Layers

SimpleMeshLayer

SimpleMeshLayer

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The SimpleMeshLayer renders a number of instances of an arbitrary 3D geometry. For example, it can be used to visualize a fleet of 3d cars each with a position and an orientation over the map.

```
angle: 0,
        color: [255, 0, 0]
       },
       position: [-122.46, 37.73],
        angle: 90,
        color: [0, 255, 0]
       },
       . . .
  const layer = new SimpleMeshLayer({
   id: 'mesh-layer',
    data,
    texture: 'texture.png',
    mesh: new CubeGeometry(),
    getPosition: d => d.position,
    getColor: d => d.color,
    getOrientation: d => [0, d.angle, 0]
 });
  return <DeckGL viewState={viewState} layers={[layer]} />;
}
```

loaders.gl offers a category of loaders for loading meshes from standard formats. For example, the following code adds support for OBJ files:

```
import {SimpleMeshLayer} from '@deck.gl/mesh-layers';
import {OBJLoader} from '@loaders.gl/obj';

new SimpleMeshLayer({
    ...
    mesh: 'path/to/model.obj',
    loaders: [OBJLoader]
});
```

Installation

To install the dependencies from NPM:

To use pre-bundled scripts:

Inherits from all Base Layer properties.

Mesh

mesh (String|Geometry|Object)

The geometry to render for each data object. One of:

- An URL to a mesh description file in a format supported by loaders.gl. The appropriate loader will have to be registered via the loaders.gl registerLoaders function for this usage.
- A luma.gl Geometry instance
- An object containing the following fields:
 - o positions (Float32Array) 3d vertex offset from the object center, in meters
 - o normals (Float32Array) 3d normals
 - texCoords (Float32Array) 2d texture coordinates

texture (String|Texture2D|Image|ImageData|HTMLCanvasElement|HTMLVideoElement|ImageBitmap|Promise|Object, optional)

• Default null.

The texture of the geometries.

- If a string is supplied, it is interpreted as a URL or a Data URL.
- One of the following, or a Promise that resolves to one of the following:
 - One of the valid pixel sources for WebGL texture
 - A luma.gl Texture2D instance
 - A plain object that can be passed to the Texture2D constructor, e.g. {width:
 <number>, height: <number>, data: <Uint8Array>}. Note that whenever this object shallowly changes, a new texture will be created.

The image data will be converted to a Texture2D object. See textureParameters prop for advanced customization.

If texture is supplied, texture is used to render the geometries. Otherwise, object color obtained via the getColor accessor is used.

```
textureParameters (Object)
```

Customize the texture parameters.

If not specified, the layer uses the following defaults to create a linearly smoothed texture from texture:

```
{
   [GL.TEXTURE_MIN_FILTER]: GL.LINEAR_MIPMAP_LINEAR,
   [GL.TEXTURE_MAG_FILTER]: GL.LINEAR,
   [GL.TEXTURE_WRAP_S]: GL.CLAMP_TO_EDGE,
   [GL.TEXTURE_WRAP_T]: GL.CLAMP_TO_EDGE
}
```

Render Options

```
sizeScale (Number, optional) transition enabled
```

• Default 1.

Multiplier to scale each geometry by.

```
wireframe (Boolean, optional)
```

• Default: false

Whether to render the mesh in wireframe mode.

```
material (Object, optional)
```

• Default: true

This is an object that contains material props for lighting effect applied on extruded polygons. Check the lighting guide for configurable settings.

```
_useMeshColors (Boolean, optional)
```

• Default: false

Whether to color pixels using vertex colors supplied in the mesh (the COLOR_0 or colors attribute). If set to true, vertex colors will be used. If set to false (default) vertex colors will be ignored.

Remarks:

• In the next major release of deck.gl, vertex colors are expected to always be used when supplied with a mesh. This property will then likely be removed and effectively default to true.

Data Accessors

```
getPosition (Function, optional) transition enabled
```

Default: object => object.position

Method called to retrieve the center position for each object in the data stream.

```
getColor (Function Array, optional) transition enabled
```

• Default: [0, 0, 0, 255]

If mesh does not contain vertex colors, use this color to render each object. If mesh contains vertex colors, then the two colors are mixed together. Use [255, 255, 255] to use the original mesh colors. If texture is assigned, then both colors will be ignored.

The color is in the format of [r, g, b, [a]]. Each channel is a number between 0-255 and a is 255 if not supplied.

- If an array is provided, it is used as the color for all objects.
- If a function is provided, it is called on each object to retrieve its color.

getOrientation (Function|Array, optional)

• Default: [0, 0, 0]

Object orientation defined as a vec3 of Euler angles, [pitch, yaw, roll] in degrees. This will be composed with layer's modelMatrix.

- If an array is provided, it is used as the orientation for all objects.
- If a function is provided, it is called on each object to retrieve its orientation.

getScale (Function|Array, optional)

• Default: [1, 1, 1]

Scaling factor on the mesh along each axis.

- If an array is provided, it is used as the scale for all objects.
- If a function is provided, it is called on each object to retrieve its scale.

getTranslation (Function|Array, optional)

• Default: [0, 0, 0]

Translation of the mesh along each axis. Offset from the center position given by getPosition. [x, y, z] in meters. This will be composed with layer's modelMatrix.

- If an array is provided, it is used as the offset for all objects.
- If a function is provided, it is called on each object to retrieve its offset.

getTransformMatrix (Function | Array, optional)

• Default: null

Explicitly define a 4x4 column-major model matrix for the mesh. If provided, will override getOrientation, getScale, getTranslation.

- If an array is provided, it is used as the transform matrix for all objects.
- If a function is provided, it is called on each object to retrieve its transform matrix.

Source

modules/mesh-layers/src/simple-mesh-layer

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