SciKit Learn Preprocessing Overview

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In [3]:
         import numpy as np
 In [4]: from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
         data = np.random.randint(0,100,(10,2))
In [11]:
In [12]:
         data
Out[12]: array([[56, 95],
                 [68, 83],
                 [ 5, 62],
                 [84, 1],
                 [78, 4],
                 [24, 56],
                 [72, 42],
                [25, 32],
                 [91, 20],
                [22, 48]])
In [13]: scaler model = MinMaxScaler()
In [14]: scaler_model.fit(data)
         C:\Users\Marcial\Anaconda3\envs\tf 1 3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils
         \validation.py:444: DataConversionWarning: Data with input dtype int32
         was converted to float64 by MinMaxScaler.
           warnings.warn(msg, DataConversionWarning)
Out[14]: MinMaxScaler(copy=True, feature range=(0, 1))
In [15]: scaler model.transform(data)
Out[15]: array([[ 0.59302326,
                                          ],
                [ 0.73255814,
                                0.872340431,
                [ 0.
                                0.64893617],
                 [ 0.91860465,
                                0.03191489],
                [ 0.84883721,
                 [ 0.22093023,
                                0.58510638],
                 [ 0.77906977,
                                0.43617021],
                 [ 0.23255814,
                                0.329787231,
                                0.20212766],
                [ 1.
                [ 0.19767442,
                                0.5
                                          ]])
```

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In [16]: # In one step
         result = scaler model.fit transform(data)
         C:\Users\Marcial\Anaconda3\envs\tf 1 3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils
         \validation.py:444: DataConversionWarning: Data with input dtype int32
         was converted to float64 by MinMaxScaler.
           warnings.warn(msg, DataConversionWarning)
In [18]:
         result
Out[18]: array([[ 0.59302326,
                                1.
                                           ],
                                0.872340431,
                 [ 0.73255814,
                 .01
                                0.64893617],
                 [ 0.91860465,
                                0.
                 [ 0.84883721,
                                0.03191489],
                 [ 0.22093023,
                                0.58510638],
                 [ 0.77906977,
                                0.43617021],
                 [ 0.23255814,
                                0.32978723],
                                0.20212766],
                 [ 1.
                 [ 0.19767442,
                                0.5
                                          ]])
In [20]:
         import pandas as pd
         data = pd.DataFrame(data=np.random.randint(0,101,(50,4)),columns=['f1',
In [21]:
          'f2','f3','label'])
In [24]: data.head()
Out[24]:
               f2 f3 label
            79
               12 96
          0
                     29
          1
            35
               75 | 39
                     84
          2
            5
               61
                  62 87
          3
           97
               85
                  76
                     69
               65
                  30
                     64
In [25]: x = data[['f1','f2','f3']] \# Alternatively x = data.drop('label',axis=1)
         y = data['label']
In [26]: from sklearn.model selection import train test split
In [27]: X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(x,y,test size=0.3,ra
         ndom state=101)
In [28]: X train.shape
Out[28]: (35, 3)
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In [29]: X_test.shape
Out[29]: (15, 3)
In [30]: y_train.shape
Out[30]: (35,)
In [31]: y_test.shape
Out[31]: (15,)
```

Great Job!