

To move virtual volumes, define a volume range or select a range, select a target pool, and identify a move type:

- ▶ **Physical Volume Range:** The range of physical volumes from where the virtual volumes must be removed. Use this option or Existing Ranges to define the range of volumes to move, but not both:
 - From: VOLSER of the first physical volume in the range.
 - To: VOLSER of the last physical volume in the range.
- ▶ **Existing Ranges:** The list of existing physical volume ranges. Use this option or Volume Range to define the range of volumes to move, but not both.
- ▶ **Media Type:** The media type of the physical volumes in the range to move. If no available physical stacked volume of the media type is in the range that is specified, no virtual volume is moved.
- ▶ **Target Pool:** The number (1 - 32) of the target pool to which virtual volumes are moved.
- ▶ **Move Type:** Used to determine when the move operation occurs. The following values are possible:
 - Deferred: Move operation occurs in the future as schedules enable.
 - Priority: Move operation occurs as soon as possible.
 - Honor Inhibit Reclaim schedule: An option of the Priority Move Type, it specifies that the move schedule occurs with the Inhibit Reclaim schedule. If this option is selected, the move operation does not occur when Reclaim is inhibited.

After defining the move operation parameters and clicking **Move**, confirm the request to move the virtual volumes from the defined physical volumes. If Cancel is selected, you return to the Move Virtual Volumes window.

Virtual Volumes Search window

By using the window that is shown in Figure 9-56 on page 417, you can search for virtual volumes in a specific TS7700 cluster by way of one of the following parameters:

- ▶ VOLSER
- ▶ Category
- ▶ Media type
- ▶ Expiration date
- ▶ Inclusion in a group or class,

With the TS7700T, a search option is available to search by Partition Number. The user provides a search name to every query so that they can be recalled as necessary.