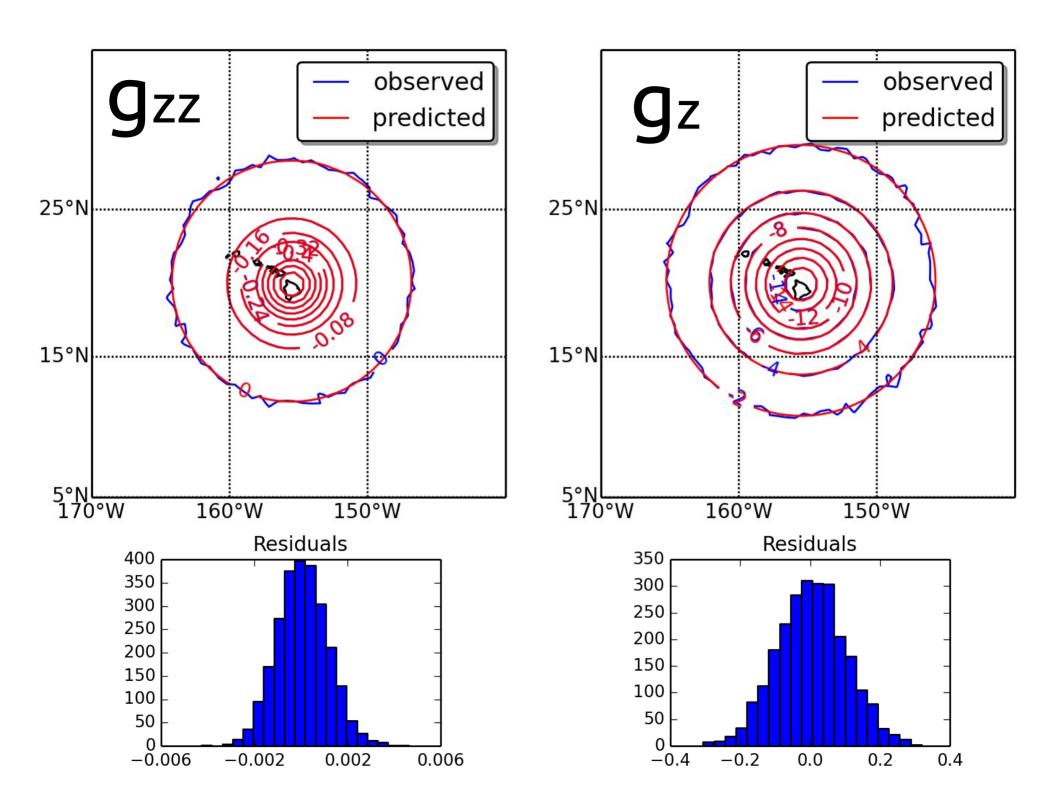




Joint gz + gzz?

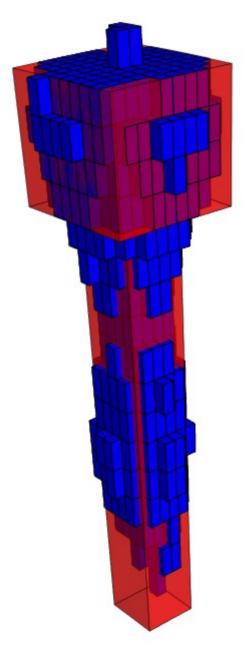


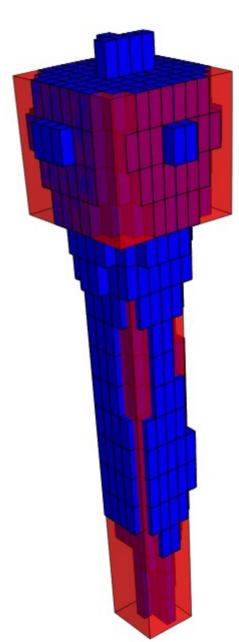




gzz

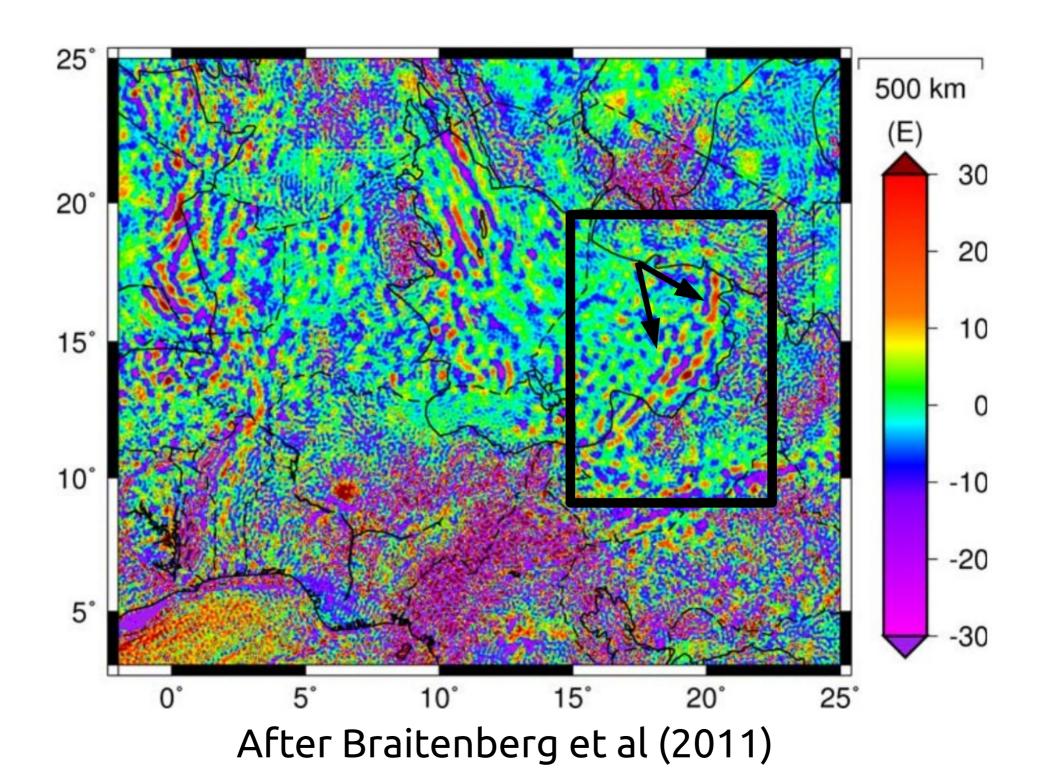
zz Joint

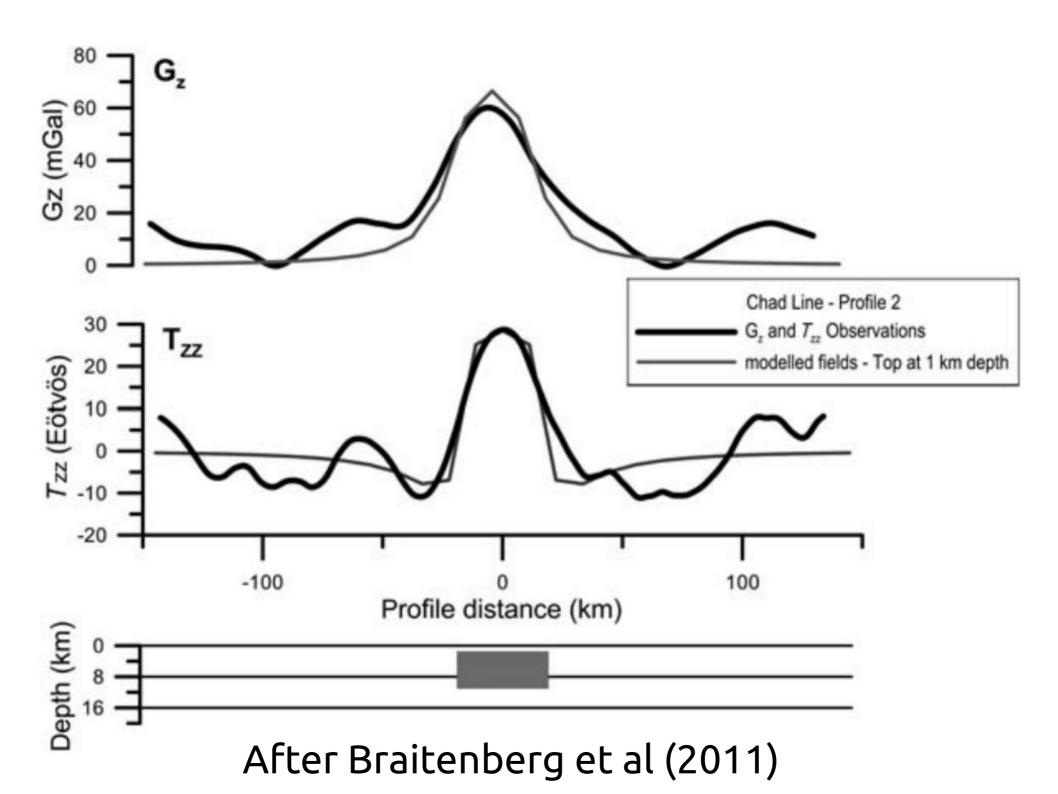


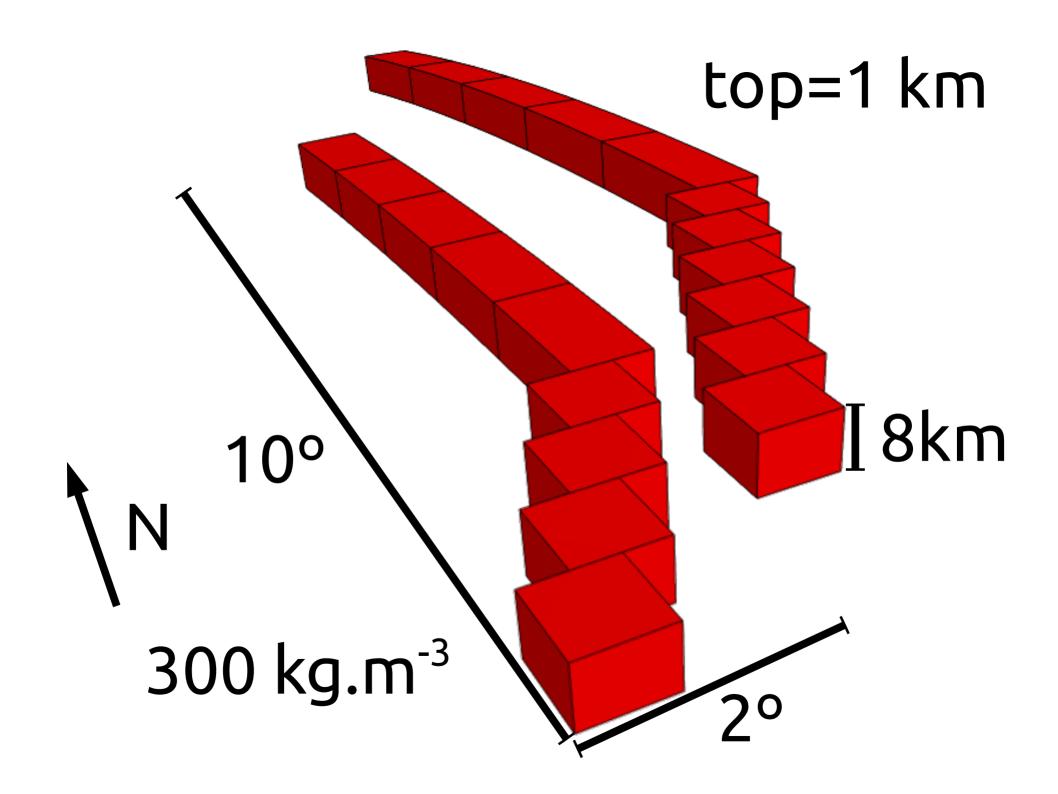


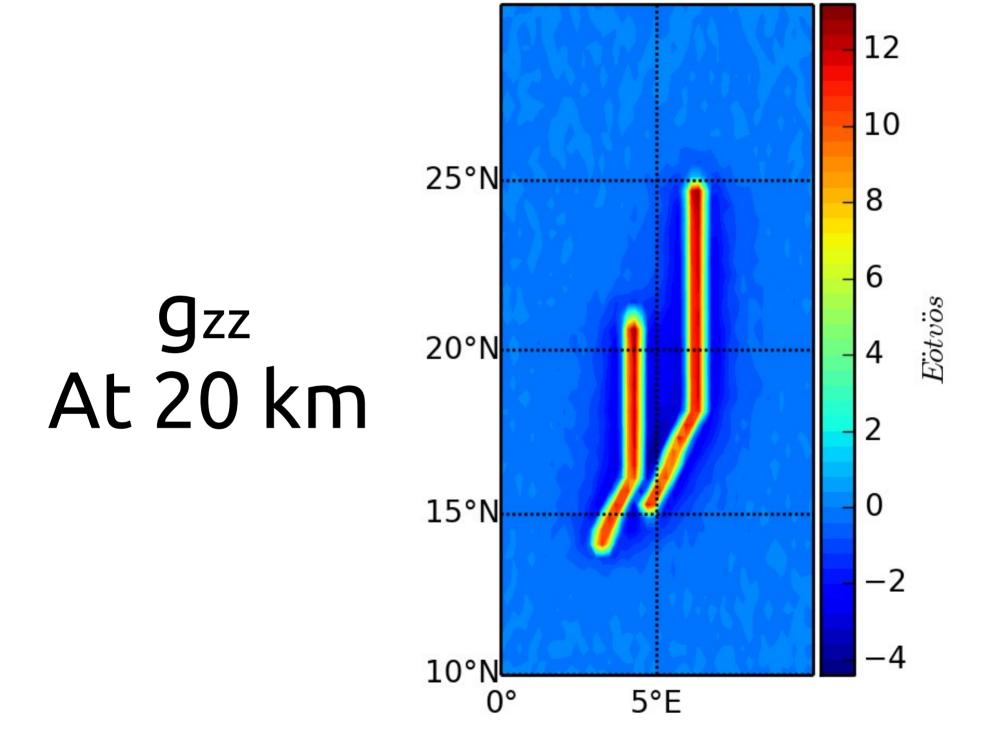
Lineament with dense rocks (magmatic)

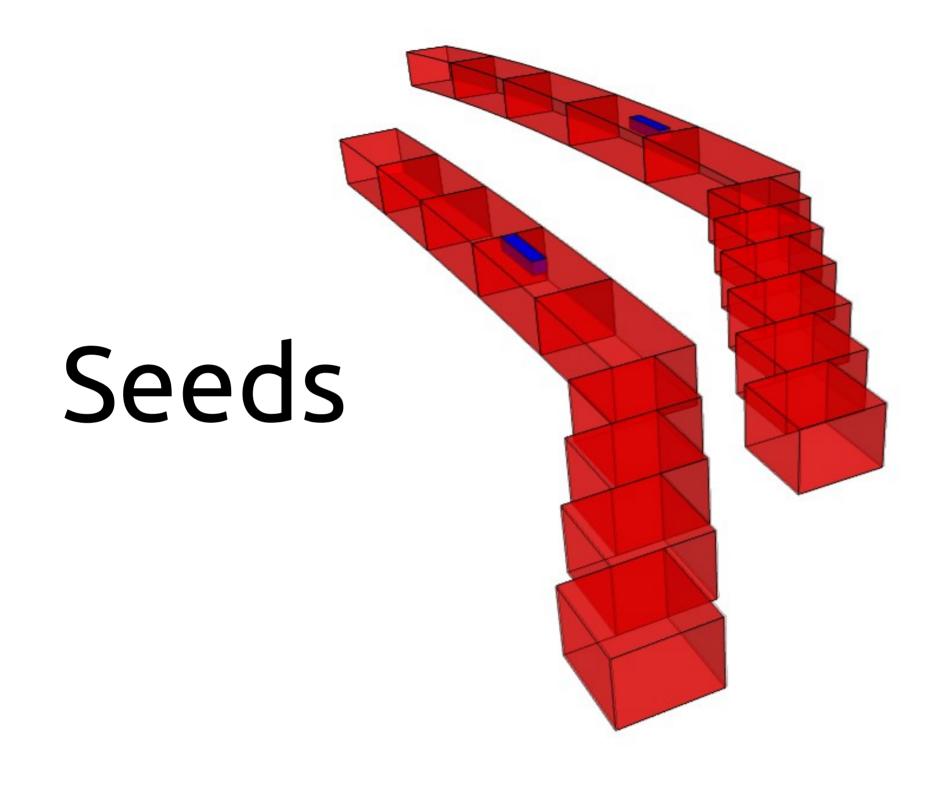
Inspired by Chad lineament model (Braitenberg et al, 2011)

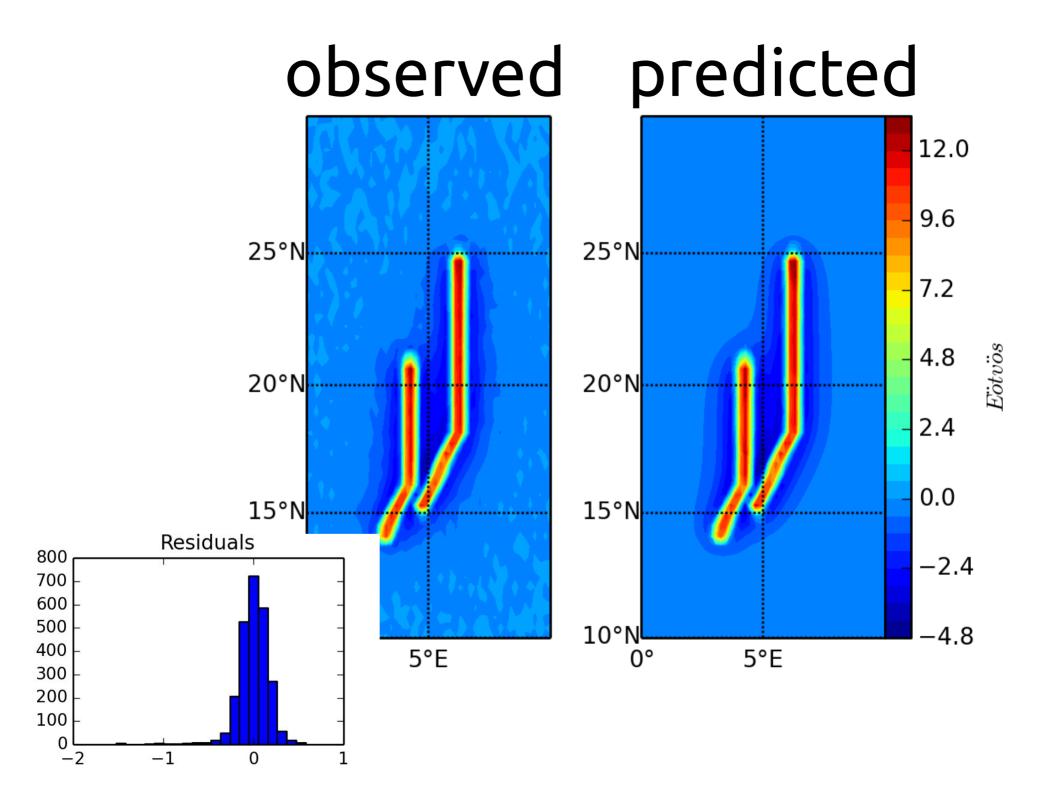


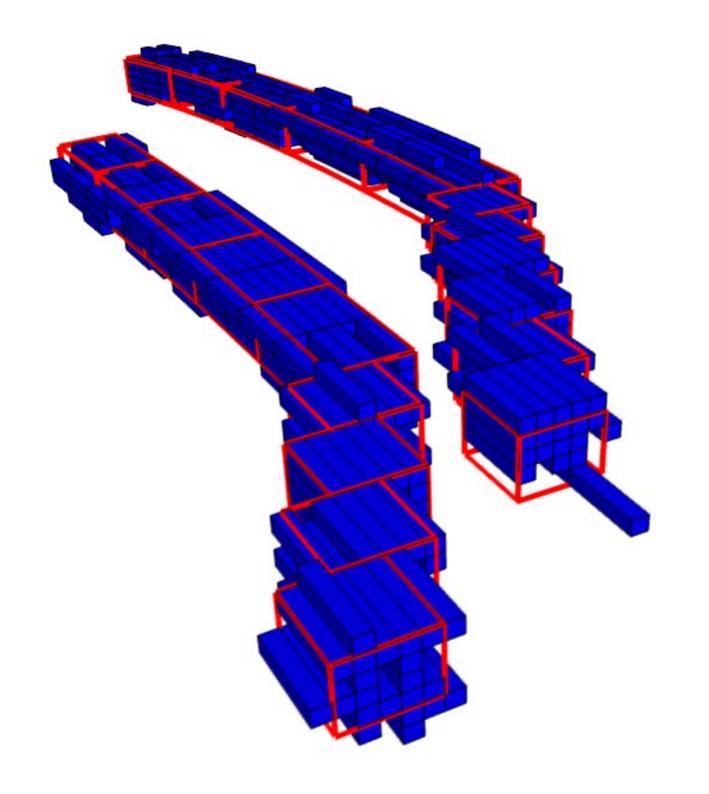












What if height=120 km?

at 20 km

at 120 km

1.20

1.05

0.90

0.75

0.60

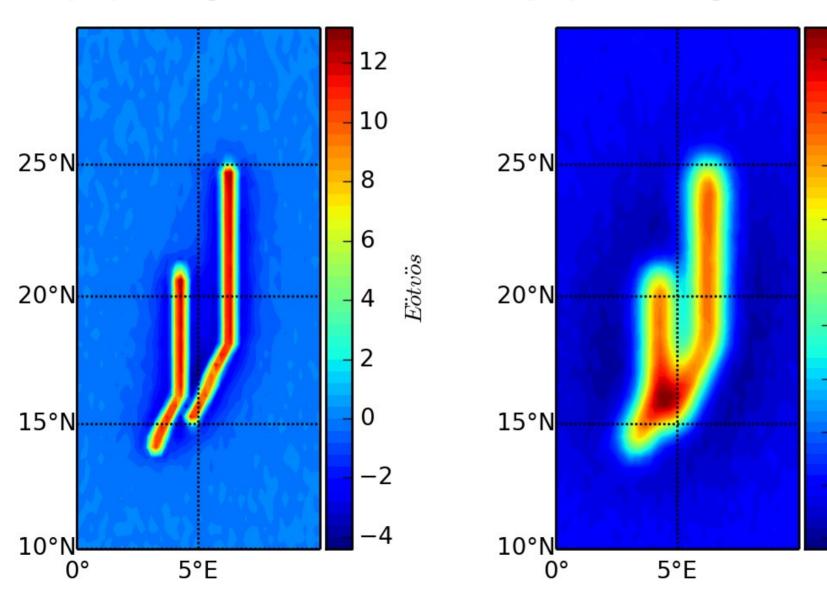
0.45

0.30

0.15

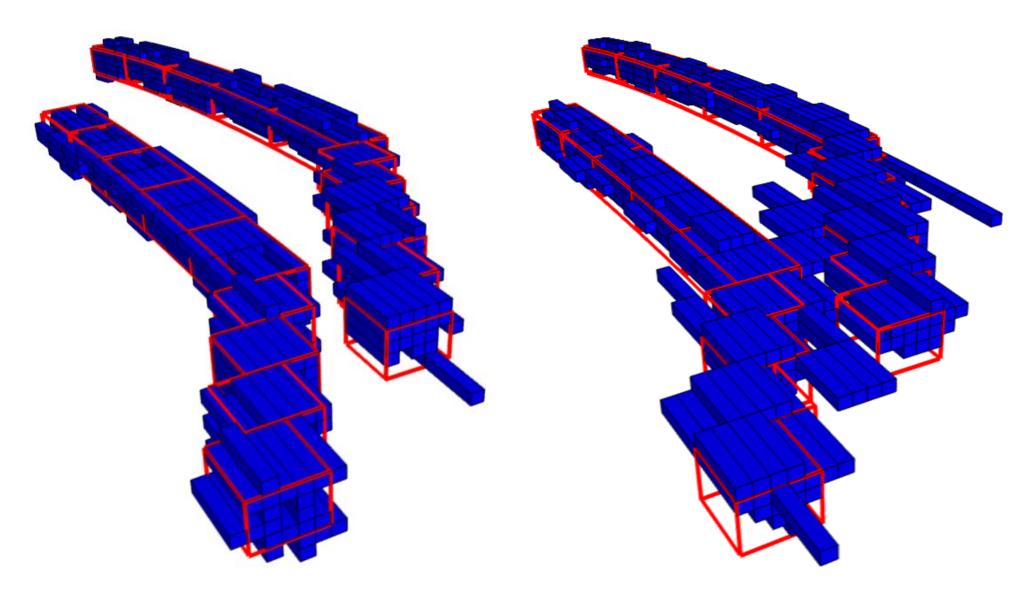
0.00

-0.15



observed predicted 1.2 1.0 25°N 25°N 8.0 0.6 20°N 20°N 0.4 0.2 15°N 15°N Residuals 400 0.0 350 300 250 10°N -0.2 200 5°E 5°E 150 100 50 -0.020.02 0.06 -0.06

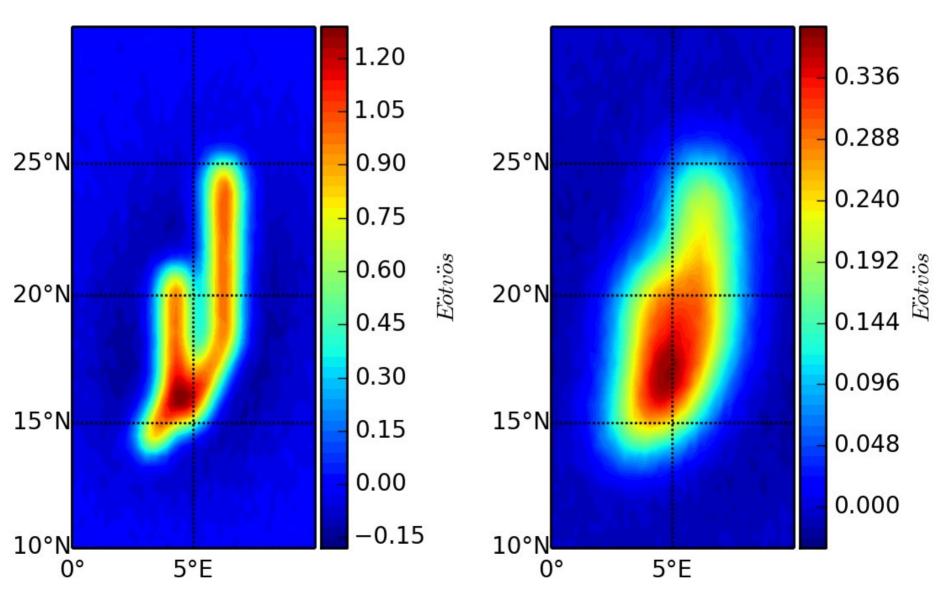
at 20 km at 120 km

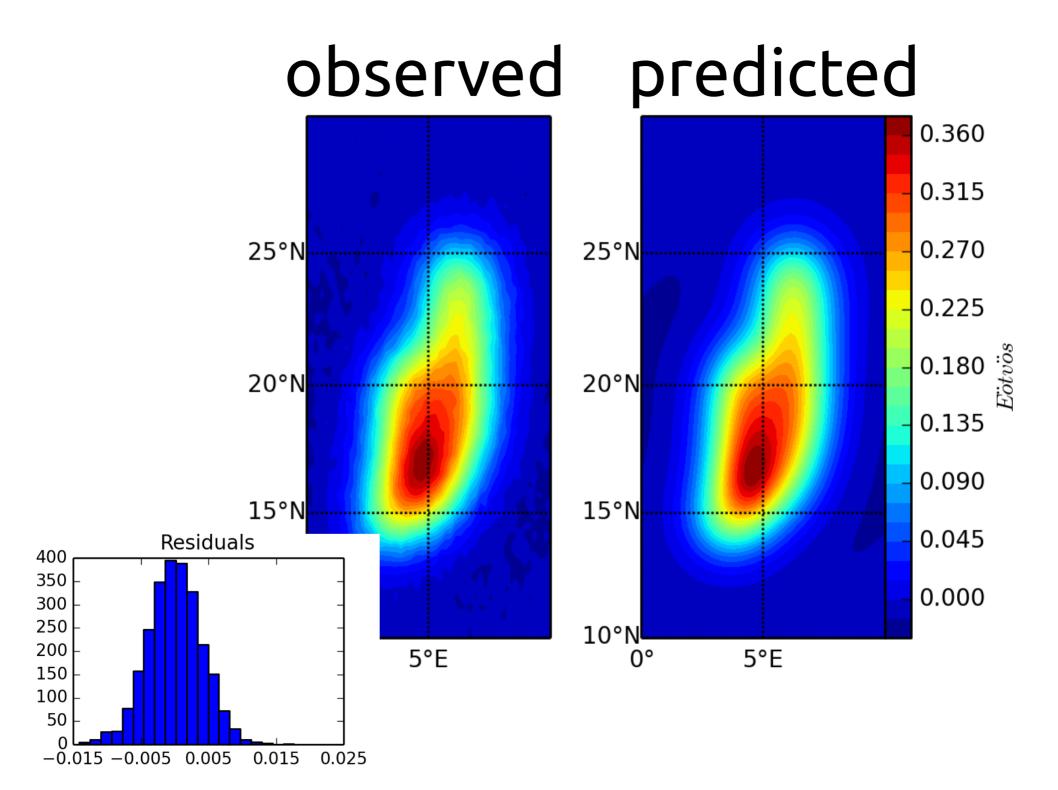


Even higher height=270 km

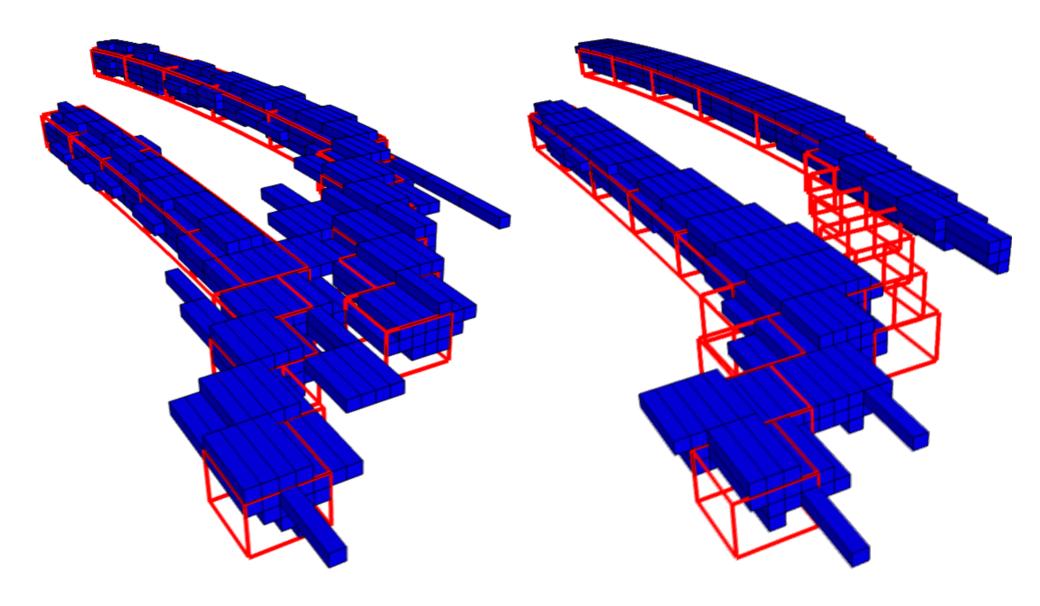
at 120 km

at 270 km



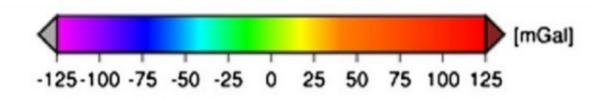


at 120 km at 270 km

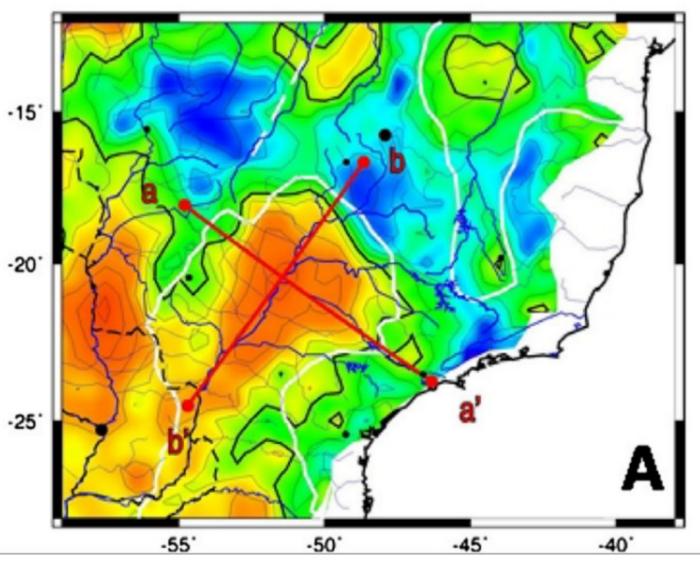


Magmatic underplating

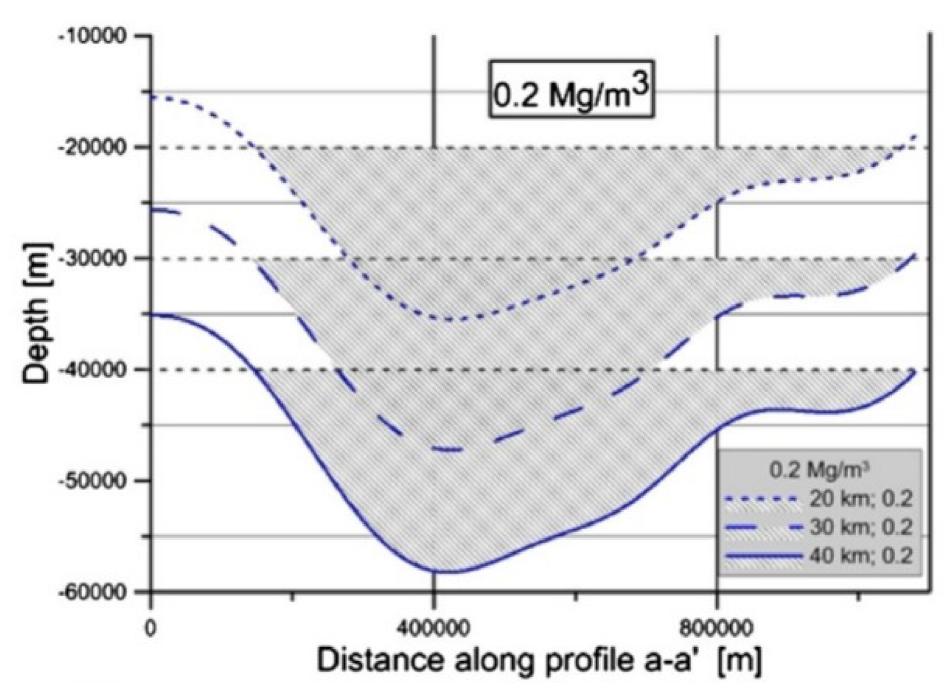
Inspired by model of the Paraná basin by Mariani et al (2013)



BOUGUER CORR. MOHO_A_0.3 & SED



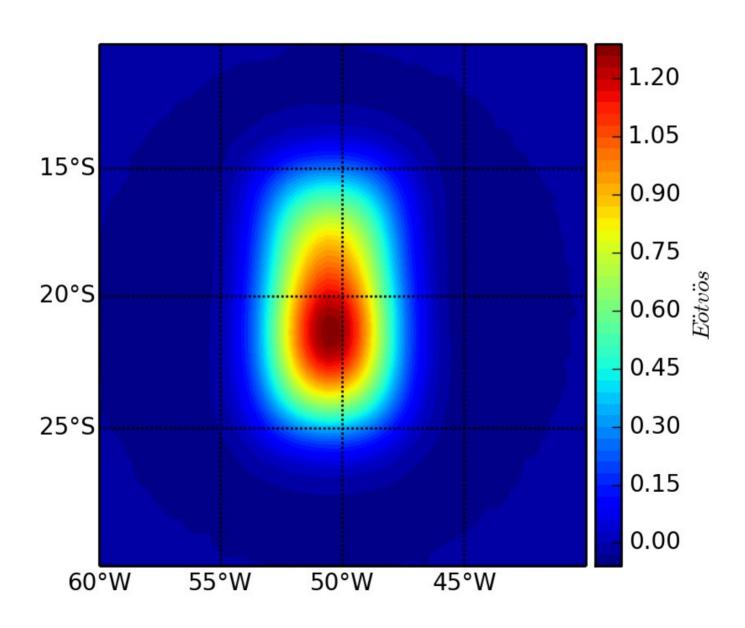
After Mariani et al (2013)



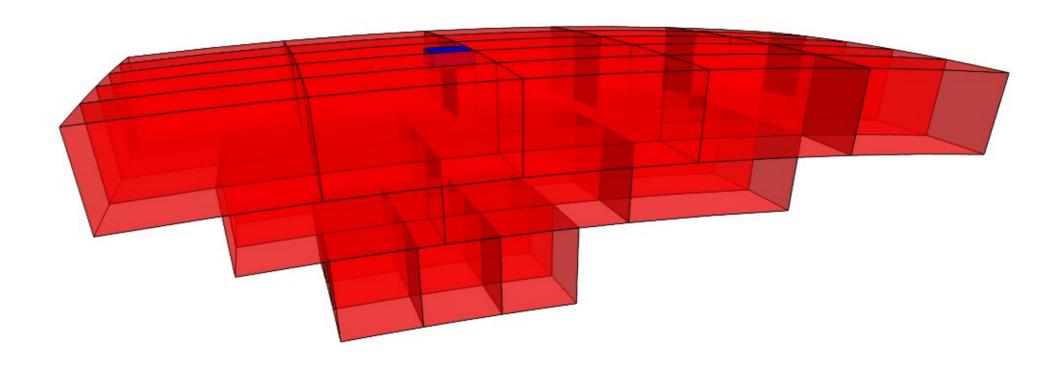
After Mariani et al (2013)

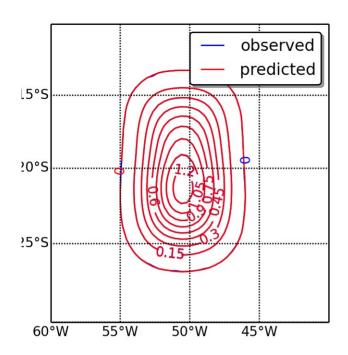
top=30 km 10° 200 kg.m⁻³

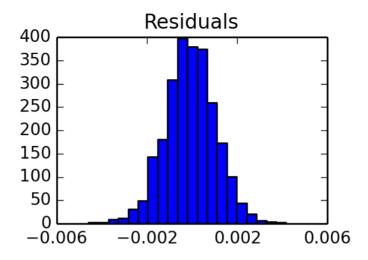
gzz at 250 km

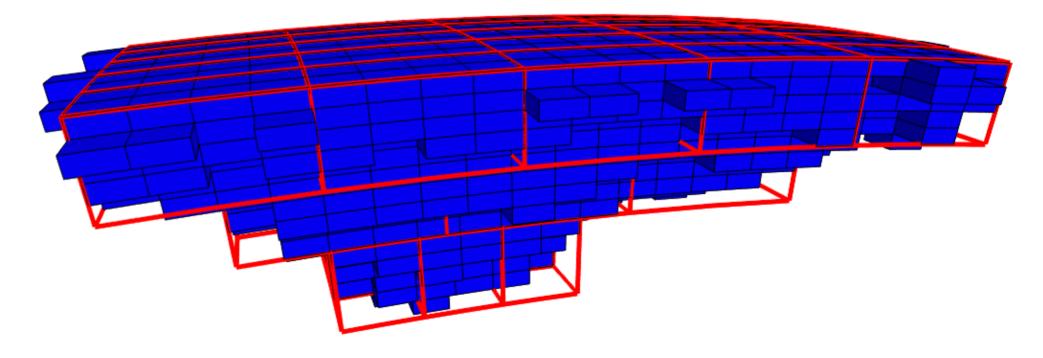


Seed

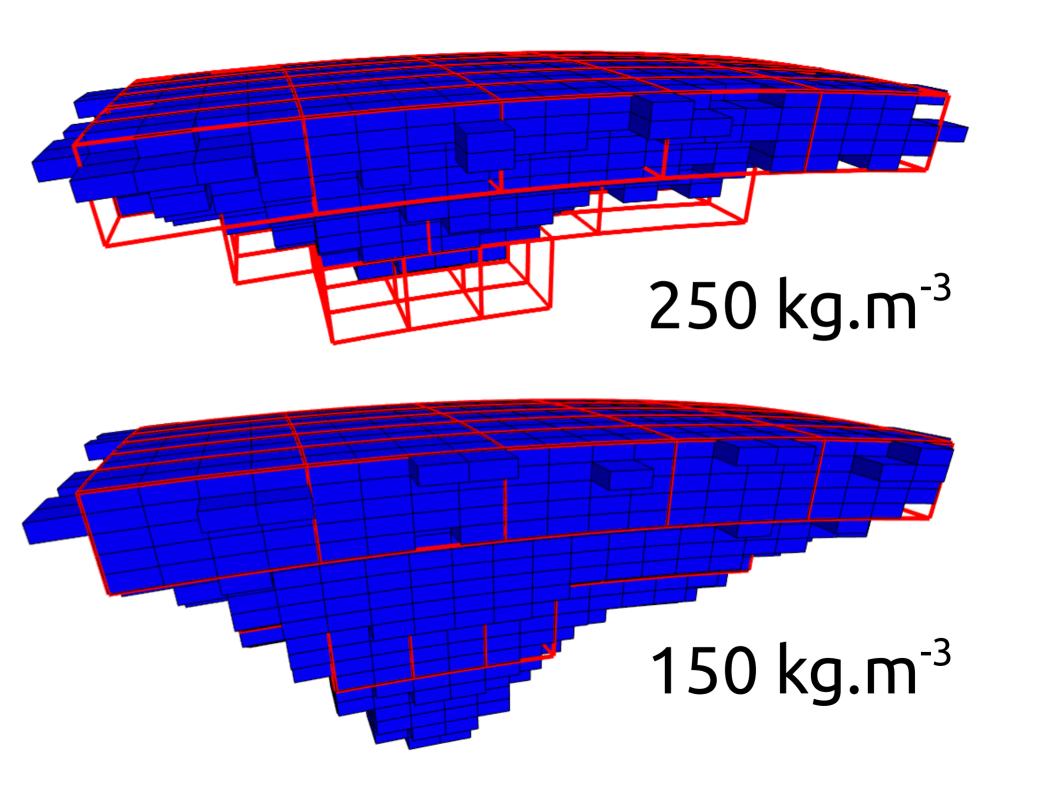




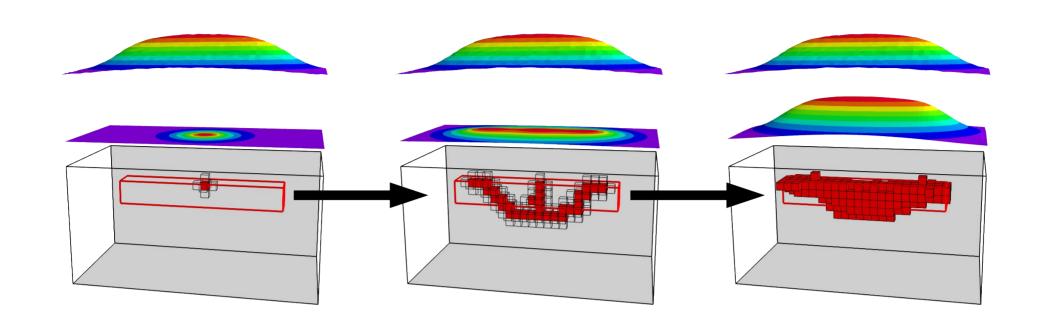


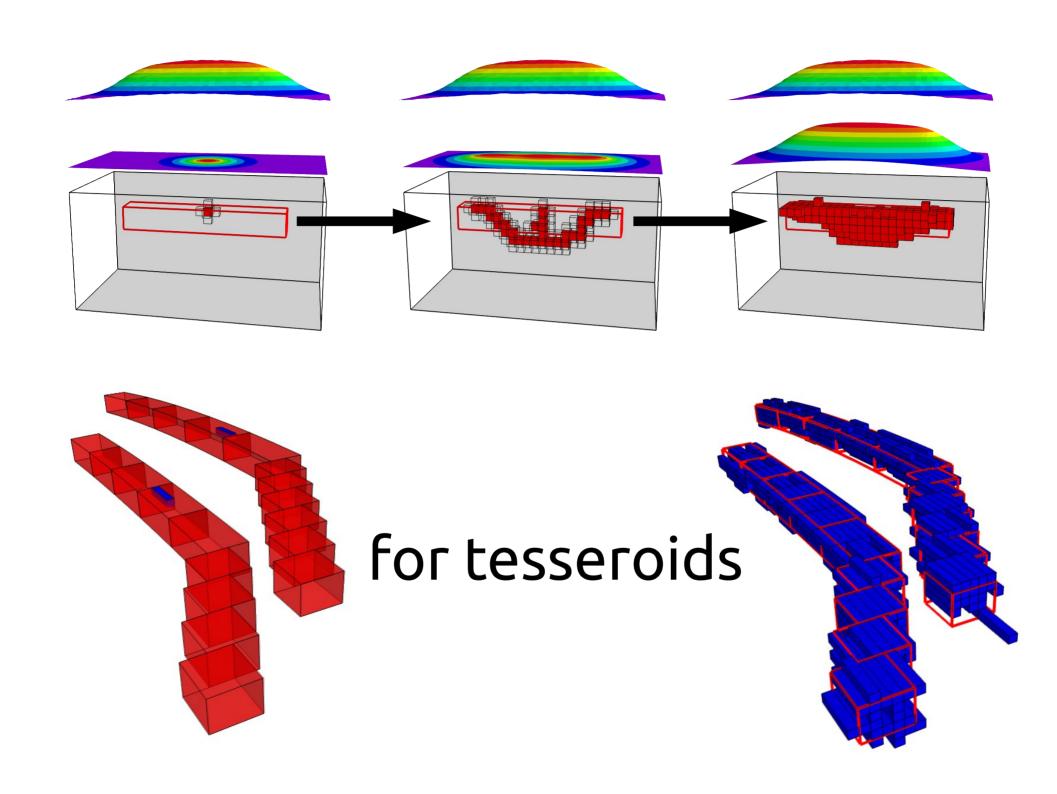


What if I use wrong density?



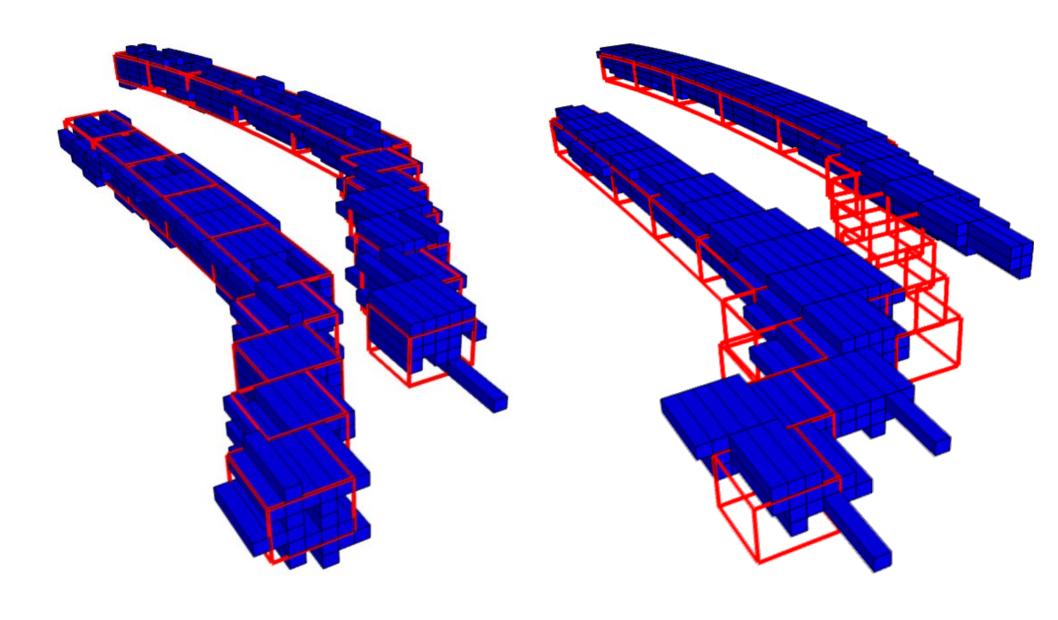
In conclusion



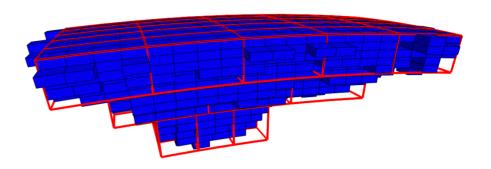


single joint VS

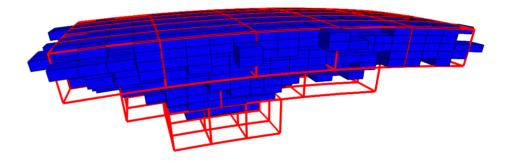
height matters



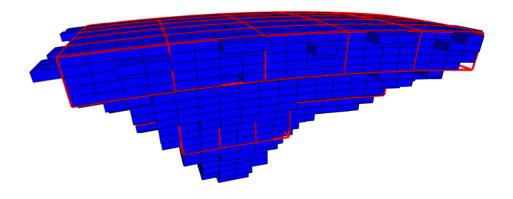
correct



dense



dense



Future

- Combinations of tensor components
- Real data (open for collaboration)
- Dipping models (subducting plate)

OPEN SOURCE

Fatiando a Terra





fatiando.org

github.com/leouieda/egu2014

leouieda.com