

Operating Systems

Proof of Concept Linux Virtual Network Project

Continuous Assessment 2

Programme: Bachelor of Science in Computing and

Information Technology

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VIRTUAL LINUX NETWORK AND WEB SERVER SETUP

1. Linux Update and upgrade the system using the relevant commands:

-sudo apt update

```
--- www.google.com ping statistics ---
23 packets transmitted, 23 received, 0% packet loss, time 22039ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 8.929/10.785/16.832/1.947 ms
lpino@ubuntuclient:~$ sudo apt update
[sudo] password for lpino:
```

```
Get:47 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal—security/multiverse amd64 c—n—f Metadata [340 B]
Fetched 19.6 MB in 2min 6s (155 kB/s)
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
88 packages can be upgraded. Run 'apt list ——upgradable' to see them.
lpino@ubuntuserver:~$ _
```

-sudo apt upgrade

```
Generating grub configuration file ...
Found linux image: /boot/vmlinuz=5.4.0=72=generic
Found initrd image: /boot/initrd.img=5.4.0=72=generic
Found linux image: /boot/vmlinuz=5.4.0=65=generic
Found initrd image: /boot/initrd.img=5.4.0=65=generic
done
Processing triggers for initramfs=tools (0.136ubuntu6.4) ...
update=initramfs: Generating /boot/initrd.img=5.4.0=72=generic
lpino@ubuntuclient:~$
```

```
Generating grub configuration file ...
Found linux image: /boot/vmlinuz–5.4.0–72–generic
Found linitrd image: /boot/initrd.img–5.4.0–72–generic
Found linux image: /boot/vmlinuz–5.4.0–65–generic
Found linitrd image: /boot/initrd.img–5.4.0–65–generic
done
Processing triggers for initramfs–tools (0.136ubuntu6.4) ...
update–initramfs: Generating /boot/initrd.img–5.4.0–72–generic
lpino@ubuntuserver:∼$ _
```

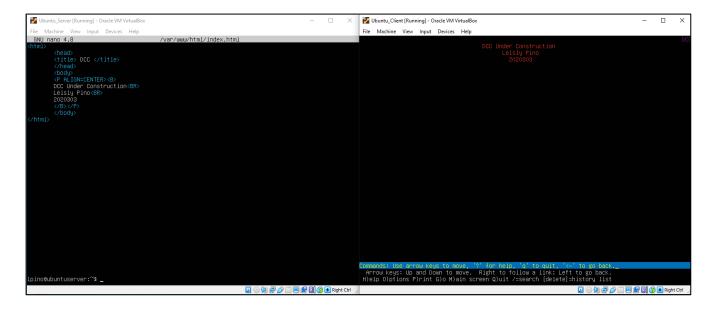
2. Connectivity between both systems by pinging each internal IP address:

3. Using the client, test access to the Apache home page by opening a browser on the Linux client and accessing the home page on the Ubuntu server:

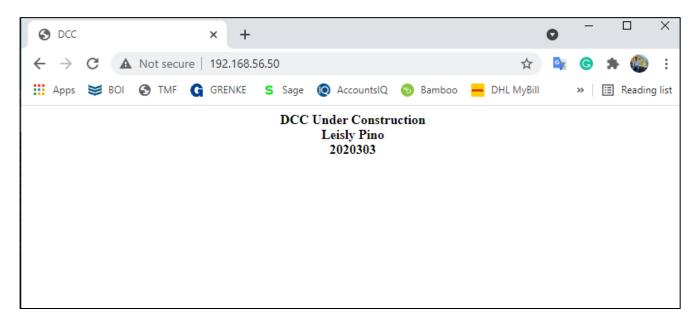
```
Ubuntu Logo DCC Under Construction
  Leisly Alitzel Pino Duran
  Stundent number: 2020303
  It works!
  This is the default welcome page used to test the correct operation of the Apache2 server
  after installation on Ubuntu systems. It is based on the equivalent page on Debian, from
  which the Ubuntu Apache packaging is derived. If you can read this page, it means that the
  Apache HTTP server installed at this site is working properly. You should replace this file
  (located at /var/www/html/index.html) before continuing to operate your HTTP server.
  If you are a normal user of this web site and don't know what this page is about, this
  probably means that the site is currently unavailable due to maintenance. If the problem
  persists, please contact the site's administrator.
  Configuration Overview
  Ubuntu's Apache2 default configuration is different from the upstream default
  configuration, and split into several files optimized for interaction with Ubuntu tools. The configuration system is fully documented in /usr/share/doc/apache2/README.Debian.gz.
  Refer to this for the full documentation. Documentation for the web server itself can be
  found by accessing the_manual if the apache2—doc package was installed on this server.
  The configuration layout for an Apache2 web server installation on Ubuntu systems is as
  follows:
etc/apache2/
 apache2.conf
        -- ports.conf
 - mods-enabled
       ∫-- ∗.load
        −− *.conf

    conf-enabled

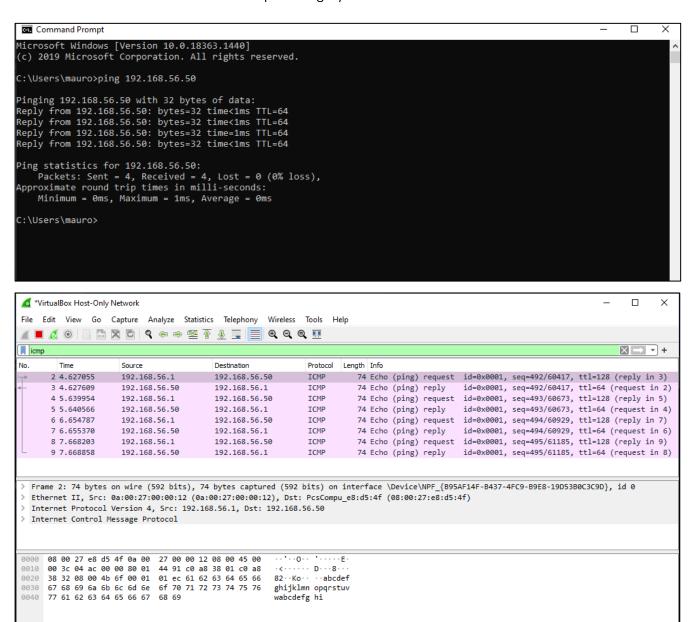
        -- *.conf
-- sites-enabled
– press space for next page ––
Arrow keys: Up and Down to move. Right to follow a link; Left to go back.
H)elp O)ptions P)rint G)o M)ain screen Q)uit /=search [delete]=history list
```



4. Using your host operating system, test access to the Apache home page by opening a web browser and accessing the home page on the Ubuntu server:



5. Host computer (Windows) PING the IP address of ubuntuserver. Wireshark, the ICMP traffic between the browser on the host operating system and the ubuntuserver webserver:

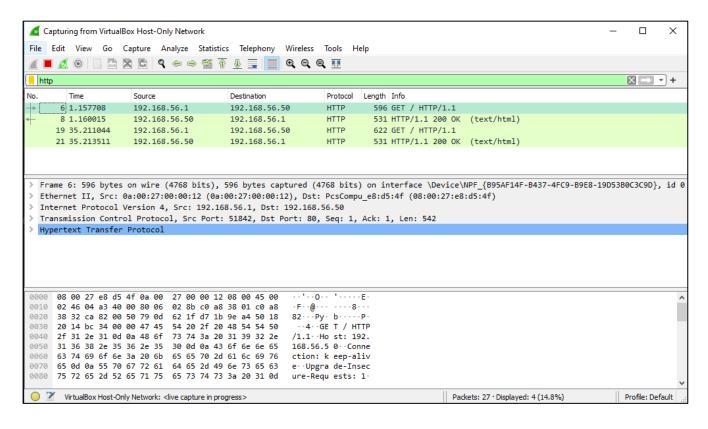


Packets: 21 · Displayed: 8 (38.1%)

Profile: Default

Internet Control Message Protocol: Protocol

6. From the host computer, the IP address of ubuntuserver is entered into Chrome browser. This is HTTP contents being transferred from the ubuntuserver server to the host operating system on Wireshark on the host operating system:

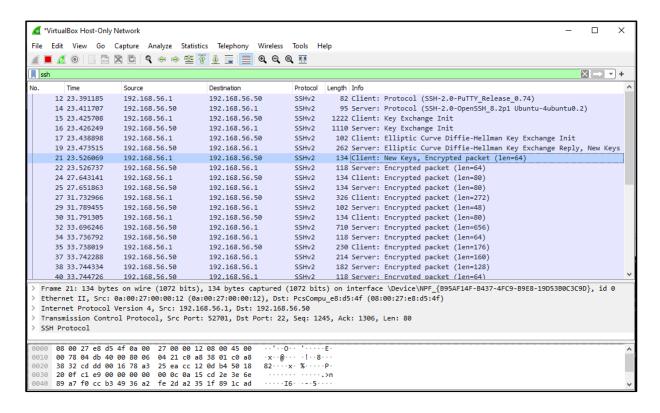


SSH

7. Host operating system (Windows) logging into the ubuntuserver using SSH:

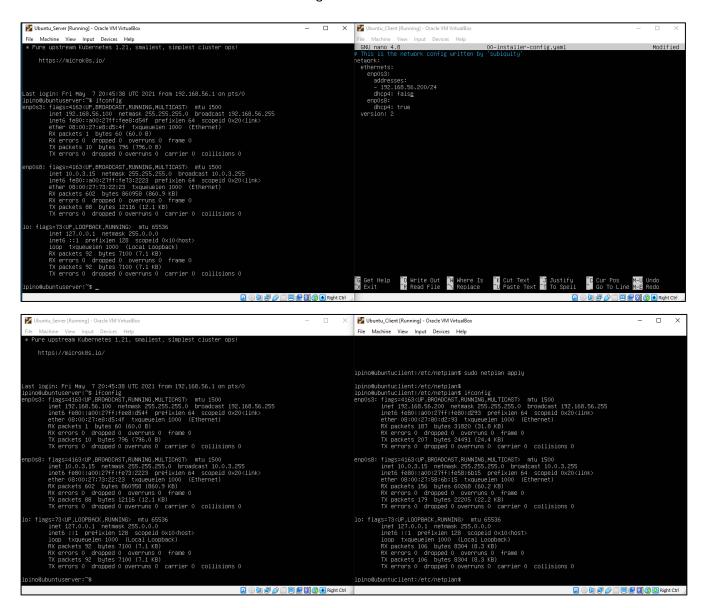
```
Ipino@ubuntuserver: ~
                                                                        Ipino@192.168.56.50's password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 20.04.2 LTS (GNU/Linux 5.4.0-72-generic x86 64)
 * Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
  Management:
                  https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:
                  https://ubuntu.com/advantage
  System information as of Fri 7 May 20:45:36 UTC 2021
  System load: 0.08
                                 Users logged in:
               50.5% of 8.79GB IPv4 address for enp0s3: 192.168.56.50
  Usage of /:
                                 IPv4 address for enp0s3: 192.168.56.104
 Memory usage: 22%
  Swap usage:
               0%
                                 IPv4 address for enp0s8: 10.0.3.15
  Processes:
               111
 * Pure upstream Kubernetes 1.21, smallest, simplest cluster ops!
    https://microk8s.io/
Last login: Fri May 7 20:39:08 2021 from 192.168.56.1
lpino@ubuntuserver:~$
```

8. Wireshark on the host operating system, this is the packet that shows the SSH encrypted traffic:

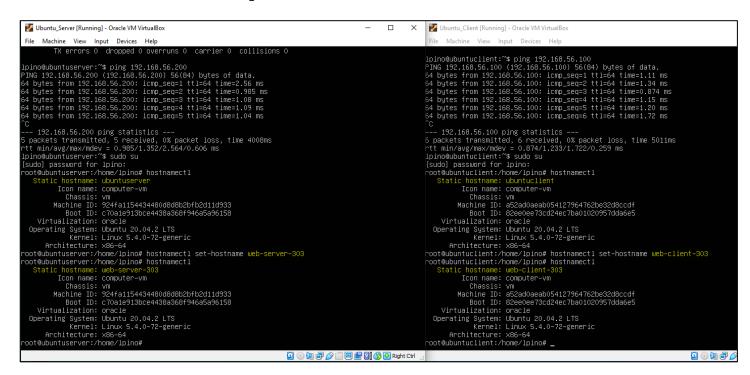


IP ADDRESS & HOSTNAME MANAGEMENT

9. The ubuntu servers IP addresses configured and PING:

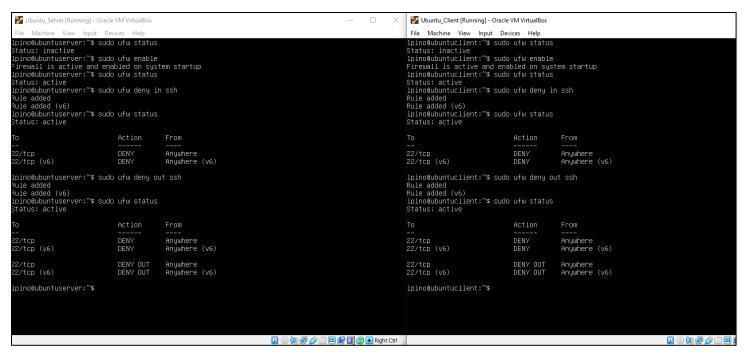


10. The ubuntu servers configured and re-named:

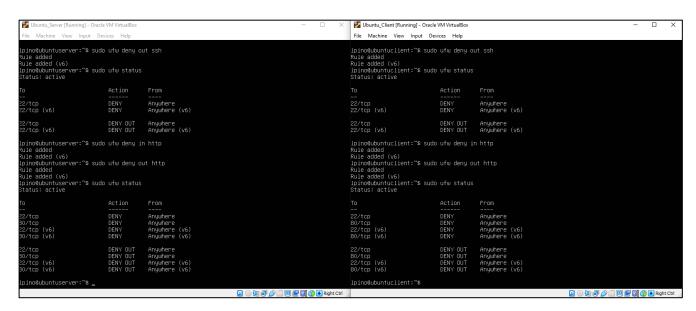


FIREWALL

11. The SSH not being permitted:



12. The HTTP traffic not being permitted:



13. The SSH being allowed but all other traffic denied:

