argument value when InnoDB builds a list of directories to scan at startup. These directories are appended regardless of whether an innodb directories setting is specified explicitly.

innodb_directories may be specified as an option in a startup command or in a MySQL option file. Quotes surround the argument value because otherwise some command interpreters interpret semicolon (;) as a special character. (For example, Unix shells treat it as a command terminator.)

Startup command:

```
mysqld --innodb-directories="directory_path_1;directory_path_2"
```

MySQL option file:

```
[mysqld]
innodb_directories="directory_path_1;directory_path_2"
```

Wildcard expressions cannot be used to specify directories.

The innodb_directories scan also traverses the subdirectories of specified directories. Duplicate directories and subdirectories are discarded from the list of directories to be scanned.

For more information, see Section 15.6.3.6, "Moving Tablespace Files While the Server is Offline".

• innodb_disable_sort_file_cache

Command-Line Format	innodb-disable-sort-file- cache[={OFF ON}]
System Variable	innodb_disable_sort_file_cache
Scope	Global
Dynamic	Yes
SET_VAR Hint Applies	No
Туре	Boolean
Default Value	OFF

Disables the operating system file system cache for merge-sort temporary files. The effect is to open such files with the equivalent of O DIRECT.

• innodb_doublewrite

Command-Line Format	innodb-doublewrite[={OFF ON}]
System Variable	innodb_doublewrite
Scope	Global
Dynamic	No
SET_VAR Hint Applies	No
Туре	Boolean
Default Value	ON

The <code>innodb_doublewrite</code> variable controls whether the doublwrite buffer is enabled. It is enabled by default in most cases. To disable the doublewrite buffer, set <code>innodb_doublewrite</code> to 0 or start the server with <code>--skip-innodb-doublewrite</code>. You might consider disabling the doublewrite buffer if you are more concerned with performance than data integrity, as may be the case when performing benchmarks, for example.