ARRANGEMENT ARCHITECTURE Product Setup & Technical Guide

Amendment History

Version	Date	Author / Changed By	Status
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Version: V 0.2, 23rd July 2015

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1. Introduction

This document helps the user to understand about the functionality of Arrangement Architecture (AA) and flow of product setup and technical aspects in AA.

2. Components of AA

In AA, we have 5 major components are below,

Product Line Product Group Product Property class

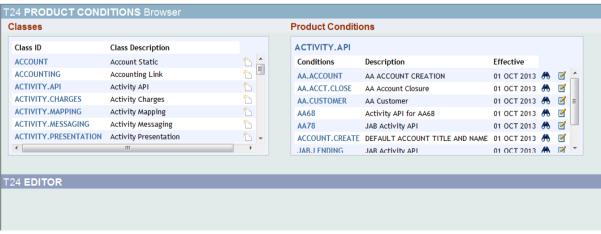
Product conditions

2.1 Flow of AA

From 5 major components, 3 are available under "**Products**" link and remaining 2 under "**Product Conditions**".





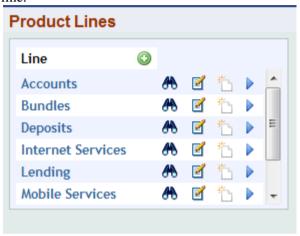


In the above components, Product Line and Product Group will be created only by Temenos. In other components, we will be able to define conditions.

2.2 Product Line

Product Line is a high level definition of the business component which was created by Temenos. We can't able to create or modify anything in this Product Line.

It is where we select the purpose of what we are going to do. If we wish to get a loan, then we will go with "Lending" product line. If we wish to deposit, then we select "Deposits" product line.



2.3 Product Group

Product group provides basic shape to the product. This is where we will select which loan we are going to take. For example: if we wish to take personal loan, we will select "Personal Loan" product group.



2.4 Product

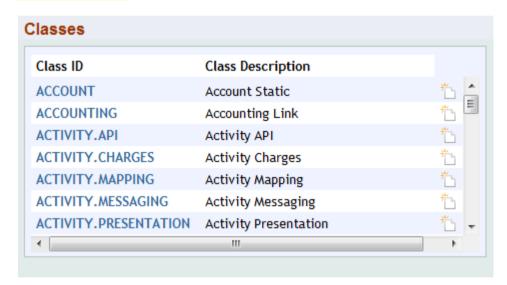
This is where the user links the desired properties to appropriate conditions.

For the product group we selected, we will have different products to use. In this product, we will define the conditions about how the product should behave.



2.5 Property Class

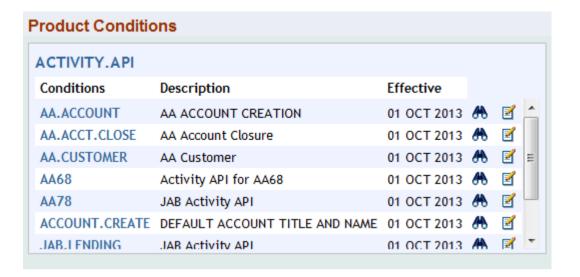
Class is where will have set of activities to behave. These can be given by Temenos and cannot be amended.



Some major used classes are ACTIVITY.API and ACTIVITY.PRESENTATION.

2.6 Product Conditions

Product Condition is where we will define the behavior.



3. Defining conditions

In the product condition, we will define conditions for classes. For the respective class, there will be some set of conditions to define the class.

For example: We are considering ACTIVITY.API, we have to create or modify to define conditions.

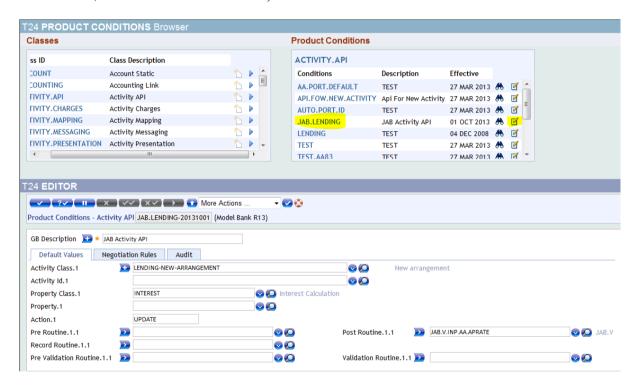
Some of the frequently used classes are given below:

3.1 ACTIVITY.API

This is the place where we play around with routines.

In this ACTIVITY.API only, we have to attach routines.

Here, user can define ACTIVITY, PROPERTY.CLASS and ACTION.



In order to define our local routines we have to provide valid **Activity Class / Activity ID** along with the **Property class/ Property** along with **Action.**

From the above screenshot, our routine will get triggered whenever the user updates the values in the Interest tab/section for a new a Lending contract.

We can define routines under following sections.

Record routine

Triggered when record opens

Pre validation routine

Triggered before core validation of the record

Validation routine

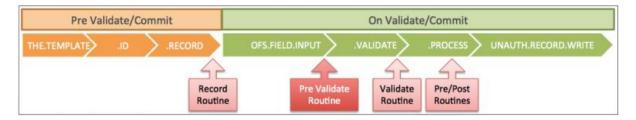
Triggered during validation

Pre routine

Triggered before the defined action takes place

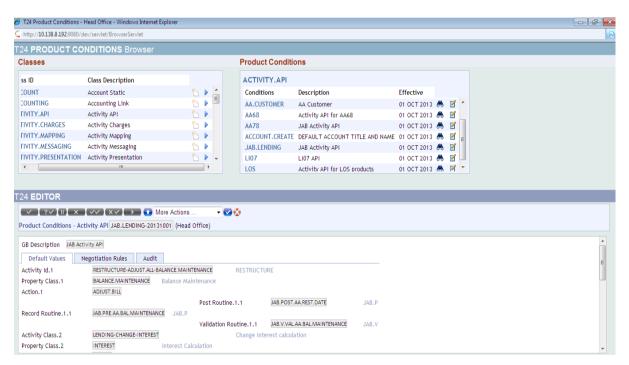
Post routine

Triggered after the defined action takes place



Above given screenshot clearly shows, in which stage which routine will get triggered.

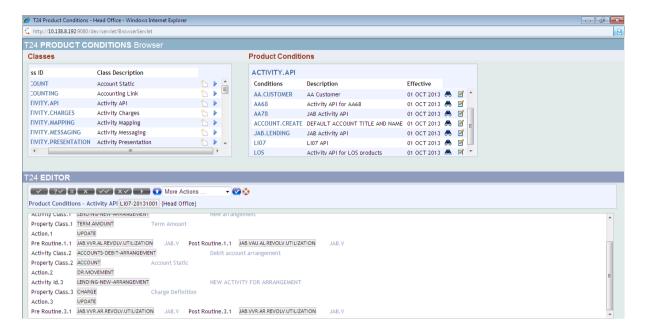
The below screenshot shows the attachment of Record, Validation and Post routine in the product JAB.LENDING.



Validation routine:

From the above screenshot our routine will get triggered whenever the user adjust the bill then validate the record for a "RESTRUCTURE-ADJUST-ALL-BALANCE-MAINTAINTENANCE" activity and Action—"ADJUST-BILL".

Pre Routine:

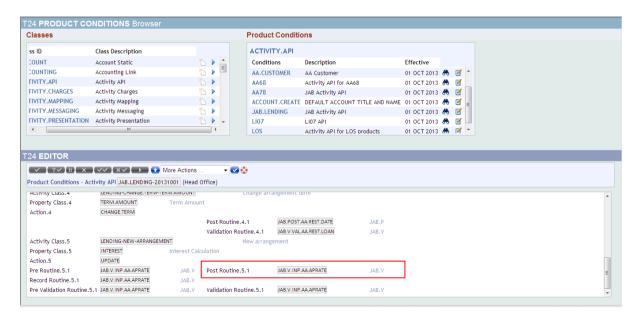


From the above screenshot our routine will get triggered whenever the user opens the record and updates in the Charge tab/section for a new a Lending contract.

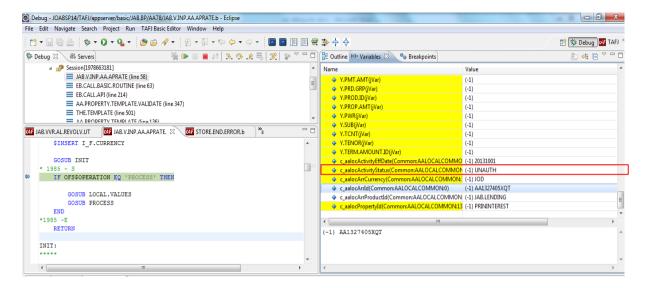
Post Routine:

Post routine is triggered both UNAUTH and AUTH status for a Lending New Arrangement.

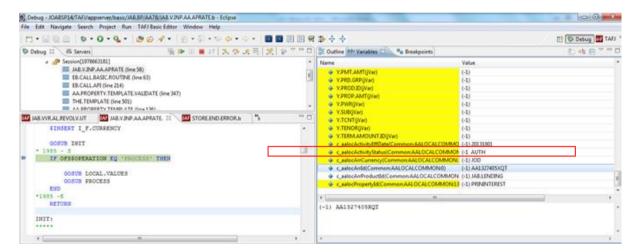
Local routine to perform the required action is attached as Post routine in JAB.LENDING product.



The below screenshot shows the post routine triggered with "UNAUTH" status,



The below screenshot shows the post routine triggered with "AUTH" status,



Note:

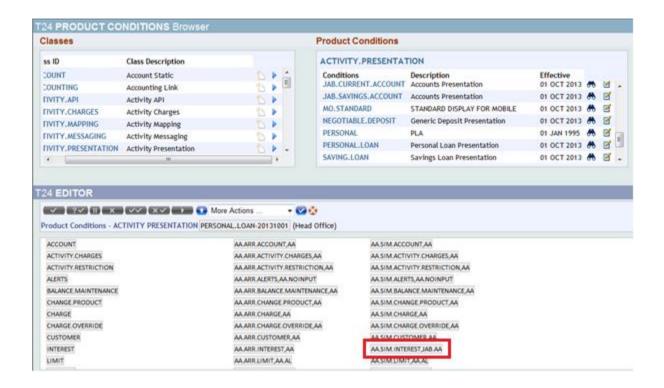
Pre and Post routines are called during all stages of template – like Input, Delete, Authorization, and Reversal. Hence the developer should always branch the control using **OFS\$OPERATION**.

For ex: From the above screenshot, we have given as OFS\$OPERATION EQ "PROCESS". If condition gets satisfied, then system will process the defined code. Else, it will return. This is how we are taking control on code for pre and post routines.

3.2 ACTIVITY.PRESENTATION

It is used for defining various versions in a single screen which will be used for different Property classes/Properties/Activities during an entry.

Here, we will attach VERSIONS.

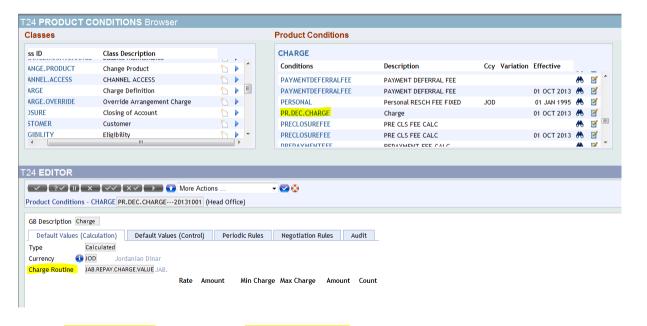


No routines should be defined in the versions defined in ACTIVITY.PRESENTATION. The versions should only define screen layout.

Adding local field to the application is covered in Section 5.

3.3 CHARGE

This property is used to define charges. This property class can be added to PAYMENT SCHEDULE property class for defining scheduled charges. To define charges related to an activity this class can be used in ACTIVITY CHARGE property class.

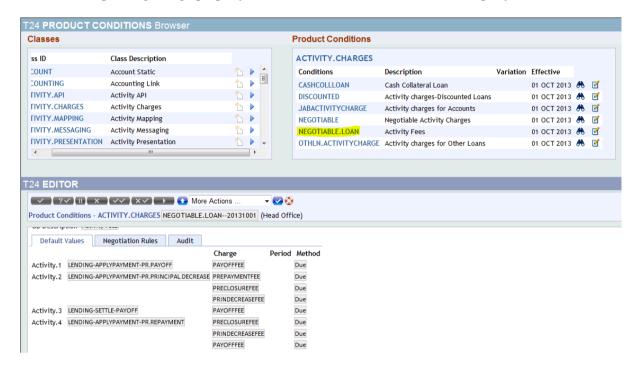


Charge routine field is used to define calculation as required by user. Usually, we will attach routine in this field to calculate charge.

3.4 ACTIVITY.CHARGES

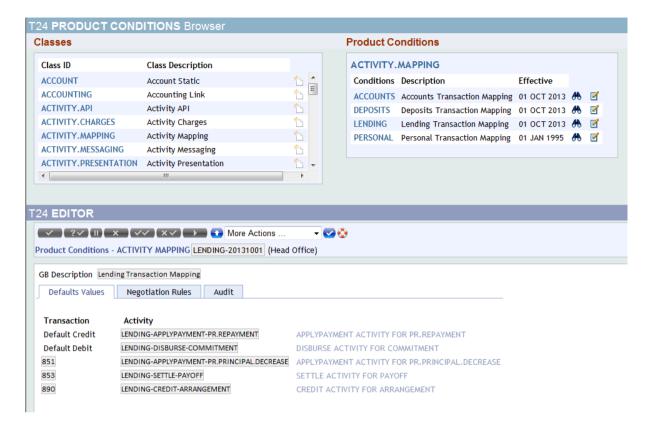
It defines the charge that needs to be applied when activity is triggered.

For example: If we increase/decrease Term amount (LENDING-INCREASE-TERM.AMOUNT/LENDING-DECREASE-TERM.AMOUNT) in an arrangement, corresponding charge property will be called which was defined in Property conditions.



3.5 **ACTIVITY.MAPPING**

In this property class, we will define about which transaction code to be hit during respective activities.

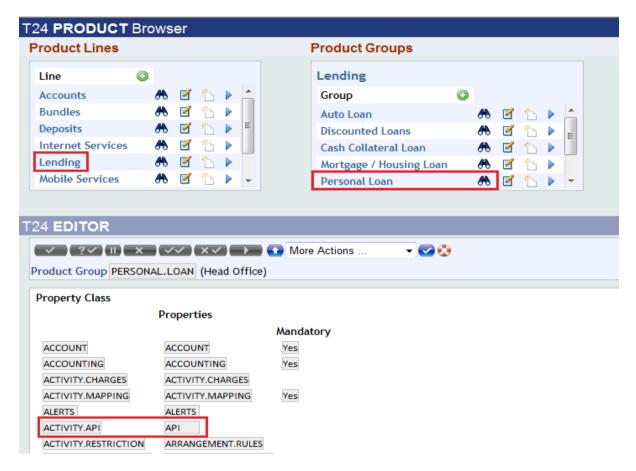


4. Activity setup flow of AA

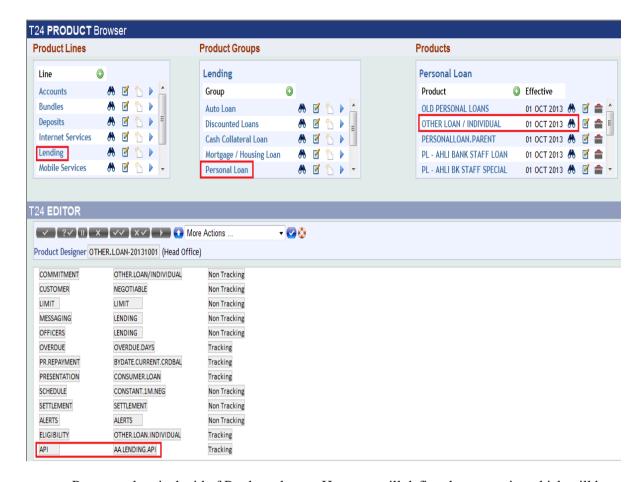
While setting up the product, we have to consider **Property classes and Property conditions** in Product Group and Product respectively.

For example: Please see the below screenshots showing flow of attaching API to product.

Lending -> Personal Loan (View) -> Activity API -> API

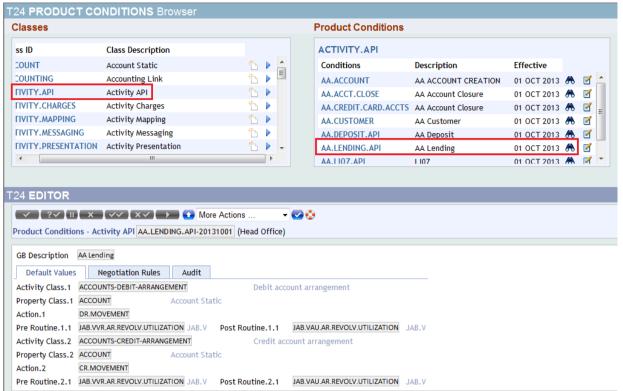


In the above screenshot, Property class is ACTIVITY.API and the id given for this property class is API. This should be given in the Property Condition.



Property class is the id of Product classes. Here, we will define the properties which will be used in Product designer.

From the above screenshot, AA.LENDING.API is the property condition defined in product. Also, it is the id of Activity.API class.



In this API, we have attached routines as Pre & Post.

The above given setup is for one property class. Likewise, we have to setup for other activities based on the requirement.

5. Adding Local Reference Field

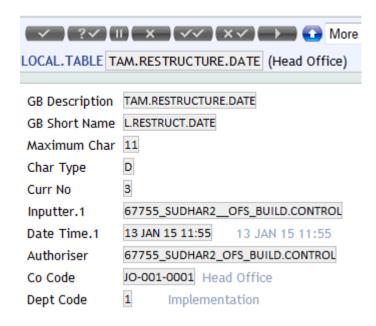
AA Properties shares the same field layout across 4 different files:

- Designer (Example: AA.PRD.DES.CUSTOMER)
- Proofing (Example: AA.PRD.PRF.CUSTOMER)
- Catalog (Example: AA.PRD.CAT.CUSTOMER)
- Arrangement (Example: AA.ARR.CUSTOMER)

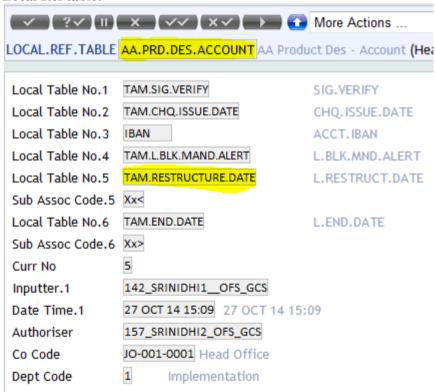
To avoid duplicity and maintain data integrity, AA allows definition of Local reference fields to just one file (the PRD.DES files) and replicates the same across other levels automatically.

We have given below the screenshots of local field and it was attached to the AA.PRD.DES.ACCOUNT table.

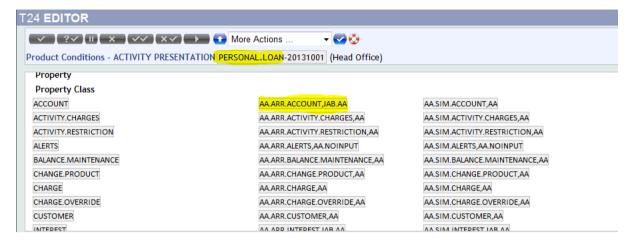
Local table:



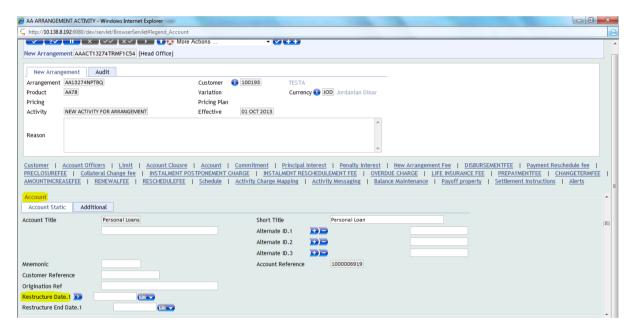
Local Ref table:



The above local field is attached to the version AA.ARR.ACCOUNT,JAB.AA which was attached to the ACTIVITY.PRESENTATION>PERSONAL.LOAN



The above setup will lead to display the LRF in the Account property tab. The screenshot is given below:



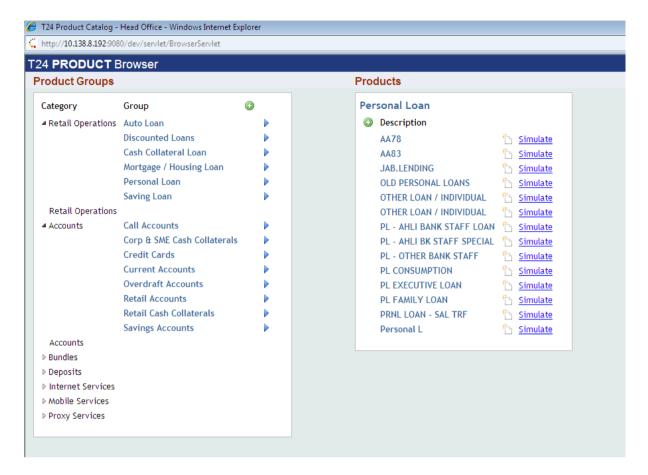
Till now, we have seen the technical functionality of AA. Now, we are going to learn about the business flow in AA.

6. New Arrangement Architecture

While creating a new Arrangement Architecture, it displays multiple Product groups and Product.

Every Product Groups contains different Products.

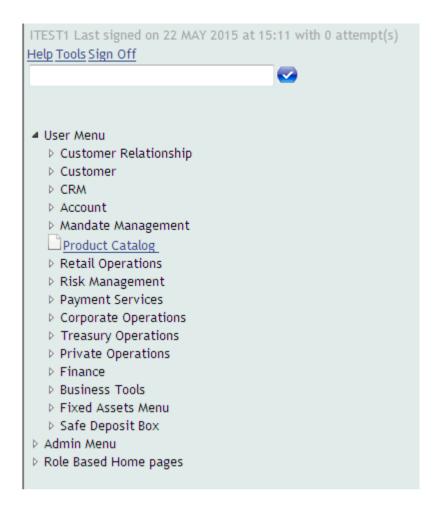
Please find below the product groups and products in the product catalog which is defined in the products and product conditions.



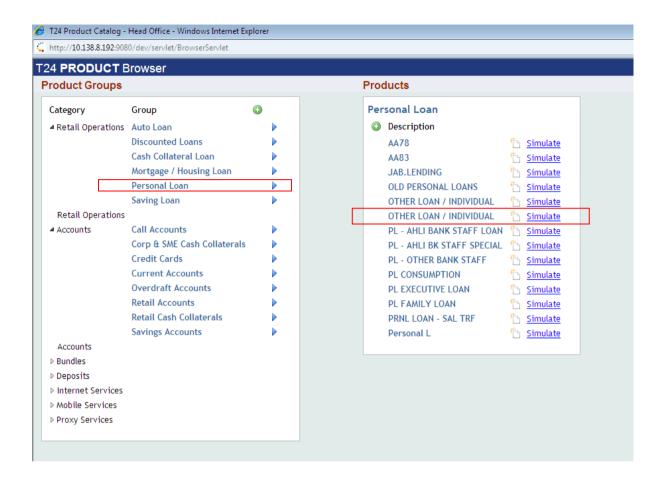
6.1 Create New Arrangement Architecture

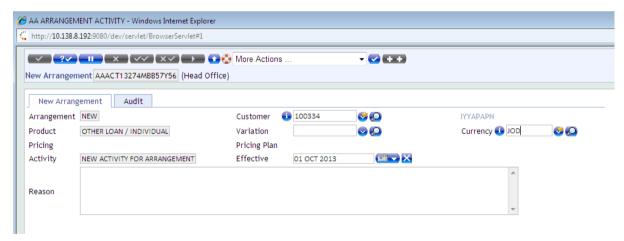
To create New Arrangement Architecture via T24 browser, follow the below steps

Click on User Menu -> Product Catalog

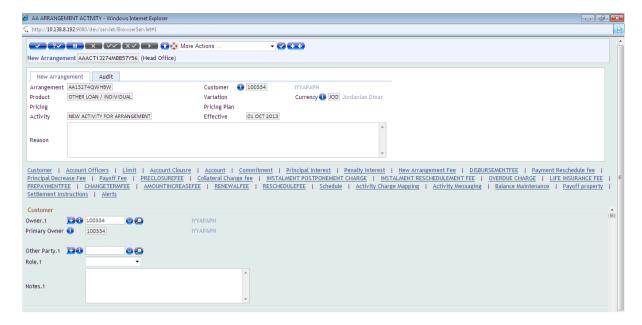


Pop up window will be opened, Choose Product Group as Personal Loan & Product as Other Loan

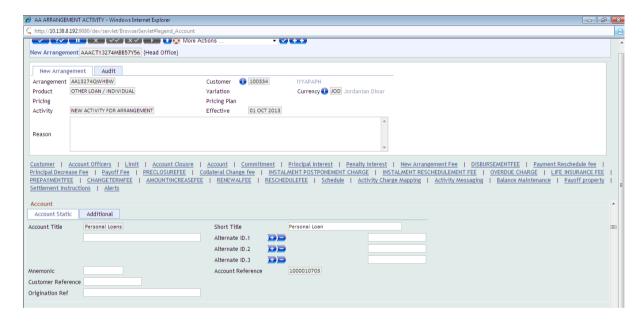




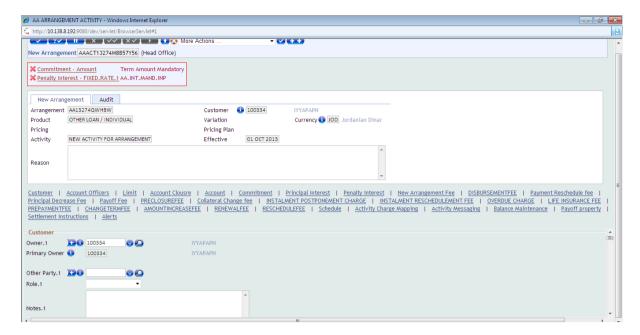
Enter your Customer id and Currency details in the above screen and validate the record, it will open up the arrangement screen to define values.



Account Tab:

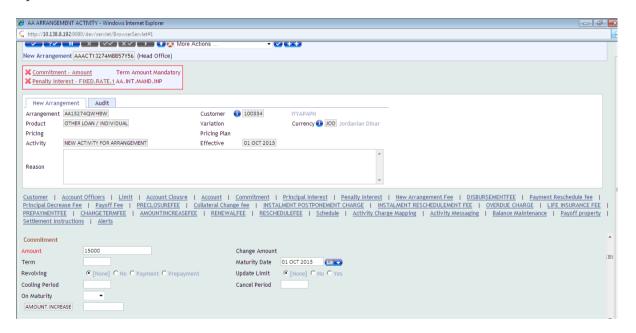


Mandatory input fields are -Term Amount and Penalty interest (Fixed rate)

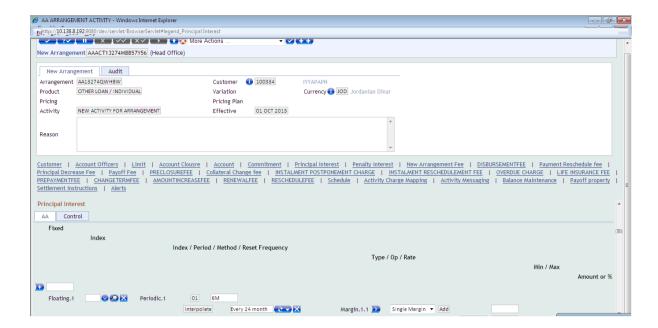


Commitment tab:

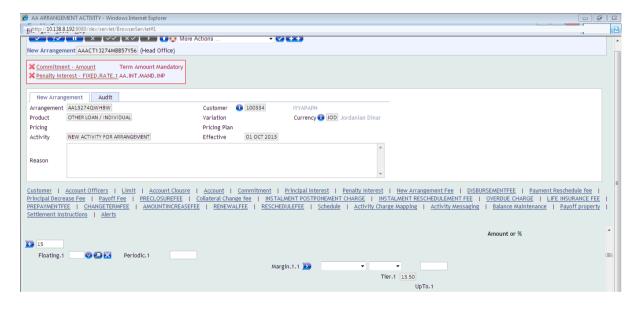
Input the term amount of the loan,



Principal Interest tab:

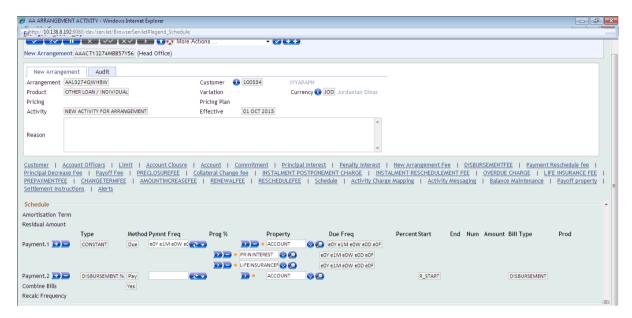


Penalty Interest tab:



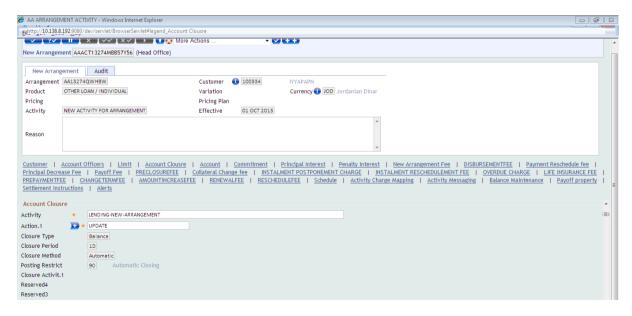
Schedule for the respective Arrangement architecture:

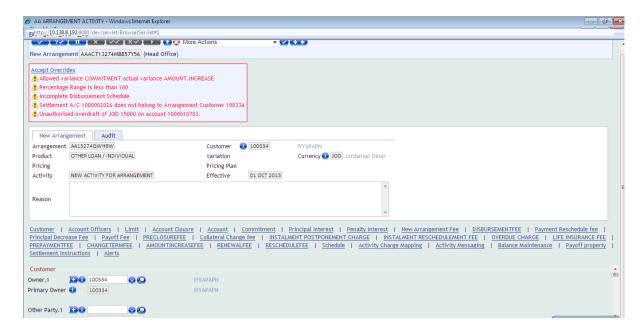
Here defined the Payment type, Method, Property & Frequency.



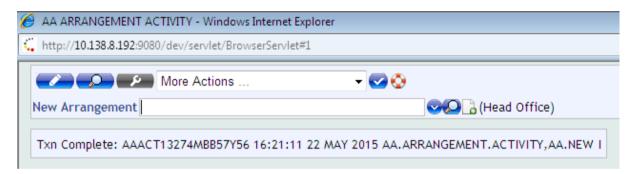
Account Closure:

In account closure Activity and action fields are defaulted based on the Product & Product condition s Setup.





After committing the record,



6.2 Find AA Loan / Authorize the AA Loan

Once Commit the AA record and find the loan/ authorize the record.

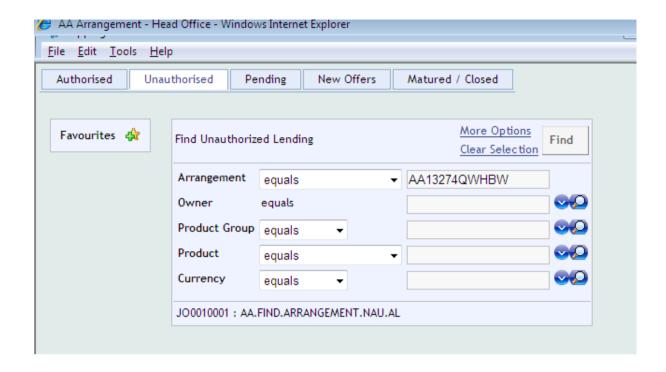
Click user Menu - > Find Loan

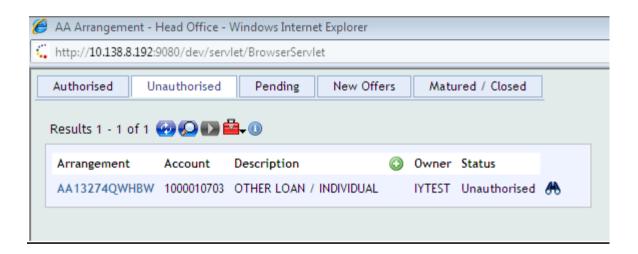
ITEST1 Last signed on 22 MAY 2015 at 15:11 with 0 attempt(s)
Help Tools Sign Off
■ User Menu
Customer Relationship
▶ Customer
D CRM
▶ Account
Mandate Management
Product Catalog
▲ Retail Operations
Product Catalog
Find Account
Account Transactions
Find Deposit
Deposit Transactions
Find Loan
▶ Loan Transactions
Find Bundle Accounts
Pricing Arrangements
Unauthorized AAA records
▶ Risk Management
▶ Payment Services
Corporate Operations
Treasury Operations
▶ Private Operations
▶ Finance
▷ Business Tools
▶ Fixed Assets Menu

Select Unauthorized AAA tab,

Input the Arrangement id - AA13274QWHBW

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7. Commonly used Insert file and common variables in AA

These insert files and common variable are used to find the AA record details.

7.1 Insert Files

\$INSERT I_F.AA.INTEREST

\$INSERT I_F.AA.TERM.AMOUNT

\$INSERT I_F.AA.ACTIVITY.HISTORY

\$INSERT I_F.AA.ARRANGEMENT.ACTIVITY

\$INSERT I_AA.LOCAL.COMMON

\$INSERT I_AA.APP.COMMON

\$INSERT I_F.AA.PRODUCT

\$INSERT I_AA.ACTION.CONTEXT

\$INSERT I_F.AA.TERM.AMOUNT

\$INSERT I_F.AA.LIMIT

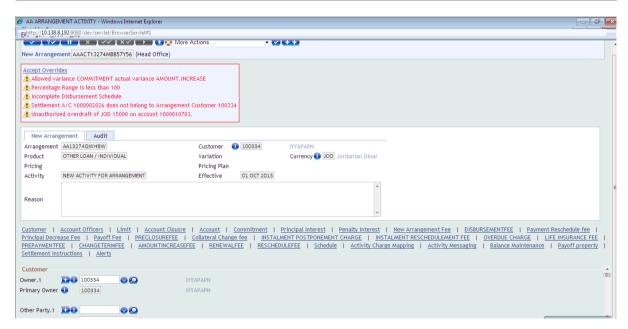
7.2 Common Variables

Find below the common variables of **I_F.AA.LOCAL.COMMON**,

Find below the common variables of **I_F.AA.APP.COMMON**

```
File Tdt. Setup Control Window Resize Help
File T24.BF , Record 'I_AA.BF.COMMON'
COMMANDA COMMON'
File T24.BF , Record 'I_AA.BF.COMMON'
COMMON'
File Tdt. Setup Control Window Resize Help

COMMON'
CO
```



- c_aalocArrProductId The above contract shows product id is "OTHER LOAN/INDIVIDUAL"
- c_aalocArrCurrency Currency "JOD"
- c_aalocActivityId Activity ID "AAACT13274MBB57Y56"
- c_aalocLinkedAccount Linked acc no "1000010703"
- c_aalocArrId Arrangement ID "AA13274QWHBW"
- c_aalocActivityStatus Like "UNAUTH", "REVERSE", "DELETE", "AUTH"
- c_aalocPropertyId Like "PRININTEREST"
- $c_aaloc Prop Class Id-Like\ ``TERM. AMOUNT"$

Likewise, above mentioned AA Insert files are having many common variables.

7.3 Property Classes

For reading the AA record is different from the normal read command (CALL F.READ()), Initially we need to get the Arrangement ID.

Mostly used property classes are,

- CLOSURE
- CUSTOMER
- INTEREST
- LIMIT
- TERM.AMOUNT
- OFFICERS
- PERIODIC.CHARGES
- SETTLEMENT
- BALANCE.MAINTENANCE
- CHARGE.OVERRIDE
- CHARGE

8 AA at routine level

Initially get the Arrangement Id to process the Property class find below details of the routine,

8.1 Core APIs

The following APIs may be utilized when certain information's are required in a local routine:

• AA.GET.ARRANGEMENT.CONDITION

- This routine can be used by any application to retrieve the property conditions that apply to an arrangement for a particular effective date (default value is TODAY).
- o The specific property or property class required must be supplied
- o The records and ids for the property conditions that apply are returned
- No. of arguments passed 7

Parameter type	Name	Description
IN (Mandatory)	idArrangementComp	The Id of the arrangement for which
		property condition is requested.
IN (Optional)	idPropertyClass	Property class for which property
		details are sought. If the class
		contains multiple properties in this
		arrangement, system returns the
		records for all properties
IN (Optional)	idProperty	Specific property for which details
		are sought. If class is not supplied,
		property must be stated.
IN (Optional)	effectiveDate	The date for which property details
		are sought. If the property record
		does not have a record on that date,
		the past record nearest to that date

		is returned. If a date is not supplied,
		TODAY would be assumed.
OUT	returnIds	List of property lds for this class
		separated by FMs
OUT	returnConditions	List of property records – lowered to
		be in sync with Ids
OUT	returnError	Errors if any during the processing

• AA.GEN.ARRANGEMENT.ACTIVITY.FIELDS

- This method maps the arrangement properties, its field name and its value to new arrangement activity record
- Values can be supplied to arrangement property conditions from AA.ARRANGEMENT.ACTIVITY record while triggering an activity
- No. of arguments passed 4

Parameter Type	Name	Description
IN(Mandatory)	Property list	List of property names of the arrangement whose values are supplied. Properties are separated by value markers
IN(Mandatory)	Field name list	List of field names for each of the properties whose values are supplied. For a property the field names are separated by sub value markers
IN(Mandatory)	Field value list	Actual values for the list of fields for each of the arrangement properties. For a property the field values are separated by sub value markers
OUT	ARR ACT Fields record	The formatted arrangement activity record

• AA.GEN.NEW.ARRANGEMENT.ACTIVITY

- This method appends the new arrangement activity as the secondary activity to the parent activity
- No. of arguments passed 7

Parameter Type	Name	Description
IN(Mandatory)	Arrangement Id	The arrangement id reference
IN(Mandatory)	Secondary activity	New secondary activity name to be
		triggered.
IN(Mandatory)	Effective date	Effective date of the activity
IN(Mandatory)	Txn Details	The arrangement product that is
		effective on the date passed for this
		arrangement
IN(Mandatory)	Parent activity id	The list of properties that are eligible
		for this product(separated by VMs)
IN(Mandatory)	Arrangement activity	New arrangement activity record
	rec	
OUT	Return error	Error message if any

• AA.GET.ECB.BALANCE.AMOUNT

- This method returns the total balance amount for a given balance type on a given date for an account arrangement
- No. of arguments passed 5

Parameter Type	Name	Description
IN(Mandatory)	Account Id	The account number of the arrangement
IN(Mandatory)	Balance type	The balance type for which the balance is sought.
IN(Mandatory)	Request date	Date for which balance is sought
OUT	Balance amount	The balance amount as in EB.CONTRACT.BALANCES as on the requested date. If the balance type is virtual then sum of all the virtual balance is returned
OUT	Return error	Error if any

8.2 Reading the property class

Initially get the arrangement using common variable – "c_allocArrId" and read the AA.ACTIVITY.HISTORY table to get the Arrangement Activity id.

Used common variables are – "c_allocArrId", "c_allocActivityEffDate"

The below routine used the Core $\mbox{API}-\mbox{AA.GET.ARRANGEMENT.CONDITIONS}$ to read and write the AA record.

Total Arguments - 7

 $Passed\ Arguments\ are-Arrangement\ ID,\ Prop\ class,\ Property,\ R. Conditions\ and\ Err\ message.$

8.3 RAISE Conditions

 ${\bf RAISE}({\bf R.CONDITION})$ is used to get the values for the defined property class "TERM.AMOUNT".

The below routine to get the Amount, tenor, and maturity date of the Term amount property class values.

```
ARRANGEMENT.ID = c aalocArrId
  CALL F.READ (FN.AA.ACTIVITY.HISTORY, ARRANGEMENT.ID, R.AA.ACTIVITY.HISTORY, F.AA.ACTIVITY.HISTORY, AA.ACTIVITY.HISTORY.ERR)
   LOCATE "LENDING-NEW-ARRANGEMENT" IN R.AA.ACTIVITY.HISTORY<AA.AH.ACTIVITY,1,1> SETTING ACT.POS THEN
      Y.AA.ACT.ID = R.AA.ACTIVITY.HISTORY<AA.AH.ACTIVITY.REF,1,ACT.POS>
      CALL F.READ(FN.AA.ARRANGEMENT.ACTIVITY, Y.AA.ACT.ID, R.AA.ARRANGEMENT.ACTIVITY, F.AA.ARRANGEMENT.ACTIVITY, ARR.ACT.ERR)
      Y.EFF.DATE = R.AA.ARRANGEMENT.ACTIVITY<AA.ARR.ACT.EFFECTIVE.DATE>
      Y.TERM.AMOUNT.ID = ARRANGEMENT.ID: "-COMMITMENT-": Y.EFF.DATE: ".1"
      CALL F.READ(FN.AA.TERM, Y.TERM.AMOUNT.ID, REC.TERM.AMT, F.AA.TERM, ERR.AA.TERM)
      Y.AMOUNT = REC.TERM.AMT<AA.AMT.AMOUNT>
      Y.TENOR = REC.TERM.AMT<AA.AMT.TERM>
      Y.MAT.DATE = REC.TERM.AMT<AA.AMT.MATURITY.DATE>
END ELSE
      Y.EFF.DATE = c_aalocActivityEffDate
PROP.CLASS = "TERM.AMOUNT"
      PROPERTY = ''
      R.CONDITION = ''
      ERR.MSG = '
      CALL AA GET ARRANGEMENT CONDITIONS (ARRANGEMENT ID, PROP. CLASS, PROPERTY, ''. ''. R. CONDITION, ERR. MSG)
      R.CONDITION = RAISE (R.CONDITION)
      Y.AMOUNT = R.CONDITION<AA.AMT.AMOUNT>
      Y.TENOR = R.CONDITION<AA.AMT.TERM>
      Y.MAT.DATE = R.CONDITION<AA.AMT.MATURITY.DATE>
```

Using this we can get the records for the tables or any property class

8.4 Common variables

Below Common variables are used to check the conditions,

```
IF V$FUNCTION EQ 'I' AND c_aalocPropertyId EQ "PRININTEREST" THEN
     *1975 - S
     IF CALC.ARATE THEN
          GOSUB APR.OVERRDE
     END
     *1975 - E
END

IF c_aalocActivityStatus EQ 'AUTH' AND c_aalocPropertyId EQ "PRININTEREST" THEN
     GOSUB CREATE.CONCAT
END
```

8.5 Select Command in the AA record

The below example is used to select the AA Bill record by using the Core API – AA.GET.BILL.ID Total Passed Arguments - 8

```
SEL.BILL:
*********

CALL AA.GET.BILL.ID (ARRANGEMENT.ID, 'NEW', PAYMENT.DATE, BILL.DATE, 'DUE', PAYMENT.METHOD, BILL.IDS, RETURN.ERROR)
LOOP
REMOVE Y.AA.BILL.ID FROM BILL.IDS SETTING BILL.ID.POS
WHILE Y.AA.BILL.ID:BILL.IDS.POS
GOSUB READ.BILL.DETAILS
REPEAT
RETURN
```

9 Updating fields in AA

9.1 Authorizing the record

For updating fields, use below logic, instead of using F.WRITE api,

$R.AA.ACC.RECORD < AA.AC.LOCAL.REF, Y.RESTRUCT.DATE.POS, Y.CNT+1> = TODAY\\ R.AA.ACC.RECORD < AA.AC.LOCAL.REF, Y.END.DATE.POS, Y.CNT+1> = Y.DATE\\$

The below condition is used to check the status of the record,

```
REQD.PROCESS = c arrActivityStatus["-",1,1]
```

REQD.PROCESS EQ 'UNAUTH' then

Below API "AA.ACTION.LIST.MANAGER" is used to "APPEND" the fields like OFS process.

CALL AA.ACTION.LIST.MANAGER("APPEND", "", "", "")

```
MSG.SYNTAX = "OFS":FM:"FIRST":FM:"BUILD"

RECORD.ERRORS = ""

RECORD.OVERRIDES = ""

OFS.PROCESS = 'PROCESS'

UPDATE.FUNCTION = "I"

CALL AA.ACTION.LIST.MANAGER("INIT", "", "", "")

CALL AA.PROCESS.CONTRACT(OFS.PROCESS, MSG.SYNTAX, "AA.ARR.ACCOUNT", Y.AA.ACC.ID, UPDATE.FUNCTION, R.AA.ACC.RECORD, RECORD.ERRORS, RECORD.OVERRIDES, REI

CALL AA.ACTION.LIST.MANAGER("APPEND", "", "", "")
```

Note:

Use AA.ACTION.LIST.MANAGER api only for updating the fields in AA and for other applications, use F.WRITE.

9.2 Updating existing record

The below logics are used to updating the existing records,

```
REQD.PROCESS = c_arrActivityStatus["-",1,1]
```

REQD.PROCESS EQ 'AUTH' then

CALL AA.ACTION.LIST.MANAGER("INSERT", "", "", "")

Below API "AA.ACTION.LIST.MANAGER" is used to "INSERT" the fields like OFS process.

```
IF REQD.PROCESS EQ 'AUTH' THEN

PROF.CLASS = 'ACCOUNT'
PROF.NAME = ''
    returnConditions = ''
    returnConditions = ''
    returnConditions = ''
    returnConditions = ''
    call F.READ(FN.AA.ARRANGEMENT, ARRANGEMENT.ID, R.AA.ARRANGEMENT, F.AA.ARRANGEMENT, ERR.AA.ARRANGEMENT)
    Y.EFFEC.DATE = R.AA.ARRANGEMENT.CONDITIONS (ARRANGEMENT.ID), PROF.CLASS, PROF.NAME, Y.EFFEC.DATE, returnIds, returnConditions, E)
    R.AA.ACC.RECORD = RAISE(returnConditions)
    Y.AA.ACC.ID = R.AA.ACC.RECORDCAA.AC.ID.COMP.1>:'-':R.AA.ACC.RECORDCAA.AC.ID.COMP.2>:'-':R.AA.ACC.RECORDCAA.AC.ID.COMP.3>

1-Overview = S
    MSG.SYNTAX = "OFS":FM:"FIRST":FM:"BUILD"
    RECORD.ERRORS = ""
    OFS.PROCESS = "PROCESS'
    UPDATE.FUNCTION = "A"

CALL AA.ACTION.LIST.MANAGER("INIT", "", "", "")

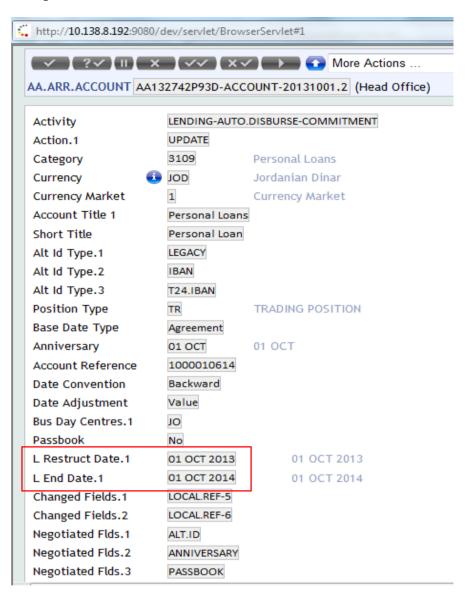
CALL AA.ACTION.LIST.MANAGER("INIT", "", "", "")

END

END

END
```

9.3 Updated Restructure date & End date below



10 T24 Browser Level debug in TAFJ for AA routine

10.1 Browser Listener

Initially start the browser. Listener in the Eclipse then input the contract in the T24 Browser.

If the routine is attached, then during the respective activity, routine is triggered which is attached (like POST, PRE and Validation routine) in the products setup.

10.2 Variables Tab

Below the AA Routine triggered for the respective AA activity. Already mentioned the AA common variable in the section- 7.2

AA Variables and Values:

In the variables tab, find the values of the AA common variables.

For Ex:

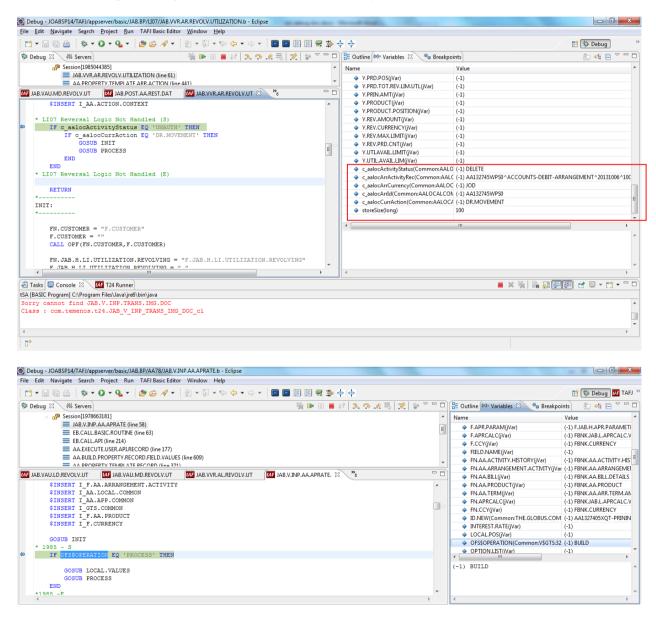
c_aalocActivityStatus - DELETE

c aalocCurrAction - DR.MOVEMENT.

c_aalocArrCurrency - JOD

c_aalocPropertyId- PRININTERESTc_aalocArrProductId- JAB.LENDING

While processing batch in COB/ONLINE, Activity Status is like UNAUTH or DELETE.



Below screenshot shows the common variable values of Arrangement ID, Product ID, Property ID, Currency and Status of AA contract.

