## **Binomial Model**

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# 1 1. Programming Binomial Model

```
In [14]: from model.binomial import EuropeanVanillaModel, AmericanModel
    import pandas as pd

#for filling column headers
    columns = lambda x: ['t = ' + str(i) for i in range(x + 1)]
```

## 1.0.1 Vanilla European Call Example

3

```
In [15]: european_call = EuropeanVanillaModel(20, 22, 3, 1, 1.2, .8, .08, 3, 'call')
```

**Tree of stock prices Note:** stock trees and option trees are computed row by row in our model.binomial module and appear to grow downward. To make the DataFrame output look similar to the way we draw trees by hand, we transpose the tree matrices so they appear in order by column instead.

NaN NaN NaN 10.24

## Tree of derivative prices

```
In [17]: ot_df = pd.DataFrame(european_call.o_tree.T, columns=columns(european_call.o_tree.T)
Out [17]:
               t = 0
                         t = 1
                                    t = 2 t = 3
           3.868797
                      5.734561
                                8.491440 12.56
         0
                      0.444508
                                0.679918
                 NaN
                                0.000000
                                           0.00
                 NaN
                            NaN
```

0.00

NaN

## Optimal price at t=0

```
In [18]: european_call.price()
Out[18]: 3.8687965915200624
```

NaN

NaN

## 1.0.2 Vanilla European Put Example

```
In [28]: european_put = EuropeanVanillaModel(80, 100, 2, 1, 1.2, .8, 0.04, 3, optic
```

## Tree of stock prices

```
96.0 115.2 138.24
   80.0
1
    NaN
          64.0
                 76.8
                        92.16
2
                 51.2
                        61.44
    NaN
           NaN
3
                        40.96
    NaN
           NaN
                 NaN
```

#### Tree of derivative prices

```
Out [31]:
                t = 0
                          t = 1
                                      t = 2 \quad t = 3
         0 16.092361
                        9.105629
                                   2.997768
                                             0.00
         1
                  NaN 28.311635
                                  19.278944
                                            7.84
         2
                  NaN
                             NaN
                                  44.878944 38.56
         3
                                        NaN 59.04
                  NaN
                             NaN
```

#### Optimal price at t=0

```
In [32]: european_put.price()
Out[32]: 16.092360501520012
```

#### 1.0.3 American Put Example

```
In [33]: american_put = AmericanModel(80, 100, 2, 1, 1.2, .8, 0.04, 3, option='put')
```

## Tree of stock prices

```
Out[34]:
         t = 0 t = 1 t = 2 t = 3
          80.0
                 96.0 115.2 138.24
                 64.0
                      76.8
                            92.16
       1
            NaN
        2
                      51.2
                            61.44
            NaN
                  NaN
        3
                             40.96
            NaN
                  NaN
                       NaN
```

#### Tree of derivative prices

```
Out[35]:
         t = 0
                     t = 1
                               t = 2 t = 3
          20.0 10.604917 2.997768
                                     0.00
        1
                 36.000000 23.200000
            NaN
                                     7.84
        2
                       NaN 48.800000 38.56
            NaN
        3
            NaN
                       NaN
                                 NaN 59.04
```

## Optimal price at t=0

```
In [26]: american_put.price()
```

```
Out [26]: 20.0
```

Out [27]: 8.1587070888752518