Section 2—Flight Standards (continued) First officer to fly night or IMC approaches and the captain to monitor the approach Jump-seat pilot (or engineer or mechanic) to help monitor terrain clearance and the approach in IMC or night conditions		Value	Score
		20	
Insisting that you fly the way that you train			
300–335 points	Tops in CFIT flight standards		
270–300 points	Good, but not the best Flight Stand	dards Total	(+)
200–270 points	Improvement needed		
Less than 200 points	High CFIT risk		
	Section 3—Hazard Awareness and Training		Score
Your company reviews tra	aining with the training department or training contractor	10	
	e reviewed annually about the following:		
Flight standards operating procedures			
Reasons for and examples of how the procedures can detect a CFIT "trap"		30	
Recent and past CFIT incidents/accidents		50	
Audiovisual aids to illustrate CFIT traps		50	
Minimum altitude definitions for MORA, MOCA, MSA, MEA, etc.		15	
You have a trained flight safety officer who rides the jump seat occasionally		25	
You have flight safety periodicals that describe and analyze CFIT incidents		10	
You have an incident/exceedance review and reporting program		20	
Your organization investig	gates every instance in which minimum		
terrain clearance has been compromised		20	
You annually practice recoveries with GPWS in the simulator			
You train the way that you fly		25	
285–315 points	Tops in CFIT training		
250–285 points	Good, but not the best Hazard Awareness and Tra	ining Total	(+)
190–250 points	Improvement needed		. ,
Less than 190 points	High CFIT risk		
Section 4—Aircraft Equipment		Value	Score
Aircraft includes:		••	
Radio Altimeter with cockpit display of full 2,500-foot range—captain only			
Radio Altimeter with cockpit display of full 2,500-foot range—copilot			
First-generation GPWS			
Second-generation GPWS or better		30	
	modifications, data tables and service	4.0	
bulletins to reduce false warnings			
Navigation display and FMS			
Limited number of automated altitude callouts		10	
Radio-altitude automated		4.0	
approach (not heard on ILS approach) and procedure			
Preselected radio altitudes to provide automated callouts that		4.0	
would not be heard during normal nonprecision approach		10	
	radio altitudes and radio altitudes to give automated		
"decision" or "minimums" callout			
An automated excessive "bank angle" callout			