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| Type | Boolean |
| Default Value | <code>FALSE</code> |

Cause `ndb_restore` to output its log to `stdout`.

- `--print-meta`

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|---------------------|---------------------------|
| Command-Line Format | <code>--print-meta</code> |
| Type | Boolean |
| Default Value | <code>FALSE</code> |

Print all metadata to `stdout`.

- `print-sql-log`

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|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Command-Line Format | <code>--print-sql-log</code> |
| Type | Boolean |
| Default Value | <code>FALSE</code> |

Log SQL statements to `stdout`. Use the option to enable; normally this behavior is disabled. The option checks before attempting to log whether all the tables being restored have explicitly defined primary keys; queries on a table having only the hidden primary key implemented by `NDB` cannot be converted to valid SQL.

This option does not work with tables having `BLOB` columns.

- `--progress-frequency=N`

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| Command-Line Format | <code>--progress-frequency=#</code> |
| Type | Numeric |
| Default Value | <code>0</code> |
| Minimum Value | <code>0</code> |
| Maximum Value | <code>65535</code> |

Print a status report each `N` seconds while the backup is in progress. `0` (the default) causes no status reports to be printed. The maximum is `65535`.

- `--promote-attributes, -A`

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| Command-Line Format | <code>--promote-attributes</code> |
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`ndb_restore` supports limited *attribute promotion* in much the same way that it is supported by MySQL replication; that is, data backed up from a column of a given type can generally be restored to a column using a “larger, similar” type. For example, data from a `CHAR(20)` column can be restored to a column declared as `VARCHAR(20)`, `VARCHAR(30)`, or `CHAR(30)`; data from a `MEDIUMINT` column can be