

As of MySQL 8.0.12, `ORDER BY` and `ROLLUP` can be used together, which enables the use of `ORDER BY` and `GROUPING()` to achieve a specific sort order of grouped results. For example:

```
mysql> SELECT year, SUM(profit) AS profit
        FROM sales
        GROUP BY year WITH ROLLUP
        ORDER BY GROUPING(year) DESC;
```

year	profit
NULL	7535
2000	4525
2001	3010

In both cases, the super-aggregate summary rows sort with the rows from which they are calculated, and their placement depends on sort order (at the end for ascending sort, at the beginning for descending sort).

`LIMIT` can be used to restrict the number of rows returned to the client. `LIMIT` is applied after `ROLLUP`, so the limit applies against the extra rows added by `ROLLUP`. For example:

```
mysql> SELECT year, country, product, SUM(profit) AS profit
        FROM sales
        GROUP BY year, country, product WITH ROLLUP
        LIMIT 5;
```

year	country	product	profit
2000	Finland	Computer	1500
2000	Finland	Phone	100
2000	Finland	NULL	1600
2000	India	Calculator	150
2000	India	Computer	1200

Using `LIMIT` with `ROLLUP` may produce results that are more difficult to interpret, because there is less context for understanding the super-aggregate rows.

A MySQL extension permits a column that does not appear in the `GROUP BY` list to be named in the select list. (For information about nonaggregated columns and `GROUP BY`, see [Section 12.20.3, “MySQL Handling of GROUP BY”](#).) In this case, the server is free to choose any value from this nonaggregated column in summary rows, and this includes the extra rows added by `WITH ROLLUP`. For example, in the following query, `country` is a nonaggregated column that does not appear in the `GROUP BY` list and values chosen for this column are nondeterministic:

```
mysql> SELECT year, country, SUM(profit) AS profit
        FROM sales
        GROUP BY year WITH ROLLUP;
```

year	country	profit
2000	India	4525
2001	USA	3010
NULL	USA	7535

This behavior is permitted when the `ONLY_FULL_GROUP_BY` SQL mode is not enabled. If that mode is enabled, the server rejects the query as illegal because `country` is not listed in the `GROUP BY` clause. With `ONLY_FULL_GROUP_BY` enabled, you can still execute the query by using the `ANY_VALUE()` function for nondeterministic-value columns:

```
mysql> SELECT year, ANY_VALUE(country) AS country, SUM(profit) AS profit
        FROM sales
```