

- [LOCK_DURATION](#)

The lock duration from the metadata lock subsystem. The value is one of [STATEMENT](#), [TRANSACTION](#), or [EXPLICIT](#). The [STATEMENT](#) and [TRANSACTION](#) values signify locks that are released implicitly at statement or transaction end, respectively. The [EXPLICIT](#) value signifies locks that survive statement or transaction end and are released by explicit action, such as global locks acquired with [FLUSH TABLES WITH READ LOCK](#).

- [LOCK_STATUS](#)

The lock status from the metadata lock subsystem. The value is one of [PENDING](#), [GRANTED](#), [VICTIM](#), [TIMEOUT](#), [KILLED](#), [PRE_ACQUIRE_NOTIFY](#), or [POST_RELEASE_NOTIFY](#). The Performance Schema assigns these values as described previously.

- [SOURCE](#)

The name of the source file containing the instrumented code that produced the event and the line number in the file at which the instrumentation occurs. This enables you to check the source to determine exactly what code is involved.

- [OWNER_THREAD_ID](#)

The thread requesting a metadata lock.

- [OWNER_EVENT_ID](#)

The event requesting a metadata lock.

The [metadata_locks](#) table has these indexes:

- Primary key on ([OBJECT_INSTANCE_BEGIN](#))
- Index on ([OBJECT_TYPE](#), [OBJECT_SCHEMA](#), [OBJECT_NAME](#))
- Index on ([OWNER_THREAD_ID](#), [OWNER_EVENT_ID](#))

[TRUNCATE TABLE](#) is not permitted for the [metadata_locks](#) table.

27.12.13.4 The [table_handles](#) Table

The Performance Schema exposes table lock information through the [table_handles](#) table to show the table locks currently in effect for each opened table handle. [table_handles](#) reports what is recorded by the table lock instrumentation. This information shows which table handles the server has open, how they are locked, and by which sessions.

The [table_handles](#) table is read only and cannot be updated. It is autosized by default; to configure the table size, set the [performance_schema_max_table_handles](#) system variable at server startup.

Table lock instrumentation uses the [wait/lock/table/sql/handler](#) instrument, which is enabled by default.

To control table lock instrumentation state at server startup, use lines like these in your [my.cnf](#) file:

- Enable:

```
[mysqld]
performance-schema-instrument='wait/lock/table/sql/handler=ON'
```

- Disable: