# Tesseroids 1.0: User manual and API documentation

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# 1 Welcolme

#### 1.1 About

Tesseroids is a software package for the direct modeling of gravitational fields in spherical coordinates.

It can model the gravitational potential, acceleration and gradient tensor. The geometric element used in the modelling processes is a **spherical prism**, also called a **tesseroid**.

Tesseroids is coded in the C programming language, making it portable to GNU/Linux and Windows systems.

This software is developed by Leonardo Uieda in cooperation with Carla Braitenberg.

For more information on the theoretical aspects of the computations, see the Theoretical background.

## 1.2 Download

Tesseroids can be downloaded from our Google Code project site as both precompiled binaries and source code.

#### 1.3 License

Tesseroids is free software available under the GNU General Public License v3+. It is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU General Public License for more details.

## 1.4 Contact

In case of doubts, suggestions, help, etc., contact Leonardo Uieda: leouieda@gmail.com

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## 2 API Documentation

The Application Programming Interface (API) of is divided into separate .c and .h files containing functions and data types. The .h files contain the function and data type declarations, while corresponding .c files contain the implementations. The files destined to be executables only have .c files, usually only implementing a "main" function.

## 3 User manual

#### 3.1 About

This documentation explains how to install and run Tesseroids. It also describes the theoretical aspects of the computations and describes the Application Programming Interface (API).

# 4 Installation

## 4.1 Binary distribution

If you downloaded a pre-compiled binary distribution, simply unpack in the desired directory. The executables will be in the "bin" folder and the HTML and PDF documentation in the "doc" folder.

#### 4.1.1 Windows installer

The Windows installer should be very straight-forward. Simply follow the instructions and reboot.

#### 4.2 From source

Tesseroids uses the build tool SCons. A SConstruct file (Makefile equivalent) to define the compilation rules. You will have to download and install SCons in order to easily compile Tesseroids. SCons is available for both GNU/Linux and Windows and building should work the same on both platforms.

To compile, type in a terminal (cmd.exe on Windows):

scons

The executables are placed on a "bin" folder.

# 4.3 Testing

The source code for the unit tests for Tesseroids are in the "test" folder. Tesseroids uses a modified version of the MinUnit unit testing framework. When compiling the source code with SCons, the unit tests will be automatically compiled into a test program called "tesstest", placed in the "bin" folder. To run the tests, executed "tesstest".

## 4.4 Compiling the documentation

Tesseroids uses Doxygen to generate the documentation. Run the command "make" from the "doc" folder to generate the HTML and Latex code for the documentation. To compile the Latex code, go to "doc/build/latex" and run "make". You will need make installed for this.

To view the HTML documentation open "doc/build/html/index.html" in any internet browser. The Latex documentation is compiled to "doc/build/latex/refman.pdf".

# 5 Usage

## 5.1 A note about heights and units

In order to have a single convention, the word "height" means "height above the Earths surface" and are interpreted as positive up and negative down, ie. oriented with the z axis of the Local coordinate system.

Also, all input units are in SI and decimal degrees. Output of tessg\* programs are in mGal and Eotvos. All other output is also in SI and decimal degrees.

## 5.2 Getting help information

All programs accept the -h and --version flags. -h will print a help message describing the usage, input and output formats and options accepted. --verbose prints version and license information about the program.

## 5.3 Computing the gravitational effect of a tesseroid

The tessgx, tessgy, tessgx, etc. programs calculate the combined effect of a list of tesseroids on given computation points. The computation points are passed via standard input and do NOT have to be in a regular grid. This allows, for example, computation on points where data was measured. The values calulated are put in the last column of the input points and printed to standard output.

For example, if calculating  $q_z$  on these points:

```
lon1 lat1 height1 value1 othervalue1
lon2 lat2 height2 value2 othervalue2
...
lonN latN heightN valueN othervalueN
```

the output would look something like:

```
lon1 lat1 height1 value1 othervalue1 gz1
lon2 lat2 height2 value2 othervalue2 gz2
...
lonN latN heightN valueN othervalueN gzN
```

The input model file should contain one tesseroid per line and have columns formated as:

```
W E S N HEIGHT_OF_TOP HEIGHT_OF_BOTTOM DENSITY
```

HEIGHT\_OF\_TOP and HEIGHT\_OF\_BOTTOM are positive if the above the Earth's surface and negavitive if bellow. Remember that HEIGHT\_OF\_TOP > HEIGHT\_OF\_BOTTOM!

Use the command line option -h to view a list of all commands available.

#### **5.3.1** Example:

Calculate the  $g_z$  field of a tesseroid model having verbose printed and logged to file "gz.log" and GLQ order 3/3/3.

```
tessgz modelfile.txt -v -lgz.log -o3/3/3 < points.txt > gz_data.txt
```

#### **5.3.2** The -a flag

The -a flag on tessg\* programs enables the automatic re-sizing of tesseroids when it is needed to maintain the GLQ precision desired. As a general rule, the tesseroid should be no bigger than it's distance from the computation point. Using this flag breaks the tesseroids automatically when this criterion is breached. This means that the computations can be performed with order 2/2/2 (default) which is much faster and still maintain correctness. Some preliminary tests show that using the -a flag with order 2/2/2 is up to 5 times faster than increasing the GLQ order. It is strongly recommended using this flag and 2/2/2 order always.

# 5.4 Verbose and logging to files

The -v flag enables printing of information messages to stderr. If ommited, only error messages will appear.

The -l flag enables logging of information and error messages to a file.

## 5.5 Comments and provenance information

Comments can be inserted into input files by placing a "#" character at the start of a line. All comment lines are ignored. tessg\* programs print the comment lines of the input to standard output.

All programs insert comments about the provenance of their results (where they came from) to their output. These include names of input files, version of program used, date, etc.

## 5.6 Generating a regular grid

Included in the package is program "tessgrd" which creates a regular grid of points and prints them to standard output.

## 5.6.1 Example

```
tessgrd -r-10/10/-10/10 -b100/100 -z250e03 -v > points.txt
```

## 5.7 Automated model generation

Tesseroids 1.0 includes a new program called "tessmodgen" for automatically generating a tesseroid model from a map of an interface. The interface can be any surface deviating from a reference level. For example, topography (a DEM) deviates from 0, a Moho map deviates from a mean crustal thickness, etc.

This program takes as input a REGULAR grid with longitude, latitude and height values of the interface. Each tesseroid is generated with a grid point at the center of it's top face. The top and bottom faces of the tesseroid are defined as:

- Top = Interface and Bottom = Reference: if the interface is above the reference
- Top = Reference and Bottom = Interface: if the interface is bellow the reference

The density  $\rho$  of the tesseroids can be passed using the -d option. This will asign a density value of  $\rho$  when the interface is above the reference and a value of  $-\rho$  if the interface is bellow the reference.

Alternatively, the density of each tesseroid can be passed as a forth column on the input grid. **As with the -d option, if the interface is bellow the reference, the density value will be multiplied by -1!** Also, an error will occur if both a forth column and the -d option are passed!

#### **5.7.1** Example:

To generate a tesseroid model from a Digital Elevation Model (DEM) with 1° resolution using a density  $\rho = 2.67 \ g.cm^{-3}$ :

```
tessmodgen -s1/1 -d2670 -z0 -v < dem_file.txt > dem_tess_model.txt
```

## 5.8 Calculating the total mass of a model

The tessmass program can be used to compute the total mass of a given tesseroid model. If desired, a density range can be given and only tesseroids that fall within the given range will be used in the calculation.

#### **5.8.1** Example:

To calculate the total mass of all tesseroids in "model.txt" with density between 0 and 1 g.cm<sup>-3</sup>:

```
tessmass -r0/1000 < model.txt
```

## 5.9 Computing the gravitational effect of a rectangular prism

Tesseroids 1.0 also introduces programs to calculate the gravitational effect of rectangular prisms in Cartesian coordinates. This is done using the formulas of Nagy *et al.* (2000). The programs are name prismgx, prismgy, prismgy, prismgx, etc.

Input and output for these programs is very similar to that of the tessg\* programs. Computation points are read from standard input and the prism model is read from a file. The model file should have the column format:

```
X1 X2 Y1 Y2 Z1 Z2 DENSITY
```

## 5.9.1 A note on the coordinate system

As in Nagy *et al.* (2000), the coordinate system for the rectangular prism calculations has X axis pointing North, Y axis pointing East and Z axis pointing **Down**. This is important to note because it differs from the convention adopted for the tesseroids. In practice, this means that the  $g_{xz}$  and  $g_{yz}$  components of the prism and tesseroid will have different signs. This will not be such for the  $g_z$  component, though, because the convention for tesseroids is to have Z axis Down for this component only. See the Theoretical background section for more details on this.

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# 5.10 Piping

Tesseroids was designed with the Unix filosophy in mind:

```
Write programs that do one thing and do it well. Write programs to work together. Write programs to handle text streams, because that is a universal interface.
```

Therefore, all tessg\* and tessgrd programs can be piped together to calculate many components on a regular grid.

#### **5.10.1** Example

Given a tesseroids file "model.txt" as follows:

```
-5 5 -5 5 0 -10e03 -500
```

Running the following would calculate  $g_z$  and gradient tensor of tesseroids in "model.txt" of a regular grid from -10W to 10E and -10S to 10N on 100x100 points at 250 km height. And the best of all is that it is done in parallel! If your system has multiple cores this would mean a great increase in the computation time.

```
tessgrd -r-10/10/-10/10 -b100/100 -z250e03 | tessgr model.txt -a | \ tessgrx model.txt -a | tessgrx model.txt -a | \ tessgry model.txt -a | tessgry model.txt -a | \ tessgry model.txt -a | tessgry model.txt -a > output.txt \]
```

The result of this should look something like:

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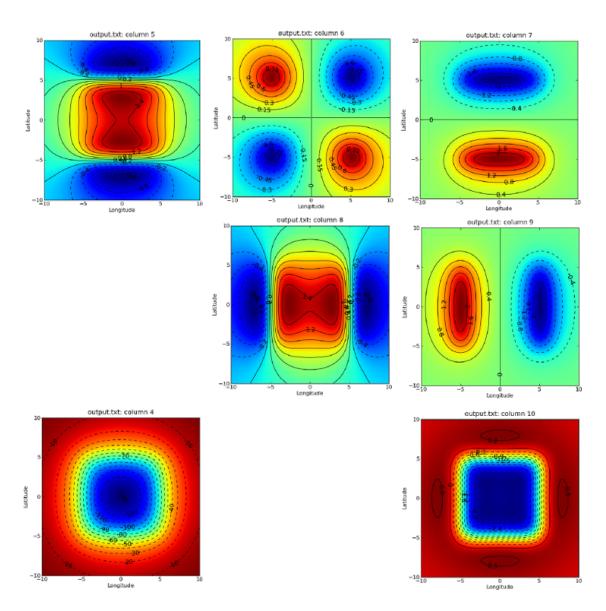


Figure 1: Plot of columns in result file output.txt (values in mGal and Eotvos).

# 5.11 References

• Nagy, D., Papp, G., Benedek, J. [2000]. The gravitational potential and its derivatives for the prism. Journal of Geodesy, 74, 552–560.

# 5.12 Theoretical background

# **5.12.1** About Coordinate Systems

The two coordinate systems involved in the computations are the Global and Local coordinate systems.

The Global system has origin on the center of the Earth and Z axis aligned with the Earth's mean rotation axis. The X and Y axis are contained on the equatorial parallel with X intercepting the mean Greenwich

meridian and Y completing a right-handed system.

The Local system has origin on the computation point. It's z is oriented along the radial direction and points away from the center of the Earth. The x and y axis are contained on a plane normal to the z axis and x points North and y East.

The tesseroids are defined using the Global Coordinate system with spherical coordinates, while the gravitational fields are calculated on the Local Coordinate system of the computation point.

**WARNING**: The  $g_z$  component is an exception to this. In order to conform with the regular convention of z-axis pointing toward the center of the Earth, this component ONLY is calculated with an inverted z axis.

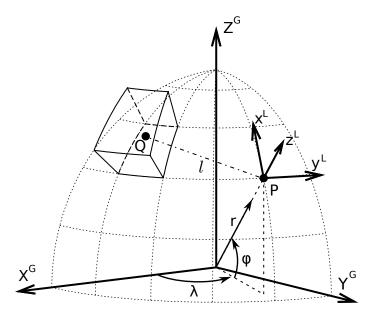


Figure 2: View of a tesseroid, the integration point Q, the global coordinate system, the computation P and it's local coordinate system.

## 5.12.2 Gravitational Fields of a Tesseroid

The gravitational attraction of a tesseroid can be calculated using the formula:

$$g_{\alpha}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = G\rho \int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \int_{\phi_1}^{\phi_2} \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \frac{\Delta x_{\alpha}}{\ell^3} \kappa \, dr' d\phi' d\lambda' \ \alpha \in \{1, 2, 3\}$$

The gravity gradients can be calculated using the general formula:

$$g_{\alpha\beta}(r_p,\phi_p,\lambda_p) = G\rho \int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \int_{\phi_1}^{\phi_2} \int_{r_1}^{r_2} I_{\alpha\beta} dr' d\phi' d\lambda' \quad \alpha,\beta \in \{1,2,3\}$$

$$I_{\alpha\beta} = \left(\frac{3\Delta x_{\alpha}\Delta x_{\beta}}{\ell^{5}} - \frac{\delta_{\alpha\beta}}{\ell^{3}}\right)\kappa \quad \alpha,\beta \in \{1,2,3\}$$

where  $\rho$  is density, the subscripts 1, 2, and 3 should be interpreted as the x, y, and z axis,  $\delta_{\alpha\beta}$  is the Kronecker delta function, and

6 Todo List

$$\Delta x_1 = r' K_{\phi}$$

$$\Delta x_2 = r' \cos \phi' \sin(\lambda' - \lambda_p)$$

$$\Delta x_3 = r' \cos \psi - r_p$$

$$\ell = \sqrt{r'^2 + r_p^2 - 2r' r_p \cos \psi}$$

$$\cos \psi = \sin \phi_p \sin \phi' + \cos \phi_p \cos \phi' \cos(\lambda' - \lambda_p)$$

$$K_{\phi} = \cos \phi_p \sin \phi' - \sin \phi_p \cos \phi' \cos(\lambda' - \lambda_p)$$

$$\kappa = r'^2 \cos \phi'$$

 $\phi$  is latitude,  $\lambda$  is longitude, r is radius. The subscript p is for the computation point.

## 5.12.3 Numerical Integration

The above integrals are solved using the Gauss-Legendre Quadrature rule:

$$g_{\alpha\beta}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) \approx G\rho \frac{(\lambda_2 - \lambda_1)(\phi_2 - \phi_1)(r_2 - r_1)}{8} \sum_{k=0}^{N^{\lambda} - 1} \sum_{j=0}^{N^{\phi} - 1} \sum_{i=0}^{N^{r} - 1} W_i^r W_j^{\phi} W_k^{\lambda} I_{\alpha\beta}(r'_i, \phi'_j, \lambda'_k) \kappa \ \alpha, \beta \in \{1, 2, 3\}$$

where  $W^r, W^{\phi}$ , and  $W^{\lambda}$  are weighting coefficients and  $N^r, N^{\phi}$ , and  $N^{\lambda}$  are the number of quadrature nodes, ie the order of the quadrature.

## 6 Todo List

**Global gets\_prism(const char \*str, PRISM \*prism)** Catch wrong order of model inputs, ie. x1 > x2 etc

Read the position of the prism from the string

**Global gets\_tess(const char \*str, TESSEROID \*tess)** Catch wrong order of model inputs, ie. w > e or s > n or top < bottom

File glq.h Put reference for formulas

File grav\_prism.h Include formulas in function descriptions

Put reference for formulas

Unroll loops in gx and gy

File grav\_sphere.h Possible speedup: Replace sphere.rc with a local copy

Put reference for formulas

File grav\_tess.h Possible speed up: use pointers for weights and nodes

Put reference for formulas

Allow for tesseroids with depth varying density

File prismg\_main.h Option for calculating on spherical coordinates

Catch errors in input points that occur at the end of the line

Global tess2prism(TESSEROID tess, PRISM \*prism) Put reference for formulas

File tessg\_main.h Catch errors in input points that occur at the end of the line

**File tessgrd.c** Catch wrong order of -r arguments ie. w > e or s > n

File TODO.h Check error in not rotating prism

Check error os using tesseroid in poles

Programs to calculate the effect of a sphere model in spherical coordinates

Make minunit into functions and put variable arguments for messages like printf

Make doxygen groups to separate programs from api

Generate VTK file to plot tesseroids in Mayavi2 or Paraview

## 7 Data Structure Documentation

# 7.1 BASIC\_ARGS Struct Reference

Store basic input arguments and option flags.

```
#include <cmd.h>
```

## **Data Fields**

- char \* inputfname
  - name of the input file
- int verbose

flag to indicate if verbose printing is enabled

• int logtofile

flag to indicate if logging to a file is enabled

• char \* logfname

name of the log file

## 7.1.1 Detailed Description

Store basic input arguments and option flags.

# 7.2 GLQ Struct Reference

Store the nodes and weights needed for a GLQ integration.

```
#include <qlq.h>
```

## **Data Fields**

- int order of the quadrature, ie number of nodes
- double \* nodes

  abscissas or discretization points of the quadrature
- double \* weights

  weighting coefficients of the quadrature
- double \* nodes\_unscaled nodes in [-1,1] interval

## 7.2.1 Detailed Description

Store the nodes and weights needed for a GLQ integration.

## 7.3 LOGGER Struct Reference

Keep the information on the global logger.

```
#include <logger.h>
```

## **Data Fields**

- int level level of logging
- int filelogging

  flag to know wether loggint to a file is enabled
- int file\_level logging level for the file
- FILE \* logfile file to log to

## 7.3.1 Detailed Description

Keep the information on the global logger.

# 7.4 PRISM Struct Reference

Store information on a rectangular prism.

```
#include <utils.h>
```

## **Data Fields**

```
• double density in SI units
```

```
• double x1

in SI units
```

```
• double x2 in SI units
```

```
• double y1

in SI units
```

```
• double y2 in SI units
```

```
• double z1 in SI units
```

• double z2 in SI units

## 7.4.1 Detailed Description

Store information on a rectangular prism.

## 7.5 SPHERE Struct Reference

Store information on a sphere.

```
#include <utils.h>
```

## **Data Fields**

• double density in SI units

• double r

radius of the sphere in SI units

• double lonc

longitude of the center of the sphere in degrees

• double latc

latitude of the center of the sphere in degrees

• double rc

radial coordinate of the center of the sphere in SI units

## 7.5.1 Detailed Description

Store information on a sphere.

## 7.6 TESSEROID Struct Reference

Store information on a tesseroid.

```
#include <utils.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

• double density in SI units

• double w

western longitude border in degrees

• double e

eastern longitude border in degrees

• double s

southern latitude border in degrees

• double n

northern latitude border in degrees

• double r1

smallest radius border in SI units

• double r2

largest radius border in SI units

## 7.6.1 Detailed Description

Store information on a tesseroid.

# 7.7 TESSG\_ARGS Struct Reference

Store input arguments and option flags for tessg\* programs.

```
#include <cmd.h>
```

## **Data Fields**

• int lon\_order

glq order in longitude integration

• int lat\_order glq order in latitude integration

• int r\_order glq order in radial integration

• char \* modelfname

name of the file with the tesseroid model

• int verbose

flag to indicate if verbose printing is enabled

• int logtofile

flag to indicate if logging to a file is enabled

• char \* logfname

name of the log file

• int adaptative

flat to indicate wether to use the adaptative size of tesseroid algorithm

## 7.7.1 Detailed Description

Store input arguments and option flags for tessg\* programs.

# 7.8 TESSGRD\_ARGS Struct Reference

Store input arguments and option flags for tessgrd program.

```
#include <cmd.h>
```

## **Data Fields**

• double w

western border of the grid

• double e

eastern border of the grid

• double s

southern border of the grid

• double n

northern border of the grid

• int nlon

number of grid points in the longitudinal direction

• int nlat

number of grid points in the latitudinal direction

• double height

height above geoid of the grid

• int verbose

flag to indicate if verbose printing is enabled

• int logtofile

flag to indicate if logging to a file is enabled

• char \* logfname

name of the log file

## 7.8.1 Detailed Description

Store input arguments and option flags for tessgrd program.

# 7.9 TESSMASS\_ARGS Struct Reference

Store input arguments and option flags for tessmass program.

```
#include <cmd.h>
```

## **Data Fields**

• char \* inputfname

name of the input file

• int verbose

flag to indicate if verbose printing is enabled

• int logtofile

flag to indicate if logging to a file is enabled

• char \* logfname

name of the log file

• int use\_range

flag to indicate wether to use a density range or not

• double low\_dens

lower bound for density range

• double high\_dens

upper bound for density range

## 7.9.1 Detailed Description

Store input arguments and option flags for tessmass program.

# 7.10 TESSMODGEN\_ARGS Struct Reference

Store input arguments and option flags for tessmodgen program.

```
#include <cmd.h>
```

# **Data Fields**

• int verbose

flag to indicate if verbose printing is enabled

• int logtofile

flag to indicate if logging to a file is enabled

• char \* logfname

name of the log file

• double dlon

grid spacing in longitude

• double dlat

grid spacing in latitude

• double ref

depth of the reference level

• double dens

density of the tesseroids

• int fix\_density

flag to tell wether using value passed by -d

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## 7.10.1 Detailed Description

Store input arguments and option flags for tessmodgen program.

# **8** File Documentation

# 8.1 doc/apidocs.h File Reference

API documentation summary.

## 8.1.1 Detailed Description

API documentation summary.

# 8.2 doc/mainpage.h File Reference

Main page of the documentation.

## 8.2.1 Detailed Description

Main page of the documentation.

## 8.3 doc/userman.h File Reference

User manual sumary.

## 8.3.1 Detailed Description

User manual sumary.

## 8.4 doc/userman\_instal.h File Reference

User manual: Installation.

## 8.4.1 Detailed Description

User manual: Installation.

# 8.5 doc/userman\_theory.h File Reference

User manual: Theoretical background.

# 8.5.1 Detailed Description

User manual: Theoretical background.

## 8.6 doc/userman\_usage.h File Reference

User manual: Usage.

## 8.6.1 Detailed Description

User manual: Usage.

#### 8.7 src/c/cmd.c File Reference

Command line parsing tools.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <time.h>
#include "logger.h"
```

#### **Functions**

• int parse\_basic\_args (int argc, char \*\*argv, const char \*progname, BASIC\_ARGS \*args, void(\*print\_help)(void))

Parse basic command line arguments for programs.

• int parse\_tessmass\_args (int argc, char \*\*argv, const char \*progname, TESSMASS\_ARGS \*args, void(\*print\_help)(void))

Parse command line arguments for tessmass program.

• int parse\_tessmodgen\_args (int argc, char \*\*argv, const char \*progname, TESSMODGEN\_ARGS \*args, void(\*print\_help)(void))

Parse command line arguments for tessmodgen program.

- int parse\_tessg\_args (int argc, char \*\*argv, const char \*progname, TESSG\_ARGS \*args)

  Parse command line arguments for tessg\* programs.
- int parse\_tessgrd\_args (int argc, char \*\*argv, TESSGRD\_ARGS \*args)

  Parse command line arguments for tessgrd program.
- void print\_tessg\_help (const char \*progname)

  Print the help message for tessg\* programs.
- void print\_tessgrd\_help ()

Print the help message for tessmkgrd program.

## 8.7.1 Detailed Description

Command line parsing tools.

#### Author

Leonardo Uieda

#### Date

02 Feb 2011

#### 8.7.2 Function Documentation

# 8.7.2.1 int parse\_basic\_args (int argc, char \*\* argv, const char \* progname, BASIC\_ARGS \* args, void(\*)(void) print\_help)

Parse basic command line arguments for programs.

Basic arguments are: -h (for help msg), -v (for verbose), -l (for log file), --version and an input file.

#### **Parameters**

```
argc number of command line arguments
argv command line arguments
progname name of the specific program
args to return the parsed arguments
print_help pointer to a function that prints the help message for the program
```

#### Returns

Return code:

- 0: if all went well
- 1: if there were bad arguments and program should exit
- 2: if printed help or version info and program should exit
- 3: if input file was missing (doesn't log an error)

# 8.7.2.2 int parse\_tessg\_args (int argc, char \*\* argv, const char \* progname, TESSG\_ARGS \* args)

Parse command line arguments for tessg\* programs.

logs the bad argument warnings using logger.h

## Parameters

```
argc number of command line argumentsargv command line argumentsprogname name of the specific program
```

args to return the parsed arguments

#### Returns

#### Return code:

- 0: if all went well
- 1: if there were bad arguments and program should exit
- 2: if printed help or version info and program should exit

## 8.7.2.3 int parse\_tessgrd\_args (int argc, char \*\* argv, TESSGRD\_ARGS \* args)

Parse command line arguments for tessgrd program.

logs the bad argument warnings using logger.h

#### **Parameters**

```
argc number of command line argumentsargv command line argumentsargs to return the parsed arguments
```

#### Returns

#### Return code:

- 0: if all went well
- 1: if there were bad arguments and program should exit
- 2: if printed help or version info and program should exit

# 8.7.2.4 int parse\_tessmass\_args (int argc, char \*\* argv, const char \* progname, TESSMASS\_ARGS \* args, void(\*)(void) print\_help)

Parse command line arguments for tessmass program.

## **Parameters**

```
argc number of command line arguments
argv command line arguments
progname name of the program
args to return the parsed arguments
print_help pointer to a function that prints the help message for the program
```

## Returns

#### Return code:

- 0: if all went well
- 1: if there were bad arguments and program should exit
- 2: if printed help or version info and program should exit
- 3: if input file was missing (doesn't log an error)

# 8.7.2.5 int parse\_tessmodgen\_args (int argc, char \*\* argv, const char \* progname, TESSMODGEN\_ARGS \* args, void(\*)(void) print\_help)

Parse command line arguments for tessmodgen program.

#### **Parameters**

```
argc number of command line arguments
argv command line arguments
progname name of the program
args to return the parsed arguments
print_help pointer to a function that prints the help message for the program
```

#### Returns

Return code:

- 0: if all went well
- 1: if there were bad arguments and program should exit
- 2: if printed help or version info and program should exit

## 8.7.2.6 void print\_tessg\_help (const char \* progname)

Print the help message for tessg\* programs.

## Parameters

progname name of the specific tessg\* program

## 8.7.2.7 void print\_tessgrd\_help ()

Print the help message for tessmkgrd program.

Prints to stdout.

## 8.8 src/c/cmd.h File Reference

Command line parsing tools.

#### **Data Structures**

- struct BASIC\_ARGS

  Store basic input arguments and option flags.
- struct TESSMASS\_ARGS

Store input arguments and option flags for tessmass program.

• struct TESSMODGEN\_ARGS

Store input arguments and option flags for tessmodgen program.

• struct TESSG\_ARGS

Store input arguments and option flags for tessg\* programs.

• struct TESSGRD ARGS

Store input arguments and option flags for tessgrd program.

#### **Functions**

• int parse\_basic\_args (int argc, char \*\*argv, const char \*progname, BASIC\_ARGS \*args, void(\*print\_help)(void))

Parse basic command line arguments for programs.

• int parse\_tessmass\_args (int argc, char \*\*argv, const char \*progname, TESSMASS\_ARGS \*args, void(\*print\_help)(void))

Parse command line arguments for tessmass program.

• int parse\_tessmodgen\_args (int argc, char \*\*argv, const char \*progname, TESSMODGEN\_ARGS \*args, void(\*print\_help)(void))

Parse command line arguments for tessmodgen program.

- int parse\_tessg\_args (int argc, char \*\*argv, const char \*progname, TESSG\_ARGS \*args)

  Parse command line arguments for tessg\* programs.
- int parse\_tessgrd\_args (int argc, char \*\*argv, TESSGRD\_ARGS \*args)

  Parse command line arguments for tessgrd program.
- void print\_tessg\_help (const char \*progname)

  Print the help message for tessg\* programs.
- void print\_tessgrd\_help ()

Print the help message for tessmkgrd program.

#### 8.8.1 Detailed Description

Command line parsing tools.

## Author

Leonardo Uieda

#### Date

02 Feb 2011

#### 8.8.2 Function Documentation

# 8.8.2.1 int parse\_basic\_args (int argc, char \*\* argv, const char \* progname, BASIC\_ARGS \* args, void(\*)(void) print\_help)

Parse basic command line arguments for programs.

Basic arguments are: -h (for help msg), -v (for verbose), -l (for log file), --version and an input file.

#### **Parameters**

```
argc number of command line arguments
argv command line arguments
progname name of the specific program
args to return the parsed arguments
print_help pointer to a function that prints the help message for the program
```

#### Returns

Return code:

- 0: if all went well
- 1: if there were bad arguments and program should exit
- 2: if printed help or version info and program should exit
- 3: if input file was missing (doesn't log an error)

# 8.8.2.2 int parse\_tessg\_args (int argc, char \*\* argv, const char \* progname, TESSG\_ARGS \* args)

Parse command line arguments for tessg\* programs.

logs the bad argument warnings using logger.h

#### **Parameters**

```
argc number of command line argumentsargv command line argumentsprogname name of the specific programargs to return the parsed arguments
```

## Returns

Return code:

- 0: if all went well
- 1: if there were bad arguments and program should exit
- 2: if printed help or version info and program should exit

## 8.8.2.3 int parse\_tessgrd\_args (int argc, char \*\* argv, TESSGRD\_ARGS \* args)

Parse command line arguments for tessgrd program.

logs the bad argument warnings using logger.h

#### **Parameters**

```
argc number of command line argumentsargv command line argumentsargs to return the parsed arguments
```

#### Returns

Return code:

- 0: if all went well
- 1: if there were bad arguments and program should exit
- 2: if printed help or version info and program should exit

# 8.8.2.4 int parse\_tessmass\_args (int argc, char \*\* argv, const char \* progname, TESSMASS\_ARGS \* args, void(\*)(void) print\_help)

Parse command line arguments for tessmass program.

#### **Parameters**

```
argc number of command line arguments
argv command line arguments
progname name of the program
args to return the parsed arguments
print_help pointer to a function that prints the help message for the program
```

## Returns

Return code:

- 0: if all went well
- 1: if there were bad arguments and program should exit
- 2: if printed help or version info and program should exit
- 3: if input file was missing (doesn't log an error)

# 8.8.2.5 int parse\_tessmodgen\_args (int argc, char \*\* argv, const char \* progname, TESSMODGEN\_ARGS \* args, void(\*)(void) print\_help)

Parse command line arguments for tessmodgen program.

#### **Parameters**

```
argc number of command line arguments
argv command line arguments
progname name of the program
args to return the parsed arguments
print_help pointer to a function that prints the help message for the program
```

#### Returns

Return code:

- 0: if all went well
- 1: if there were bad arguments and program should exit
- 2: if printed help or version info and program should exit

## **8.8.2.6** void print\_tessg\_help (const char \* progname)

Print the help message for tessg\* programs.

### **Parameters**

progname name of the specific tessg\* program

## 8.8.2.7 void print\_tessgrd\_help ()

Print the help message for tessmkgrd program.

Prints to stdout.

## 8.9 src/c/constants.c File Reference

Define constants used, like the gravitational constant and unit conversions.

```
#include "constants.h"
```

#### **Variables**

- const double MEAN\_EARTH\_RADIUS = 6378137.0

  Mean Earth radius [m].
- const double G = 0.00000000006673The gravitational constant  $[m^3 * kg^{-1} * s^{-1}]$ .
- const double SI2EOTVOS = 1000000000.0 Conversion factor from SI units to Eotvos [ $\frac{1}{s^2} = 10^9$  Eotvos].

- const double SI2MGAL = 100000.0Conversion factor from SI units to mGal [ $1\frac{m}{s^2} = 10^5$  mGal].
- const double PI = 3.1415926535897932384626433832795 *Pi*.

## 8.9.1 Detailed Description

Define constants used, like the gravitational constant and unit conversions. All values are in SI units!

## Author

Leonardo Uieda

#### Date

24 Jan 2011

## 8.10 src/c/constants.h File Reference

Define constants used, like the gravitational constant and unit conversions.

#### **Variables**

- const double MEAN\_EARTH\_RADIUS

  Mean Earth radius [m].
- const double G

  The gravitational constant  $[m^3 * kg^{-1} * s^{-1}]$ .
- const double SI2EOTVOS Conversion factor from SI units to Eotvos [  $\frac{1}{s^2} = 10^9$  Eotvos].
- const double SI2MGAL Conversion factor from SI units to mGal [ $1\frac{m}{s^2}=10^5$  mGal].
- const double PI

  Pi.

## 8.10.1 Detailed Description

Define constants used, like the gravitational constant and unit conversions. Values are assigned in file constants.c

## All values are in SI units!

#### **Author**

Leonardo Uieda

#### Date

24 Jan 2011

# 8.11 src/c/glq.c File Reference

Functions for implementing a Gauss-Legendre Quadrature numerical integration.

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
#include "constants.h"
#include "utils.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include "logger.h"
```

#### **Defines**

• #define **GLQ\_ABS**(x) ((x) < 0 ? -1\*(x) : (x))

#### **Functions**

- GLQ \* glq\_new (int order, double lower, double upper)

  Make a new GLQ structure and set all the parameters needed.
- void glq\_free (GLQ \*glq)

  Free the memory allocated to make a GLQ structure.
- int glq\_nodes (int order, double \*nodes)

  Calculates the GLQ nodes using glq\_next\_root.
- int glq\_set\_limits (double lower, double upper, GLQ \*glq)

  Put the GLQ nodes to the integration limits IN PLACE.
- int glq\_next\_root (double initial, int root\_index, int order, double \*roots)

  Calculate the next Legendre polynomial root given the previous root found.
- int glq\_weights (int order, double \*nodes, double \*weights)

  Calculates the weighting coefficients for the GLQ integration.

## Variables

- const int GLQ\_MAXIT = 1000

  Max iterations of the root-finder algorithm.

## 8.11.1 Detailed Description

Functions for implementing a Gauss-Legendre Quadrature numerical integration.

#### Author

Leonardo Uieda

#### Date

24 Jan 2011

#### 8.11.2 Function Documentation

```
8.11.2.1 void glq_free (GLQ * glq)
```

Free the memory allocated to make a GLQ structure.

#### **Parameters**

glq pointer to the allocated memory

# 8.11.2.2 GLQ\* glq\_new (int order, double lower, double upper)

Make a new GLQ structure and set all the parameters needed.

**WARNING**: Don't forget to free the memory malloced by this function using glq\_free()!

Prints error and warning messages using the logging.h module.

#### **Parameters**

```
order order of the quadrature, ie number of nodeslower lower integration limitupper upper integration limit
```

#### **Returns**

GLQ data structure with the nodes and weights calculated. NULL if there was an error with allocation.

## 8.11.2.3 int glq\_next\_root (double initial, int root\_index, int order, double \* roots)

Calculate the next Legendre polynomial root given the previous root found.

Uses the root-finder algorithm of:

Barrera-Figueroa, V., Sosa-Pedroza, J. and López-Bonilla, J., 2006, "Multiple root finder algorithm for Legendre and Chebyshev polynomials via Newton's method", 2006, Annales mathematicae et Informaticae, 33, pp 3-13

#### **Parameters**

*initial* initial estimate of the next root. I recommend the use of  $\cos\left(\pi\frac{(N-i-0.25)}{N+0.5}\right)$ , where i is the index of the desired root

root index index of the desired root, starting from 0

order order of the Legendre polynomial, ie number of roots.

*roots* array with the roots found so far. Will return the next root in roots[root\_index], so make sure to malloc enough space.

#### Returns

Return code:

- 0: if everything went OK
- 1: if order is not valid
- 2: if root index is not valid (negative)
- 3: if number of maximum iterations was reached when calculating the root. This usually means that the desired accuracy was not achieved. Default desired accuracy is GLQ\_MAXERROR. Default maximum iterations is GLQ\_MAXIT.

Compute the absolute value of x

## 8.11.2.4 int glq\_nodes (int order, double \* nodes)

Calculates the GLQ nodes using glq\_next\_root.

Nodes will be in the [-1,1] interval. To convert them to the integration limits use glq\_scale\_nodes

#### **Parameters**

*order* order of the quadrature, ie how many nodes. Must be >= 2. *nodes* pre-allocated array to return the nodes.

#### Returns

Return code:

- 0: if everything went OK
- 1: if invalid order
- 2: if NULL pointer for nodes
- 3: if number of maximum iterations was reached when calculating the root. This usually means that the desired accuracy was not achieved. Default desired accuracy is GLQ\_MAXERROR. Default maximum iterations is GLQ\_MAXIT.

## 8.11.2.5 int glq\_set\_limits (double *lower*, double *upper*, GLQ \* glq)

Put the GLQ nodes to the integration limits IN PLACE.

Will replace the values of glq.nodes with ones in the specified integration limits.

In case the GLQ structure was created with glq\_new(), the integration limits can be reset using this function.

#### **Parameters**

```
lower lower integration limit
upper upper integration limit
glq pointer to a GLQ structure created with glq_new() and with all necessary memory allocated
```

#### Returns

Return code:

- 0: if everything went OK
- 1: if invalid order
- 2: if NULL pointer for nodes or nodes\_unscaled

#### 8.11.2.6 int glq\_weights (int order, double \* nodes, double \* weights)

Calculates the weighting coefficients for the GLO integration.

#### **Parameters**

```
order order of the quadrature, ie number of nodes and weights.
nodes array containing the GLQ nodes calculated by glq_nodes. IMPORTANT: needs the nodes in [-1,1] interval! Scaled nodes will result in wrong weights!
weights pre-allocated array to return the weights
```

#### Returns

Return code:

- 0: if everything went OK
- 1: if order is not valid
- 2: if nodes is a NULL pointer
- 3: if weights is a NULL pointer

## 8.12 src/c/glq.h File Reference

Functions for implementing a Gauss-Legendre Quadrature numerical integration.

#### **Data Structures**

• struct GLO

Store the nodes and weights needed for a GLQ integration.

## Functions

• GLQ \* glq\_new (int order, double lower, double upper)

Make a new GLQ structure and set all the parameters needed.

- void glq\_free (GLQ \*glq)

  Free the memory allocated to make a GLQ structure.
- int glq\_set\_limits (double lower, double upper, GLQ \*glq)

  Put the GLQ nodes to the integration limits IN PLACE.
- int glq\_nodes (int order, double \*nodes)

  Calculates the GLQ nodes using glq\_next\_root.
- int glq\_next\_root (double initial, int root\_index, int order, double \*roots)

  Calculate the next Legendre polynomial root given the previous root found.
- int glq\_weights (int order, double \*nodes, double \*weights)

  Calculates the weighting coefficients for the GLQ integration.

# Variables

- const int GLQ\_MAXIT
   Max iterations of the root-finder algorithm.
- const double GLQ\_MAXERROR

  Max error allowed for the root-finder algorithm.

## 8.12.1 Detailed Description

Functions for implementing a Gauss-Legendre Quadrature numerical integration.

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x)dx \approx \frac{b-a}{2} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} w_{i} f(x_{i})$$

N is the order of the quadrature.

Usage example:

To integrate the cossine function from 0 to 90 degrees

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
#include "src/c/glq.h"

int main(){
    // Create a new glq structure
    GLQ *glq;
    double result = 0, a = 0, b = 0.5*3.14;
    int i;

    glq = glq_new(5, a, b);

    if(glq == NULL) {
        printf("malloc error");
        return 1;
    }
}
```

```
// Calculate the integral
for(i = 0; i < glq->order; i++)
    result += glq->weights[i]*cos(glq->nodes[i]);

// Need to multiply by a scale factor of the integration limits
result *= 0.5*(b - a);

printf("Integral of cossine from 0 to 90 degrees = %lf\n", result);
return 0;
}
```

## **Todo**

Put reference for formulas

## **Author**

Leonardo Uieda

#### **Date**

24 Jan 2011

#### 8.12.2 Function Documentation

## 8.12.2.1 void glq\_free (GLQ \* glq)

Free the memory allocated to make a GLQ structure.

# **Parameters**

glq pointer to the allocated memory

# 8.12.2.2 GLQ\* glq\_new (int order, double lower, double upper)

Make a new GLQ structure and set all the parameters needed.

**WARNING**: Don't forget to free the memory malloced by this function using glq\_free()!

Prints error and warning messages using the logging.h module.

## **Parameters**

```
order order of the quadrature, ie number of nodeslower lower integration limitupper upper integration limit
```

## Returns

GLQ data structure with the nodes and weights calculated. NULL if there was an error with allocation.

# 8.12.2.3 int glq\_next\_root (double *initial*, int *root\_index*, int *order*, double \* *roots*)

Calculate the next Legendre polynomial root given the previous root found.

Uses the root-finder algorithm of:

Barrera-Figueroa, V., Sosa-Pedroza, J. and López-Bonilla, J., 2006, "Multiple root finder algorithm for Legendre and Chebyshev polynomials via Newton's method", 2006, Annales mathematicae et Informaticae, 33, pp 3-13

#### **Parameters**

*initial* initial estimate of the next root. I recommend the use of  $\cos\left(\pi\frac{(N-i-0.25)}{N+0.5}\right)$ , where i is the index of the desired root

root\_index index of the desired root, starting from 0

order order of the Legendre polynomial, ie number of roots.

*roots* array with the roots found so far. Will return the next root in roots[root\_index], so make sure to malloc enough space.

#### Returns

Return code:

- 0: if everything went OK
- 1: if order is not valid
- 2: if root\_index is not valid (negative)
- 3: if number of maximum iterations was reached when calculating the root. This usually means that the desired accuracy was not achieved. Default desired accuracy is GLQ\_MAXERROR. Default maximum iterations is GLQ\_MAXIT.

Compute the absolute value of x

## 8.12.2.4 int glq\_nodes (int *order*, double \* *nodes*)

Calculates the GLQ nodes using glq\_next\_root.

Nodes will be in the [-1,1] interval. To convert them to the integration limits use glq\_scale\_nodes

#### **Parameters**

*order* order of the quadrature, ie how many nodes. Must be >= 2. *nodes* pre-allocated array to return the nodes.

## Returns

Return code:

- 0: if everything went OK
- 1: if invalid order
- 2: if NULL pointer for nodes
- 3: if number of maximum iterations was reached when calculating the root. This usually means that the desired accuracy was not achieved. Default desired accuracy is GLQ\_MAXERROR. Default maximum iterations is GLQ\_MAXIT.

# 8.12.2.5 int glq\_set\_limits (double *lower*, double *upper*, GLQ \* glq)

Put the GLQ nodes to the integration limits IN PLACE.

Will replace the values of glq.nodes with ones in the specified integration limits.

In case the GLQ structure was created with glq\_new(), the integration limits can be reset using this function.

#### **Parameters**

```
lower lower integration limit
upper upper integration limit
glq pointer to a GLQ structure created with glq_new() and with all necessary memory allocated
```

#### Returns

Return code:

- 0: if everything went OK
- 1: if invalid order
- 2: if NULL pointer for nodes or nodes\_unscaled

## 8.12.2.6 int glq\_weights (int order, double \* nodes, double \* weights)

Calculates the weighting coefficients for the GLQ integration.

# **Parameters**

```
order order of the quadrature, ie number of nodes and weights.
nodes array containing the GLQ nodes calculated by glq_nodes. IMPORTANT: needs the nodes in [-1,1] interval! Scaled nodes will result in wrong weights!
weights pre-allocated array to return the weights
```

## Returns

Return code:

- 0: if everything went OK
- 1: if order is not valid
- 2: if nodes is a NULL pointer
- 3: if weights is a NULL pointer

## 8.13 src/c/grav prism.c File Reference

Functions that calculate the gravitational potential and its first and second derivatives for the rectangular prism.

```
#include <math.h>
#include "utils.h"
#include "constants.h"
#include "grav_prism.h"
```

## **Functions**

- double prism\_gx (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

  Calculates gx component caused by a right rectangular prism.
- double prism\_gy (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

  Calculates gy component caused by a right rectangular prism.
- double prism\_gz (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

  Calculates gz component caused by a right rectangular prism.
- double prism\_gxx (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

  Calculates gxx component caused by a right rectangular prism.
- double prism\_gxy (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

  Calculates gxy component caused by a right rectangular prism.
- double prism\_gxz (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

  Calculates gxz component caused by a right rectangular prism.
- double prism\_gyy (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

  Calculates gyy component caused by a right rectangular prism.
- double prism\_gyz (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

  Calculates gyz component caused by a right rectangular prism.
- double prism\_gzz (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

  Calculates gzz component caused by a right rectangular prism.

## 8.13.1 Detailed Description

Functions that calculate the gravitational potential and its first and second derivatives for the rectangular prism. Using the formulas in Nagy et al. (2000).

The coordinate system used is that of the article, ie:

```
x \rightarrow North y \rightarrow East z \rightarrow Down
```

## Author

Leonardo Uieda

#### Date

01 March 2010

# 8.13.2 Function Documentation

## 8.13.2.1 double prism\_gx (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

Calculates gx component caused by a right rectangular prism.

## Input values in SI units and returns values in mGal!

## **Parameters**

```
prism data structure describing the prism
xp x coordinate of the computation point
yp y coordinate of the computation point
zp z coordinate of the computation point
```

#### Returns

field calculated at P

# 8.13.2.2 double prism\_gxx (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

Calculates gxx component caused by a right rectangular prism.

## Input values in SI units and returns values in Eotvos!

## **Parameters**

```
prism data structure describing the prism
xp x coordinate of the computation point
yp y coordinate of the computation point
zp z coordinate of the computation point
```

## Returns

field calculated at P

## 8.13.2.3 double prism\_gxy (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

Calculates gxy component caused by a right rectangular prism.

## Input values in SI units and returns values in Eotvos!

## **Parameters**

```
prism data structure describing the prism
xp x coordinate of the computation point
yp y coordinate of the computation point
zp z coordinate of the computation point
```

#### Returns

# 8.13.2.4 double prism\_gxz (PRISM *prism*, double *xp*, double *yp*, double *zp*)

Calculates gxz component caused by a right rectangular prism.

## Input values in SI units and returns values in Eotvos!

#### **Parameters**

prism data structure describing the prism

xp x coordinate of the computation point

yp y coordinate of the computation point

zp z coordinate of the computation point

#### Returns

field calculated at P

## 8.13.2.5 double prism\_gy (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

Calculates gy component caused by a right rectangular prism.

# Input values in SI units and returns values in mGal!

#### **Parameters**

prism data structure describing the prism

xp x coordinate of the computation point

**yp** y coordinate of the computation point

zp z coordinate of the computation point

## Returns

field calculated at P

## 8.13.2.6 double prism\_gyy (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

Calculates gyy component caused by a right rectangular prism.

## Input values in SI units and returns values in Eotvos!

## Parameters

prism data structure describing the prism

xp x coordinate of the computation point

yp y coordinate of the computation point

zp z coordinate of the computation point

#### Returns

# 8.13.2.7 double prism\_gyz (PRISM *prism*, double *xp*, double *yp*, double *zp*)

Calculates gyz component caused by a right rectangular prism.

Input values in SI units and returns values in Eotvos!

#### **Parameters**

```
prism data structure describing the prism
```

xp x coordinate of the computation point

yp y coordinate of the computation point

zp z coordinate of the computation point

#### **Returns**

field calculated at P

## 8.13.2.8 double prism\_gz (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

Calculates gz component caused by a right rectangular prism.

# Input values in SI units and returns values in mGal!

### **Parameters**

prism data structure describing the prism

xp x coordinate of the computation point

yp y coordinate of the computation point

zp z coordinate of the computation point

## Returns

field calculated at P

## 8.13.2.9 double prism\_gzz (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

Calculates gzz component caused by a right rectangular prism.

# Input values in SI units and returns values in Eotvos!

#### **Parameters**

prism data structure describing the prism

xp x coordinate of the computation point

yp y coordinate of the computation point

zp z coordinate of the computation point

#### Returns

# 8.14 src/c/grav\_prism.h File Reference

Functions that calculate the gravitational potential and its first and second derivatives for the rectangular prism.

```
#include "utils.h"
```

## **Functions**

- double prism\_gx (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

  Calculates gx component caused by a right rectangular prism.
- double prism\_gy (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

  Calculates gy component caused by a right rectangular prism.
- double prism\_gz (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

  Calculates gz component caused by a right rectangular prism.
- double prism\_gxx (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

  Calculates gxx component caused by a right rectangular prism.
- double prism\_gxy (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

  Calculates gxy component caused by a right rectangular prism.
- double prism\_gxz (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

  Calculates gxz component caused by a right rectangular prism.
- double prism\_gyy (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

  Calculates gyy component caused by a right rectangular prism.
- double prism\_gyz (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

  Calculates gyz component caused by a right rectangular prism.
- double prism\_gzz (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

  Calculates gzz component caused by a right rectangular prism.

## 8.14.1 Detailed Description

Functions that calculate the gravitational potential and its first and second derivatives for the rectangular prism. Using the formulas in Nagy et al. (2000).

The coordinate system used is that of the article, ie:

```
x \rightarrow North y \rightarrow East z \rightarrow Down
```

## **Todo**

Include formulas in function descriptions Put reference for formulas Unroll loops in gx and gy

#### Author

Leonardo Uieda

#### Date

01 March 2010

## 8.14.2 Function Documentation

## 8.14.2.1 double prism\_gx (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

Calculates gx component caused by a right rectangular prism.

Input values in SI units and returns values in mGal!

## **Parameters**

```
prism data structure describing the prism
```

xp x coordinate of the computation point

yp y coordinate of the computation point

zp z coordinate of the computation point

## Returns

field calculated at P

# 8.14.2.2 double prism\_gxx (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

Calculates gxx component caused by a right rectangular prism.

Input values in SI units and returns values in Eotvos!

# **Parameters**

```
prism data structure describing the prism
```

xp x coordinate of the computation point

yp y coordinate of the computation point

zp z coordinate of the computation point

## Returns

field calculated at P

# 8.14.2.3 double prism\_gxy (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

Calculates gxy component caused by a right rectangular prism.

Input values in SI units and returns values in Eotvos!

#### **Parameters**

```
prism data structure describing the prism
```

- xp x coordinate of the computation point
- yp y coordinate of the computation point
- zp z coordinate of the computation point

#### **Returns**

field calculated at P

## 8.14.2.4 double prism\_gxz (PRISM *prism*, double *xp*, double *yp*, double *zp*)

Calculates gxz component caused by a right rectangular prism.

## Input values in SI units and returns values in Eotvos!

## **Parameters**

```
prism data structure describing the prism
```

- xp x coordinate of the computation point
- yp y coordinate of the computation point
- zp z coordinate of the computation point

## Returns

field calculated at P

# 8.14.2.5 double prism\_gy (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

Calculates gy component caused by a right rectangular prism.

# Input values in SI units and returns values in mGal!

## **Parameters**

prism data structure describing the prism

- xp x coordinate of the computation point
- yp y coordinate of the computation point
- zp z coordinate of the computation point

### Returns

# 8.14.2.6 double prism\_gyy (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

Calculates gyy component caused by a right rectangular prism.

## Input values in SI units and returns values in Eotvos!

#### **Parameters**

prism data structure describing the prism

xp x coordinate of the computation point

yp y coordinate of the computation point

zp z coordinate of the computation point

#### Returns

field calculated at P

## 8.14.2.7 double prism\_gyz (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

Calculates gyz component caused by a right rectangular prism.

## Input values in SI units and returns values in Eotvos!

#### **Parameters**

prism data structure describing the prism

xp x coordinate of the computation point

yp y coordinate of the computation point

zp z coordinate of the computation point

## Returns

field calculated at P

## 8.14.2.8 double prism\_gz (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

Calculates gz component caused by a right rectangular prism.

## Input values in SI units and returns values in mGal!

## Parameters

prism data structure describing the prism

xp x coordinate of the computation point

yp y coordinate of the computation point

zp z coordinate of the computation point

#### Returns

# 8.14.2.9 double prism\_gzz (PRISM prism, double xp, double yp, double zp)

Calculates gzz component caused by a right rectangular prism.

Input values in SI units and returns values in Eotvos!

#### **Parameters**

```
prism data structure describing the prism
xp x coordinate of the computation point
yp y coordinate of the computation point
zp z coordinate of the computation point
```

#### Returns

field calculated at P

# 8.15 src/c/grav\_sphere.c File Reference

This module contains a set of functions that calculate the gravitational potential and its first and second derivatives for the sphere in spherical coordinates.

```
#include <math.h>
#include "utils.h"
#include "constants.h"
#include "grav_sphere.h"
```

## **Functions**

- double sphere\_gx (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

  Calculates gx caused by a sphere.
- double sphere\_gy (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp) Calculates gy caused by a sphere.
- double sphere\_gz (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp) Calculates gz caused by a sphere.
- double sphere\_gxx (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

  Calculates gxx caused by a sphere.
- double sphere\_gxy (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

  Calculates gxy caused by a sphere.
- double sphere\_gxz (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

  Calculates gxz caused by a sphere.
- double sphere\_gyy (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

  Calculates gyy caused by a sphere.

- double sphere\_gyz (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

  Calculates gyz caused by a sphere.
- double sphere\_gzz (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

  Calculates gzz caused by a sphere.

## 8.15.1 Detailed Description

This module contains a set of functions that calculate the gravitational potential and its first and second derivatives for the sphere in spherical coordinates. The position of the sphere and computation point are in spherical coordinates.

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->North, y->East, z->out. So it would be normal for a sphere of positive density to have negative gz

#### Author

Leonardo Uieda

#### Date

25 Jan 2011

# 8.15.2 Function Documentation

## 8.15.2.1 double sphere\_gx (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

Calculates gx caused by a sphere.

$$g_x(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = GM \frac{r_c K_\phi}{\ell^3}$$

The position of the sphere and computation point should be in spherical coordinates.

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->**North**, y->**East**, z->**out** 

Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in mGal!

#### **Parameters**

sphere data structure describing the spherelonp longitude of the computation point Platp latitude of the computation point Prp radial coordinate of the computation point P

## **Returns**

# 8.15.2.2 double sphere\_gxx (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

Calculates gxx caused by a sphere.

$$g_{xx}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = GM \frac{3(r_c K_\phi)^2 - \ell^2}{\ell^5}$$

The position of the sphere and computation point are in spherical coordinates.

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->North, y->East, z->out

Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

#### **Parameters**

sphere data structure describing the spherelonp longitude of the computation point Platp latitude of the computation point Prp radial coordinate of the computation point P

## Returns

field calculated at P

## 8.15.2.3 double sphere gxy (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

Calculates gxy caused by a sphere.

$$g_{xy}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = GM \frac{3r_c^2 K_\phi \cos \phi_c \sin(\lambda_c - \lambda_p)}{\rho^5}$$

The position of the sphere and computation point are in spherical coordinates.

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->North, y->East, z->out

Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

## **Parameters**

sphere data structure describing the spherelonp longitude of the computation point Platp latitude of the computation point Prp radial coordinate of the computation point P

## Returns

## 8.15.2.4 double sphere\_gxz (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

Calculates gxz caused by a sphere.

$$g_{xz}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = GM \frac{3r_c K_\phi(r_c \cos \psi - r_p)}{\ell^5}$$

The position of the sphere and computation point are in spherical coordinates.

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->North, y->East, z->out

## Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

#### **Parameters**

sphere data structure describing the spherelonp longitude of the computation point Platp latitude of the computation point Prp radial coordinate of the computation point P

#### Returns

field calculated at P

## 8.15.2.5 double sphere\_gy (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

Calculates gy caused by a sphere.

$$g_y(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = GM \frac{r_c \cos \phi_c \sin(\phi_c - \phi_p)}{\ell^3}$$

The position of the sphere and computation point should be in spherical coordinates.

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->**North**, y->**East**, z->**out** 

# Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in mGal!

## **Parameters**

sphere data structure describing the spherelonp longitude of the computation point Platp latitude of the computation point Prp radial coordinate of the computation point P

#### Returns

# 8.15.2.6 double sphere\_gyy (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

Calculates gyy caused by a sphere.

$$g_{yy}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = GM \frac{3(r_c \cos \phi_c \sin(\lambda_c - \lambda_p))^2 - \ell^2}{\ell^5}$$

The position of the sphere and computation point are in spherical coordinates.

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->North, y->East, z->out

## Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

#### **Parameters**

sphere data structure describing the spherelonp longitude of the computation point Platp latitude of the computation point P

rp radial coordinate of the computation point P

#### Returns

field calculated at P

## 8.15.2.7 double sphere gyz (SPHERE sphere, double long, double latp, double rp)

Calculates gyz caused by a sphere.

$$g_{yz}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = GM \frac{3r_c \cos \phi_c \sin(\lambda_c - \lambda_p)(r_c \cos \psi - r_p)}{\ell^5}$$

The position of the sphere and computation point are in spherical coordinates.

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system  $\mathbf{x}$ ->North,  $\mathbf{y}$ ->East,  $\mathbf{z}$ ->out

# Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

## **Parameters**

sphere data structure describing the sphere

lonp longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

rp radial coordinate of the computation point P

## Returns

# 8.15.2.8 double sphere\_gz (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

Calculates gz caused by a sphere.

$$g_z(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = GM \frac{r_c \cos \psi - r_p}{\ell^3}$$

The position of the sphere and computation point should be in spherical coordinates.

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->North, y->East, z->out

## Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in mGal!

#### **Parameters**

sphere data structure describing the spherelonp longitude of the computation point Platp latitude of the computation point Prp radial coordinate of the computation point P

#### Returns

field calculated at P

## 8.15.2.9 double sphere\_gzz (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

Calculates gzz caused by a sphere.

$$g_{zz}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = GM \frac{3(r_c \cos \psi - r_p)^2 - \ell^2}{\ell^5}$$

The position of the sphere and computation point are in spherical coordinates.

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->**North**, y->**East**, z->**out** 

# Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

## **Parameters**

sphere data structure describing the spherelonp longitude of the computation point Platp latitude of the computation point Prp radial coordinate of the computation point P

#### Returns

# 8.16 src/c/grav\_sphere.h File Reference

Functions that calculate the gravitational potential and its first and second derivatives for the sphere in spherical coordinates.

```
#include "utils.h"
```

## **Functions**

- double sphere\_gx (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

  Calculates gx caused by a sphere.
- double sphere\_gy (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp) Calculates gy caused by a sphere.
- double sphere\_gz (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

  Calculates gz caused by a sphere.
- double sphere\_gxx (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

  Calculates gxx caused by a sphere.
- double sphere\_gxy (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

  Calculates gxy caused by a sphere.
- double sphere\_gxz (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

  Calculates gxz caused by a sphere.
- double sphere\_gyy (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

  Calculates gyy caused by a sphere.
- double sphere\_gyz (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

  Calculates gyz caused by a sphere.
- double sphere\_gzz (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

  Calculates gzz caused by a sphere.

#### 8.16.1 Detailed Description

Functions that calculate the gravitational potential and its first and second derivatives for the sphere in spherical coordinates. The position of the sphere and computation point are in spherical coordinates.

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->North, y->East, z->out. So it would be normal for a sphere of positive density to have negative gz.

Used the generic formula for gravity gradient computation:

$$g_{ij}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = GM\left(\frac{3\Delta x_i \Delta x_j}{\ell^5} - \frac{\delta_{ij}}{\ell^3}\right) \ i, j \in \{1, 2, 3\}$$

where M is the mass of the sphere, the subscripts 1, 2, and 3 should be interpreted as the x, y, and z axis and

$$\begin{array}{rcl} \Delta x_1 &=& r_c K_\phi \\ \Delta x_2 &=& r_c \cos \phi_c \sin(\lambda_c - \lambda_p) \\ \Delta x_3 &=& r_c \cos \psi - r_p \\ \ell &=& \sqrt{r_c^2 + r_p^2 - 2r_c r_p \cos \psi} \\ \cos \psi &=& \sin \phi_p \sin \phi_c + \cos \phi_p \cos \phi_c \cos(\lambda_c - \lambda_p) \\ K_\phi &=& \cos \phi_p \sin \phi_c - \sin \phi_p \cos \phi_c \cos(\lambda_c - \lambda_p) \end{array}$$

 $\phi$  is latitude,  $\lambda$  is longitude, r is radius. The subscript c is for the center of the sphere and p for the computation point.

## **Todo**

Possible speedup: Replace sphere.rc with a local copy Put reference for formulas

#### Author

Leonardo Uieda

#### **Date**

25 Jan 2011

## 8.16.2 Function Documentation

# 8.16.2.1 double sphere\_gx (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

Calculates gx caused by a sphere.

$$g_x(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = GM \frac{r_c K_\phi}{\ell^3}$$

The position of the sphere and computation point should be in spherical coordinates.

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->**North**, y->**East**, z->**out** 

## Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in mGal!

## **Parameters**

sphere data structure describing the spherelonp longitude of the computation point Platp latitude of the computation point Prp radial coordinate of the computation point P

#### Returns

# 8.16.2.2 double sphere\_gxx (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

Calculates gxx caused by a sphere.

$$g_{xx}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = GM \frac{3(r_c K_\phi)^2 - \ell^2}{\ell^5}$$

The position of the sphere and computation point are in spherical coordinates.

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->North, y->East, z->out

## Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

#### **Parameters**

sphere data structure describing the sphere

lonp longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

rp radial coordinate of the computation point P

## Returns

field calculated at P

## 8.16.2.3 double sphere gxy (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

Calculates gxy caused by a sphere.

$$g_{xy}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = GM \frac{3r_c^2 K_\phi \cos \phi_c \sin(\lambda_c - \lambda_p)}{\rho^5}$$

The position of the sphere and computation point are in spherical coordinates.

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->North, y->East, z->out

## Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

## **Parameters**

sphere data structure describing the sphere

lonp longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

**rp** radial coordinate of the computation point P

## Returns

# 8.16.2.4 double sphere\_gxz (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

Calculates gxz caused by a sphere.

$$g_{xz}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = GM \frac{3r_c K_\phi(r_c \cos \psi - r_p)}{\ell^5}$$

The position of the sphere and computation point are in spherical coordinates.

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->North, y->East, z->out

## Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

#### **Parameters**

sphere data structure describing the spherelonp longitude of the computation point Platp latitude of the computation point Prp radial coordinate of the computation point P

#### Returns

field calculated at P

## 8.16.2.5 double sphere\_gy (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

Calculates gy caused by a sphere.

$$g_y(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = GM \frac{r_c \cos \phi_c \sin(\phi_c - \phi_p)}{\ell^3}$$

The position of the sphere and computation point should be in spherical coordinates.

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->**North**, y->**East**, z->**out** 

# Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in mGal!

## **Parameters**

sphere data structure describing the spherelonp longitude of the computation point Platp latitude of the computation point Prp radial coordinate of the computation point P

#### Returns

# 8.16.2.6 double sphere\_gyy (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

Calculates gyy caused by a sphere.

$$g_{yy}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = GM \frac{3(r_c \cos \phi_c \sin(\lambda_c - \lambda_p))^2 - \ell^2}{\ell^5}$$

The position of the sphere and computation point are in spherical coordinates.

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->North, y->East, z->out

## Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

#### **Parameters**

sphere data structure describing the sphere lonp longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

rp radial coordinate of the computation point P

#### **Returns**

field calculated at P

## 8.16.2.7 double sphere gyz (SPHERE sphere, double long, double latp, double rp)

Calculates gyz caused by a sphere.

$$g_{yz}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = GM \frac{3r_c \cos \phi_c \sin(\lambda_c - \lambda_p)(r_c \cos \psi - r_p)}{\ell^5}$$

The position of the sphere and computation point are in spherical coordinates.

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system  $\mathbf{x}$ ->North,  $\mathbf{y}$ ->East,  $\mathbf{z}$ ->out

# Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

## **Parameters**

sphere data structure describing the sphere

lonp longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

rp radial coordinate of the computation point P

## Returns

# 8.16.2.8 double sphere\_gz (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

Calculates gz caused by a sphere.

$$g_z(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = GM \frac{r_c \cos \psi - r_p}{\ell^3}$$

The position of the sphere and computation point should be in spherical coordinates.

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->North, y->East, z->out

## Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in mGal!

#### **Parameters**

sphere data structure describing the spherelonp longitude of the computation point Platp latitude of the computation point P

rp radial coordinate of the computation point P

#### Returns

field calculated at P

## 8.16.2.9 double sphere\_gzz (SPHERE sphere, double lonp, double latp, double rp)

Calculates gzz caused by a sphere.

$$g_{zz}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = GM \frac{3(r_c \cos \psi - r_p)^2 - \ell^2}{\ell^5}$$

The position of the sphere and computation point are in spherical coordinates.

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->**North**, y->**East**, z->**out** 

# Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

## **Parameters**

*sphere* data structure describing the sphere *lonp* longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

rp radial coordinate of the computation point P

#### Returns

# 8.17 src/c/grav\_tess.c File Reference

Functions that calculate the gravitational potential and its first and second derivatives for the tesseroid.

```
#include <math.h>
#include "utils.h"
#include "glq.h"
#include "constants.h"
#include "grav_tess.h"
```

## **Functions**

• double calc\_tess\_model (TESSEROID \*model, int size, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ \*glq\_lon, GLQ \*glq\_lat, GLQ \*glq\_r, double(\*field)(TESSEROID, double, double, double, GLQ, GLQ, GLQ))

Calculates the field of a tesseroid model at a given point.

• double calc\_tess\_model\_adapt (TESSEROID \*model, int size, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ \*glq\_lon, GLQ \*glq\_lat, GLQ \*glq\_r, double(\*field)(TESSEROID, double, double, GLQ, GLQ, GLQ))

Adaptatively calculate the field of a tesseroid model at a given point by splitting the tesseroids if necessary to maintain GLQ stability.

• double tess\_gx (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gx caused by a tesseroid.

• double tess\_gy (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gy caused by a tesseroid.

• double tess\_gz (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gz caused by a tesseroid.

• double tess\_gxx (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gxx caused by a tesseroid.

 double tess\_gxy (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gxy caused by a tesseroid.

• double tess\_gxz (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gxz caused by a tesseroid.

• double tess\_gyy (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gyy caused by a tesseroid.

• double tess\_gyz (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gyz caused by a tesseroid.

• double tess\_gzz (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gzz caused by a tesseroid.

## 8.17.1 Detailed Description

Functions that calculate the gravitational potential and its first and second derivatives for the tesseroid.

#### **Author**

Leonardo Uieda

#### Date

27 Jan 2011

## 8.17.2 Function Documentation

8.17.2.1 double calc\_tess\_model (TESSEROID \* model, int size, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ \* glq\_lon, GLQ \* glq\_lat, GLQ \* glq\_r, double(\*)(TESSEROID, double, double, GLQ, GLQ, GLQ) field)

Calculates the field of a tesseroid model at a given point.

Uses a function pointer to call one of the apropriate field calculating functions:

- tess\_gx()
- tess\_gy()
- tess\_gz()
- tess\_gxx()
- tess\_gxy()
- tess\_gxz()
- tess\_gyy()
- tess\_gyz()
- tess\_gzz()

To pass a function pointer to a function use something like:

```
calc_tess_model(my_model, 10, 0, 10, 1, glqlon, glqlat, glqr, &tess_gx);
```

This would calculate the gx effect of the model my\_model with 10 tesseroids at lon=0 lat=10 r=1.

Will re-use the same GLQ structures, and therefore the same order, for all the tesseroids.

#### **Parameters**

```
model TESSEROID array defining the model
size number of tesseroids in the model
lonp longitude of the computation point P
latp latitude of the computation point P
rp radial coordinate of the computation point P
glq_lon pointer to GLQ structure used for the longitudinal integration
glq_lat pointer to GLQ structure used for the latitudinal integration
glq_r pointer to GLQ structure used for the radial integration
field pointer to one of the field calculating functions
```

### Returns

the sum of the fields of all the tesseroids in the model

```
8.17.2.2 double calc_tess_model_adapt (TESSEROID * model, int size, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ * <math>glq\_lon, GLQ * <math>glq\_lat, GLQ * <math>glq\_r, double(*)(TESSEROID, double, double, double, GLQ, GLQ) field)
```

Adaptatively calculate the field of a tesseroid model at a given point by splitting the tesseroids if necessary to maintain GLQ stability.

See calc\_tess\_model() for more details.

Will re-use the same GLQ structures, and therefore the same order, for all the tesseroids.

## **Parameters**

```
model TESSEROID array defining the model
size number of tesseroids in the model
lonp longitude of the computation point P
latp latitude of the computation point P
rp radial coordinate of the computation point P
glq_lon pointer to GLQ structure used for the longitudinal integration
glq_lat pointer to GLQ structure used for the latitudinal integration
glq_r pointer to GLQ structure used for the radial integration
field pointer to one of the field calculating functions
```

## Returns

the sum of the fields of all the tesseroids in the model

# 8.17.2.3 double tess\_gx (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gx caused by a tesseroid.

$$g_x(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = G\rho \int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \int_{\phi_1}^{\phi_2} \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \frac{r' K_{\phi}}{\ell^3} \kappa \, dr' d\phi' d\lambda'$$

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system  $\mathbf{x}$ ->North,  $\mathbf{y}$ ->East,  $\mathbf{z}$ ->out

#### Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in mGal!

Use function glq\_new() to create the GLQ parameters required. The integration limits should be set to:

- glq\_lon: lower = tess.w and upper = tess.e (in degrees)
- glq\_lat: lower = tess.s and upper = tess.n (in degrees)
- glq\_r: lower = tess.r1 and upper = tess.r2

#### **Parameters**

tess data structure describing the tesseroid

lonp longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

**rp** radial coordinate of the computation point P

glq\_lon GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the longitudinal integra-

glq\_lat GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the latitudinal integration glq\_r GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the radial integration

## Returns

field calculated at P

# 8.17.2.4 double tess\_gxx (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gxx caused by a tesseroid.

$$g_{xx}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = G\rho \int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \int_{\phi_1}^{\phi_2} \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \frac{3(r'K_{\phi})^2 - \ell^2}{\ell^5} \kappa \, dr' d\phi' d\lambda'$$

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->**North**, y->**East**, z->**out** 

## Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

Use function glq\_new() to create the GLQ parameters required. The integration limits should be set to:

- glq\_lon: lower = tess.w and upper = tess.e (in degrees)
- glq\_lat: lower = tess.s and upper = tess.n (in degrees)
- glq\_r: lower = tess.r1 and upper = tess.r2

#### **Parameters**

tess data structure describing the tesseroid

lonp longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

rp radial coordinate of the computation point P

**glq\_lon** GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the longitudinal integration

 $glq\_lat$  GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the latitudinal integration  $glq\_r$  GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the radial integration

#### **Returns**

field calculated at P

# 8.17.2.5 double tess\_gxy (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gxy caused by a tesseroid.

$$g_{xy}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = G\rho \int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \int_{\phi_1}^{\phi_2} \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \frac{3r'^2 K_\phi \cos \phi' \sin(\lambda' - \lambda_p)}{\ell^5} \kappa \, dr' d\phi' d\lambda'$$

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->**North**, y->**East**, z->**out** 

## Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

Use function glq\_new() to create the GLQ parameters required. The integration limits should be set to:

- glq\_lon: lower = tess.w and upper = tess.e (in degrees)
- glq\_lat: lower = tess.s and upper = tess.n (in degrees)
- glq\_r: lower = tess.r1 and upper = tess.r2

## **Parameters**

tess data structure describing the tesseroid

*lonp* longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

rp radial coordinate of the computation point P

**glq\_lon** GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the longitudinal integration

 $glq\_lat$  GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the latitudinal integration  $glq\_r$  GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the radial integration

### Returns

field calculated at P

# 8.17.2.6 double tess\_gxz (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gxz caused by a tesseroid.

$$g_{xz}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = G\rho \int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \int_{\phi_1}^{\phi_2} \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \frac{3r' K_\phi(r' \cos \psi - r_p)}{\ell^5} \kappa \, dr' d\phi' d\lambda'$$

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->**North**, y->**East**, z->**out** 

## Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

Use function glq\_new() to create the GLQ parameters required. The integration limits should be set to:

- glq\_lon: lower = tess.w and upper = tess.e (in degrees)
- glq\_lat: lower = tess.s and upper = tess.n (in degrees)
- glq\_r: lower = tess.r1 and upper = tess.r2

#### **Parameters**

tess data structure describing the tesseroid

lonp longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

**rp** radial coordinate of the computation point P

glq\_lon GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the longitudinal integration

glq\_lat GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the latitudinal integration glq\_r GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the radial integration

#### Returns

field calculated at P

# 8.17.2.7 double tess\_gy (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gy caused by a tesseroid.

$$g_y(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = G\rho \int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \int_{\phi_1}^{\phi_2} \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \frac{r'\cos\phi'\sin(\lambda' - \lambda)}{\ell^3} \kappa \, dr' d\phi' d\lambda'$$

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system  $\mathbf{x}$ ->North,  $\mathbf{y}$ ->East,  $\mathbf{z}$ ->out

## Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in mGal!

Use function glq\_new() to create the GLQ parameters required. The integration limits should be set to:

- glq\_lon: lower = tess.w and upper = tess.e (in degrees)
- glq\_lat: lower = tess.s and upper = tess.n (in degrees)
- glq\_r: lower = tess.r1 and upper = tess.r2

#### **Parameters**

tess data structure describing the tesseroid

lonp longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

**rp** radial coordinate of the computation point P

**glq\_lon** GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the longitudinal integration

 $glq\_lat$  GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the latitudinal integration  $glq\_r$  GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the radial integration

# Returns

field calculated at P

# 8.17.2.8 double tess\_gyy (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gyy caused by a tesseroid.

$$g_{yy}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = G\rho \int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \int_{\phi_1}^{\phi_2} \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \frac{3(r'\cos\phi'\sin(\lambda'-\lambda_p))^2 - \ell^2}{\ell^5} \kappa \, dr' d\phi' d\lambda'$$

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->**North**, y->**East**, z->**out** 

## Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

Use function glq\_new() to create the GLQ parameters required. The integration limits should be set to:

- glq\_lon: lower = tess.w and upper = tess.e (in degrees)
- glq\_lat: lower = tess.s and upper = tess.n (in degrees)

• glq\_r: lower = tess.r1 and upper = tess.r2

### **Parameters**

tess data structure describing the tesseroid

lonp longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

**rp** radial coordinate of the computation point P

**glq\_lon** GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the longitudinal integration

glq\_lat GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the latitudinal integration glq\_r GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the radial integration

## Returns

field calculated at P

8.17.2.9 double tess\_gyz (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gyz caused by a tesseroid.

$$g_{yz}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = G\rho \int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \int_{\phi_1}^{\phi_2} \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \frac{3r'\cos\phi'\sin(\lambda' - \lambda_p)(r'\cos\psi - r_p)}{\ell^5} \kappa \, dr' d\phi' d\lambda'$$

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->**North**, y->**East**, z->**out** 

# Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

Use function glq\_new() to create the GLQ parameters required. The integration limits should be set to:

- glq\_lon: lower = tess.w and upper = tess.e (in degrees)
- glq\_lat: lower = tess.s and upper = tess.n (in degrees)
- glq\_r: lower = tess.r1 and upper = tess.r2

### **Parameters**

tess data structure describing the tesseroid

lonp longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

**rp** radial coordinate of the computation point P

**glq\_lon** GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the longitudinal integration

glq\_lat GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the latitudinal integration glq\_r GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the radial integration

#### Returns

# 8.17.2.10 double tess\_gz (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gz caused by a tesseroid.

$$g_z(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = G\rho \int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \int_{\phi_1}^{\phi_2} \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \frac{r'\cos\psi - r_p}{\ell^3} \kappa \, dr' d\phi' d\lambda'$$

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system  $\mathbf{x}$ ->North,  $\mathbf{y}$ ->East,  $\mathbf{z}$ ->out

#### Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in mGal!

Use function glq\_new() to create the GLQ parameters required. The integration limits should be set to:

- glq\_lon: lower = tess.w and upper = tess.e (in degrees)
- glq\_lat: lower = tess.s and upper = tess.n (in degrees)
- glq\_r: lower = tess.r1 and upper = tess.r2

#### **Parameters**

tess data structure describing the tesseroid

lonp longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

rp radial coordinate of the computation point P

glq\_lon GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the longitudinal integra-

glq\_lat GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the latitudinal integration glq\_r GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the radial integration

## Returns

field calculated at P

# 8.17.2.11 double tess\_gzz (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gzz caused by a tesseroid.

$$g_{zz}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = G\rho \int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \int_{\phi_1}^{\phi_2} \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \frac{3(r'\cos\psi - r_p)^2 - \ell^2}{\ell^5} \kappa \, dr' d\phi' d\lambda'$$

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->**North**, y->**East**, z->**out** 

## Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

Use function glq\_new() to create the GLQ parameters required. The integration limits should be set to:

- glq\_lon: lower = tess.w and upper = tess.e (in degrees)
- glq\_lat: lower = tess.s and upper = tess.n (in degrees)
- glq\_r: lower = tess.r1 and upper = tess.r2

#### **Parameters**

tess data structure describing the tesseroid

lonp longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

rp radial coordinate of the computation point P

glq\_lon GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the longitudinal integration

glq\_lat GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the latitudinal integration glq\_r GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the radial integration

#### **Returns**

field calculated at P

# 8.18 src/c/grav\_tess.h File Reference

Functions that calculate the gravitational potential and its first and second derivatives for the tesseroid.

```
#include "utils.h"
#include "glg.h"
```

# **Functions**

• double calc\_tess\_model (TESSEROID \*model, int size, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ \*glq\_lon, GLQ \*glq\_lat, GLQ \*glq\_r, double(\*field)(TESSEROID, double, double, double, GLQ, GLQ, GLQ))

Calculates the field of a tesseroid model at a given point.

• double calc\_tess\_model\_adapt (TESSEROID \*model, int size, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ \*glq\_lon, GLQ \*glq\_lat, GLQ \*glq\_r, double(\*field)(TESSEROID, double, double, GLQ, GLQ, GLQ))

Adaptatively calculate the field of a tesseroid model at a given point by splitting the tesseroids if necessary to maintain GLO stability.

• double tess\_gx (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gx caused by a tesseroid.

• double tess\_gy (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gy caused by a tesseroid.

• double tess\_gz (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gz caused by a tesseroid.

• double tess\_gxx (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gxx caused by a tesseroid.

• double tess\_gxy (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gxy caused by a tesseroid.

 double tess\_gxz (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gxz caused by a tesseroid.

 double tess\_gyy (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gyy caused by a tesseroid.

 double tess\_gyz (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gyz caused by a tesseroid.

• double tess\_gzz (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gzz caused by a tesseroid.

## 8.18.1 Detailed Description

Functions that calculate the gravitational potential and its first and second derivatives for the tesseroid. The gravity gradients can be calculated using the general formula:

$$g_{\alpha\beta}(r_p,\phi_p,\lambda_p) = G\rho \int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \int_{\phi_1}^{\phi_2} \int_{r_1}^{r_2} I_{\alpha\beta} dr' d\phi' d\lambda' \quad \alpha,\beta \in \{1,2,3\}$$

$$I_{\alpha\beta} = \left(\frac{3\Delta x_i \Delta x_j}{\ell^5} - \frac{\delta_{ij}}{\ell^3}\right) \kappa$$

and solved using the Gauss-Legendre Quadrature rule:

$$g_{\alpha\beta}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) \approx G\rho \frac{(\lambda_2 - \lambda_1)(\phi_2 - \phi_1)(r_2 - r_1)}{8} \sum_{k=0}^{N^{\lambda} - 1} \sum_{j=0}^{N^{\sigma} - 1} \sum_{i=0}^{N^{\tau} - 1} W_i^{\tau} W_j^{\phi} W_k^{\lambda} I_{\alpha\beta}(r'_i, \phi'_j, \lambda'_k) \kappa \ \alpha, \beta \in \{1, 2, 3\}$$

where  $\rho$  is density, the subscripts 1, 2, and 3 should be interpreted as the x, y, and z axis and

$$\Delta x_1 = r' K_{\phi}$$
  
$$\Delta x_2 = r' \cos \phi' \sin(\lambda' - \lambda_n)$$

$$\Delta x_3 = r' \cos \psi - r_p$$

$$\ell = \sqrt{r'^2 + r_p^2 - 2r'r_p \cos \psi}$$

$$\cos \psi = \sin \phi_p \sin \phi' + \cos \phi_p \cos \phi' \cos(\lambda' - \lambda_p)$$

$$K_{\phi} = \cos \phi_p \sin \phi' - \sin \phi_p \cos \phi' \cos(\lambda' - \lambda_p)$$

$$\kappa = r'^2 \cos \phi'$$

 $\phi$  is latitude,  $\lambda$  is longitude, r is radius. The subscript p is for the computation point.

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->North, y->East, z->Up (away from center of the Earth).

To maintain the standard convention, only for component gz the z axis is inverted, so a positive density results in positive gz.

## Example:

To calculate the gzz component due to a tesseroid on a regular grid.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "glq.h"r
#include "constants.h"
#include "grav_tess.h"
int main()
    TESSEROID tess = {1000, 44, 46, -1, 1, MEAN_EARTH_RADIUS - 100000,
                     MEAN_EARTH_RADIUS;
   GLQ *glqlon, *glqlat, *glqr;
   double lon, lat, r = MEAN_EARTH_RADIUS + 1500000, res;
int order = 8;
    glqlon = glq_new(order, tess.w, tess.e);
    glqlat = glq_new(order, tess.s, tess.n);
    glqr = glq_new(order, tess.r1, tess.r2);
    for(lat = 20; lat <= 70; lat += 0.5)</pre>
        for (lon = -25; lon <= 25; lon += 0.5)
            res = tess_gzz(tess, lon, lat, r, *glqlon, *glqlat, *glqr);
            printf("%g %g %g\n", lon, lat, res);
    glq_free(glqlon);
    glq_free(glqlat);
    glq_free(glqr);
    return 0;
```

## **Todo**

Possible speed up: use pointers for weights and nodes Put reference for formulas Allow for tesseroids with depth varying density

# Author

Leonardo Uieda

#### Date

27 Jan 2011

#### 8.18.2 Function Documentation

8.18.2.1 double calc\_tess\_model (TESSEROID \* model, int size, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ \* glq\_lon, GLQ \* glq\_lat, GLQ \* glq\_r, double(\*)(TESSEROID, double, double, GLQ, GLQ, GLQ) field)

Calculates the field of a tesseroid model at a given point.

Uses a function pointer to call one of the apropriate field calculating functions:

- tess\_gx()
- tess\_gy()
- tess\_gz()
- tess\_gxx()
- tess\_gxy()
- tess gxz()
- tess\_gyy()
- tess\_gyz()
- tess\_gzz()

To pass a function pointer to a function use something like:

```
\verb|calc_tess_model| (my_model, 10, 0, 10, 1, glqlon, glqlat, glqr, &tess_gx); \\
```

This would calculate the gx effect of the model my\_model with 10 tesseroids at lon=0 lat=10 r=1.

Will re-use the same GLQ structures, and therefore the same order, for all the tesseroids.

#### **Parameters**

```
model TESSEROID array defining the model
size number of tesseroids in the model
lonp longitude of the computation point P
latp latitude of the computation point P
rp radial coordinate of the computation point P
glq_lon pointer to GLQ structure used for the longitudinal integration
glq_lat pointer to GLQ structure used for the latitudinal integration
glq_r pointer to GLQ structure used for the radial integration
field pointer to one of the field calculating functions
```

# Returns

the sum of the fields of all the tesseroids in the model

8.18.2.2 double calc\_tess\_model\_adapt (TESSEROID \* model, int size, double lonp, double latp, double rp,  $GLQ * <math>glq\_lon$ ,  $GLQ * <math>glq\_lat$ ,  $GLQ * <math>glq\_r$ , double(\*)(TESSEROID, double, double, double, GLQ, GLQ, GLQ) field)

Adaptatively calculate the field of a tesseroid model at a given point by splitting the tesseroids if necessary to maintain GLQ stability.

See calc\_tess\_model() for more details.

Will re-use the same GLQ structures, and therefore the same order, for all the tesseroids.

#### **Parameters**

```
model TESSEROID array defining the model
size number of tesseroids in the model
lonp longitude of the computation point P
latp latitude of the computation point P
rp radial coordinate of the computation point P
glq_lon pointer to GLQ structure used for the longitudinal integration
glq_lat pointer to GLQ structure used for the latitudinal integration
glq_r pointer to GLQ structure used for the radial integration
field pointer to one of the field calculating functions
```

#### Returns

the sum of the fields of all the tesseroids in the model

8.18.2.3 double tess\_gx (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ  $glq\_lon$ , GLQ  $glq\_lat$ , GLQ  $glq\_r$ )

Calculates gx caused by a tesseroid.

$$g_x(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = G\rho \int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \int_{\phi_1}^{\phi_2} \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \frac{r' K_{\phi}}{\ell^3} \kappa \, dr' d\phi' d\lambda'$$

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->**North**, y->**East**, z->**out** 

#### Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in mGal!

Use function glq\_new() to create the GLQ parameters required. The integration limits should be set to:

- glq\_lon: lower = tess.w and upper = tess.e (in degrees)
- glq\_lat: lower = tess.s and upper = tess.n (in degrees)
- glq\_r: lower = tess.r1 and upper = tess.r2

#### **Parameters**

tess data structure describing the tesseroid

lonp longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

rp radial coordinate of the computation point P

glq\_lon GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the longitudinal integration

glq\_lat GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the latitudinal integration glq\_r GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the radial integration

#### Returns

field calculated at P

# 8.18.2.4 double tess\_gxx (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gxx caused by a tesseroid.

$$g_{xx}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = G\rho \int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \int_{\phi_1}^{\phi_2} \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \frac{3(r'K_{\phi})^2 - \ell^2}{\ell^5} \kappa \, dr' d\phi' d\lambda'$$

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->North, y->East, z->out

## Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

Use function glq\_new() to create the GLQ parameters required. The integration limits should be set to:

- glq\_lon: lower = tess.w and upper = tess.e (in degrees)
- glq\_lat: lower = tess.s and upper = tess.n (in degrees)
- glq\_r: lower = tess.r1 and upper = tess.r2

#### **Parameters**

tess data structure describing the tesseroid

lonp longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

**rp** radial coordinate of the computation point P

glq\_lon GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the longitudinal integration

glq\_lat GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the latitudinal integration glq\_r GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the radial integration

#### Returns

field calculated at P

8.18.2.5 double tess\_gxy (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ  $glq\_lon$ , GLQ  $glq\_lat$ , GLQ  $glq\_r$ )

Calculates gxy caused by a tesseroid.

$$g_{xy}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = G\rho \int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \int_{\phi_1}^{\phi_2} \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \frac{3r'^2 K_\phi \cos \phi' \sin(\lambda' - \lambda_p)}{\ell^5} \kappa \, dr' d\phi' d\lambda'$$

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->North, y->East, z->out

#### Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

Use function glq\_new() to create the GLQ parameters required. The integration limits should be set to:

- glq\_lon: lower = tess.w and upper = tess.e (in degrees)
- glq\_lat: lower = tess.s and upper = tess.n (in degrees)
- glq\_r: lower = tess.r1 and upper = tess.r2

#### **Parameters**

tess data structure describing the tesseroid

lonp longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

**rp** radial coordinate of the computation point P

glq\_lon GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the longitudinal integra-

glq\_lat GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the latitudinal integration glq\_r GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the radial integration

# Returns

field calculated at P

# 8.18.2.6 double tess\_gxz (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gxz caused by a tesseroid.

$$g_{xz}(r_p,\phi_p,\lambda_p) = G\rho \int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \int_{\phi_1}^{\phi_2} \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \frac{3r' K_\phi(r'\cos\psi - r_p)}{\ell^5} \kappa \; dr' d\phi' d\lambda'$$

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->North, y->East, z->out

# Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

Use function glq\_new() to create the GLQ parameters required. The integration limits should be set to:

- glq\_lon: lower = tess.w and upper = tess.e (in degrees)
- glq\_lat: lower = tess.s and upper = tess.n (in degrees)
- glq\_r: lower = tess.r1 and upper = tess.r2

#### **Parameters**

tess data structure describing the tesseroid

lonp longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

rp radial coordinate of the computation point P

**glq\_lon** GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the longitudinal integration

 $glq\_lat$  GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the latitudinal integration  $glq\_r$  GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the radial integration

#### Returns

field calculated at P

# 8.18.2.7 double tess\_gy (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gy caused by a tesseroid.

$$g_y(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = G\rho \int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \int_{\phi_1}^{\phi_2} \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \frac{r'\cos\phi'\sin(\lambda' - \lambda)}{\ell^3} \kappa \, dr' d\phi' d\lambda'$$

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->**North**, y->**East**, z->**out** 

# Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in mGal!

Use function glq\_new() to create the GLQ parameters required. The integration limits should be set to:

- glq\_lon: lower = tess.w and upper = tess.e (in degrees)
- glq\_lat: lower = tess.s and upper = tess.n (in degrees)
- glq\_r: lower = tess.r1 and upper = tess.r2

# **Parameters**

tess data structure describing the tesseroid

lonp longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

rp radial coordinate of the computation point P

glq\_lon GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the longitudinal integration glq\_lat GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the latitudinal integration glq\_r GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the radial integration

#### Returns

field calculated at P

8.18.2.8 double tess\_gyy (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gyy caused by a tesseroid.

$$g_{yy}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = G\rho \int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \int_{\phi_1}^{\phi_2} \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \frac{3(r'\cos\phi'\sin(\lambda' - \lambda_p))^2 - \ell^2}{\ell^5} \kappa \, dr' d\phi' d\lambda'$$

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->**North**, y->**East**, z->**out** 

## Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

Use function glq\_new() to create the GLQ parameters required. The integration limits should be set to:

- glq\_lon: lower = tess.w and upper = tess.e (in degrees)
- glq\_lat: lower = tess.s and upper = tess.n (in degrees)
- glq\_r: lower = tess.r1 and upper = tess.r2

#### **Parameters**

tess data structure describing the tesseroid

lonp longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

**rp** radial coordinate of the computation point P

glq\_lon GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the longitudinal integration

glq\_lat GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the latitudinal integration glq\_r GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the radial integration

#### Returns

field calculated at P

8.18.2.9 double tess\_gyz (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gyz caused by a tesseroid.

$$g_{yz}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = G\rho \int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \int_{\phi_1}^{\phi_2} \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \frac{3r'\cos\phi'\sin(\lambda' - \lambda_p)(r'\cos\psi - r_p)}{\ell^5} \kappa \, dr' d\phi' d\lambda'$$

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->North, y->East, z->out

# Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

Use function glq\_new() to create the GLQ parameters required. The integration limits should be set to:

- glq\_lon: lower = tess.w and upper = tess.e (in degrees)
- glq\_lat: lower = tess.s and upper = tess.n (in degrees)
- glq\_r: lower = tess.r1 and upper = tess.r2

#### **Parameters**

tess data structure describing the tesseroid

lonp longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

**rp** radial coordinate of the computation point P

**glq\_lon** GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the longitudinal integration

 $glq\_lat$  GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the latitudinal integration  $glq\_r$  GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the radial integration

# Returns

field calculated at P

# 8.18.2.10 double tess\_gz (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gz caused by a tesseroid.

$$g_z(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = G\rho \int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \int_{\phi_1}^{\phi_2} \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \frac{r'\cos\psi - r_p}{\ell^3} \kappa \, dr' d\phi' d\lambda'$$

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->North, y->East, z->out

#### Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in mGal!

Use function glq\_new() to create the GLQ parameters required. The integration limits should be set to:

- glq\_lon: lower = tess.w and upper = tess.e (in degrees)
- glq\_lat: lower = tess.s and upper = tess.n (in degrees)

• glq\_r: lower = tess.r1 and upper = tess.r2

#### **Parameters**

tess data structure describing the tesseroid

*lonp* longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

**rp** radial coordinate of the computation point P

**glq\_lon** GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the longitudinal integration

glq\_lat GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the latitudinal integration glq\_r GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the radial integration

#### Returns

field calculated at P

# 8.18.2.11 double tess\_gzz (TESSEROID tess, double lonp, double latp, double rp, GLQ glq\_lon, GLQ glq\_lat, GLQ glq\_r)

Calculates gzz caused by a tesseroid.

$$g_{zz}(r_p, \phi_p, \lambda_p) = G\rho \int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \int_{\phi_1}^{\phi_2} \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \frac{3(r'\cos\psi - r_p)^2 - \ell^2}{\ell^5} \kappa \, dr' d\phi' d\lambda'$$

The derivatives of the potential are made with respect to the local coordinate system x->**North**, y->**East**, z->**out** 

# Input values in SI units and degrees and returns values in Eotvos!

Use function glq\_new() to create the GLQ parameters required. The integration limits should be set to:

- glq\_lon: lower = tess.w and upper = tess.e (in degrees)
- glq\_lat: lower = tess.s and upper = tess.n (in degrees)
- glq\_r: lower = tess.r1 and upper = tess.r2

#### **Parameters**

tess data structure describing the tesseroid

lonp longitude of the computation point P

latp latitude of the computation point P

rp radial coordinate of the computation point P

**glq\_lon** GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the longitudinal integration

glq\_lat GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the latitudinal integration glq\_r GLQ structure with the nodes, weights and integration limits set for the radial integration

#### Returns

field calculated at P

# 8.19 src/c/logger.c File Reference

```
Functions to set up logging.
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdarg.h>
#include <time.h>
#include "logger.h"
```

# **Functions**

- void log\_init (int level)

  Setup logging to stderr.
- void log\_tofile (FILE \*logfile, int level)

  Set logging to a file.
- void log\_debug (const char \*fmt,...)

  Log a message at debug level.
- void log\_info (const char \*fmt,...)

  Log a message at info level.
- void log\_warning (const char \*fmt,...)

  Log a message at warning level.
- void log\_error (const char \*fmt,...)

  Log a message at error level.

#### **Variables**

• LOGGER logger Global logger struct.

# 8.19.1 Detailed Description

Functions to set up logging.

#### Author

Leonardo Uieda

#### Date

31 Jan 2011

#### **8.19.2** Function Documentation

# 8.19.2.1 void log\_debug (const char \* fmt, ...)

Log a message at debug level.

Pass parameters in the same format as printf()

Prints a newline at the end.

# 8.19.2.2 void log\_error (const char \* fmt, ...)

Log a message at error level.

Pass parameters in the same format as printf()

Prints a newline at the end.

# 8.19.2.3 void log\_info (const char \* fmt, ...)

Log a message at info level.

Pass parameters in the same format as printf()

Does not print "INFO: " in front of the message when logging

Prints a newline at the end.

# 8.19.2.4 void log\_init (int level)

Setup logging to stderr.

#### **Parameters**

*level* level of logging to be made. Can be one of:

- LOG\_DEBUG
- LOG\_INFO
- LOG\_WARNING
- LOG\_ERROR

# 8.19.2.5 void log\_tofile (FILE \* logfile, int level)

Set logging to a file.

# **Parameters**

logfile FILE pointer to the already open file to log to.

*level* level of logging to be made to the file. Can be one of:

- LOG DEBUG
- LOG\_INFO
- LOG WARNING
- LOG\_ERROR

# 8.19.2.6 void log\_warning (const char \* fmt, ...)

Log a message at warning level.

Pass parameters in the same format as printf()

Prints a newline at the end.

#### 8.19.3 Variable Documentation

# 8.19.3.1 LOGGER logger

**Initial value:** 

Global logger struct.

Only declare in the main program!

# 8.20 src/c/logger.h File Reference

Functions to set up logging.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

# **Data Structures**

• struct LOGGER

Keep the information on the global logger.

# **Defines**

• #define LOG DEBUG 0

Logging level for debug messages.

• #define LOG\_INFO 1

Logging level for general information.

```
• #define LOG_WARNING 2

Logging level for warning messages.
```

• #define LOG\_ERROR 3

Logging level for error messages.

#### **Functions**

```
• void log_init (int level)

Setup logging to stderr.
```

```
• void log_tofile (FILE *logfile, int level)

Set logging to a file.
```

```
• void log_debug (const char *fmt,...)

Log a message at debug level.
```

```
• void log_info (const char *fmt,...)

Log a message at info level.
```

```
• void log_warning (const char *fmt,...)

Log a message at warning level.
```

```
• void log_error (const char *fmt,...)

Log a message at error level.
```

# Variables

• LOGGER logger Global logger struct.

# 8.20.1 Detailed Description

Functions to set up logging. Example:

```
#include "logger.h"

void my_func() {
    log_info("From my_func!\n");
}

int main() {
    log_init(LOG_DEBUG);
    log_debug("debug line. The code is %d", LOG_DEBUG);
    log_info("info line. The code is %d", LOG_INFO);
    log_warning("warning line. The code is %d", LOG_WARNING);
    log_error("error line. The code is %d", LOG_ERROR);
    return 0;
}
```

# Will print:

```
DEBUG: debug line. The code is 0 info line. The code is 1 WARNING: warning line. The code is 2 ERROR: error line. The code is 3
```

If function log\_init() is not called than logging is disabled and no messages will be printed to stderr.

#### Author

Leonardo Uieda

#### **Date**

31 Jan 2011

#### 8.20.2 Function Documentation

# 8.20.2.1 void log\_debug (const char \* fmt, ...)

Log a message at debug level.

Pass parameters in the same format as printf()

Prints a newline at the end.

# 8.20.2.2 void log\_error (const char \* fmt, ...)

Log a message at error level.

Pass parameters in the same format as printf()

Prints a newline at the end.

# 8.20.2.3 void log\_info (const char \* fmt, ...)

Log a message at info level.

Pass parameters in the same format as printf()

Does not print "INFO: " in front of the message when logging

Prints a newline at the end.

# 8.20.2.4 void log\_init (int level)

Setup logging to stderr.

#### **Parameters**

*level* level of logging to be made. Can be one of:

- LOG\_DEBUG
- LOG INFO
- LOG\_WARNING
- LOG\_ERROR

# 8.20.2.5 void log\_tofile (FILE \* logfile, int level)

Set logging to a file.

#### **Parameters**

logfile FILE pointer to the already open file to log to.

*level* level of logging to be made to the file. Can be one of:

- LOG\_DEBUG
- LOG\_INFO
- LOG\_WARNING
- LOG\_ERROR

# 8.20.2.6 void log\_warning (const char \* fmt, ...)

Log a message at warning level.

Pass parameters in the same format as printf()

Prints a newline at the end.

#### 8.20.3 Variable Documentation

# 8.20.3.1 LOGGER logger

Global logger struct.

Only declare in the main program!

# 8.21 src/c/prismg\_main.c File Reference

Generic main function for the prismg\* programs.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <time.h>
```

```
#include "logger.h"
#include "version.h"
#include "grav_prism.h"
#include "utils.h"
#include "cmd.h"
#include "prismg_main.h"
```

#### **Functions**

- void print\_help ()

  Print the help message.
- int run\_prismg\_main (int argc, char \*\*argv, const char \*progname, double(\*field)(PRISM, double, double, double))

Run the main for a generic prismg\* program.

#### **Variables**

• char global\_progname [100]

# 8.21.1 Detailed Description

Generic main function for the prismg\* programs.

#### Author

Leonardo Uieda

### Date

08 Feb 2011

# 8.21.2 Function Documentation

8.21.2.1 int run\_prismg\_main (int *argc*, char \*\* *argv*, const char \* *progname*, double(\*)(PRISM, double, double, double) *field*)

Run the main for a generic prismg\* program.

#### **Parameters**

```
argc number of command line argumentsargv command line argumentsprogname name of the specific programfield pointer to function that calculates the field of a single prism
```

#### Returns

0 is all went well. 1 if failed.

# 8.22 src/c/prismg\_main.h File Reference

Generic main function for the prismg\* programs.

```
#include "utils.h"
```

#### **Functions**

• void print\_help ()

Print the help message.

• int run\_prismg\_main (int argc, char \*\*argv, const char \*progname, double(\*field)(PRISM, double, double, double))

Run the main for a generic prismg\* program.

# 8.22.1 Detailed Description

Generic main function for the prismg\* programs.

#### **Todo**

Option for calculating on spherical coordinates Catch errors in input points that occur at the end of the line

# Author

Leonardo Uieda

# Date

08 Feb 2011

#### 8.22.2 Function Documentation

8.22.2.1 int run\_prismg\_main (int *argc*, char \*\* *argv*, const char \* *progname*, double(\*)(PRISM, double, double, double) *field*)

Run the main for a generic prismg\* program.

# **Parameters**

```
argc number of command line arguments
argv command line arguments
progname name of the specific program
field pointer to function that calculates the field of a single prism
```

#### Returns

0 is all went well. 1 if failed.

# 8.23 src/c/prismgx.c File Reference

Program to calculate gx of a rectangular prism model on a set of points.

```
#include "grav_prism.h"
#include "prismg_main.h"
```

#### **Functions**

```
• int main (int argc, char **argv)

Main.
```

# 8.23.1 Detailed Description

Program to calculate gx of a rectangular prism model on a set of points.

#### Author

Leonardo Uieda

# Date

08 Feb 2011

# 8.24 src/c/prismgxx.c File Reference

Program to calculate gxx of a rectangular prism model on a set of points.

```
#include "grav_prism.h"
#include "prismg_main.h"
```

# **Functions**

```
• int main (int argc, char **argv)

Main.
```

# 8.24.1 Detailed Description

Program to calculate gxx of a rectangular prism model on a set of points.

# Author

Leonardo Uieda

## Date

# 8.25 src/c/prismgxy.c File Reference

Program to calculate gxy of a rectangular prism model on a set of points.

```
#include "grav_prism.h"
#include "prismg_main.h"
```

#### **Functions**

```
• int main (int argc, char **argv)

Main.
```

# 8.25.1 Detailed Description

Program to calculate gxy of a rectangular prism model on a set of points.

#### **Author**

Leonardo Uieda

# Date

08 Feb 2011

# 8.26 src/c/prismgxz.c File Reference

Program to calculate gxz of a rectangular prism model on a set of points.

```
#include "grav_prism.h"
#include "prismg_main.h"
```

# **Functions**

```
• int main (int argc, char **argv)

Main.
```

# 8.26.1 Detailed Description

Program to calculate gxz of a rectangular prism model on a set of points.

# Author

Leonardo Uieda

## Date

# 8.27 src/c/prismgy.c File Reference

Program to calculate gy of a rectangular prism model on a set of points.

```
#include "grav_prism.h"
#include "prismg_main.h"
```

#### **Functions**

```
• int main (int argc, char **argv)

Main.
```

# 8.27.1 Detailed Description

Program to calculate gy of a rectangular prism model on a set of points.

#### Author

Leonardo Uieda

# Date

08 Feb 2011

# 8.28 src/c/prismgyy.c File Reference

Program to calculate gyy of a rectangular prism model on a set of points.

```
#include "grav_prism.h"
#include "prismg_main.h"
```

# **Functions**

```
• int main (int argc, char **argv)

Main.
```

# 8.28.1 Detailed Description

Program to calculate gyy of a rectangular prism model on a set of points.

# Author

Leonardo Uieda

## Date

# 8.29 src/c/prismgyz.c File Reference

Program to calculate gyz of a rectangular prism model on a set of points.

```
#include "grav_prism.h"
#include "prismg_main.h"
```

#### **Functions**

```
• int main (int argc, char **argv)

Main.
```

# 8.29.1 Detailed Description

Program to calculate gyz of a rectangular prism model on a set of points.

#### Author

Leonardo Uieda

# Date

08 Feb 2011

# 8.30 src/c/prismgz.c File Reference

Program to calculate gz of a rectangular prism model on a set of points.

```
#include "grav_prism.h"
#include "prismg_main.h"
```

# **Functions**

```
• int main (int argc, char **argv)

Main.
```

# 8.30.1 Detailed Description

Program to calculate gz of a rectangular prism model on a set of points.

# Author

Leonardo Uieda

## Date

# 8.31 src/c/prismgzz.c File Reference

Program to calculate gzz of a rectangular prism model on a set of points.

```
#include "grav_prism.h"
#include "prismg_main.h"
```

#### **Functions**

```
• int main (int argc, char **argv)

Main.
```

# 8.31.1 Detailed Description

Program to calculate gzz of a rectangular prism model on a set of points.

#### **Author**

Leonardo Uieda

# Date

08 Feb 2011

# 8.32 src/c/tess2prism.c File Reference

Convert a tesseroid model into a prism model in spherical coordinates.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <time.h>
#include "version.h"
#include "cmd.h"
#include "logger.h"
#include "utils.h"
```

#### **Functions**

```
    void print_help ()
        Print the help message.

    int main (int argc, char **argv)
        Main.
```

# 8.32.1 Detailed Description

Convert a tesseroid model into a prism model in spherical coordinates.

#### Author

Leonardo Uieda

#### Date

04 Feb 2011

# 8.33 src/c/tessdefaults.c File Reference

Print the default values of the constants used in the calculations.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <time.h>
#include "version.h"
#include "logger.h"
#include "constants.h"
#include "glq.h"
```

#### **Functions**

```
• void print_help ()

Print the help message.
```

```
• int main (int argc, char **argv)

Main.
```

# 8.33.1 Detailed Description

Print the default values of the constants used in the calculations.

#### Author

Leonardo Uieda

## **Date**

09 Feb 2011

# 8.34 src/c/tessg\_main.c File Reference

Generic main function for the tessg\* programs.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <time.h>
#include "logger.h"
```

```
#include "version.h"
#include "grav_tess.h"
#include "glq.h"
#include "constants.h"
#include "utils.h"
#include "cmd.h"
#include "tessg_main.h"
```

#### **Functions**

• int run\_tessg\_main (int argc, char \*\*argv, const char \*progname, double(\*field)(TESSEROID, double, double, GLQ, GLQ, GLQ))

Run the main for a generic tessg\* program.

# 8.34.1 Detailed Description

Generic main function for the tessg\* programs.

#### Author

Leonardo Uieda

#### Date

03 Feb 2011

# 8.34.2 Function Documentation

8.34.2.1 int run\_tessg\_main (int argc, char \*\* argv, const char \* progname, double(\*)(TESSEROID, double, double, double, GLQ, GLQ, GLQ) field)

Run the main for a generic tessg\* program.

#### **Parameters**

```
argc number of command line argumentsargv command line argumentsprogname name of the specific programfield pointer to function that calculates the field of a single tesseroid
```

#### **Returns**

0 is all went well. 1 if failed.

# 8.35 src/c/tessg\_main.h File Reference

Generic main function for the tessg\* programs.

```
#include "glq.h"
#include "utils.h"
```

#### **Functions**

• int run\_tessg\_main (int argc, char \*\*argv, const char \*progname, double(\*field)(TESSEROID, double, double, double, GLQ, GLQ, GLQ))

Run the main for a generic tessg\* program.

# 8.35.1 Detailed Description

Generic main function for the tessg\* programs.

#### **Todo**

Catch errors in input points that occur at the end of the line

#### Author

Leonardo Uieda

# Date

03 Feb 2011

# 8.35.2 Function Documentation

```
8.35.2.1 int run_tessg_main (int argc, char ** argv, const char * progname, double(*)(TESSEROID, double, double, double, GLQ, GLQ) field)
```

Run the main for a generic tessg\* program.

#### **Parameters**

```
argc number of command line arguments
argv command line arguments
progname name of the specific program
field pointer to function that calculates the field of a single tesseroid
```

#### Returns

0 is all went well. 1 if failed.

# 8.36 src/c/tessgrd.c File Reference

Program to generate a regular grid of points.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <time.h>
#include "logger.h"
#include "version.h"
#include "cmd.h"
```

#### **Functions**

```
• int main (int argc, char **argv)

Main.
```

# 8.36.1 Detailed Description

Program to generate a regular grid of points.

# **Todo**

```
Catch wrong order of -r arguments ie. w > e or s > n
```

# Author

Leonardo Uieda

#### Date

01 Feb 2011

# 8.37 src/c/tessgx.c File Reference

Program to calculate gx of a tesseroid model on a set of points.

```
#include "grav_tess.h"
#include "tessg_main.h"
```

#### **Functions**

```
• int main (int argc, char **argv)

Main.
```

# 8.37.1 Detailed Description

Program to calculate gx of a tesseroid model on a set of points.

#### Author

Leonardo Uieda

#### Date

02 Feb 2011

# 8.38 src/c/tessgxx.c File Reference

Program to calculate gxx of a tesseroid model on a set of points.

```
#include "grav_tess.h"
#include "tessg_main.h"
```

#### **Functions**

```
• int main (int argc, char **argv)

Main.
```

#### 8.38.1 Detailed Description

Program to calculate gxx of a tesseroid model on a set of points.

# Author

Leonardo Uieda

#### Date

02 Feb 2011

# 8.39 src/c/tessgxy.c File Reference

Program to calculate gxy of a tesseroid model on a set of points.

```
#include "grav_tess.h"
#include "tessg_main.h"
```

# **Functions**

```
• int main (int argc, char **argv)

Main.
```

# 8.39.1 Detailed Description

Program to calculate gxy of a tesseroid model on a set of points.

# Author

Leonardo Uieda

#### **Date**

02 Feb 2011

# 8.40 src/c/tessgxz.c File Reference

Program to calculate gxz of a tesseroid model on a set of points.

```
#include "grav_tess.h"
#include "tessg_main.h"
```

#### **Functions**

• int main (int argc, char \*\*argv)

Main.

# 8.40.1 Detailed Description

Program to calculate gxz of a tesseroid model on a set of points.

#### Author

Leonardo Uieda

#### Date

02 Feb 2011

# 8.41 src/c/tessgy.c File Reference

Program to calculate gy of a tesseroid model on a set of points.

```
#include "grav_tess.h"
#include "tessg_main.h"
```

# **Functions**

• int main (int argc, char \*\*argv) *Main*.

# 8.41.1 Detailed Description

Program to calculate gy of a tesseroid model on a set of points.

#### Author

Leonardo Uieda

#### Date

# 8.42 src/c/tessgyy.c File Reference

Program to calculate gyy of a tesseroid model on a set of points.

```
#include "grav_tess.h"
#include "tessg_main.h"
```

#### **Functions**

```
• int main (int argc, char **argv)

Main.
```

# 8.42.1 Detailed Description

Program to calculate gyy of a tesseroid model on a set of points.

#### Author

Leonardo Uieda

# Date

02 Feb 2011

# 8.43 src/c/tessgyz.c File Reference

Program to calculate gyz of a tesseroid model on a set of points.

```
#include "grav_tess.h"
#include "tessg_main.h"
```

# **Functions**

```
• int main (int argc, char **argv)

Main.
```

# 8.43.1 Detailed Description

Program to calculate gyz of a tesseroid model on a set of points.

# Author

Leonardo Uieda

## Date

# 8.44 src/c/tessgz.c File Reference

Program to calculate gz of a tesseroid model on a set of points.

```
#include "grav_tess.h"
#include "tessg_main.h"
```

#### **Functions**

```
• int main (int argc, char **argv)

Main.
```

# 8.44.1 Detailed Description

Program to calculate gz of a tesseroid model on a set of points.

#### Author

Leonardo Uieda

# Date

02 Feb 2011

# 8.45 src/c/tessgzz.c File Reference

Program to calculate gzz of a tesseroid model on a set of points.

```
#include "grav_tess.h"
#include "tessg_main.h"
```

# **Functions**

```
• int main (int argc, char **argv)

Main.
```

# 8.45.1 Detailed Description

Program to calculate gzz of a tesseroid model on a set of points.

# Author

Leonardo Uieda

## Date

# 8.46 src/c/tessmass.c File Reference

Calculate the mass of a tesseroid model.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <time.h>
#include "version.h"
#include "cmd.h"
#include "logger.h"
#include "utils.h"
```

#### **Functions**

```
• void print_help ()

Print the help message.
```

```
• int main (int argc, char **argv)

Main.
```

# 8.46.1 Detailed Description

Calculate the mass of a tesseroid model.

# Author

Leonardo Uieda

# Date

09 Feb 2011

# 8.47 src/c/tessmodgen.c File Reference

Generate tesseroid model from a regular grid.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <time.h>
#include "version.h"
#include "cmd.h"
#include "logger.h"
#include "utils.h"
```

#### **Functions**

• void print\_help ()

Print the help message.

```
• int main (int argc, char **argv)

Main.
```

#### 8.47.1 Detailed Description

Generate tesseroid model from a regular grid.

# Author

Leonardo Uieda

#### **Date**

09 Feb 2011

# 8.48 src/c/utils.c File Reference

Set of misc utilities and data structures.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "constants.h"
#include "logger.h"
#include "utils.h"
```

#### **Functions**

- void split\_tess (TESSEROID tess, TESSEROID \*split) Split a tesseroid into 8.
- double tess\_total\_mass (TESSEROID \*model, int size)

  Calculate the total mass of a tesseroid model.
- double tess\_range\_mass (TESSEROID \*model, int size, double low\_dens, double high\_dens)

  Calculate the mass of a tesseroid model within a density range.
- void tess2prism (TESSEROID tess, PRISM \*prism)

  Convert a tesseroid into a rectangular prism of equal volume.
- void tess2sphere (TESSEROID tess, SPHERE \*sphere)

  Convert a tesseroid into a sphere of equal volume.
- void prism2sphere (PRISM prism, double lonc, double late, double rc, SPHERE \*sphere)

  Convert a rectangular prism into a sphere of equal volume.
- double tess\_volume (TESSEROID tess)

Calculate the volume of a tesseroid.

• double sphere\_volume (SPHERE sphere)

Calculate the volume of a sphere.

• double prism\_volume (PRISM prism)

Calculate the volume of a prism.

• void strstrip (char \*str)

Strip trailing spaces and newlines from the end of a string.

• int gets\_tess (const char \*str, TESSEROID \*tess)

Read a single tesseroid from a string.

• TESSEROID \* read\_tess\_model (FILE \*modelfile, int \*size)

Read tesseroids from an open file and store them in an array.

• int gets\_prism (const char \*str, PRISM \*prism)

Read a single rectangular prism from a string.

• PRISM \* read\_prism\_model (FILE \*modelfile, int \*size)

Read rectangular prisms from an open file and store them in an array.

# 8.48.1 Detailed Description

Set of misc utilities and data structures. Defines the TESSEROID, SPHERE and PRISM structures.

# Author

Leonardo Uieda

#### Date

25 Jan 2011

#### 8.48.2 Function Documentation

# 8.48.2.1 int gets\_prism (const char \* str, PRISM \* prism)

Read a single rectangular prism from a string.

# **Parameters**

str string with the tesseroid parametersprism used to return the read prism

#### Returns

0 if all went well, 1 if failed to read.

#### **Todo**

Catch wrong order of model inputs, ie. x1 > x2 etc

#### **Todo**

Read the position of the prism from the string

# 8.48.2.2 int gets\_tess (const char \* str, TESSEROID \* tess)

Read a single tesseroid from a string.

#### **Parameters**

```
str string with the tesseroid parameters tess used to return the read tesseroid
```

#### Returns

0 if all went well, 1 if failed to read.

#### **Todo**

Catch wrong order of model inputs, ie. w > e or s > n or top < bottom

# 8.48.2.3 void prism2sphere (PRISM *prism*, double *lonc*, double *latc*, double *rc*, SPHERE \* *sphere*)

Convert a rectangular prism into a sphere of equal volume.

Parameters:

#### **Parameters**

```
prism prism to convert
lonc longitude of the desired center of the sphere, in degrees
late latitude of the desired center of the sphere, in degrees
re radial coordinate of the desired center of the sphere, in SI units
sphere sphere with equal volume of the prism (used to return)
```

# 8.48.2.4 double prism\_volume (PRISM prism)

Calculate the volume of a prism.

# **Parameters**

prism the prism whose volume will be calculated

#### Returns

the volume in the respective units

# 8.48.2.5 PRISM\* read\_prism\_model (FILE \* modelfile, int \* size)

Read rectangular prisms from an open file and store them in an array.

Allocates memory. Don't forget to free 'model'!

#### **Parameters**

modelfile open FILE for reading with the model size used to return the size of the model read

#### Returns

pointer to array with the model. NULL if there was an error

#### 8.48.2.6 TESSEROID\* read tess model (FILE \* modelfile, int \* size)

Read tesseroids from an open file and store them in an array.

Allocates memory. Don't forget to free 'model'!

#### **Parameters**

*modelfile* open FILE for reading with the tesseroid model *size* used to return the size of the model read

#### **Returns**

pointer to array with the model. NULL if there was an error

# 8.48.2.7 double sphere\_volume (SPHERE sphere)

Calculate the volume of a sphere.

#### **Parameters**

sphere the sphere whose volume will be calculated

#### Returns

the volume in the respective units

# 8.48.2.8 void split\_tess (TESSEROID tess, TESSEROID \* split)

Split a tesseroid into 8.

#### **Parameters**

*tess* tesseroid that will be split *split* array of 8 tesseroids with memory allocated. Used to return.

# 8.48.2.9 void strstrip (char \* str)

Strip trailing spaces and newlines from the end of a string.

Done IN PLACE!

#### **Parameters**

str string to strip

# 8.48.2.10 void tess2prism (TESSEROID tess, PRISM \* prism)

Convert a tesseroid into a rectangular prism of equal volume.

#### **Parameters**

```
tess tesseroid to convertprism prism with equal volume of the tesseroid (used to return)
```

# **Todo**

Put reference for formulas

# 8.48.2.11 void tess2sphere (TESSEROID tess, SPHERE \* sphere)

Convert a tesseroid into a sphere of equal volume.

Parameters:

#### **Parameters**

```
tess tesseroid to convert
sphere sphere with equal volume of the tesseroid (used to return)
```

# 8.48.2.12 double tess\_range\_mass (TESSEROID \* model, int size, double low\_dens, double high\_dens)

Calculate the mass of a tesseroid model within a density range.

Give all in SI units and degrees!

#### **Parameters**

```
model array of tesseroidssize size of the modellow_dens lower bound of the density range
```

high\_dens upper bound of the density range

#### Returns

The calculated mass

# **8.48.2.13** double tess\_total\_mass (TESSEROID \* *model*, int *size*)

Calculate the total mass of a tesseroid model.

Give all in SI units and degrees!

#### **Parameters**

```
model array of tesseroidssize size of the model
```

#### Returns

The calculated mass

# 8.48.2.14 double tess\_volume (TESSEROID tess)

Calculate the volume of a tesseroid.

# **Parameters**

tess the tesseroid whose volume will be calculated

### Returns

the volume in the respective units

# 8.49 src/c/utils.h File Reference

Set of misc utilities and data structures.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

#### **Data Structures**

• struct TESSEROID

Store information on a tesseroid.

• struct PRISM

Store information on a rectangular prism.

• struct SPHERE

Store information on a sphere.

#### **Functions**

- void split\_tess (TESSEROID tess, TESSEROID \*split) Split a tesseroid into 8.
- double tess\_total\_mass (TESSEROID \*model, int size)

  Calculate the total mass of a tesseroid model.
- double tess\_range\_mass (TESSEROID \*model, int size, double low\_dens, double high\_dens)

  Calculate the mass of a tesseroid model within a density range.
- void tess2prism (TESSEROID tess, PRISM \*prism)
   Convert a tesseroid into a rectangular prism of equal volume.
- void tess2sphere (TESSEROID tess, SPHERE \*sphere)

  Convert a tesseroid into a sphere of equal volume.
- void prism2sphere (PRISM prism, double lonc, double latc, double rc, SPHERE \*sphere)

  Convert a rectangular prism into a sphere of equal volume.
- double tess\_volume (TESSEROID tess)

  Calculate the volume of a tesseroid.
- double sphere\_volume (SPHERE sphere)

  Calculate the volume of a sphere.
- double prism\_volume (PRISM prism)

  Calculate the volume of a prism.
- void strstrip (char \*str)
   Strip trailing spaces and newlines from the end of a string.
- int gets\_tess (const char \*str, TESSEROID \*tess)

  Read a single tesseroid from a string.
- TESSEROID \* read\_tess\_model (FILE \*modelfile, int \*size)

  Read tesseroids from an open file and store them in an array.
- int gets\_prism (const char \*str, PRISM \*prism)

  Read a single rectangular prism from a string.
- PRISM \* read\_prism\_model (FILE \*modelfile, int \*size)
   Read rectangular prisms from an open file and store them in an array.

#### 8.49.1 Detailed Description

Set of misc utilities and data structures. Defines the TESSEROID, SPHERE and PRISM structures.

#### **Author**

Leonardo Uieda

#### Date

25 Jan 2011

## 8.49.2 Function Documentation

```
8.49.2.1 int gets_prism (const char * str, PRISM * prism)
```

Read a single rectangular prism from a string.

#### **Parameters**

```
str string with the tesseroid parametersprism used to return the read prism
```

#### Returns

0 if all went well, 1 if failed to read.

#### **Todo**

Catch wrong order of model inputs, ie. x1 > x2 etc

## Todo

Read the position of the prism from the string

## 8.49.2.2 int gets\_tess (const char \* str, TESSEROID \* tess)

Read a single tesseroid from a string.

#### **Parameters**

```
str string with the tesseroid parameters
tess used to return the read tesseroid
```

#### Returns

0 if all went well, 1 if failed to read.

#### **Todo**

Catch wrong order of model inputs, ie. w > e or s > n or top < bottom

# 8.49.2.3 void prism2sphere (PRISM prism, double lonc, double latc, double rc, SPHERE \* sphere)

Convert a rectangular prism into a sphere of equal volume.

Parameters:

#### **Parameters**

prism prism to convert
lonc longitude of the desired center of the sphere, in degrees
latc latitude of the desired center of the sphere, in degrees
rc radial coordinate of the desired center of the sphere, in SI units
sphere sphere with equal volume of the prism (used to return)

## 8.49.2.4 double prism\_volume (PRISM prism)

Calculate the volume of a prism.

#### **Parameters**

prism the prism whose volume will be calculated

## Returns

the volume in the respective units

## 8.49.2.5 PRISM\* read\_prism\_model (FILE \* modelfile, int \* size)

Read rectangular prisms from an open file and store them in an array.

Allocates memory. Don't forget to free 'model'!

#### **Parameters**

modelfile open FILE for reading with the model
size used to return the size of the model read

#### Returns

pointer to array with the model. NULL if there was an error

## 8.49.2.6 TESSEROID\* read\_tess\_model (FILE \* modelfile, int \* size)

Read tesseroids from an open file and store them in an array.

Allocates memory. Don't forget to free 'model'!

#### **Parameters**

*modelfile* open FILE for reading with the tesseroid model *size* used to return the size of the model read

#### Returns

pointer to array with the model. NULL if there was an error

## 8.49.2.7 double sphere\_volume (SPHERE sphere)

Calculate the volume of a sphere.

#### **Parameters**

sphere the sphere whose volume will be calculated

#### Returns

the volume in the respective units

## 8.49.2.8 void split\_tess (TESSEROID tess, TESSEROID \* split)

Split a tesseroid into 8.

## **Parameters**

```
tess tesseroid that will be split split array of 8 tesseroids with memory allocated. Used to return.
```

#### 8.49.2.9 void strstrip (char \* str)

Strip trailing spaces and newlines from the end of a string.

Done IN PLACE!

#### **Parameters**

str string to strip

## 8.49.2.10 void tess2prism (TESSEROID tess, PRISM \* prism)

Convert a tesseroid into a rectangular prism of equal volume.

#### **Parameters**

```
tess tesseroid to convert prism prism with equal volume of the tesseroid (used to return)
```

#### **Todo**

Put reference for formulas

## 8.49.2.11 void tess2sphere (TESSEROID tess, SPHERE \* sphere)

Convert a tesseroid into a sphere of equal volume.

Parameters:

#### **Parameters**

```
tess tesseroid to convert 
sphere sphere with equal volume of the tesseroid (used to return)
```

## 8.49.2.12 double tess\_range\_mass (TESSEROID \* model, int size, double low\_dens, double high\_dens)

Calculate the mass of a tesseroid model within a density range.

Give all in SI units and degrees!

#### **Parameters**

```
model array of tesseroidssize size of the modellow_dens lower bound of the density rangehigh_dens upper bound of the density range
```

## Returns

The calculated mass

## 8.49.2.13 double tess\_total\_mass (TESSEROID \* model, int size)

Calculate the total mass of a tesseroid model.

Give all in SI units and degrees!

## **Parameters**

```
model array of tesseroidssize size of the model
```

## Returns

The calculated mass

## 8.49.2.14 double tess\_volume (TESSEROID tess)

Calculate the volume of a tesseroid.

#### **Parameters**

tess the tesseroid whose volume will be calculated

#### Returns

the volume in the respective units

#### 8.50 src/c/version.c File Reference

Hold the version number of the project.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "version.h"
```

#### **Functions**

• void print\_version (const char \*progname)

Print version and license information.

#### Variables

• const char tesseroids\_version [] = "1.0" Current project version number.

## 8.50.1 Detailed Description

Hold the version number of the project.

## Author

Leonardo Uieda

## Date

02 Feb 2011

#### 8.50.2 Function Documentation

#### **8.50.2.1** void print\_version (const char \* progname)

Print version and license information.

## **Parameters**

progname name of the program

## 8.51 src/c/version.h File Reference

Hold the version number of the project.

#### **Functions**

• void print\_version (const char \*progname)

Print version and license information.

#### **Variables**

• const char tesseroids\_version []

Current project version number.

## 8.51.1 Detailed Description

Hold the version number of the project.

#### Author

Leonardo Uieda

## Date

01 Feb 2011

#### 8.51.2 Function Documentation

## **8.51.2.1** void print\_version (const char \* progname)

Print version and license information.

#### **Parameters**

progname name of the program

## 8.52 TODO.h File Reference

To do list.

## 8.52.1 Detailed Description

To do list. TESTS:

#### **Todo**

Check error in not rotating prism Check error os using tesseroid in poles

#### PROGRAMS:

#### **Todo**

Programs to calculate the effect of a sphere model in spherical coordinates

API:

#### **Todo**

Make minunit into functions and put variable arguments for messages like printf

DOC:

#### **Todo**

Make doxygen groups to separate programs from api

MAYBE:

#### **Todo**

Generate VTK file to plot tesseroids in Mayavi2 or Paraview

#### DONE:

- (Done 27/Jan/2011) Include automatic documentation with doxygen
- (Done 28/Jan/2011) Make integration test to compare tess to sphere and prism to sphere
- (Done 02/Feb/2011) Move grid generation to a separate program
- (Done 08/Feb/2011) Programs to calculate the effect of a prism model in cartesian coordinates
- (Done 09/Feb/2011) Program to calculate the total mass of a model (with options for cut-off density values)
- (Done 09/Feb/2011) Program to generate tesseroid model from an regular grid
- (Done 09/Feb/2011) Program to print default values for constants
- (Done 10/Feb/2011) Fix local z axis positive upward. Change all depths when defining tesseroids to negative heights.
- (Done 11/Feb/2011) Adaptatively resize tesseroid when too close to computation point (with fixed GLQ order)

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