Keystroke	Function
Up-arrow	previous-history
Down-arrow	next-history
Home	beginning-of-line
End	end-of-line
Tab	autocomplete
Left-arrow	backward-character
Right-arrow	forward-character
Ctrl-left-arrow	backward-word
Ctrl-right-arrow	forward-word
Meta-left-arrow	backward-word
Meta-right-arrow	forward-word
Ctrl-A	beginning-of-line
Ctrl-B	backward-char
Ctrl-C	exit-shell
Ctrl-D	delete-char (or exit shell)
Ctrl-E	end-of-line
Ctrl-F	forward-char
Ctrl-G	abort
Ctrl-J	accept-line
Ctrl-K	kill-line
Ctrl-L	clear-screen
Ctrl-M	accept-line
Ctrl-N	next-history
Ctrl-P	previous-history
Ctrl-R	reverse-search-history
Ctrl-S	forward-search-history
Ctrl-T	transpose-chars
Ctrl-U	unix-line-discard
Ctrl-W	unix-word-rubout
Ctrl-Y	yank
Ctrl-Z	Suspend (job control works in linux)
Ctrl-H (i.e. Backspace)	backward-delete-char
Ctrl-I (i.e. Tab)	complete
Meta-B	backward-word
Meta-C	capitalize-word
Meta-D	kill-word
Meta-F	forward-word
Meta-L	downcase-word
Meta-U	upcase-word
Meta-Y	yank-pop
Meta-[Backspace]	backward-kill-word
Meta-<	beginning-of-history
Meta->	end-of-history

Queries

In the mongo shell, perform read operations using the find() and findOne() methods.

The find() method returns a cursor object which the mongo shell iterates to print documents on screen. By default, mongo prints the first 20. The mongo shell will prompt the user to "Type it" to continue iterating the next 20 results.

The following table provides some common read operations in the mongo shell: