On July 20, 2000, we proposed to the Board of Directors of JLK to acquire the outstanding shares of JLK we did not already own. On September 11, 2000, we announced a definitive merger agreement with JLK to acquire all the outstanding minority shares. Pursuant to the agreement, JLK agreed to commence a cash tender offer for all of its shares of Class A Common Stock at a price of \$8.75 per share. The tender offer commenced on October 3, 2000 and expired on November 15, 2000 resulting in JLK reacquiring 4.3 million shares for \$37.5 million. Following JLK's purchase of shares in the tender offer, we acquired these shares at the same price in a merger. We incurred transaction costs of \$3.3 million, which were included in the total cost of the transaction. JLK incurred costs of \$2.1 million associated with the transaction, which were expensed as incurred. The transaction was unanimously approved by the JLK Board of Directors, including its special committee comprised of independent directors of the JLK Board.

In January 2002, we acquired Carmet Company for \$5.1 million. Located in Duncan, S.C., this entity is a producer of tungsten cutting tools and wear parts and is included in our AMSG segment.

In April 2001, we sold ATS Industrial Supply, Inc., our industrial supply distributor based in Salt Lake City, Utah, for \$6.8 million comprised of cash proceeds of \$1.0 million and a seller note for \$5.8 million. This action resulted in a pretax loss of approximately \$5.8 million and is in line with our strategy to refocus the J&L segment on its core catalog business. Annualized sales of this business were approximately \$17 million.

On April 19, 2002, we sold Strong Tool Company, our industrial supply distributor based in Cleveland, Ohio, for \$8.6 million comprised of cash proceeds of \$4.0 million and a seller note for \$4.6 million. This action resulted in a pretax loss of \$3.5 million and is in line with our strategy to refocus the J&L segment on its core catalog business. Annualized sales of this business were approximately \$34 million.

On May 3, 2002, we signed a definitive agreement to purchase the Widia Group (Widia) in Europe and India from Milacron Inc. for EUR 188.0 million (approximately \$185 million) subject to a purchase price adjustment based on the change in the net assets of Widia from December 31, 2001 to the closing date.

**Note 4** Accounts Receivable Securitization Program We have an agreement with a financial institution whereby we securitize, on a continuous basis, an undivided interest in a specific pool of our domestic trade accounts receivable. Pursuant to this agreement, we, and several of our domestic subsidiaries, sell our domestic accounts receivable to Kennametal Receivables Corporation, a wholly-owned, bankruptcy-remote subsidiary (KRC). A bankruptcy-remote subsidiary is a company that has been structured to make it highly unlikely that it would be drawn into a bankruptcy of Kennametal Inc., or any of our other subsidiaries. KRC was formed to purchase these accounts receivable and sell participating interests in such accounts receivable to the financial institution which, in turn, purchases and receives ownership and security interests in those assets. As collections reduce the amount of accounts receivable included in the pool, we sell new accounts receivable to KRC which, in turn, securitizes these new accounts receivable with the financial institution.

We are permitted to securitize up to \$100.0 million of accounts receivable under this agreement. The actual amount of accounts receivable securitized each month is a function of the net change (new billings less collections) in the specific pool of domestic accounts receivable, the impact of detailed eligibility requirements in the agreement (e.g. the aging, terms of payment, quality criteria and customer concentrations), and the application of various reserves which are typically in trade receivable securitization transactions. A decrease in the amount of eligible accounts receivable could result in our inability to continue to securitize all or a portion of our accounts receivable. It is not unusual, however, for the amount of our eligible accounts receivable to vary by up to \$5.0 to \$10.0 million per month. The financial institution charges us fees based on the level of accounts receivable securitized under this agreement and the commercial paper market rates plus the financial institution's cost to administer the program. The costs incurred under this program, \$2.5 million, \$5.7 million and \$5.2 million in 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively, are accounted for as a component of other expense, net and represent attractive funding costs compared to existing bank and public debt transactions. At June 30, 2002 and 2001, we securitized accounts receivable of \$95.9 million and \$93.7 million, respectively, under this program. Our retained interests in accounts receivable available for securitization and recorded as a component of accounts receivable were \$37.1 million and \$35.8 million at June 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

This agreement is required to be renewed periodically, and it is our intention to continuously obtain that renewal when required. The current agreement has an expiration date of June 30, 2003. Non-renewal of this agreement would result in our requirement to otherwise finance the amounts securitized.