

$$i_{a_{IstAbs}}(t) = w_V(t) i_{a_{MaxAbs}}$$

wherein where $w_V(t)$ is a weight coefficient that depends on: said DC-link
 5 capacitor voltage $V_{dc}(t)$, a nominal DC-link voltage (V_{dcnom}), and a predetermined
 high-voltage limit (V_{high}).

Preferably, said active voltage limiter unit is further configured to determine a
 negative fraction of correction to be applied according to an empirical saturated-cubic
 10 equation:

$$\rho(t) = \text{sat} \left[\left(\frac{i_{a_{ws}}(t) + i_{a_{IstAbs}}(t)}{i_{a_{IstAbs}}(t)} \right)^3 \right]_{-1}^0$$

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Preferably, said active voltage limiter unit is further configured to determine
 unconstrained axis-wise corrections as a fraction of the maximum correction by the
 following equation:

$$\begin{aligned} i_{d_{unc}}(t) &= \rho(t) i_{d_{max}}(t) \\ i_{q_{unc}}(t) &= \rho(t) i_{q_{max}}(t) \end{aligned}$$

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Preferably, said active voltage limiter unit is further configured to determine
 constrained axis-wise current corrections by applying the following saturation and
 25 correction equations

$$i_{q_{corr}}(t) = \begin{cases} \max(i_{q_{unc}}(t), 0) & \text{if } \omega(t) > 0 \\ \min(i_{q_{unc}}(t), 0) & \text{if } \omega(t) < 0 \end{cases}$$

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$$i_{d_{corr}}(t) = \min(i_{d_{unc}}(t), 0) - K_{qd} \text{abs}(i_{q_{corr}}(t) - i_{q_{unc}}(t))$$