In the output from SHOW FULL COLUMNS, the privileges are all in one column and in lowercase, for example, select, insert, update, references. In COLUMN\_PRIVILEGES, there is one privilege per row, in uppercase.

• IS\_GRANTABLE

YES if the user has the GRANT OPTION privilege, NO otherwise. The output does not list GRANT OPTION as a separate row with PRIVILEGE TYPE='GRANT OPTION'.

## **Notes**

• COLUMN PRIVILEGES is a nonstandard INFORMATION SCHEMA table.

The following statements are *not* equivalent:

```
SELECT ... FROM INFORMATION_SCHEMA.COLUMN_PRIVILEGES

SHOW GRANTS ...
```

## 26.3.11 The INFORMATION\_SCHEMA COLUMN\_STATISTICS Table

The COLUMN\_STATISTICS table provides access to histogram statistics for column values.

For information about histogram statistics, see Section 8.9.6, "Optimizer Statistics", and Section 13.7.3.1, "ANALYZE TABLE Statement".

You can see information only for columns for which you have some privilege.

The COLUMN STATISTICS table has these columns:

• SCHEMA\_NAME

The names of the schema for which the statistics apply.

• TABLE\_NAME

The names of the column for which the statistics apply.

• COLUMN\_NAME

The names of the column for which the statistics apply.

• HISTOGRAM

A JSON object describing the column statistics, stored as a histogram.

## 26.3.12 The INFORMATION\_SCHEMA ENABLED\_ROLES Table

The ENABLED\_ROLES table (available as of MySQL 8.0.19) provides information about the roles that are enabled within the current session.

The ENABLED ROLES table has these columns:

• ROLE NAME

The user name part of the granted role.

• ROLE\_HOST